

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XV : : No. 3.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1865.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS



THE GREAT German Heilmittel, WILL POSITIVELY CURE CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, AND THE FIRST STAGES OF CONSUMPTION. IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR DIPHTHERIA.

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physician of fifteen years' experience, and an extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmonary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus curing thousands who, in vain, have exhausted every other means to obtain relief. A few of the many certificates of cures in the possession of the Doctor are here annexed, which the reader is desired to peruse. They are not certificates of the dead, or names of those who never existed, but parties well known in Boston and vicinity.

TO THE PUBLIC.—My wife, having been afflicted with catarrh for years, attended latterly with a bad cough, having used many remedies and tried the treatment of several of our best medical men without success, I was induced by my friends to try the Great German Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and now she is radically cured. With the cure of the catarrh, all the symptoms attending the disagreeable disease, such as discharges from the nose and dropping into the throat, hawking, etc., etc., etc., all disappeared. I would not advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds, or catarrh, to try it. My wife's cure was a sure cure. J. H. SILSBY, Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, formerly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an obstinate cough with which my family and myself have been troubled, and, in spite of our efforts, could not get cured. The cure was effected in the remarkably short time of two days.

My neighbor, Mrs. Merrill, had a child who was suffering with a cough, and bleeding from the lungs, and to them, also, I gave part of a bottle. She reports a perfect cure of her child by this remarkable remedy, the Great German Heilmittel.

THEODORE COLLAMORE, Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or more with a bad cough. Having lost my husband with consumption, was consequently fearful of losing my child by the same disease. My friends and physicians who saw my child, pronounced it already consumption. Although somewhat discouraged by these counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I am happy to state that I was successful by the use of the German Heilmittel. My son's cough disappeared, his general health improved, and gained strength, and subsequently was radically cured, and has remained so for the last two years, not even having the cough return.

MRS. J. L. LANG, No. 10 Bedford street, Boston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great German Heilmittel, I should have certainly been dead long ago. All that ever cured my catarrh and saved me from consumption, I owe to this invaluable remedy.

ROBERT WRIGHT, Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me of a severe cough which almost run me into consumption—thanks to the Heilmittel—I am now perfectly well.

WM. B. FISKE, 24th St. N. Y.

My wife has suffered with catarrh and bronchitis for years. About a year ago last winter, she was completely run down in strength, and my physician pronounced her case consumption. Being anxious to do all that could be done for her, I bought a bottle of the German Heilmittel. By the use of the very first bottle, my wife began to improve, and after using but six bottles of it, entirely recovered her health. I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy, and deem it my duty to recommend it to all who are suffering with the slightest cold or cough.

EBEN S. NASH, Wrentham, Mass.

Having used the great German Heilmittel in my family, and prescribed it in my practice, with the very best of success in the treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, I can but recommend it to the public as a safe and speedy cure for the above named diseases.

J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D., Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distressing cough, with perfect success, and can but recommend it to the public as the best remedy for the above mentioned complaint.

NEWELL TOWLE, Bridging Academy, 415 Washington St., Boston.

The Great German Heilmittel Is for Sale by all Druggists. PRICE PER BOTTLE \$2.00. WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass. General Agents. For sale in Woburn by William C. Brigham, and B. H. Trull.

MY MARRIAGE.

I was making my way through a crowd in a by-street, which I supposed had collected for the contemplation and enjoyment of some trifling and contemptible disturbance, but into which at the time I was not in the mood to inquire, when my course was arrested by a pair of beautiful, large black eyes under a lady's veil, which met mine with a mute appeal that I could not for a moment resist.

"What is the matter?" I demanded of the possessor of the bright black eyes. A remarkably sweet voice replied, "I have ventured to interfere in behalf of a child I saw the people abusing, but I am afraid that without some assistance my efforts will be unavailing."

"We wasn't abusing it," cried several rough voices together. "She was only fighting with little Mike, and she'd got the best of him, too, if ye'd let her alone."

"It is quite enough," said the lady with spirit, her splendid eyes flashing as she spoke, "that your sex should disgrace itself in this way. I shall not allow mine, especially such a little creature as this, to make a savage brute of itself, if I can help it."

The lady in the meantime had not let go her hold on a half-clad, sturdy little girl, whose face was flushed with passion and discolored with blood, dirt and tears. She stooped down to her, raising her veil, and said, "Little one, if you will go with me, I will find you a good home. You shall have nice clothes, enough to eat, and be taught to read and write. What do you say?"

The sweetness and beauty of the lady's face surprised me; the child seemed quite overpowered by her gentle influence, and replied: "Yes, ma'am, I will go with you anywhere."

I had, however, at that time, too many troubles of my own to afford time to look after those of others. A very long and expensive lawsuit had exhausted the once handsome fortune that had long kept my family in no enviable a position, and left me nothing but fallacious hopes and illusive expectations. My father died during the slow progress of the litigation; the lawyer who had commenced and so long conducted it, also died before its conclusion; and it appeared too probable that my mother, too, would die without the satisfaction of knowing that so much money, thought, anxiety and suspense had not been entirely thrown away. She was very ill, and I foresaw with certainty that the slender thread which held her to this life would snap, if final decision in our cause, which it was believed would soon be rendered, should be against us; for it would necessitate the sale of all that remained to us, and leave us little better than beggars.

I had a long hunt after an important female witness, whom I found at last in a garret, dying of consumption. And whom should I find sitting like a ministering angel at her bedside, but the beautiful black-eyed lady whom I had lately met, the companion of the little orphan girl!

"It is in such places as this, where a good angel is most needed, and not in the circles of gaiety and fashion, that I must seek you, I see," exclaimed I, gazing upon her with irrepressible admiration.

The lady blushed deeply; and as she had recovered from her momentary confusion, observed quietly that she was simply performing a duty to which an old friend of her mother's was fully entitled.

While obtaining deposition of her patient I had several opportunities of conversing with this excellent beauty, and her modest eloquence and graceful ease captivated my soul.

One evening I was permitted to accompany her in search of convenience; and as I had resolved to express my sentiments freely to her on the first available occasion, I was, in most cases, much embarrassed when it presented itself.

"Your patient is dying, I fear."

"She is conscious of the approach of her deliverance; and as such she regards it."

"It is an angel's office you fill, in smoothing her path to the grave."

"Do not flatter me, sir. It is but little that I can do, and flattery seems to me to make that little less than nothing."

"I assure you that I express my admiration in most stilted terms; and were I to tell you all I think and feel, I might indeed surprise you."

"Then let me entreat your forbearance."

"It is unkind, not to say harsh, in you to forbid the utterance of a heart so sincere and full as mine."

"It is my kindness, my consideration for you, that induces me to check this

excessive language, because I know you will repent it."

"Impossible! I can only admire you more than any being I ever saw, but I feel that you are worthy of my worship, and that I love you."

"Say no more, I entreat. If you knew who and what I am, you would confess the folly of which you are guilty. You tell me you are unfortunate and unhappy; I pity you—but there is a gulf between you, and you would only render yourself more wretched by attempting blindly and rashly to cross it."

"Are you married?"

"Do not ask. Here let our acquaintance cease. You have no more occasion to visit my patient; and you surely would not deprive her of the presence of her last remaining friend, as you will do so if you persist in intruding upon her. Here let us part forever."

She stopped a cab, allowed me to help her into it, and left me in my mystery and gloom. She had crossed my path like a heavenly inspiration; and her disappearance rendered everything about me hopeless and dreary as despair.

The treacherous law, after having lured us on to ruin, decided against our claims, and extorted the last remnant of our property to pay its costs. To communicate this fact to my mother would have been like inflicting her death blow; and after meditating long upon the subject I found myself unequal to the painful task, and I went once more to our old lawyer, to ascertain whether there was no possibility of compromising the matter, so as to postpone the evil day, and leave my mother awhile in the possession of her home and comforts.

I met a lady descending the stairs, who had just come out of the office, whose physiognomy was of that unusually repulsive character which imprints itself indelibly upon the memory, and ever after in dreams and reveries, in sleep and wakefulness, rises from time to time to our mental vision with horrible distinctness, shocking us with the fullest sense of the dread ugliness of human malformation. I thought of the wonderful contrast between this creature and the delicate beauty I loved in vain.

The old lawyer was in, and grasped my hand with sympathetic cordiality. I stated the object of my visit.

"Well, my young friend," said he, "I have anticipated your wishes, and have just been talking with the successful party. She is by no means inexorable; but to tell you the truth there is no ground for compromise left. You have lost all. If she accords you anything, it will be simply a donation—nothing more or less."

"Is there no resource left by which I can, for a time, ward off this final, and to my mother, I fear, fatal blow?"

"None in law."

"In what then?"

"In yourself."

"How in myself?"

"In your person. You are young and handsome. I don't say so to flatter you, but to make my meaning clear."

"Marry the widow."

"Marry her! I would rather hang myself at once."

"You must know best how fit you are to die. I am afraid your education and habits have totally unfitted you for business and usefulness."

"But this marriage is absurd; impossible."

"I am not in the habit of proposing absurdities or impossibilities. You will authorize me to set you will find it no such thing. Will you do so?"

"Understand that I have not urged this matter on your behalf, but for the sake of your mother and sister—especially on account of your mother, for whose life you pretended a moment ago to feel an amount of solicitude that would enable you to make any sacrifice."

"For the moment I did not think of them."

"It is time you did. Since my counsel is so very unpalatable perhaps you will condescend to tell me what you propose to do?"

"Anything else, but this is too horrible."

The old lawyer turned his chair round, and commenced writing at his desk as coolly as if he had been an ingenious machine invented for no other purpose. I thought on his proposition till I grew sick and faint. The recollection of the consummate charms of her I loved, added a horror to the aspect of hate, such as she wore when I was invited to make my own, and I could not bring my heart and lips to say yes, to such a destiny. At last I arose and said:

"I will call to-morrow and give you my decision."

"Very well," replied the old man, without turning his head or ceasing to write. I went home and endeavored to prepare my mother for the ruin that had befallen us, but on approaching the subject found it worse than she could endure, and relinquished the effort in despair. To my sister I ventured to tell the truth; and she wept bitterly, not for herself, but for our parent, who she assured me would inevitably expire on hearing the news.

"Is there nothing on earth, Edward, you can do to prevent this?"

"Yes."

"I cannot bring my mind to it!"

"Is it dishonest?"

"No—no, I don't know that it is, but very repugnant to my feelings."

"I am sure I would do anything for my mother."

"Would you marry the man you abhor?"

"To save mamma's life—yes."

"Well, then, I will not be outdone by you in filial affection."

"What do you mean, Edward?"

"I will tell you to-morrow. In the meantime cheer up. I will save mother and you, but at a great sacrifice—Heaven only knows how great."

My sister flung her arms around my neck, kissed me affectionately, called me many endearing names, and I felt as if I almost deserved them, exalted as they were.

I communicated my decision to my lawyer the next day, telling him that since I could not marry for love I could marry for hate.

He uttered a sort of grunt, and replied: "Few marriages begin in that way; but with too many love is merged in antipathy as soon as the honeymoon is well over. Your prospect of conjugal happiness is the brighter, and it cannot change but for the better. If you knew the lady as well as I do, you would entertain no misgivings on the subject."

On the second day after this interview I received Mrs. Barrington's card and a written request from my lawyer that I would call upon her without delay, as he had settled the preliminaries in a satisfactory manner. I did not fly on the wings of love to the stately mansion of my bride elect, as there had been little choice in the matter, but walked thither like a man who had voluntarily been hanged.

On my arrival I was ushered into a handsome drawing room, in which I was kept waiting about a quarter of an hour, when, at last the lady appeared. She did not look handsome, but when I met her on the stairs, leading to my lawyer's office. On the contrary, the relation in which she now stood in respect to myself, and the fiery she had piled upon her person, rendered her, in my eyes, more hideous than ever.

I responded to her salutation, and remained silent for a few moments. She appeared desirous of manifesting a certain measure of modesty, and I was not indisposed to allow her all the leisure she required for the performance of the part. When she had ceased the role of her satisfaction, and lost a little patience, she opened upon me with the voice of a dying screech-owl that made me shudder:

"Well, Mr. Legation, the object of your visit is I presume—"

"Yes, madam, it is as you say, to propose for my hand and heart, they are conventionally supposed to go together."

"My hand and heart!" she exclaimed, laughing.

"What a laugh it was! A ruined hurdy-gurdy, a maniac's scream and the serenade of a starving cat combined, were music to it."

"Yes, madam, and does it appear so absurd to you?"

"Extravagantly so."

"My lawyer has been authorized by me to make a proposition, which he has given me to understand has been favorably received. He has decreed no."

"Not at all; but you have made a slight mistake in the person."

"Are you not Mrs. Barrington?"

"That is my name; but I presume you refer to my niece."

"This is ridiculous. Shall I have the pleasure of seeing the right lady?"

"In a moment. She sent me to prepare you for her coming."

"I do not see the necessity."

"I presume not. I will explain although the subject is a delicate one to handle. A better hearted girl than my niece Clara never lived, but she has some defects which perhaps the eyes of affection can overlook. I mean to say, for instance, that she does not enjoy the same personal advantages as myself."

"I looked at the speaker for a moment in amazement, and an involuntary groan escaped my lips."

"It cannot be possible! Is she deformed?"

"Oh, no; she is as perfectly shaped as I am."

"Indeed! What is it, then?"

"A slight obliquity of vision, which adds a puzzling and peculiar expression to the eyes. Her hair is of that color against which there is a very unmerited prejudice; but, for myself, I think I never saw a finer or more brilliant red."

With these exceptions, there exists a strong family likeness between us, more especially as respects the width of the mouth, and the roundness and height of the shoulders, and the size of the feet."

What an image of horror was conjured up before me!

"Say no more!" I exclaimed, wildly; "this suspense is too dreadful. Let me see the woman herself, though the sight of her should kill me!"

"Then turn and look upon your death!" cried a sweet voice behind me, in a mock tragic voice, followed by a silvery ring of laughter.

I turned, and to my inexpressible delight beheld my adored black-eyed beauty.

"And you—you are—"

"Not Miss Eastburn. That was my maiden name; but Clara Barrington, widow."

"Oh, you have been playing a rare game with me."

"A fair one. I have won your love fairly, and learned that there was right on your side as well as on mine, and I will be my own court of equity, and do justice more even-handed than the law."

"May I not praise you now?"

"No, but you may—"

"Do what?"

"Love me just as much as you please."

On the 19th inst. there will be a partial eclipse of the sun, commencing at nine in the morning and ending at noon.

The population of Massachusetts has increased about 45,000 in the past five years.

THE BARE-FOOTED CHILDREN.

Poor Paul and Franzina came to the door and knocked. They were cold and bare-footed, and wanted shoes and stockings; they were hungry, and wanted bread, and their little hearts were breaking with grief, for they were orphans in a strange land. Franzina cast her eyes down, and drew her shawl tighter about her shoulders, and Paul twined his arm around her and kept his tears back, but his heart beat hard against his breast.

The beautiful lady in the blue dress, with gold bracelets on her wrists and pearls in her hair, stood just within the door, and to Paul she looked splendid as the pictures he had seen of queens in picture-books; but when she ordered the servant to send him and his poor little sister away, it seemed to him that the beauty faded from her face; then he kept his tears back no longer. The splendid lady, whose name was Maud, wanted no bare-footed urchins on her doorstep; she would have nothing so ugly near her, and this was her birthday, and friends were coming to rejoice with her.

Two desolate little children went weeping away from her door; but the smile on Maud's red lip was as bright as ever as she said to herself: "I am rich and beautiful, and just seventeen!"

Ah! Maud did not know that, as the orphans turned away, a shadow fell on the face of the sweet beautiful Angel that ever walked by her side, the angel that was not less her mother now than when for the first and last and only time she had kissed her baby lips, and died, just seventeen years ago.

An Angel watched over the little orphan children, too, their ever fond and loving mother. The hands of her body that had clothed those little feet in warm stockings last winter, now mouldered low in a pauper's grave, but the spirit hands rested off in gentle caresses on the sunny hair of the dear heads, and it was at their touch the grief melted into tears and the sad hearts were relieved; then they talked about that mother in heaven till they half forgot how cold they were, and walked on not dreaming, sweet innocents, that she was with them.

Now, when the children had stopped at the door of the beautiful Maud, it was Carl Bremen, the artist, standing near by, saw the look on Maud's face and heard her words as she had them driven away, and into his heart, so "tender and true," their anguish swept like a flood, and instead of passing through that doorway to join the birth-day revelers, he followed the little ones.

And very near to him, even then, there leaned a radiant Angel, one who, when she had worn a mortal form, had been his sister, had slept in the same little bed with him, and was called Angela. It was for her sake now that the beauty of the sunny-haired Franzina touched him, and he said to himself, as he looked at Paul: "What a brave, kind brother! So, had my sister Angela lived, and we been orphans, would I have tenderly cared for her!"

Then the angel sister kissed him, and he knew it not, but only felt his soul was lifted up, and he spoke in a voice that his goodness made like music, and invited the orphans to his own home, and taking their hands, he led them there, and henceforth it was their home also.

Maud, when the birth-day guests assembled, missed the presence of the young artist, and she was not happy, and when again they met she felt that the smile that mantled on her red lip sent no thrill of joy to the heart of Carl Bremen. And Carl and Maud, once such dear friends, had long months of estrangement between them, and sighed as their thoughts dwelt upon each other—but there was light beyond!

Maud's eighteenth birth-day came, and Carl came with it, bringing her a gift—a finely wrought painting of two bare-footed children knocking at a door—and Maud found that lovely in a picture that in reality was driven from her presence. And then, her Angel leaning over her, she remembered the sunny hair and the sweet faces, and she wept while Carl told their story; and while she wept, her face gained a beauty it never had before, while three angels, the mother of Maud, the mother of the orphans, and the sister of Carl, stood with linked hands and smiled above them.

Six hundred and fifty-three boxes of coats, purchased by Fremont for army use, and not used because they were not the army color and cloth, were sold at auction to a citizen at \$2 per coat. He resold them to a New York house at \$10.50 each, making \$150,000 by the operation.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.—The Bey of Tunis has sent an envoy to the United States to congratulate the country on the return of peace and the abolition of slavery; and also to present to the President a portrait of his Highness. The envoy, Gen. Otwan Hachem, with two aides and an interpreter, arrived in the Persia. One of the aides ranks as colonel, and the other as a lieutenant.

The Collector, Naval Officer, and Surveyor of New York, under instructions from Washington, received the distinguished visitors on board of the Persia as they arrived, and extended to them in behalf of this government a hearty welcome to the country, assuring them that the courtesy of the Bey in sending, for the first time in the nation's history, an embassy of peace and good-will, would be heartily appreciated by the President and the citizens of the whole country.

Connecticut and Colorado vote "no" on the question of negro suffrage. Col. Forney, evidently alarmed, writes to the Philadelphia Press from Washington, as follows:—

The convention which nominated Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson, refuse to make a national test of the question, and nothing but disaster has ever befallen our friends whenever they have departed from it in the States. Let us adhere to what is nominated in the national bond. To go beyond it is to court disaster for no practical, nay for no theoretical good. Above all, let us avoid attempting to force upon the Southern States what we are now once more taught we cannot, even with our better informed colored people, do ourselves at our own homes.

Upon the occasion of the marriage, in Fall River, recently, of a son of Col. Richard Borden to a daughter of Dr. Nathan Durfee, the officiating clergyman, Rev. Eli Thurston, received a marriage fee larger, we think, than was ever before paid in Massachusetts. The families of Col. Borden and Dr. Durfee generously extinguished a mortgage of \$2500, which rested upon the homestead of the parson.

COMPANION POETS FOR THE PEOPLE. The fourth issue of this popular series contains the "Lyrics of Life," by Robert Browning. This volume, like its predecessors, is copiously illustrated, and the selections are made with judgment and discrimination.

THE MYSTIC TIE.—C. C. B. & C. D. C.—The first of the initials above stand for an old friend to the public; one which every one will recognize and for which every one has a kind welcome; we refer to Coe's Cough Balsam—the cheapest and best preparation in the world for croup, coughs, colds, and all throat and lung complaints. The second are Coe's Dyspepsia Cure—the only remedy ever known that is sure to cure dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulency, and general debility. Both articles are now too well known to need any praise from us. Let the afflicted always have them handy.

There are 5000 acres on the shores and islands of Lake Erie, devoted to the culture of the grape. The Catawba, Isabella, Delaware and Concord are the principal varieties. This year's crop on 3500 of the 5000 acres will average 5000 pounds to the acre, making it one of the most profitable crops raised.

A pair of dwarf elephants, not much larger than Newfoundland dogs, recently arrived in London from the interior of Africa. They are extraordinary curiosities, and the first of the breed ever brought to England. One of them was bought by the Royal Zoological Gardens, Regent's Park, London, and the other was purchased by Mr. Barnum's agent for his new Museum in New York.

An enterprising individual in Ohio recently proposed to photograph the interior of the Mammoth Cave in Kentucky by the aid of powerful chemical lights; but a greater than he is already at work on a more difficult task—namely, photographing the chambers of the Great Pyramid in Egypt. The first of these pictures, taken with a magnesian light, by Professor E. Piazzi Smyth, have been exhibited in England, awakening much curiosity and wonder.

Mrs. Symonds, of Malden, Mass., whose husband returned home from the war safe and sound, two months ago, has just received a despatch from Washington stating that he died at Andersonville prison, and that two hundred dollars back pay was subject to her order.

The Ram Stonewall is to be brought to the United States.

The Middlesex Journal,
AND
WOBURN TOWNSMAN.
WOBURN:
SATURDAY, OCT. 14, 1865.

JOB WORK, of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and Pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.

The large country circulation of the JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Probate advertisements, sales of Real Estate, and other Notices of interest to the farming population.

F. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

Our readers will see, from a notice in another column, that the first lecture of the Rev. Dr. Lord's course, on Great Representative Women, is to be delivered on the evening of the 24th inst. Dr. Lord's reputation as a brilliant and instructive lecturer, will no doubt attract a large attendance. These lectures have been listened to by delighted audiences in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, &c.; and in most of our New England colleges. His graphic pictures and his earnest, impassioned oratory are fitted to awaken a deep interest in historical studies. We have been much gratified to observe that this important part of a good education is receiving increased attention in our High School. The Principal has a happy faculty in teaching history, and through the munificence of a gentleman whose name it is unnecessary to mention, the Library of the school has been enriched recently by the addition of a goodly number of valuable historical works. It is to be hoped that the lectures of Dr. Lord may be heard by all the pupils, as they should be heard by all our young people who aim to be intelligent in the trust and best sense.

INFLATION AND HIGH PRICES.—The advance of prices in merchandise and every thing that enters into living this fall, has come like a thunderbolt upon persons who receive wages, have fixed salaries and whose business in life meets with small returns of profits. It is like taking a poor family up in a balloon to find quarters in the air or resting places upon some uncrowded mountain top for the winter.

Money of some kind, or representatives of it, must furnish the ability to carry on the immense business of the country. Where does it come from? The government is not setting about new issues and the State Banks issuing national paper was designed to assist them in recalling their own bills. It is true, however, that the banks have not recalled all their own bills, and have made an unprecedented amount of loans and have great liabilities. The banks are very short of bills to pay checks drawn upon them, and give certificates of deposit of the amount to be used at another bank, and this is now very common. They say they have no bills, but do not explain the reason. A great market has suddenly been opened at the South, and goods are going there with a rush. There is actually a very large demand for all manufactured goods, and the factories are working diligently. Speculation in every thing out of which money can be made is going on. Those who deal in farmer's produce and the farmers themselves are doing all they can to keep up the prices. The miserable talk about a protracted drought, when corn, tobacco, potatoes, grain, hay, and everything, even in Massachusetts, has been most thrifty, is all nonsense. While gold is 140, articles are higher than when it was 280, and prices are still tending upward.

Those who are making money at almost a fabulous rate are well content to have things so, but sober men, careful shopkeepers, poor men, families of small incomes, are troubled.

We are certainly rushing on to some great bursting up of the bubble mania of getting rich by raising the prices of every thing. Country traders with whom we have conversed, and those in cities, say that they are afraid to purchase many goods at the present extravagant prices, for fear of having them fall greatly on their hands. The state of things is not desirable for the great public in the long run, and adds to the already heavy burdens of not a few households.

Paper currency has been of great service to the government in meeting the prodigious expenses of the war, and such issues before the war, to merchants, manufacturers and builders of railroads, and the community generally, have been valuable, but now that we have no specie currency and no bank is liable to be suddenly brought up by demands to pay in coin, and so many speculators have the use of the banks to carry on their extensive plans to keep up and advance the price of commodities, every one can see that we are in fearful danger of a great convulsion or panic in which multitudes must be overwhelmed and ruined. That there is a certain amount of real prosperity is admitted, and that the country is rich and growing rich no one can doubt, but this child's play of making money out of paper, and to such an extent as to raise goods to three times their real value, is mere nonsense, if there were not a good deal of roguery in it, great suffering, and, if all engaged were not on the look out to depart with a good haul for themselves, when the explosion comes, that they may laugh at the credulity and misery of others.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—The lecture on the subject of temperance by the veteran lecturer, John B. Gough, in Lyceum Hall, Thursday evening, was listened to by an audience which filled the hall to its utmost capacity. Mr. Gough's wonderful oratorical power shone far more brightly than in the lecture on another subject given in town a year or two since. He held the audience in rapt attention for two hours, moving them to laughter or nearly to tears, as it chanced to be the point of his narrative or appeal. But we cannot attempt anything like a report. To say that there was a lecture by Mr. Gough, tells the whole story. We trust that good may grow out of the efforts of the friends of temperance in town, now being made to arrest intemperance in our midst. So far as attendance is concerned the lecture was a perfect success.

ROBBERS ABROAD.—On Saturday night last, a thief stepped into the stable of the Rev. J. C. Bodwell, and walked off with his buggy harness.

During the same week, Rev. Mr. Lincoln lost the whole of his winter squashes, upon the cultivation of which he had worked early and late the past summer. The thieves probably considered that these gentlemen were fair game, inasmuch as they have "laid up treasures where thieves neither break through nor steal."

ACCIDENTS.—On Friday last, Mr. John Hill, of this town, while engaged on the new house in process of erection for Mr. John Cummings, Jr., in Cummingsville, fell from a staging and sustained so severe a fracture of the arm, that a portion of the bone protruded through the flesh, and amputation of the bone was necessary. For several days he has been in a most critical condition, but we are glad to learn that he is now considered out of danger. He has been under the care of a nurse from the Mass. Gen. Hospital.

Last week, Wednesday, Mr. Charles Gorham met with a severe accident by falling down a flight of stairs at John Tidd & Son's Shoe Manufactory, Main street. He had scarcely recovered from a fever, and in the fall he sustained injuries which have completely prostrated him.

WELCOME.—The dry and parched earth has once and again, during the week, been refreshed by copious rains, and the fears which had prevailed that water in our wells would entirely fail, have been dispelled, and something of hope for the ungathered crops fills the hearts of the farmers. Though late, this rain will do a vast amount of good, and what is no small item, has made it so that people can travel with comfort. There was considerable thunder and lightning with the rain on Wednesday night.

A foreigner, who was on trial in the Superior Court, Boston, last week, when asked whether he was guilty or not guilty, answered, "I don't know whether I am guilty or not. I no speak English!"

Why is Jeff Davis like a load of wood? Because he should be disposed of by the cord.

The Woburn National Bank, which declares a 5 per cent. dividend, also paid a dividend of 30 per cent. to the stockholders, April 1, when the bank commenced as a National bank.

DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES.—We are under obligations to Dupee, Beck & Sayles, brokers, for a very convenient card, giving the entire indebtedness of the country. It will be handy for reference.

The following epitaph, found on a tombstone in Oxford, New Hampshire, may not be superlatively ludicrous, but it certainly is "some":

"To all my friends I bid adieu,
A more sudden death you never knew.
As I was leaving the old man to drink,
She kicked and killed me quicker'n a wink."

The President has issued an order releasing John A. Campbell of Alabama, John H. Reagan of Texas, Alexander H. Stephens of Georgia, George A. Trenholm of South Carolina, and Charles Clarke of Mississippi, on giving their parole to appear to answer any charge that may be brought against them. They are also directed not to leave their respective States.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Council, has appointed Thursday, the 30th day of November next, to be a day for thanksgiving and praise by the people of this Commonwealth.

We would call the attention of our readers to the fact that Messrs. Twombly & Gleason's Mammoth Panorama of the Hudson River and Voyage to Ireland, in conjunction with the Butler Troupe vocalists, musicians, and delineators of Yankee and Irish characters, and Sig. Morillo, comic *compar and ventriloquist*, who will conclude each evening's entertainment with his wonderful Italian Marionettes, as exhibited in New York for 326 nights with unprecedented success; the whole forming the greatest array of artists under one management, ever witnessed, are now in town.

The managers hope that the citizens of this place will not content themselves with the usual combination humbugs, who are going from place to place, with their dead-beat shows, seeking what they may devour. We clip the following from the *Cheshire Telegraph*:

Twombly & Gleason's Panoramas of the Hudson River and Voyage to Ireland, now on exhibition at Library Hall, are works of merit and worthy the patronage of the community. This afternoon and evening will be positively the last entertainment in this place. Sig. Morillo will give an extra exhibition of his wonderful Marionettes for the benefit of the young folks at 3 o'clock this afternoon, in connection with the Panoramas and Vocal and Instrumental music.

They will open at Lyceum Hall, Woburn, this (Saturday) afternoon and evening.

The charter members of the Lodge of Good Templars, are requested to meet at the vestry of the Methodist church on Monday evening next.

Correspondence of the Journal.
TENEMENT HOUSES.
[No. 2.]

If people are overcrowded, no pains can supply them with air enough; ventilation, light, drainage, water, can do no more than mitigate the evils that result from want of space. A large family must have rooms, not pens, to live in. The entries and stair-ways, where several families pass and repass hundreds of times daily, should be roomy and easy as well as light and clean.

Will it be thought fastidious to add that there should be some provision of construction for securing more privacy to each suite of rooms that is at all common in tenement houses? When one considers how little he would like his bed-room door to open directly on the public street, and remembers that the entries and stairs of the houses in question are public thoroughfares for pedestrians, he must admit that there should be a little ante-room or entry, some place with an outer and an inner door to separate between the public and the home privacy of each tenement.

Against the measures we are urging, but three objections are to be made in earnest. The first (on financial grounds) we have already answered. The second will be to the effect that however important and imperative it may be on sanitary grounds that tenement houses should be properly built and arranged, no means can be devised to keep them clean and sweet, because of the habits of the tenants; that windows will not be washed, or floors swept, ventilators will be closed, drains choked, rooms crowded. And in support of these assertions we shall be pointed to the state into which many tenement-houses have fallen, where some improvements had been introduced. To which we answer that there is one remedy for this evil, which has repeatedly been found efficient, viz.: to give to some trustworthy and energetic tenant his rent on condition of his acting as inspector, and immediately reporting to the landlord every tenant who neglects to comply with certain simple but comprehensive rules, to the observance of which every tenant has pledged himself before being admitted to the standing of tenant with the penalty of being ejected for obstinate neglect to observe the same. Such an inspector would soon have the hearty support of every well-disposed inmate. This plan is substantially adopted in every well ordered tenement house.

Lastly, we shall be told, and gravely told, that all these niceties of ventilation, &c., in short of cleanliness in all its forms, are mere luxuries, by habit made very important to the middle and upper classes, but by no means *essential* to health; that the dirty classes are on the whole healthier than those who are cleanly. To which we reply that all experience gives the lie to such assertions. The medical history of centuries and the daily experience of every physician tells with sad iteration another story, tells how little children sicken and die, when ever the animal poisons, of which we have been talking, are confined about them, so that it is a common saying among doctors, that the feeble Irish-children generally die off before the sixth year is reached. Where but in filthy and crowded neighborhoods do epidemics rage and find most victims? And thence they often sally forth to invade more favored dwellings. To the same effect, but with yet greater weight, testify all sanitary reports, multiplying and supporting themselves with yearly increasing arrays of facts drawn from cities, camps, hotels, hospitals, passenger ships, till the evidence has become so clear and overpowering that no one can listen to it unconvinced. The most striking and recent testimony is that just published in the case of a young ladies' school in Pittsfield, Mass., where in August, 1864 more than 50 per cent. of the family of 112 persons had typhoid fever, and of the number attacked more than 28 per cent. died; while fever did not prevail elsewhere in the town. Here ventilation and drainage had been grossly neglected.

The cholera is on its march; it may cross the ocean, and if it should visit us, it is in crowded and dirty dwellings that its mysterious seeds will soon strike root, and mature their fearful harvest of Death.

THE LATE SERGEANT MERRIAM.—The oil painting of this lamented hero is not yet finished. It is to be placed in the Gallery of fallen heroes in Boston, by the side of the lamented Thompson and Burbank, whose portraits are already finished. The painting of Merriam is a perfect success. It has, however, no frame, which the friends are expected to contribute. The portrait of Major Burbank attracts great attention at the Mechanic's Fair. It is much admired as a good piece of art by those who knew him well in his last days. Secretary Stanton paid a great compliment to the projector of the gallery, at the opening of the Fair. He hopes to be present at the opening of the gallery this coming Winter in a Hall in Summer street. Capt. Weld's portrait, U. S. N., of Winchester, is also in Faneuil Hall. It is a fine work, a strong resemblance, and is an ornament to the gallery. It attracts much attention from all, especially his many friends. The gallery must and will be the admiration of the country for art and beauty.

STUDENT OF ART.

NOMINATION OF GEN. BANKS.

The Republicans of the Sixth Congressional District held a convention at Lyceum Hall, Reading, on Tuesday, to nominate a candidate to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Daniel W. Gooch. There was a very full representation of the towns embraced in the district, and a large proportion of the delegates arrived two hours before the time appointed for opening the convention. General Banks came up from Boston on the 10 o'clock train, to await the action of the convention.

The delegates were called to order at 11 1/2 o'clock, by Francis Childs, of Charlestown, chairman of the District Committee. Hon. Oliver R. Clark of Winchester was chosen temporary chairman.

On taking the chair, Mr. Clark spoke of the importance of the business which had called the delegates together, and in alluding to the differences existing among them in their preferences for candidates, said they had yet come together as one in heart and purpose, as true republicans to maintain the cause for which our soldiers in the field had perished their all. They had come together also with the determination to make the voice of the convention the voice of the district, and however divided they might be here, they would be united at the polls.

Jona. Brown, Jr., of Somerville, was chosen temporary secretary.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee to collect the credentials of delegates:—Long of Charlestown, Tidd of Woburn, chairman of the District Committee, Hon. Oliver R. Clark of Winchester, Perry of Medford, and Stearns of Somerville.

On motion of Mr. Brown of Reading, the chair appointed the following gentlemen a committee to nominate a list of officers for permanent organization:—Brown of Reading, Bonney of Lawrence, Talbot of Billerica, Fisk of Waltham, Hill of Stoneham, Day of Charlestown, and Kimball of Haverhill.

The committee on permanent organization made the following report:—

President, Hon. Oliver R. Clark of Winchester. Vice-Presidents, G. D. B. Blanchard of Malden; Anthony S. Morse of Charlestown; Dr. Cogswell of Haverhill; Mr. Sargent of Lawrence; Mr. Smith of Lexington.

Secretaries, Jonathan Brown, Jr., of Somerville; George S. Merrill of Lawrence.

Mr. Merrill moved, moved to appoint a committee of five to collect and count the votes on an informal ballot for a congressional candidate. The motion was adopted, and the following gentlemen were appointed by the chair:—Cogswell of Malden, Sage of West Cambridge, Wynn of Woburn, Eaton of Lawrence, and Cogswell of Bradford.

The ballot having been taken, the committee reported as follows:—

Whole number of votes,	137
Necessary to a choice,	69
Nathaniel P. Banks had	53
James M. Stone of Charlestown,	27
J. Q. A. Griffin of Medford,	30
Henry Carter of Bradford,	17

Mr. Smith of Medford moved that the convention proceed to a formal ballot.

Whole number of votes, 137 || Necessary to a choice, | 69 |
Nathaniel P. Banks had	64
James M. Stone,	33
J. Q. A. Griffin,	28
Henry Carter,	12

The convention proceeded to the third ballot, Mr. Cogswell having withdrawn Mr. Carter's name. The ballot result was as follows:—

Whole number of votes,	138
Necessary to a choice,	70
Nathaniel P. Banks had,	79
James M. Stone,	34
J. Q. A. Griffin,	25

Mr. Major-General Banks was declared the nominee of the convention, amid hearty and prolonged cheering.

Mr. Jewett of Charlestown moved that the nomination be made unanimous. But one "no" was given against this motion.

On motion of Mr. Blanchard of Malden, a committee of five, consisting Messrs. Blanchard, Grammar of Woburn, and Perry of Medford, were appointed by the chair to wait upon Gen. Banks and invite him to address the convention.

On the appearance of General Banks the delegates rose and loudly applauded him, and a similar demonstration was made when he rose to address the convention.

REMARKS OF GENERAL BANKS.

General Banks said he felt deeply grateful for the honor just conferred upon him. He had returned but a few days since from his duties in a distant part of the country, and had not entertained a thought of entering a canvass for any office whatever, or any desire for political employment. After an absence of five years, he had felt it to be his privilege and right to make known the principles which had guided him, and to explain his conduct. He had never ceased to be a citizen of Massachusetts. [Applause.] Never at any moment had he consented to cherish his principles as the guiding star of his life. In moments of depression, when he had almost seemed to stand alone, he had been sustained by the thought that the people of Massachusetts would approve his course without party division. Returning here with this feeling, he had desired to present a statement of his services and policy. The result had been more fortunate than he could have expected. An accident of the time, in which we had no part, of which he had no knowledge, and of which he had been in no haste to avail himself, had enabled the people who knew him best to pass judgment on his policy, and decide for themselves whether his course had been in accordance with the principles of the Commonwealth or not. Should the designation made to-day be confirmed by the people, he should to the best of his abilities maintain the interests of the district and the principles of the Commonwealth. He should make no enemies where it was not necessary to make them, and should sacrifice no rights necessary to be maintained. In his opinion of the country's imminent peril, it behooved all to unite in making the administration of the government worthy of the blood of the patriotic men who died for it. No nation has achieved a higher destiny than ours, and if the half or three quarters of a million lives offered up were found to have been sacrificed in vain, the shame would be greater than the honor. Should he be elected, he would on his return count on the approval of his district, as he did now upon the assurance of confidence. In conclusion he again thanked the convention for the honor extended to him, assuring them that their principles were his principles, their interests his interests, and that he would stand with them in their defense until the triumph of our cause and that of the world.

After three more cheers for the nominee, the convention was dissolved.

WINCHESTER.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—Mr. Lawrence has sold the premises owned and occupied by him on Main St., formerly the Weld estate, to Mr. Marcus C. Cook, of the firm of Cook & Aldrich, dealers in hats, caps, &c., on Court St., Boston, for the sum of \$7500. Mr. Cook will not occupy the premises until next spring.

PAINTING.—At a special Parish meeting of the 1st Congregational Society, last Monday evening, it was stated that the expense of painting their church edifice would be some \$1500. It was voted to levy an additional tax of six per cent. upon the original valuation of the pews to meet the expenditure. The Treasurer to borrow the sum needed in anticipation of the taxes.

IN MEMORIAM.—About three months since we chronicled the resignation of Mr. J. A. Coolidge, of the office of Post Master, which he had filled for some four years previously in a very acceptable manner. His continued ill health was referred to as the cause, which impelled him to this step and a retirement from active business. It was hoped, that a release from the cares and duties of official and business relations might restore in

some degree at least, his feeble health, but it was ordered otherwise. After sojourning for awhile through the extreme hot weather in his childhood's home, feeling at times cheered during the progress of his disease, but receiving no permanent benefit, he returned to this town to set his house in order and prepare for that event which he knew could not be averted.

About a month since he removed with his family to East Lexington, where he had purchased a homestead, to spend the remainder of his earthly life. But his longer stay on earth was of brief duration, and on Friday, October 6th, he passed away from earth at the age of 49 years, leaving a widow and three daughters to mourn his departure.

The deceased was well known and highly esteemed by those who were among his intimate friends. Quiet and unobtrusive in his habits and general demeanor, inflexibly honest in all his dealings, he did not strive to court any one's favor but sought to faithfully discharge the duties devolving upon him.

He was a kind, indulgent husband and father, the upright citizen and public official, giving his influence and support to every good work that tended to elevate and benefit the race. Compelled by ill health to renounce the profession which he had entered upon and which is the highest one on earth, he did not murmur nor repine, but sought to do what his health permitted, for the support of those near and dear to him. With a full belief in the christian faith which he professed and exhibited in his life, he lived and died, and has entered upon the higher life.

Our warmest sympathies are extended to the bereaved family in this season of their affliction.

EXCELSIOR.

READING.

It is with much pleasure I recur again to the Soldiers' Monument, which was dedicated in a formal and very appropriate manner on Thursday afternoon of last week, a pretty full account of which appeared in the *Journal* last week. I enclose the Ode by Mrs. P. A. Hannaford, which is written in her usual happy manner; also the hymn by Miss Eliza Evans, which I hope you will find room to publish, as they are, in my judgment, excellent productions. The reception was got up and carried through in fine style. Tables were spread for four hundred, all bountifully loaded with good things, arranged with much taste, but they were soon relieved of their burden to some extent, while there was enough left to steady them. There was much simplicity in the whole arrangement, and the committee who had it in charge deserve great credit. The band from Fort Warren occupied the platform at the West end of the hall, and most excellent music did they discourse at intervals during the evening. Now comes the intellectual part of the entertainment, which was by no means the least. Edgar M. Brown, Esq., toast-master, performed his part with grace and dignity.

Chaplain Quint was first called out, and made one of his characteristic speeches, full of wit, humor and sound logic. I shall not attempt to sketch his remarks, as it would occupy too much space in the columns of the *Journal*. "Carleton" was the next speaker, and was received with much applause. He spoke at some length but was listened to with the deepest interest. Col. Rider made a vigorous speech. Speeches by Rev. Mr. Hayward, Hiram Barrows, Rev. Mr. Barrows, and Charles R. Brown, our High School teacher, were made with fine effect. The whole affair was a complete success, and gave the highest satisfaction to the guests and all who participated therein. At ten o'clock the large assemblage broke up and repaired to their homes. It was the most quiet, orderly and the best conducted affair of its kind that has ever fallen to my lot to attend. The cold water thrown upon it at the starting point had the effect to make the dedication and reception all the more brilliant.

ODE BY MRS. P. A. HANNAFORD.

Dir—"Play's the Game."
To this sacred spot we come,
Half triumphant, half in gloom,
Thinking of the brave and best,
Gone to shake a patriot's rest.
Now the marble shaft we rear,
Hero names recorded there,
Telling to all coming time
Of their patriot deeds sublime,
And though far from us repose,
Some that bravely met our foes,
Near or far they all shall be
Honored by the pure and free.
As they went, with willing feet,
Crowned as victors may we rise,
Meet our brave ones in the skies!

HYMN BY MISS ELIZA EVANS.

Tune—"Hiding Shore."
Our full'st Heroes—glorious dead!
In Freedom's cause enduring
Through toil, privation, prisons, death,
Our liberties securing.
For them we raise the sculptured pile,
Their names we'll faithfully cherish
With deep devotion in our hearts,
When other names shall perish.
When in the nation's darkest hour,
Banks' treason's host assailed,
Then Freedom's champions quick arose,
And nobly prevailed.
Oppression from her seat was hurled,
And Right became victorious,
And lasting days of peace shall crown
The victory so glorious.

The joyful have fallen—the true and brave
The fearful numbers swelling;
Our mourning households, stricken, lone,
The tale of woe are telling;
On battle plain, by treason slain,
Their precious dust is sleeping,
God knows how, and He, our trust,
That hallow'd dust is keeping.
Our Honor'd Dead! Let history's page
Record their deeds of glory,
That generations yet unborn
May know, and read the story.
When with our heroes we shall meet,
Beside the peaceful river,
To God, our great Deliverer's praise,
We'll strike our harp forever.

"Father Kemp's" old folks are on the wing again, and probably will be absent some six months.

Some rude boys congregated at the Baptist church last Sunday evening and

made considerable disturbance, while others, bent on mischief, broke out a pane of glass in a window of Dea. Willis's drug store, at a later hour, and took therefrom a bottle of hitters. Should these evil-minded persons be found out they will probably be treated to something more bitter than the contents of that bottle.

Reading furnished for the war 398 soldiers, 14 of whom were killed in battle, and 31 died of disease contracted in the service.

A. M. Collins, the Temperance lecturer, gave a lecture on the "Rebellion," on Tuesday evening, in aid of a deserving widow, for the purpose of procuring her a sewing machine.

LENO.

Correspondence of the Journal.

EIGHT HOUR SYSTEM.

Much has recently been said relating to the "Eight Hour System," so-called. In some places, public meetings have been held, organizations effected, and funds raised, to promote the success of the measure. It is an important subject, and one that should be calmly considered and thoroughly understood. If it shall appear that private and public interests will be promoted by restricting the hours of labor, and that the injury to the community generally will not counterbalance the good, then let the hours of labor be reduced. The highest good of the greatest number should decide.

By labor man must earn his bread, and by labor his body and his mind are blessed. The quantity of labor only is the problem; and an intelligent answer to the following questions will aid us in coming to a right decision: Are ten hours labor too much for the mental and physical well-being of persons in good, or average health? Will a less amount of labor increase the prosperity and improve the morals of the community? Will eight hours labor, instead of ten, result in pecuniary disadvantage to the laboring class?

If the farmer pays as much for eight hours' labor as he paid for ten, will the cost of his produce be increased? And must he charge for his grain, and hay, and vegetables, an increased price? If the capitalist pays the mason, and carpenter, and painter, as much for eight hours' labor as he paid for ten, will the cost of his tenements be increased? And will he ask a proportionately higher rent? In fine, will a diminution of the hours of labor increase, to the laborer and others, the price of the articles produced? Or will the laborer perform, in four-fifths of ten hours, as much labor as he now in ten? INQUIRE.

October, 1865.

THE CHAMBER IN THE HEART.

There is a room within my heart
With secret, golden door;
Of clearest crystal are its walls,
And crystal is its floor.
Far in its sacred hidden depths
An image is enshrined,
Around which, memory's clinging vine
In tenderness is entwined.
There is a hallowed name, not of
My quivering lips can rear;
It is not uttered to the crowd,
Or breathed to listening ear.
But in this chamber of my heart,
Close shut by crystal walls,
That sweetest word, that nameless name,
Like plaintive music falls.
With mournful cadence, soft it steals
Upon the charmed air,
While through my soul it utters thrills
Like holy, voiceless prayer.
For many a scene that magic name
From Memory's depths recalls,
Which she unfolds with faithful hand
On those transparent walls.
The entrance to this sacred room
Can no intruder buy;
In its hushed air those pictures hang
Concealed from mortal eye.
But I can pass that golden door,
For Memory keeps the key;
And, in my sorrow-burdened hours,
She gives it to me.
When my heart throbs its loved and lost,
With fondest yearnings filled,
I hide myself in that charmed place,
And grief's low wail is stilled.
Oft I descend those silent depths,
And lingering in that spot,
I listen to that pleading voice,
"O friend! forget me not."
Forget thee, sweetest! thus enshrined
Heart of my very heart!
Forget thee! never, never, love,
Till I and memory part!

When the hand of man interferes to preserve or to destroy, he cannot foresee the end. He kills all the snakes, and is overcome by mice. He exterminates foxes and his trees are gnawed by rabbits. He drives the birds from his fruit, and it is devoured by insects. On the other hand, let him foster squirrels and they rob the birds' nests. Let him save the snakes and he loses his chickens. Let him, if possible, exterminate insects and the necessity of feeding meal to his poultry will be the least of the resultant troubles.

We can imagine, but it would hardly be safe to attempt a description of the woes that might follow from the entire destruction of the insect kingdom. It is even possible that great disaster to man should result from the extermination of a single species. Think of the work they do as scavengers, of the food they furnish to fish and fowl, of the honey and the wax, of the beauty of the butterfly and the instinct of the ant—of the many ways unknown to man in which the most obnoxious may be serving him.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

Married

In Woburn, Oct. 12th, by Rev. F. B. Bronson, Mr. Milton Moore and Miss Martha A. Nichols, both of Woburn.

Died

In Woburn, Oct. 6, Mrs. Caroline L., wife of Edward W. Chapman, and daughter of the late John Floyd, U. S. Naval Constructor, 71 years, 7 months, 10 days.
In Woburn, Oct. 11, Mrs. Mary S., wife of B. T. Porter and daughter of Wm. Archer of Charlestown, 37 years, 7 months, 11 days.
In Woburn, Oct. 11, Benjamin Kelly, 9 months, 11 days.
In Woburn, Oct. 11, James Malkeen, 18 years, 1 month, 10 days.
In Woburn, Oct. 11, Elmer C. Cobbett, 4 years, 10 months, 10 days.
In Woburn, Oct. 11, Alice Josephine Hovey, 9 months, 13 days.
In Woburn, Oct. 11, Jeremiah Murphy, 18 years, 8 months, 10 days.
In Woburn, Oct. 11, Mary Ellen Dolan, 9 months, 11 days.

WOBURN GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

A Dividend of six per cent., on the Capital Stock of this Company, has been declared payable on and after Oct. 25th. A. A. HOBBS, Treasurer.
Woburn, Oct. 11, 1865. oct11-11

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SINGER'S LETTER "A"
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!
 THIS SPLENDID MACHINE COMBINES ALL the good qualities of our well known *Manufacturing* machines, with many new and valuable improvements. It is swift, quiet, and positive in its operation; sews the very finest and coarsest materials, and any thing between the two extremes, in a beautiful and substantial manner. It *sews, stitches, cuts, binds, trims, gathers, stitches, &c.*, and will generally do a greater range of work than any machine heretofore offered to the public. We respectfully invite all in want of a *Superior Family Sewing Machine* to pay us a visit, and examine our magnificent and full instructions given by competent and courteous attendants. Send for pamphlet. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., 65 Broadway, New York.
 MRS. HIRSH JOHNSON, Agt., Woburn, Mass.

J. C. YOUNG & CO.
 Gloves, Hosiery, Zephyr Worsted,
 HAND AND MACHINE-MADE WORSTED GOODS,
 Small Wares, Trimmings, Buttons and Corsets.
 80 & 82 Devonshire Street,
 BOSTON.

Jas. C. Converse, Blagden & Co.
 COMMISSION MERCHANTS
 FOR THE SALE OF
**AMERICAN DRY GOODS
 AND WOOL.**
 180 & 182 Devonshire Street,
 BOSTON.

C. C. HOLBROOK & CO.
 12 SUMMER STREET, BOSTON.
 Have for sale at WHOLESALE and RETAIL at the lowest possible prices—
INDIA SHAWLS, REAL LACES,
 Embroideries,
 LADIES' WEDDING OUTFITS,
 INFANTS' WARDROBES,
 HOSIERY, GLOVES, UNDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
 For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
Silk, Velvet, and Cloth Outside Garments
 THE LATEST PARIS STYLES.
 We employ an experienced Cutter, and make to order from any of our imported patterns.

TO GAS, WATER, AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS.
 The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of all in the above line of business to their large assortment of tools, viz.: Screwing Machines for Hand and Power; Pease's Patent Pipe Clamp and Patent Combined Screwing and Cutting-off Stock. Also all other tools used in the trade. Manufactured and for sale by
CAMDEN TUBE WORKS, Camden, N.J.,
 or SEYMOUR, McMANUS & Co.,
 No. 28 South Seventh Street, Phila.

HORSESHOES.
 THE WHEELER HORSESHOE COMPANY offer for sale, corner of Portland and Travers Streets, Boston, Horseshoe Bars and Shapes, and also finished Shoes of every size and style. The iron is made from selected scrap, including old shoes, and is warranted as good as any in the market, and to wear as long as the best made shoes. The bars are drawn with a groove and a bevel, and with a seat, a flat, or concave foot face. This amount of work on the bars enables the blacksmith to make twice as many shoes a day as he can make from common shoe shapes, and the shoes are of a better quality and finish when made in this way than when made the ordinary price of common shapes, and the finished shoes much lower than hand-made shoes, with which alone they can be compared, and which in reality they are.
 ELBRIDGE WHEELER, General Agent.

BUTTERFIELD & HAVEN,
 SOLE AGENTS FOR
ROPER'S CALORIC ENGINE
 WAX-THREAD SEWING MACHINE,
 BOOT AND SHOE PEGGING MACHINE,
 MONITOR EYELET MACHINE,
 BOOT AND SHOE MACHINERY.
 Dealers in Thread, Needles,
HOWE SEWING MACHINES, &c.
 47 PEARL STREET, BOSTON.

**THE CELEBRATED
 HOWE SEWING MACHINES,**
 MANUFACTURED BY THE HOWE MACHINE CO.
 ELIAS HOWE, JR., - - - PRESIDENT.
PLUMMER & WILDER,
 Agts. for N. England States,
 41 Bromfield Street, Horticultural Building, Boston.
 AGENTS WANTED.

**THE UTICA SEWING MACHINE
 COMPANY'S**
 Lock Stitch Sewing Machine. The best offered to the public. MARTIN & SWEETLAND, Agents, 55 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Patented July 11, 1865.
The Removable Window Sash.
 STATE RIGHTS FOR SALE.
 S. WALES, No. 7 Water Street, Boston.

GEORGE W. BERRY & CO.,
 MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
**WALNUT, CHESTNUT AND PAINTED
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 Refrigerators, Bureaus, Wardrobes, &c.,
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 I HAVE suffered terribly for 20 YEARS, with this disease, and have more valuable than silver or gold to those suffering with this disease. I will furnish it to all who will call on me or send two dollars (\$2). It will remove the most severe pain in 24 hours, without the least injury to the constitution. Liberal discount to agents. I am no dealer in quack medicines, but feel it my duty to do this medicine be known.
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 No expense is spared in an endeavor to make the Central House equal to any hotel in the County. The tables are always supplied with the best market provisions, and in this respect the proprietor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.
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 June 24-17

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TO THE PEOPLE OF WOBURN.

FRANK B. DODGE

DESIRES to return his sincere thanks to the people of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal patronage during the last eight years; and by prompt attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance of the same.
 He has recently

**Refitted and Enlarged his
 STORE,**
 and has just received,

From New York and Boston,

a large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

**Fine Silver and
 Plated Ware—**

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-

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Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,

Ladles, Butter and Pie Knives,

Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

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FIRST CLASS

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Every article warranted to be as represented

FINE WATCHES

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REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE

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OLD GOLD AND SILVER taken in

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GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL SPECTACLES,

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LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved

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Frank B. Dodge.

OPPOSITE THE WOBURN BANK.

Woburn, Aug. 26, 1865.

GENERAL—LY GRANT—ED, THAT THE UNDERSIGNED

Having enlarged their store and increased their Stock of

GOODS,

now offer to the people of Woburn and vicinity, a good assortment of

Watches,

Clocks,

Jewelry,

Silver and Plated Ware,

Spectacles and Fancy Goods,

Cake and Card Baskets,

Castors,

Silver and Plated Forks,

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Ladies and Gents. Wallets,

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Combs and Brushes,

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A fine assortment of Ladies' Dress Combs.

SILVER COIN,

Made Into

PINS,

EAR RINGS, and

SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully repaired.

CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans, Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully repaired.

ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly executed.

P.S.—All the above work is done by us, and will be done cheaper here than in Boston.

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All medical men and the press recommend DR. STRICKLAND'S ANTI-COLERA MIXTURE as the only certain remedy for Diarrhoea and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Stimulants and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

For sale by all druggists. 50 cents a bottle.

The Remedy

DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured thousands of the worst cases of Hemorrhoids and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.

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THE celebrated DR. DOW continues to devote his entire time to the treatment of all diseases incident to the female system. An experience of twenty-three years enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent relief in the worst cases of Suppression and all other Menstrual Derangements, from whatever cause. All letters for advice must contain \$1. Office, No. 9 Edinboro' street, Boston.

N. E.—Board furnished to those who wish to remain under treatment.

Boston, June 24, 1865.

MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PIVOT LOGICAL WORK. Of Every one who has read Doctor—Being a Private Instructor for Married Persons or those about to marry, both Male and Female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our Sexual System, and the Production or Prevention of Offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by Wm. YOUNG, M.D. This is really a valuable and interesting work, is written in an easy and language for the general reader, and is illustrated with upwards of one hundred engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impatience to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book that must be locked up, and not let about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of Fifty Cents. Address Dr. Wm. YOUNG, No. 40 Spruce St., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sept 23-6m

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VINES, BULBOUS ROOTS, &c.

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 NURSERY AGENTS, Office No. 7 Water Street, sept 30-6m

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FALL—1865—STYLES.

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Just received, a full and varied assortment of GENTS' SILK and KEISER HATS of the latest styles.

Also, the "RESORTE DERBY" Hat, the "RE-SORTE SHEPHERD" Hat, the new "DICTATOR" CLOTH and FELT HATS of every description.

CAPS of the latest New York and Boston Fashions. A new line of SCOTCH CAPS.

BOYS' HATS AND CAPS.

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A LARGE ASSORTMENT,

OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

For sale at the lowest market prices, by

W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

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sept 2-17

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 NO. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.,
 WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
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A. H. COWDREY, M.D.,

Physician & Surgeon,

Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants of STONEHAM and vicinity.

OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
 Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon,

PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
 Woburn, Mass.
 July 8, 1865. 6m

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M.D.,

Physician and Surgeon

CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
 WOBURN CENTRE.

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XV : : No. 4.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1865.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS



THE GREAT German Heilmittel, WILL POSITIVELY CURE CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, AND THE EARLY STAGES OF CONSUMPTION. IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR DIPHTHERIA.

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physician of fifteen years' experience, and an extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmonary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus curing thousands who, in vain, have exhausted every other means to obtain relief. A few of the many certificates of cures in the possession of the Doctor are here annexed, which the reader is desired to peruse. They are not certificates of the dead, or names of those who never existed, but parties well known in Boston and vicinity.

To the Public.—My wife, having been afflicted with catarrh for years, attended latterly with a bad cough, having used many remedies and tried the treatment of several of our best medical men without success, I was induced by my friends to try the Great German Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and now she is radically cured. With the cure of the catarrh, all the symptoms attending this disagreeable disease, such as discharges from the nose and dropping into the throat, hawking, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would not be without this invaluable remedy, and advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds, or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find it a sure cure.
J. H. SILSBY.
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, formerly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an obstinate cough with which my family and myself have been afflicted for the same disease. My friends and physicians who saw my child, pronounced it already consumptive. Although somewhat discouraged by these counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I am happy to state that I was successful by the use of the German Heilmittel. My son's cough disappeared, his general health improved, and gained strength, and subsequently was radically cured, and has remained so for the last two years, not even having the cough return.

MRS. J. L. LANG,
No. 10 Bedford street, Boston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great German Heilmittel, I should have certainly been dead long ago. All that ever cured my catarrh and saved me from consumption, I owe to this invaluable remedy.
ROBERT WRIGLEY,
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me of a severe cough which almost ran me into consumption—thanks to the Heilmittel—I am now perfectly well.
WM. B. FISKE,
21st St. N. Y.

My wife has suffered with catarrh and bronchitis for years. About a year ago last winter, she was completely run down in strength, and my physician pronounced her case consumptive. Being anxious to do all that could be done for her, I bought a bottle of the German Heilmittel. By the use of the very first bottle, my wife began to improve, and after using but six bottles of it, entirely recovered her health. I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy, and deem it my duty to recommend it to all who are suffering with even the slightest cold or cough.

EBEN S. NASH,
Wrentham, Mass.

Having used the great German Heilmittel in my family, and prescribed it in my practice, with the very best of success in the treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, I can but recommend it to the public as a safe and speedy cure for the above named diseases.
J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D.,
Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distressing cough, with perfect success, and can but recommend it to the public as the best remedy for the above mentioned complaint.

NEWELL TOWLE,
Reading Academy, 415 Washington St. Boston.

The Great German Heilmittel
Is for Sale by all Druggists.
PRICE PER BOTTLE
\$2.00.
WEEKS & POTTER,
No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.,
General Agents.
For sale in Woburn by
William C. Brigham,
—AND—
Elbridge Trull.

THE SHADOW OF A GREAT ROCK.

How suggestive are the words of the evangelical prophet: "As the shadow of a great rock in a weary land." And with what a soothing influence do they fall on the weary and sin-distressed soul! A rock amidst desert wastes and shifting sands; a cooling shade beneath sultry skies and scorching plains; repose from the weariness and faintings of this pilgrim life; even "the shadow of a Great Rock in a weary land."

Not more beautiful and suggestive than logical are the thoughts as the spirit of inspiration has given them utterance. "And a man shall be as a hiding-place from the wind and a covert from the tempest; as rivers of water in a dry place; as the shadow of a great rock in a weary land." Refuge, Refreshment, Repose—or Deliverance, Life, Peace—is the order of the spirit. Christ, the Divine Man, is the Peace or Repose of the believing soul. AS THE SHADOW OF A GREAT ROCK IN A WEARY LAND.

Shade is the emblem of repose. It is suggestive of a most grateful experience. It is a luxury and blessing, highly prized and sought by man even in temperate climes, and dwelling in cooled houses. Poets have versified its charms. King and cottager alike embrace their dwelling with shading vines and trees. Nothing is more prized by the traveler, under summer skies, than the shadow of some overhanging cliff or green tree by the roadside. In the cooling shadow weary nature seeks repose, and renews its strength for another stage along the hot and dusty way. Jonah's gourd, shielding him from the burning rays of a torrid sun, is a type of that spiritual Vine which covers the soul of the trusting pilgrim in the day of heated blasts and fiery trials.

In Palestine, and indeed in all countries of torrid suns and infrequent rains, the Shade is a necessity as well as a great luxury; and the tree and the rock which afford it are prized far beyond our conceptions of their worth. The traveler in such climes would perish without such a relief. Half blinded by the sun's glaring maddening rays; his eye-balls on fire; his brow and lips crisped as with a furnace blast; his strength exhausted and nature giving out, oh! what can give him such hope and comfort as the sight of a great rock or a goodly tree, right in his path! He gathers up his little remaining strength, and drags on his weary steps, and half dead, flings himself down in the shade. And what a place of repose is that! And how grateful he is for the relief! There he cools the heated currents of life, and recruits his wasted energies for a fresh start.

"In a weary land." How expressive how truthful are these words of the Spirit! Earth is not only a "dry place," where no water is, but a "weary land," with nothing to solace and sustain the pilgrim soul. Human life, here under the curse, and unblest of God, is indeed a sad and wretched experience. It is a pilgrimage, and a cheerless and painful one. The way is difficult, and our progress in it is slow and tedious. It is a way of exposure and great endurance. It lies through a region of perpetual drought and burning suns. Around, behind and before us, all is waste and wilderness. No thing of life smiles in our path. No tree or rock proffers us shade. The heavens over us are brass, and the earth is a heated furnace. Day after day, month after month, year after year, we plod along this weary way to the pilgrim's doom, unblest by one hour's repose, life ebbing away at every step, and all nature on fire of hell, and not so much as a drop of water to cool the parched tongue, or a solitary rock to throw a shadow across our path. My God! what a land! what a pilgrimage! what a prospect!

And who is a stranger to this fearful experience? Who has not endured the sultriness and faintness of this "weary land?" In the day of passion's fiery tumult; in the day of self-convinced guilt and worthlessness; in the day of persecution for righteousness sake; in the day of severe trial and temptation; in the day of heavy affliction and sore bereavement; in the day of prevailing doubts and fears and gloom—what a "weary land" have we found earth to be! How arid and desolate to our soul seemed the path of life here below! What power had the sun to scorch and wither all our hopes and joys? How like Jonah we have been ready to curse God and pray for death!

At such times, and under such experiences, how we have felt the utter emptiness of all creature good, and from the lowest depth of our wretched and needy nature sighed and longed for some friendly power to cover our defenceless heads and save us from the soul-burdened and all-consuming evils of sin! If, ever, from the heart we have given expression to the pilgrim's song, it has been in those seasons when God's providence has made us smart under the evils of sin; or has brought home to our experience the misery and the weariness of a life which has no springs in God, no Christ to shield it and refresh it and give it peace. Then, if ever, the heart is forced to sing:

"It is a weary way, and I am faint;
Lead for purer air and fresher springs;
O Father! take me home; there is a pain,
A shadow on earth's path, brightest things,
This world is but a wilderness to me;
There is no rest, my God! no peace apart from Thee."

Blessed be God! there is provision in the Gospel to meet the necessities of man even in these emergencies, in the hour of extreme want and weakness. There is a place of repose for the weary spirit, as well as of safety and life. There is peace, rest, heaven, in Christ, for the believing soul, as well as deliverance. He is as the Shadow of a Great Rock in this weary land. That rock is high to every pilgrim soul that looks upward for relief,

"When fainting in the sultry waste."
In the shadow of that Rock the exhausted soul is revived; the heated blood is cooled; the jaded and perturbed spirits are rested and calmed; and the wearied heart finds sweet repose. In the shadow of that Rock, tears and sorrows and crosses and burdens and dangers are all forgotten. That experience—though it may last but for a day, or during the pressure of some great trial or calamity—is an oasis in the wilderness; and it will live in one's memory through future seasons of trial—a sweet memorial of a Savior's loving forethought of the Heaven which stands open to him at the end of his pilgrimage.

Yes, Christ is a Great Rock, casting his shadow all along the path of pilgrim faith and pilgrim conflict. He affords ample shelter and repose to his people when they most need it. He journeys with them over the "weary land," and when dangers threaten, He is their refuge; when they thirst, He is rivers of water to them; and when they grow weary, or the sun waxes hot, He is to them as the shadow of a Great Rock.

How can men slight such an infinite mercy! How can the fainting and dying pilgrim pass by on the other side and deny his soul the shadow and life of that Rock! Who has not felt the need of such a friendly and protecting Power in this sinful and doomed world? Who that looks seriously into the future will not long and pray for it in the times of trials and bitter experiences, yet to come, and especially in the day of death and judgment? O man! sinful, suffering, wailing, making thy way to the grave and eternity, will you measure out a weary life and die at last, unsheltered and unblest, when there is a refuge, a river, a rock between you and despair?—and when that refuge, that river, that rock, is the incarnate and pitying Jesus?

Weary pilgrim! burdened with sin and woe, fainting under sultry skies, and longing for the repose of a quiet conscience and of a heart bathed in the peace of Heaven—come into the shadow of this Great Rock. The gospel is an infinite consolation; take hold of it. There is sweetness and enjoyment in the way of faith; enter upon it. God knows all your weakness and want, and the power of evil to hurt you. And hence he offers you Christ, with all the consolations of his love, and the fullness of his grace, and the rest and glory of his final kingdom.

—Hours at Home.

A FASHIONABLE PARLOR.—How many people do we call on from year to year, and know no more of their feelings, habits, tastes, family ideas and ways, than if they lived in Kamtschatka? And why? Because the room which they call a front parlor is made expressly so that you shall not know. They sit in a back room—work, talk, read, perhaps. After the servant has let you in and opened a crack in the shutters, and while you sit waiting for them to change their dress and come in, you speculate as to what they may be doing. From some distant region, the laugh of a child, the song of a canary bird, reaches you, and then a door creaks hastily to. Do they love plants? Do they write letters, sew, embroider, crochet? Do they ever romp and frolic? What do they do they read? Do they sketch or paint? Of all these possibilities a mute and muffled room says nothing. A sofa, six chairs, two ottomans, fresh from the upholsterer's, a Brussels carpet, a centre table, with four books of beauty on it, a mantle clock from Paris, two bronze vases—all these tell you only in frigid tones, "This is the best room,"—only that and nothing more; and soon she trips in in her best clothes, and apologizes for keeping you waiting, asks you how your mother is, and you remark that it is a pleasant day, and thus the acquaintance progresses from year to year. One hour in the little back room where the plants and canary birds and children are, might have made you fast friends for life; but as it is, you care no more for them than for the gilt clock on the mantel.—Mrs. Stone.

A KIND ACT REWARDED.—A short time since a one-armed soldier entered a crowded railway-car in the city of Chicago. He looked very much the worse of moved to give him a seat, until a neatly dressed young woman observing his empty blue sleeve, arose, and asked him to take her place. At the sound of her voice he looked up, their eyes met, and immediately they were clasped in each other's arms, and she was sobbing for joy on his shoulder. The young woman was the soldier's wife, from whom he had been separated three long years. He had been wounded and taken prisoner, and his wife having lost all trace of him, had removed from the place and resided in Chicago, so that when he was released, his letters failed to reach her and he could hear nothing from her. He had gone to Chicago in search of her, and thus by this kind act of hers they were so happily restored to each other.

A FRESH supply of Coe's Cough Balsam—the great remedy for coughs, colds, whooping cough, croup, and all lung complaints—is received and for sale at our drug stores.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, the only remedy ever discovered that will surely and permanently cure dyspepsia, indigestion, sick-headache, and enable dyspeptics to eat hearty food without fear of distress, can be obtained at all our drug stores.

A lady, whose knowledge of the learned tongues was somewhat meagre, remarked of a speech of a member of parliament that "it was rather too ad claptatandum." Very intelligible English, if not good Latin.

SKETCHES AT NEWPORT.—Ah, here are a bevy of "misses" in full dress. You know that there are no little girls now; they are all misses. The youngest of these cannot be more than six years old; but, as you see, she fits appreciates the importance of dress. That pink silk and those white satin slippers are carried off by her with the consciousness of the most forward belle. Dear me! do look at that girl in white tulle! Did you ever see such an enormous hoop on an eleven-year-old? Does she look like anything but an inverted funnel? And those poor, emaciated legs of hers! Are not pipe-stems out-pipe-stemmed? Was there ever such a lack of muscle on any human being? How Dr. Dio Lewis would tear his hair with horror at such a discouraging spectacle, and how, if he had his way, all those fine feathers would be cast aside, and the puny victim to insane custom arrayed in a bloomer and put through a course of light gymnastics! That a child is not ashamed to show such legs denotes a mental and physical demoralization most pitiable to contemplate. Do you believe her mother has designs upon her life? She is an extreme case, it is true; but, if you observe, you will see that all these little misses, though very good subjects for the anatomist, are very bad models for the sculptor or painter. Such wretched little humanities cannot fail to make sickly women, such as the country already is overstocked with. Why they are not in bed would be a mystery in Europe. In Newport nous avons change tout cela! Here, the Saturday night ball is opened at nine o'clock with dancing by these infants, not in arms, but without them. They then retire and ungraciously yield the floor to children of a larger growth. But you don't get the taste of green fruit out of your mouth in a whole evening. Girls of fourteen and fifteen, coquetting with bouquets, and escorted by boys of the same age, jostle you at every step, and would run over and extirpate mature men and women, were it in their power. Gray hairs are a nuisance in this country, and are treated accordingly.

The plot thickens. Bees in a hive do not swarm more profusely than our fellow beings crowd about the parlor. You know the entertainment consists in being dressed in your best clothes, promenaded through the corridor which is lined with curious spectators, looking as steadily at you, remarking on the passers-by, and if you like, dancing in the parlor with the best equal to that discovered by Sister Anne in "Blue Beard," and the thermometer in the vicinity of fever heat. The parlor is of course densely packed, and requires to be stormed before an entrance is effected; consequently those who are cool and comfortable outside are perfectly unhappy until they have accomplished the dangerous undertaking, the more you are trodden upon and the more your lungs pant for oxygen, the more you are doing the proper thing. Don't you see the fun of it?

The men, you will notice, are very inferior looking; infinitely more so than the women. It is a way men have at Newport. You rarely see a fine male type here, particularly at receptions, and if they appear, it is from curiosity and for a moment. It is more difficult for a sensible man to lend himself to such occasions than for a sensible woman, from the fact that a woman, however clever, provided she is gifted physically as well as mentally, is always at home in a ball room and is always ready to be admired; whereas a man, if he is not a dancer, is a painfully awkward, and consequently restless and unhappy. I don't assert, however, that women are vainier than men, for we know the contrary; but it is natural that the former should be *au fait* at places where they must shine. As men rarely possess beauty, their vanity displays itself in other ways. It is singular, though, how much handsomer American women are than the men. Foreigners are astonished at the contrast. Why is it? Will any one give a satisfactory reason?

There is an endless variety in dressing; as you perceive. Some in evening toilette, some in evening dress, some in promenade costume, and others enveloped in opera cloaks; but waterfalls are as much there and everywhere. Artificial curls are not as rampant as they were last year. Now and then you catch a glimpse of a head scintillating with gold powder, and if you will promenade with me, I'll show you an excessively pretty study for a Pompadour head, a fair face with fair hair rolled back and showered with white powder. The lady looks as though she had stepped out of one of the frames at Versailles. Ah, but look this way. Here comes a fair dame in a walking dress and jewelled canes which bespeak a return from that home of good and defunct Beauclercs, Paris. The style is decidedly "loud," and yet the wearer is one of the ton. It is French most decidedly; but, as a gentleman at my elbow remarks, "the lady has evidently made dress a study, but unfortunately she does not know the difference between the marquises of Saint Germain and those of Notre Dame de Lorette." A few more such mistakes would be fatal to her consequences if allowed to become an epidemic. But dear me! how many subjects for Banting there are; what a pity that the Anthropological Society of England, whose members have recently been distinguishing themselves by talking and writing ineffable bosh about the inhabitants of the American continent, could not be present to eat their own words! No American ever grows fat; he is always known by his extreme length of neck, is undersized and never has curling hair! Yet Banting has

been bought more extensively in this country than in England!

You see that there is little conversation. All so busy with their eyes that tongues are superfluous; but of course many number of flirtations are going on. Did you observe what a killing glance that pretty girl gave her *cousin*, and how he received it, just as though she would not captivate her next partner with one more overpowering? She throws her eyes about as recklessly as maskers at an Italian carnival throw confetti; it may be very pretty, but what is the satisfaction of having a pair of eyes thrown at you when you realize that you are only one of a thousand targets? Where is the compliment when it makes no difference whether you are Tom Jones or Bill Smith? It isn't consoling to one's vanity, you know. The conversation that is indulged in is of the weakest description. To talk reasonably in such a place is a moral impossibility. The atmosphere is so redolent with nonsense that a wise man becomes a fool. I once saw Charles Sumner promenade with a lady, and I wondered at the time whether "the noblest Roman of them all" did not feel very much as Thor would if called upon to crack nuts with his mighty hammer! He looked like Gulliver in Lilliput. The spirit of Harlequin comes over you, and you fitter and smile, scrape and bow, flirt your fan and twirl your moustache, make the most palpably fulsome compliments or receive them, and go home at 11 or 12 o'clock highly delighted with your night's exploits if you are as silly as you seem, highly disgusted with yourself and Vanity Fair generally if you are wiser than appearances denote. Disgusted as you may be, however, you will not fail to attend two or three receptions during the season for the purpose of studying a very peculiar phase of human nature.

STRAWES, JR.

HOME FURNITURE.—A family of small means, with good taste and culture, can make a house interesting and beautiful by their own hands, and with the expenditure of very little money. It is only necessary for them to throw "fashion" out of the window; to consult comfort first, elegance next, and to let the elegance be simple and natural. All the people who went to see Max and his wife, were sure in the course of the evening, to express a sort of envious admiration of the elegance with which the parlor of these good people was furnished. The first impression was that of delightful coziness; but, by degrees, the chairs and tables, the carpets and book-cases were found to have a charm beyond mere coziness. What was it? Could such a result be bought? What did this cost, and this? But the cost finally appeared to be merely the money paid to the carpenter for what Max had designed. It seemed that he never bought anything in the way of furniture in the shops. Those candlesticks of unpolished wood, turned to a good pattern of his designing, and decorated in this pretty fashion with colors, by his own hands, of an evening, as he chatted with his wife and child. Meanwhile, she by his side painted this vase, made of yellowish clay at the pottery over the river, with borders and figures made up of flowers and leaves they had gathered in their afternoon walk. It is done as simply and as naturally, almost, as a bit of thirteenth century work. That book-case, too, how pretty it is! Marquette made it, you think? Colder the carpenter made it, in his shop in the village; no more skill than he is master of, went to it. It is nothing, in fact, but a pile of long, narrow boxes laid one on top of another, the whole standing on a low base, four or five inches high, to keep the lowest books from being touched by the foot. There is not a molding or chamber on the whole book-case. The end of each box is pierced with a crescent-shaped trefol, so that it can be lifted by two people and carried off, if necessary, and the whole outside is painted a dark, deep green, and the inside and the cover of the book-cases are of a rich, warm, golden-brown. Plain and as it is, it would have been pretty good as it stands, for the books made it gay with their bright, cheerful and varied bindings; but Max was laid up for a week last winter, had hurt a foot, and so, amused himself with painting in circles, one at each end of every box, the portraits of the half dozen great poets and great men he loves. Max is no painter, but he copied such portraits as he found suitable, and, though roughly done, they are a great addition. He and Laura shared the work; for while he painted a head in the circle at one end, she painted a flower in the circle at the other. This he worked at Dan Chaucer on one side and she painted in daisies on the other. She did not copy English ladies out of a book, but went out and got American ones from the field. Then Dante's face was matched with lilacs, and Keats' with roses, and so no wonder unfashionable people like the book-case. But, it is in this way that Max and his wife, with a little money, a good deal of taste, and a love of home, have made their home beautiful.—New Path.

INDIAN ELOQUENCE.—The celebrated speech of Logan, given by Mr. Jefferson, has often been quoted for its pathos; and the speeches of Red Jacket, Farmer's Brother, and Corn-Planter, are still esteemed models in their way. Those, however, who suppose that pathetic appeals have ceased with the lives of these orators, will perhaps think differently upon reading the following touching appeal addressed to Col. Sells by a Camanche chief, at the recent council at Fort Smith:—"Brother, my shirt, you see, is all in rags. When I return to my tribe and say to them 'I have been among friends,'

they will not believe me, if I return in this ragged shirt. My wife and daughter will ask, 'Where is the calico your friends gave you?' Brother, what shall I say about this when I return to my people?" The answer to this appeal is said to have been as satisfactory as the most sanguine hopes of the chief could have expected.

ARE THE PLANETS HABITABLE?—A few years ago Dr. Whewell wrote a book to prove that the more distant planets of our system are uninhabitable. Applying the law of inverse squares to their distances from the sun, the diminution of temperature was found to be so great as to preclude the possibility of human life in the more remote members of the solar system. But, not to mention the hazardous task of attempting to prove a negative—the influence of an atmospheric envelope was overlooked in those calculations. The omission vitiates the whole argument. It is perfectly possible to find an atmosphere which would act the part of a barb to the solar rays, permitting their entrance towards the planet, but preventing their withdrawal. For example, Professor Tyndall tells us, a layer of air only two inches in thickness, and saturated with the vapor of sulphuric ether, would offer very little resistance to the passage of the solar rays, but would cut off fully thirty-five per cent. of the planetary radiation. It would require no inordinate thickening of the layer of vapor to double this absorption; and it is evident that, with a protecting envelope which permits heat to enter but prevents its escape, a comfortable temperature might be obtained on the surface of our most distant planet.

It is the presence of a protective atmosphere that renders the earth itself habitable; and in regions where it is so modified by the absence of aqueous vapor as to lose its protective power, man cannot live. One cause of the coldness of high mountain tops is their being lifted beyond the protection of the layer of moist air which lies close the earth. The withdrawal of sunshine from any region over which the atmosphere is dry, must be followed by quick refrigeration. The moon would be rendered entirely uninhabitable by beings like ourselves, through the operation of this single cause. With a radiation uninterrupted by aqueous vapor, the difference between her monthly maxima and minima of temperature must be enormous. The winters of Thibet are almost unendurable from the same cause. Humboldt dwelt upon the "frigorific power" of the central portions of the Asiatic continent, and controverted the idea that it was to be explained by reference to their elevation; there being vast expanses of country, not much above the sea level, with an exceedingly low temperature. He did not seem to be aware of this one most important cause which contributes to the observed result. The absence of the sun at night causes powerful refrigeration when the air is dry. The removal, for a single summer night, of the aqueous vapor from the atmosphere which covers England, would be attended by the destruction of every plant which a freezing temperature could kill. In Sahara, where "the soil is fire and the wind is flame," the refrigeration at night is often painful to bear. Ice has been formed in this region at night. In Australia, also, the diurnal range of temperature is very great, amounting commonly to between forty and fifty degrees. In short, it may be safely predicted that, wherever the air is dry, the daily thermometer range will be great. This, however, is quite different from saying that where the air is clear the thermometer range will be great. Great clearness as to light is perfectly compatible with great opacity as to heat. The atmosphere may be charged with aqueous vapor, while a deep blue sky is overhead; and on such occasions the terrestrial radiation would, notwithstanding the "clearness," be intercepted. It is consequently impossible for any one on earth to be sure that the distant planets are uninhabitable, and that the sun can not be to them, as to us, a vivifier as well as a worker.—All the Year Round.

ECONOMY.—As surely as thrift follows industry and economy, does want succeed idleness and extravagance. There has been a manifest improvement in the habits of the people during the last few months in the management of their private concerns; but the national treasury still disburses the hard earnings of the laborer with the most wasteful abundance, and this extravagance is almost wholly unchecked by the public press. The current national expenses still exceed two million dollars per day, and this frightful outlay is chronicled with little concern, or pointed at with pride, as if it were only a liberal handling of unlimited means. It is high time that all who have the best interests of the country at heart, should cease their wrangling about matters of little moment, and pay more attention to this drain upon the life-blood of the nation. It is all very well for student orators to tickle the ears of a well-dressed audience with highly wrought descriptions of our unlimited resources, and poetry and music may lend their aid to give brilliancy to the charming romance; but there will be an afterpiece of another sort if this play is long continued. The undeveloped resources of a country will not furnish food and clothing without the earnest toil which can make even a wilderness blossom; and there will be a terrible awakening from this dream of plenty if the present wastefulness is not speedily checked.—New York Journal of Commerce.

The man who carries everything before him.—The waiter.

The Middlesex Journal,
—AND—
WOBURN TOWNSMAN.

WOBURN:

SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1865.

JOB WORK. of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and Pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.

The large country circulation of the JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Probate advertisements, sales of Real Estate, and other notices of interest to the farming population.

E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

FREE MARKETS IN BOSTON.—The long suppressed feeling in Boston as to the Market system, has at length burst forth with uncontrollable fury, especially at East Boston. The complaint is, that the City government in point of fact, although not intentionally so, is an ally of the middle man or huckster, who comes between the producer and consumer and causes the latter to pay him his profit.

In the establishment of the Quincy market there was a design to regulate the sale of meat, fish, fruit and vegetables, so as to secure protection from diseased or unhealthy articles. Another object may have been to secure an income from renting the stalls. Large premiums at present rents, can be obtained by those who rent the Quincy market, if they should wish to vacate their stalls, or places of traffic.

The hard times press with peculiar severity on the poor, who are almost driven to the necessity of giving up the use of meat altogether by the high prices asked. When persons have to struggle so hard to keep soul and body together in these times, the forestallers, who purchase provisions before they come to the market, with intent to sell them at higher prices, are a hateful body of men. We believe it has been if it is not now, a penal offence to do this. The call is for a Free Market, where the producer can meet the consumer face to face and make his bargains, and thus save the profits which the forestaller receives.

We are glad to see this subject agitated, and it concerns the country as well as the city, for Boston is the market for a wide circuit of towns. Let there be free markets established in Boston forthwith. Provision dealers all over Boston and in other towns, mostly buy at Quincy market and put on their additional profit, so that at least two profits between the producer and consumer are paid by the latter.

A large space will be required for these markets, but they might be commenced in portions of the city where there are vacant lots of land. South Boston has space already donated for that purpose, and the experiment should be made there.

With our depreciated currency and the excessive quantity of it, everything should be done to repress speculation in the necessities of life, which some are so ready to do, regardless of the suffering that they cause. It is high time that the people awake and come together and do something to burst the bands which forestallers have cast around them, and do something to mitigate the threatened suffering of the approaching winter.

SLIGHT FIRES.—Last Friday evening, the Central House narrowly escaped destruction by fire. One of the servant girls was preparing to attend the ball in Lyceum Hall, and in her absence from the room the light on the table set fire either to the curtains, or some articles of clothing, and the room was almost instantly in flames. The fire was discovered before it had made much headway, and a few buckets of water extinguished it. The loss falls heavily on the servant girl, who lost nearly all of her clothing.

On Saturday morning the carrier shop on Chestnut street, occupied by Messrs. Skinner, Ingerson, and others, was set on fire by the boiling over of a kettle of composition. Water being handy, the flames were extinguished without a general alarm.

"Hope for all invalids," is held out by Dr. Uriah Clark, 18 Chauncy St., Boston, Mass., as will be seen by his advertisement in our column of "new advertisements." According to his circular, he promises to "cure all curable diseases, without medicine," and he publishes a long list of remarkable cures.

FENIAN BALL.—The ball in Lyceum Hall, last Friday evening, given by the "Fenians" of Woburn, was well attended. A supper, furnished by Mr. Peter Kennedy, was provided in the room over Mr. Adkins' store.

WANTED.—Copies of the Middlesex Journal, for the months of July, August, and September, 1865; also, of January 1, 1865—for which a fair price will be paid. Apply at the Journal office.

CLOTHES THIEF.—A young man giving his name as Brown, who has been employed by Mr. J. E. Littlefield, and boarding with Mrs. Merriam, absconded last Tuesday, taking with him quite a number of articles of clothing belonging to the son of Mrs. Merriam, and of his fellow boarders. He was tracked by the sufferers to Boston, and found on Thursday crossing on the Chelsea Ferry. He attempted to escape, but finding himself too hotly pursued, offered to give up the clothing, and the parties went with him to his boarding house. While he was delivering the goods one of them procured a police officer, and had him arrested and brought to Woburn.

MILITARY.

The following is a list of the Woburn soldiers and sailors who are now in the service of the United States:—

ARMY.

Ebenezer R. Spencer, Co. G, 24th Mass. Regt.
Samuel E. Jenkins, 1st Battalion Heavy Artillery.
Oliver M. Wade, Co. M, 4th Mass. Cavalry.

Samuel Rinn, Band, 3d Brig., 3d Div., 24th Army Corps.
Daniel W. Moody, 12th Regt. Veteran Reserve Corps.

Daniel C. Porter, 13th Regt. Veteran Reserve Corps.
John S. Colegate, Co. K, 29th Maine Regiment.

Henry Wendall, Co. E, 2d New Hampshire Regiment.
George W. Lamson, Co. B, 1st California Regt.

John H. Day, Battery K, 4th U. S. Artillery.
Capt. Luther F. Wyman, Co. A, 2d U. S. (colored) Vols.

Lieut. Charles F. Linscott, 118th U. S. (colored) Regt.
Lieut. Charles P. Daley, 35th U. S. (colored) Regt.

Lieut. Patrick Branagan, Co. D, 1st U. S. (white) Regt.

NAVY.

Edward D. Hayden, U. S. Receiving ship Grampus.
Edmund H. Haggins, U. S. steamer Accacia.

Le Grand B. Brigham, U. S. steamer Ladona.
Caleb S. Moulton, U. S. sloop-of-war Relief.

Charles Doherty, U. S. frigate Colorado.
Stephen Shea, U. S. Gunboat Wachusett.

Total 20.

PRINTING PAPER is tending upward in price every day, owing to a scarcity of water, there not being water enough to run the mills. Even large and well patronized sheets, like the New York Journal of Commerce, for instance, have been unable to obtain a supply, at any price. The editor in commenting on the fact, says:—

The recent rains, which have blessed a portion of the country, were most opportune, but there is a large surface still suffering from drought. There has not been a season for many years when the short supply of water has been so troublesome to the manufacturing interest. We have found it impossible to obtain a supply of paper from the ordinary sources, and have been compelled, a portion of the time, to print our issue upon a sheet which rendered the type illegible. Owing to the large size of our paper we can find nothing available in the open market, and have often been driven to straits for a daily supply far more embarrassing to us than troublesome to the eyes of our readers. We hope soon to do better, and to furnish our subscribers with a more substantial sheet.

LODGE OF GOOD TEMPLARS.—A meeting was held in the vestry of the Unitarian church, on Tuesday evening, to organize a Lodge of Good Templars. The officers of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, consisting of A. W. Lithgow, G. W. C. T.; M. A. Fuller, G. W. V. T.; Nathan E. Abbott, P. G. W. C. T.; E. Wilson, A. J. Pikeman, G. W. M.; Sarah R. Colby, G. W. I. G., were present, and went through with the regular form of initiating the members, and installing the officers. Some two hundred signed a paper for a charter, but only about seventy were initiated on Tuesday evening. A large number of friends from the Concordia and Mishawam Lodges of Charlestown, were present, and assisted in the formation of the Lodge. The Lodge will be known as the "Good Samaritan," No. 60, Independent Lodge of Good Templars. The following persons were elected officers for this quarter:—

W. C. T.—Rev. Matthew M. Parkhurst.
W. V. T.—Mrs. Francis Cummings.
Chaplain.—Rev. J. Spencer Kennard.
W. R. S.—Joseph H. Hall.
W. A. R. S.—Miss Jennie Skinner.
W. F. S.—John Locaby.
W. T.—Joseph B. McDonald.
W. M.—William M. Miller.
W. A. M.—Miss Emma Burke.
W. I. G.—Miss Susan Watson.
W. O. G.—Lucius B. Taylor.
W. R. H. S.—Miss Ananias Johnson.
W. L. H. S.—Miss Lucy Tilton.

We regret to record the death of Mr. Jotham Hill, which took place on Monday last. Mr. Hill, as our readers will recollect, was injured by a fall from a staging at the new house which he was erecting for Mr. John Cummings, Jr., in Cummingsville, on the 6th inst. His wrist bone was badly fractured, and the immediate cause of his death was mortification of the arm. Mr. Hill was a worthy, active citizen, and his loss will be deeply felt in the community. Funeral services over his remains, were held at the Congregational Church, on Thursday last.

Maj.-Gen. Couch of Taunton, the democratic candidate for Governor in this State, visited Boston, at the invitation of the United Service Club, and made a little speech in favor of affording aid to those soldiers who need it. He said men who had gone out and perilled their lives for the country had a claim on the State, and the State should see their wants supplied.

Pittsburg has another terrible poisoning case. A Mrs. Lewis in unarrested, charged with mixing strychnine in brandy, and administering it to three of her children, all of whom died in a very short time afterward.

THE PRESENT SYSTEM OF EDUCATION.—The present system of education, adopted and enforced in the cities and large towns in this State, is beginning to attract attention by discriminating minds and those who have the welfare of the rising generation at heart. It was once thought that educating the mind could not be overdone.

This we are beginning to find is a mistake of no small magnitude, as we already see incipient indications of deterioration of the race. It is beginning to be demonstrated that beyond a certain point the mind cannot be tasked with impunity. There is a balance to be observed between the mental and physical training which will give the highest perpetual vigor to both. This point, it seems, is not well understood, but it is our duty to seek for it until it shall be found. The immaterial principle called mind, which makes us all that we are, is understood only by its phenomena, manifested through physical organization. It is clearly evident that the organ of the mind is the brain, one of the most important of the human system, susceptible of exerting an important influence on all other organs, while all other organs exert a great influence on the brain. The brain cannot act without the immediate intervention of the lungs and the heart, nor can the heart or lungs act without the reciprocal action of the brain. They form a perpetual galvanic circle.

The air that passes through the lungs is to oxygenate the blood which is propelled by the heart to the brain, that this organ may afford nervous stimulus for all others.

The action of the stomach upon the food taken into it is to the whole system what the main-spring is to the watch. The brain cannot long be kept in working condition without sufficient, wholesome, nutritious food, and a plenty of pure air. These are important physiological conditions to be observed. From the brain proceeds all vitality. When this vitality is used up or exhausted in one direction, it cannot be distributed in another. Nature has made provision for a certain quantity for important results in the animal economy. If forced into a different channel, nature is violated, and the whole physical being made to suffer. Many pupils are pushed and punished, to accomplish certain ends which do not come within their nature or the bounds of their capacity. This is really damage to human nature, both to pupil and teacher. It is a forced violation of the laws of life. In school, pupils are made to comply with certain rules without properly considering the different and varied natural capacities or other physiological circumstances. Some have large capacity, a versatility of character, and are able to comprehend without difficulty or much study, all the various branches of education, while others understand some subjects readily and others with much difficulty. Still others are more or less obtuse and it gives them great trouble to understand book knowledge at all, while in the latter class we often see very efficient men in all that pertains to the duties of life. It is a remark often made by observing minds that those scholars who, in their class in college, occupy an indifferent position, often excel in their future career.

A pupil with feeble digestive organs, or a want of sufficient amount of good food with a capacious brain, will be shorn of much of his intellectual vigor. Like a well adjusted steam engine, it refuses to do its proper work with an inferior boiler or a lack of sufficient fuel. It is now well established that to have a good, vigorous mind, we must have a full sized, well organized brain and other physical organs to harmonize with it. Physical labor does much to make a vigorous mind by making a vigorous body for the mind to dwell and act in. It may be taken for granted with many examples we have, that much early mental training is not necessary or important to produce a strong or a cultivated mind. For familiar illustration take the two last Presidents of the United States, with whose history all are well acquainted. But on the other hand much early mental training is absolutely damaging, both to mind and body, besides the bad influences do not end here; are transmitted to other generations, and it may be augmented by the same process until terminated by pusillanimity or the grave. Our young men and girls, more especially the girls, as they are more devoted to study than boys, are now in some degree making themselves unfit by our system of education for those duties which nature intended them. The old maxim, that "too much of a good thing is good for nothing," is more than verified in our school system. J. C.

The London Times of September 20th, says: "The cattle plague has suddenly exhibited an entirely new and unexpected development, and the intelligence we publish on the subject this morning, is most startling. A report of Professor Simonds, just issued to the Clerk of the Council, proves that the disease has broken out among the sheep, accompanied by its most fatal characteristics; and further, that there is every appearance of the infection having been communicated both from sheep to cows, and from cows to sheep."

The experiments made in cultivating cotton in Italy during the recent rebellion in the United States, have surpassed the most sanguine anticipations. The plant of Italy, it is stated, bids fair to equal the American in every respect.

Pittsburg has another terrible poisoning case. A Mrs. Lewis in unarrested, charged with mixing strychnine in brandy, and administering it to three of her children, all of whom died in a very short time afterward.

Read the new advertisements.

Our readers will remember that the first Lecture of Dr. Lord's course is to be delivered next Tuesday evening. The subject, PAUL, THE ROMAN MARTYR, is finely chosen, and, under Dr. Lord's masterly treatment, is full of fascination as well as profoundly instructive. We must once more congratulate our community on the fact that the literary entertainments of the season are to be initiated with so valuable a course, by a Lecturer of such a wide-spread celebrity. That these graphic delineations of distinguished men will be highly appreciated by the community, we feel sure. Such orations are of great value in stimulating literary taste, and giving direction to the reading habits of an intelligent and cultivated people. It is very gratifying to observe that the great and growing commercial prosperity of our town is attended by a corresponding progress in a true intellectual culture. We are informed that, for some time past, there has been a steadily increasing demand for a higher class of literary works by those who take books from the Town Library. The expurgation of the Library of a mass of worthless trash, under the judicious direction of the Committee, is a fact in the same direction. Woburn has taken high rank for the intelligence of her leading men of business, and that intelligence, as is well known, has been largely the result of the fact that these men, in the forming period of their character, had a Library of their own, filled with works of the best description. Who shall take the place of these men? is a question sometimes asked. A familiar acquaintance with our rich and varied English literature, through reading the works of the best authors, and listening to the eloquence of the best lecturers, will do much to answer this question.

WENDELL PHILLIPS.—No one who ever heard this master of oratory, can doubt his ability to say plain things in a plain and impudent manner; but few believe in Mr. Phillips, because he is always a disappointed man. Let the wind blow from whatever quarter it may, this Wendell Phillips, as he should have been called, always has his sails trimmed in opposition to it; and the consequence is, though he has often said that he would not value twenty thousand dollars if he could get into Congress, that he has never got anywhere; but beats and bangs about the water, making war upon everything that comes in his way, from the small sprat that plays about the shore, to the huge leviathan that sports in deeper seas.

In his lecture, in Boston, on Tuesday evening, he was "every inch" himself, and floundered about terribly. If he is reported correctly in the papers, Mr. Phillips declared that President Johnson, in his speech to the delegation that waited upon him from South Carolina, and who appealed to him for protection against Congress and the harsh spirit of the Northern States, had ranged himself with the half-converted rebels and made himself three-quarters of a rebel in order that the rebels themselves might be one-quarter Union.

Maj.-Gen. Banks, Mr. Phillips denounced as a vagrant mountebank, laden with the curses of every loyal man in Louisiana and Massachusetts; and yet Massachusetts men were going to send him to Congress. Mr. Phillips said:—

"The Republican party does not exist. There is a specter walking over the country in its shroud, but there is no such party. It has not existed since the Baltimore Convention, when it was buried in the will of Abraham Lincoln. I deny the existence of any political force entitled to the Republican party."

WRITING SCHOOL.—Those of our young friends who desire to learn the art of writing, without which they can make but poor headway in the world, should not fail to embrace the opportunity offered by that veteran teacher, J. A. Boutelle. See notice.

THE EIGHT HOUR SYSTEM.—There was quite a large gathering of the friends of the eight hour system in Woburn, at Lyceum Hall, on Tuesday evening last. W. A. Haslam presided, who said that the object of the meeting was simply to bring the citizens together to hear the arguments of their friends who had come to address them. He would offer no arguments, but would say that the time has arrived for every workman to take hold of the work, and do his part. He introduced Mr. Wm. F. Falls, President of the Grand Eight-Hour League. Mr. Falls made a spirited address in favor of the reduction of the hours of labor, and was followed by Mr. Ham, of East Boston, who concluded his remarks by calling upon workmen to support the Daily Evening Voice, a paper published in Boston which is in favor of the movement.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

WHEREAS, We, the workmen and women of the town of Woburn, believing that the social, physical, intellectual and moral condition of the working classes is not what it ought to be, and that they are suffering many evils which should be removed, such as physical prostration, premature death from incessant labor, mental inactivity for want of time to obtain mental food, and moral torpor by having to devote so much of their time to satisfy the physical wants at the expense of the higher nature; and believing as we do, with all other workmen, that such evils should be abolished, be it therefore

Resolved, That we, in mass meeting assembled, do proclaim that eight hours ought to be a legal day's work.

Resolved, That we will sustain and assist all honorable efforts, by whomsoever made, to establish the eight-hour system, not only in our own State, but throughout the civilized world.

Resolved, That as united effort is necessary, we recommend that organizations be started to act in concert with each other throughout the country, in spreading correct information among the people.

Mr. James Tregurtha urged the election of men to the Legislature who would pledge themselves to this movement, and called attention to the necessity of sustaining the supporters of the movement.

The chairman announced that an Eight Hour League had been organized in town, and appealed to the workmen present to become members.

THE RECENT ELECTIONS.—The most reliable returns show the following results:—

In Pennsylvania, the correct returns from about one-sixth of the State give 17,107 Union majority. The total majority cannot be less than 25,000.

In Ohio, the latest footings put Cox (Union) 24,863 ahead. The Secretary of the Union State Committee estimates his total majority at about 28,000. It seems to be the general opinion that Cox's letter on the separation of the Southern negroes from the whites had about the effect predicted by a distinguished statesman who said when he read it: "There are 20,000 Union votes gone."

In Iowa, on the other hand, Gov. Stone (Union) runs nearly 5000 behind the rest of the ticket (which is elected by 20,000 majority) in consequence, it is stated, of his bold advocacy of negro suffrage.

In Indiana, where there were only county elections, the Union men gain in nearly every county, while in many the Democrats had no contest at all.

THE FENIANS are now holding a congress at Philadelphia. Large numbers of delegates from all portions of the country are present. Previous to the organization, a large mass meeting was held at which eloquent speeches were made by B. B. Daly, State Centre of Indiana, Mr. Delany of Connecticut, James McDermott of New York, and John F. Finnity of Chicago.

Mr. Daly said a part of the purpose of the Fenian organization had already been accomplished. They had cemented in one tie of brotherhood and sympathy Irishmen abroad and at home. On their banner was written the word "onward," and they would never stop until they had accomplished their end, the freedom of Ireland. They had buried all the personal animosities and local feuds which had heretofore prevented the liberation of Ireland, and all Irishmen of all sects and classes were being gathered together for their mutual good. We have men at home willing to drive the invaders from their shores, if we will only furnish the means. (Cries, "We will.") He will. He showed that in doing this they were not renouncing their allegiance either to their adopted country or any system of religion. If those eminent priests, Father Rourke of Vinegar Hill, and Father Murphy of Enscourt did not break any laws of the church in assisting in repelling the invaders of '98, why should we not battle against them to-day? He believed the cause had the sympathy of the American people, and when the struggle came America would preserve at least a strict neutrality.

Mr. Delany was severe in his strictures on those Irishmen who, although professing to sympathize with them, did not aid them. Those who say Ireland is too weak to do more than Ireland's way to liberty, and if it is not done in this generation it never will be, as by the present ratio of emigration in 25 years only a million and a half will remain at home, and the opportunity may pass from us forever.

Mr. McDermott said the Fenian Brotherhood were only the advance guard of the grand army. The hearts of the Irish people were with them. He showed by historical facts that revolutions have often been successful under much more disadvantageous circumstances than surrounded them. Doubters are our most bitter enemies, who will live to regret the day they ridiculed us.

Mr. Finnity said the congress assembled was composed of the united wisdom of the brotherhood in this country, and prudence and wisdom would guide their deliberations. If concentration of action cannot make Ireland free, it will not be their fault. If all the Irish in this country were united, there would be no doubt of success, but the prospect looked very bright.

The meeting was very enthusiastic.

DEMOCRATIC SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.—The convention of the delegates from the democrats of the Sixth Congressional District was held in City Hall, Lawrence, Tuesday, to choose a candidate for representative in the place of Hon. Daniel Gough, resigned. C. D. Brown of Reading presided, and John H. Dyke of Stoneham was secretary. The committee on credentials reported the several cities and towns in the district represented by ninety delegates. Rev. T. J. Greenwood of Medford was unanimously elected as candidate for Congress. After addresses the convention adjourned.

MIDDLESEX CO. DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—A Convention of the Democrats of Middlesex County to nominate candidates for county officers, was held in the Charlestown City Hall, Thursday forenoon. The body was called to order by J. G. Chase of Cambridge, Chairman of the County Committee, and organized by choice of Henry H. Gilmore of Medford for Chairman, and C. F. Howe of Lowell for Secretary.

A committee was appointed to select names of candidates for county officers, and they presented the following, who were unanimously placed in nomination: For Sheriff, Charles Kimball of Lowell; District Attorney, J. E. Pickering of Charlestown; County Commissioner, H. P. Ross of Groton; Special Commissioners, George Wheeler of Concord and George Page of Shirley; Commissioners of Insolvency, W. W. Warren of Brighton, O. F. Howe of Lowell, Joseph Fuller of Framingham; Register of Deeds, Southern District, Charles B. Stevens of Cambridge.

The following gentlemen were appointed County Committee for the ensuing year: Austin Belknap of Somerville, Samuel H. Rhodes of Concord, C. F. Howe of Lowell, H. H. Gilmore of Medford, W. V. Peirce of Charlestown, J. G. Chase of Cambridge and W. G. Lewis of Framingham. The Convention then dissolved.

Secretary McCulloch has just made an important speech at Fort Wayne. He is in favor of a speedy return to specie payments, as the true policy of the country, and thinks the circulation ought to be reduced. He says the excess is used in speculation, and that we are getting seriously into foreign debt, which, if not checked, will result in wide-spread bankruptcy and disaster.

New York papers state that a number of detectives from London arrived in the last steamer to that port, with special instructions, it is understood, to keep an eye on the Fenians, and inform the English government from time to time, of whatever facts may come to their knowledge in regard to them. One or more of these detectives, it is stated, left for Chicago, where it is believed the Fenians are organized in great strength. It is understood that the Fenians have lately adopted a stricter secrecy in their communications and actions than formerly.

The Treasury Department has decided that a farmer who sells the products of his farm by traveling from house to house, and disposing of the same wherever he can find a purchaser, is not under the law considered a pedlar, and is therefore not liable to license.

WINCHESTER.

EXHIBITION.—The Young Ladies' Benevolent Society connected with the Orthodox Society, being desirous to raise some funds for their treasury, and at the same time provide an evening's entertainment for themselves and friends, got up an exhibition on Friday evening of last week.

Our fellow townsman, Mr. D. N. Skilling, with his accustomed liberality, offered the use of his house for the purpose, and the spacious parlor and adjoining rooms were filled with an attentive audience.

The exercises consisted of music from the piano, by Mrs. Adams, Messrs. Powers and Farlow; Readings of select pieces by Mrs. Winsor, Miss Dodge, Miss L. B. Tenney, and Mr. James Jenison, Tutor of Education in Harvard College; Recitation of the Dream of Eugene Aram, by Master Frank Stone; Singing by Mr. Redfern and others.

A short recess was then taken, during which a portion of the audience retired, and the rear part of the parlor was converted into a temporary stage, upon which was enacted a Love Farce, in appropriate costume. The parties in these readings, &c., were mostly amateurs, and only consented to perform their several parts, that they might serve the object had in view.

Mr. Jenison's reading of the extract from Handy Andy, in the Irish brogue, caused a considerable merriment. Miss Tenney read the Jaguar's Hunt in an admirable manner, and evinced her ability as an elocutionist. Master Stone performed his part, as usual, in an able manner. In fact, all the exercises were gone through with in a very creditable manner, and the evening's entertainment was a pleasant one to all concerned, and the receipts will doubtless help very materially the exhausted treasury of the Society.

CONCERT.—The Hutchinson Family, "Tribes of Asa," gave one of their concerts on Saturday evening last, in Lyceum Hall. The singing was of the most pleasant character. The little boy, "Dennett," is quite a prodigy, and it is alone worth the price of tickets to hear and see him. As has been well said, "The Hutchinsons have the irresistible tendency in their songs to stir up patriotism, love of freedom, sympathy and merriment."

NEW HIGH SCHOOL HOUSE.—At a Town Meeting to be held on the day of the State election, our citizens will again be called to consider and act upon the subject of erecting a new High School House. It will be remembered, that at the time this project was discussed and acted upon last, we opposed it then for reasons which need not be repeated here.

We believe now, that the time has come when this long needed want should be supplied, and that such action should be taken in the premises as shall secure it. The necessity which exists for a new building of the kind suggested, has been so long apparent that it need not be dwelt upon. The only question to be considered is, whether the present time is a favorable one to enter upon the work. All that can be done now will be to select a location and adopt a plan which, as soon as possible in the next spring, can be carried out. The School Committee should, before the Town Meeting consider this subject fully, decide how many schools should be put into the building, the location and the estimated expense of the land and cost of the building. Let the Committee present a well digested plan for the consideration of our citizens, and we doubt not that they will have sufficient confidence in them to accept what they shall recommend. EXCELSIOR.

A GREAT FIRE.—A Constantinople letter in the Tribune says that, on the 5th of September, a fire broke out in the Turkish quarter, near the Custom House on the Golden Horn. It is said to have originated either in the shop of a candy merchant or in an adjoining coffee house. The wind was blowing a gale from the north, and within an hour 1000 houses were in flames. The scene was terrible, and only for a fortunate change of wind, the great public buildings and the mosque of St. Sophie would have been sacrificed. Next day the wind increased in fury, and the whole city was in peril from the flames. Hundreds of houses were torn down to stop its progress, but it leaped these barriers, and sent such a storm of burning coals before it that it kindled fires half a mile in advance. About noon, another slight change in the wind turned the current of fire toward the sea of Marmora, and saved the rest of the city. By evening it reached the sea; the wind suddenly went down and the progress of the fire along the coast was stopped. It is estimated that from 6000 to 8000 houses were burned, including more than a hundred palaces, eight mosques, two churches, five kahns, and many public baths. It is estimated that the sufferers by the fire number about 75,000. The space burned over is about two miles in length and half a mile in width, including some of the wealthiest and some of the poorest quarters in Stamboul. The Turks are the heaviest sufferers.

The alarm of fire yesterday afternoon was caused by the burning of a haystack on the premises of Mr. Thurston, on Church street.

Married

In Woburn, Oct. 18, by Rev. Jonathan Edwards, of Dedham, Dr. R. Edwin Jamieson, late surgeon of Mass. 28th, to Annie R., daughter of Ezra Ingalls, all of Woburn.

In Stoneham, Oct. 18, by Rev. S. Byington, Mr. Edwin W. Pierce of Lawrence Mass. to Miss Marianne Sweetser, daughter of Warren Sweetser, Esq., of Stoneham.

In East Cambridge, Oct. 19th, by Rev. Mr. Morse, A. Gustavus Brown, of Winchester, to Miss Helen R. Bowen, of East Cambridge.

Died

In Woburn, Oct. 9, Elmer Ellsworth Cobbett, daughter of William and Martha Cobbett, aged 4 years.

16th inst. Mr. Jotham Hill, 54 years.

18th inst. Miss Elizabeth Green, 84 years, 3 months, 12 days.

19th inst. Mary McDermott, 66 years.

20th inst. Charles A. Grosvenor, 5 years, 4 months, 6 days.

21st inst. William R. Briggs, 23 years.

In Stoneham, 17th inst. Mary B. Robinson, 11 mo.

In Billerica, Oct. 12th, Mary Alvina Harrington, 19 years, 1 day.

In Stoneham, 10th inst. Mrs. M. Robinson, 11 mo.

In Billerica, Oct. 12th, Mario F. Ruse, aged 16 years, 1 month, 16 days.

In Dorchester, Oct. 18th, Mrs. Hannah W., widow of the late Stephen Clapp, aged 80 years, 6 months.

HUNNEWELL'S TOLU AND-DYNE.

The real necessity of this splendid preparation was first made known to the public by the late Dr. J. C. Hunnewell, who, after a long and successful career, died at the age of 70, leaving behind him a large number of patients who were cured of various diseases, and who were able to give evidence of the efficacy of his medicine. The medicine is a true and natural preparation, and is not a mere concoction of drugs. It is a true and natural preparation, and is not a mere concoction of drugs. It is a true and natural preparation, and is not a mere concoction of drugs.

CENTRAL HOUSE,

MAIN STREET, WOBURN, CENTRE, MASS.
L. B. NORRIS, - PROPRIETOR.
THE undersigned, having completed the alterations and repairs on this commodious and centrally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen with their families, can be accommodated with excellent rooms, newly furnished.

No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make the Central House equal to any hotel in the County. The tables are always supplied with the best market articles, and in this respect the proprietor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.

Woburn, Sept. 9, 1865.

1865

COSTAR'S VERMIN EXTERMINATORS

"Is years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Kills out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exter's.
Is a paste—used for Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c., &c.

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator.
Is a liquid or wash, used to destroy, and also as a preventive for Bed-Bugs, &c.

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects.
Is for Moths, Mosquitoes, Flies, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fruits, Animals, &c.

Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

BEWARE! of all worthless imitations. See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.

WENNY R. COSTAR.
Sole Proprietor, 42 Broadway, N. Y.
Sole Agent, STEARNS, HART & Co., Woburn, Mass., and all Druggists and Dealers.

1865.

INCREASE OF RATS.—The Farmer's Gazette (English) asserts and proves by figures that one pair of rats will have a progeny and descendants no less than 651,959 in three years. Now, unless this immense family can be kept down, they would consume more food than would sustain 55,000 human beings.

See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

RATS versus BIRDS.—Whoever engages in shooting small birds is a cruel man; whoever aids in exterminating rats is a humane man. We should like some of our correspondents to give us the benefit of their experience in driving out these pests. We want something better than the traps for this business.—Scientific American, N. Y.

See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

"COSTAR'S" RAT EXTERMINATOR is simple, safe, and sure.—The perfect Rat Exterminator we have ever attended to. Every Rat that can get it, properly prepared according to directions, will eat it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where the medicine was taken.—Lake Shore, Mich. Mirror.

See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

HOUSEKEEPERS troubled with vermin need be no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminator. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost \$5, we would have it. We have tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—Medina, Ohio, Gazette.

See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

SOLD IN WOBURN, MASS., BY STEARNS, HART & Co., and all Druggists and Dealers.

Always Successful.

To all those suffering from Debility and Seminal Weakness.

DR. CARSWELL & HUNTER, regularly educated, highly eminent and successful practitioners, after a very extensive practice in Boston, for over twenty years, need hardly speak of their medical qualifications, or remind strangers not to class them with a set of uneducated men who fill the papers with their boasting advertisements. Drs. C. & H., caution the public against quackery in all its forms, pretending, as some self-styled Doctors, to cure the most difficult and chronic diseases, without knowledge of the human system, or of the modes of operation of the most simple drugs.

Drs. C. & H., since 1840, having confined their whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, they acknowledge no superiors.

CONSTITUTIONAL WEAKNESS.

Drs. C. & H., are pre-eminently successful in the treatment of the above most difficult and perplexing of all diseases, this complaint being the result of a secret habit in youth, if neglected or improperly treated, it proves one of the greatest evils that can befall a human being. Dr. H. has given particular attention to the above disease for years and so thoroughly has he become acquainted with pathology and treatment, that he will warrant a perfect cure under forfeiture of \$500; in fact, he will in the cure of this complaint acknowledge no superior in this country, or even in the world. Come, then, all you who are afflicted, come to the Old Stand, where you will in a short time be made to rejoice in perfect health.

SYPHILITIC AND SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS—such as Ulcers and Caries of the throat and nose, running sores on the legs and arms, Hard scabs and Scaly Eruptions on the head, back, etc., pains in the bones and joints, and all other forms of venereal diseases—are made to yield, and entirely disappear under Drs. C. & H.'s improved and thorough eradicating course of treatment.

The primary, or first, symptoms of disease, whether a simple running, or small pustules, cancers, or ulcers, are cured in very few days, if immediate application is made to Drs. C. & H.

Strangers should be particular in the selection of a physician, lest they be deceived by false and worthless cures.

Ladies troubled with irregularity, weakness, whites, and other complaints peculiar to the female system, will find a speedy cure by calling on above. No necessary and useless surgery for advice. The afflicted are invited to give us a call.

45 YEARS EXPERIENCE enables DR. CARSWELL & HUNTER to cure any disease of a private nature in a shorter space of time and for a smaller amount of money than any other doctors in this country, and they also treat all female complaints with perfect success, and on the most satisfactory terms. Patients furnished with board if desired. Please give us a call at our office, No. 13 Endicott St., Boston, Mass.

Boston, April 15th, 1865.

17

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

A positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings. This Medicine increases the powers of digestion, and excites the excretions into healthy action, by which the watery or mucous depositions, and all unnatural excretions are removed, as well as pain and inflammation, and is good for men, women and children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Disipation, Early Indiscretion, attended with the following Symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Difficulty of Breathing, Trembling, Weak Nerves, Wakefulness, Pains in the Back, Flushing of the Face, Hot Hands, Eruptions of the Face, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this Medicine invariably removes, soon follow:

FATIGUE, EPILEPTIC FITS, &c., one of which the patient may expire. Who can say they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION? Many are aware of the cause of the suffering, but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other remedy, and for all complaints incident to the sex, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE, SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

No Family should be without it.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Cures Secret Diseases

In all their stages. Little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience, and NO EXPOSURE.

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For all affections and diseases of these organs, whether EXISTING IN MALE OR FEMALE.

From whatever cause originating, and no matter how long standing. Diseases of these organs require the aid of diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is the Great Diuretic.

And it is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.

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TO THE PEOPLE OF WOBURN.

FRANK B. DODGE

DESIRE to return his sincere thanks to the people of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal patronage during the last eight years; and by prompt attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance of the same.

He has recently

Refitted and Enlarged his

STORE,

and has just received,

From New York and Boston,

a large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

Fine Silver and

Plated Ware—

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-

ers, Spoon Holders, Childrens

Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,

Ladies, Butter and Pie Knives,

Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS

Jewelry Store!

Every article warranted to be as

represented

FINE WATCHES

REPAIRED & WARRANTED.

ALL KINDS OF

CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE

SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER taken in

exchange.

Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,

EYE-GLASSES, &c.

LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved

free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge.

OPPOSITE THE WOBURN BANK.

Woburn, Aug. 26, 1865.

GENERAL—LY GRANT—ED,

THAT THE UNDERSIGNED

Having enlarged their store and increased

their Stock of

GOODS,

now offer to the people of Woburn and

vicinity, a good assortment of

Watches,

Clocks,

Jewelry,

Silver and Plated Ware,

Spectacles and Fancy Goods,

Cake and Card Baskets,

Castors,

Silver and Plated Forks,

Spoons,

Fruit Knives, and

Maple Rings.

Ladies and Gents. Wallets,

Pocket Knives,

Combs and Brushes,

Razors and Strops,

A fine assortment of Ladies' Dress Combs.

SILVER COIN,

Made Into

EAR RINGS, and

SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully

repaired.

CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,

Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully

repaired.

ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-

ecuted.

P. S.—All the above work is done by

us, and will be done cheaper here than in

Boston.

A. G. GAGE, of us, marked

price of charge.

Gold and Silver bought and taken in

exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE,

Next to the Post Office.

Woburn, July 15, 1865.

DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY

DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured

thousands of the worst cases of Piles and Bleeding

of the rectum. It gives immediate relief and effects a

permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted

to cure.

For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

THE celebrated DR. DOW continues to devote his

entire time to the treatment of all diseases includ-

W. M. WESTON, WATCH MAKER.

No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,

NO. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.

WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.

A. H. COWDREY, M.D., Physician & Surgeon.

Respectfully renders his services to the inhabitants of Woburn and vicinity.

OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE.

Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 20

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M.D., Physician and Surgeon.

PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON, WOBURN, MASS.

July 8, 1865. 6m

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M.D., Physician and Surgeon.

CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS, WOBURN CENTRE.

Wm. Symington Brown, M.D., Physician & Surgeon.

CENTRAL STREET, (Near the Town Hall.) STONEHAM, MASS.

sept 12—6m

DR. C. T. LANG, Surgeon Dentist.

Cor. Wagon and Pleasant Sts. Woburn Centre, Mass.

CHARLES A. SMITH, DEALER IN

American and Foreign DRY GOODS,

Bank Block, Woburn

A. B. COFFIN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.

Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

A. V. HAYNES, HARNESS MAKER,

AND DEALER IN

Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,

Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.

Repairing done at short notice.

Opposite the Central House, Woburn.

G. R. GAGE, MERCHANT TAILOR,

New Bank Building, Woburn,

ESPECIALLY informs his friends and

the public, that he is now located in his new

store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready

to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS

made in the best style, and warranted to fit

Particular attention paid to making

Boys' Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and

most desirable goods in the market, suitable for

the season, which will be made up to order at the most

reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly

on hand.

Sparrow Horton, FIRE & LIFE

"Insurance Agent."

PENSIONS, BOUNTY, Back Pay and

other Claims on United States, obtained

promptly.

Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,

per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,

L. H. ALLEN, FUNERAL UNDERTAKER

FURNISHES at his Warehouse, four doors

north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and

qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood,

and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of

various styles, also, Plain and Fancy Handles,

Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and

Woburn Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XV: No. 5.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1865.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS

To the County Commissioners of Middlesex County: THE undersigned, citizens of Reading, respectfully represent to you, Honorable Board, that the County road from Reading to Woburn, named Woburn Street, in said Reading, at and near the crossing of the Boston and Maine Railroad, is inconveniently and unnecessarily crooked; that the reason for the existence of this crook heretofore was the position of an old house, known as the Jaquith house; that said house has now been taken down, and there is a good opportunity now to straighten said street, which would not occur again if a new house were built on the site of the old one. And the undersigned desiring to have the main avenue from the western part of the Town to the Village as straight as it can well be, and the railroad crossing in sight from as long a distance as possible, ask your Board to alter the line of Woburn Street, so that it may run in one straight line from the angle in front of Levi Towne's house to the corner of the house of Samuel Carter, or to such other point of intersection with the present line of said street, further eastward as shall seem to you expedient upon viewing said premises.

EDWARD APPLETON, and others.
A true copy.
Attest,
E. W. FISKE, Dep. Sheriff.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

At a meeting of the County Commissioners for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the first Tuesday of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and by adjournment at the same place, on Tuesday, the seventeenth day of October, in the same year, On the foregoing petition, ordered, that the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy, give notice to all persons and corporations interested therein, that said Commissioners will meet for the purpose of viewing the premises and hearing the parties, at the Depot of the Boston and Maine Railroad, in Reading, on Monday, the fourth day of December next, at eight of the clock in the forenoon, by serving the Town Clerk of Reading, and the Clerk of the Boston and Maine Railroad Company, each with a copy of said petition, and of this order, together with a list of the names of said persons and corporations, and by publishing the same in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, three weeks successively, the last publication to be four days at least before said view, and also by posting the same in two public places in the town of Reading, fourteen days before said view; and that he make return of his doings herein, to said Commissioners, at the time and place fixed for said view and hearing.

JNO JAS. SAWYER, Ass. Clerk.
Copy of Petition and Order thereon.
Attest,
JNO JAS. SAWYER, Ass. Clerk.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

To the Honorable, the County Commissioners for the County of Middlesex: THE undersigned, inhabitants of the town of South Reading, in said County, that public convenience and necessity require that a private way situated in said South Reading, commencing at the eastern end of Richardson street, by land and residence of Aaron Converse and running southerly to Nahant street, should be widened, straightened, its limits defined, and laid out as a public highway. Also, that public convenience and necessity require that a private way, situated in said South Reading, between the residence of Samuel Gardner, crossing the Danvers Railroad and the South Reading Branch Railroad, and running easterly to a public highway, its limits defined, and laid out as a public highway. Wherefore your petitioners pray that said private ways may be altered and laid out as public highways in such manner, as in the opinion of your Honorable Board is expedient, and that they make return of his doings herein, to said Commissioners, at the time and place fixed for said view and hearing.

BENJAMIN B. WILLEY,
CHRISTIAN WAKEFIELD.
A true copy.
Attest,
E. W. FISKE, Deputy Sheriff.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

At a meeting of the County Commissioners for the County of Middlesex, at Lowell, in said County, on the first Tuesday of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and by adjournment at the same place, on Tuesday, the seventeenth day of October, in the same year, On the foregoing petition, ordered, that the Sheriff of said County, or his Deputy, give notice to all persons and corporations interested therein, that said Commissioners will meet for the purpose of viewing the premises and hearing the parties, at the Town Hall in South Reading, on Monday, the fourth day of December next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, by serving the Town Clerk of South Reading with a copy of said petition and of this order, thirty days at least before said view, and by publishing the same in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, three weeks successively, the last publication to be four days at least before said view, and also by posting the same in two public places in the town of South Reading, fourteen days before said view; and that he make return of his doings herein, to said Commissioners, at the time and place fixed for said view and hearing.

JNO JAS. SAWYER, Ass. Clerk.
Copy of Petition and Order thereon.
Attest,
JNO JAS. SAWYER, Ass. Clerk.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

To the Honorable Commissioners for the County of Middlesex: THE undersigned, a citizen of the town of South Reading, respectfully represents that the County Road which runs past his property and residence in said town, is of unusual width, a former owner having thrown into the public highway a portion of his land, by which the house was directly exposed to the highway. The undersigned asks permission to run his wall on the line of the same width, before his house and garden, which the road has elsewhere, so that he may protect the ornamental trees which are in danger of perishing by exposure and want of proper culture. And thus he will ever pray.

R. W. CUSHMAN.
A true copy.
Attest,
E. W. FISKE, Deputy Sheriff.

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JNO JAS. SAWYER, Ass. Clerk.
Copy of Petition and Order thereon.
Attest,
JNO JAS. SAWYER, Ass. Clerk.

From Acton to Woburn.

THE undersigned, a citizen of the town of South Reading, respectfully represents that the County Road which runs past his property and residence in said town, is of unusual width, a former owner having thrown into the public highway a portion of his land, by which the house was directly exposed to the highway. The undersigned asks permission to run his wall on the line of the same width, before his house and garden, which the road has elsewhere, so that he may protect the ornamental trees which are in danger of perishing by exposure and want of proper culture. And thus he will ever pray.

R. W. CUSHMAN.
A true copy.
Attest,
E. W. FISKE, Deputy Sheriff.

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JNO JAS. SAWYER, Ass. Clerk.
Copy of Petition and Order thereon.
Attest,
JNO JAS. SAWYER, Ass. Clerk.

BOOTS & SHOES.

OF WOBURN MANUFACTURE.
Also - J. Fletcher & Son's Goods
CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AND FOR SALE BY
AUGUSTUS ROUNDEY.
Woburn, Aug. 5, 1865.

HOW WINTER COMETH TO PALACE AND HOVEL.

BY CHARLES D. GARDETTE.

He comes! The tardy Winter comes!
I hear his footsteps through the Nights!
I hear his vanguard from the heights
March through the pines with muffled drums!
His naked feet are on the mead:
The grass-blades stiffen in his path,
No fear for child of earth he hath!
No pity for her tender reed!

The bare oaks shudder at his breath:
A moment by the stream he stays—
Its melody is mute. A glaze
Creeps o'er its dimples, as of death!

From fettered stream and blackened moor,
The city's wall he silent nears:
The mansions of the Rich he fears!
He storms the cabin of the Poor!

The carted grain, the glowing hearth,
The frost-rimmed Greybeard's power defy:
He curses as he hurries by—
And strikes the Beggar, dead, to the Earth!

For every gleaming hall he spares,
A hundred heartless hovels hold
Hearts paleless, crisp with ice and cold,
Watched by a hundred grim Despairs!

The Forests grow by his command,
Who saith: "He lendeth to the Lord,
Who giveth to the poor!" Your hoard
Is His! Ye stewards of the land!

Here is your Mission! Ye who feed
Your lavish fiefs! Not afar,
But at your doors, your Heavens are?
God's Poor!—your creditors! Take heed!

The path is long to Pagan shores;
Their skies are sunny: God bless all!
The Winter's deadly harvests fall
Around you! Deal your Master's stores!

THE ESQUIMAUX.

To reach their land, the traveller must leave behind him every familiar object, and abandon every habit or need of ordinary life. He must bid farewell to green trees, to fertile fields, to the crops which give food to man and beast, to the domestic animals, to every mode of conveyance, to every implement of common use, to food and clothing such as even the poorest and roughest sons of a less terrible climate may command; to the thousand voices of nature, even in its secluded nooks.

It is a mockery to speak of the Arctic regions as the land of the Esquimaux, for nowhere on the earth is man less sovereign. Here, nature is indeed grand beyond description, but also terrible, implacable and impenetrable. Of its people we do not think; we are satisfied to have but a vague notion of them; to wonder, amid the many marvels of that nighty problem—the distribution of the human race—how any beings ever found the way to those dreadful fastnesses, more cruel, in their exaction of human suffering, than the desert and the forest. This indifference gives way when we learn what manner of people these are whom we call Esquimaux, a word which signifies "eaters of raw food," but who call themselves *Inuits*, or "the people," and explain their own origin by a story which is a pleasing testimony of the common possession of self-conceit by all nations. They say that the Creator made white men first, but was dissatisfied with them, regarded them as worthless, unfinished creatures, and straightway set about making the Inuit people, who proved perfectly satisfactory.

Toil is the law of the ice clad land— toil, not to wrest from the bosom of the earth her children's sustenance, but to tear from the amphibious creatures—from whom they have learned how to shelter themselves from the cold, and whose skins cover them—the unctuous fish, which they devour raw, in enormous quantities. The Inuits are, on the whole, a gentle people, driven, by the relentless need and severity of their lives, into close and peaceful companionship. They have no king, no government, no laws, no defined religion, no property; they have, for all these, custom—the oldest law; they are animated by the same spirit that dictated the reply once made to one who sat by Jacob's well:—"Our fathers worshipped in this mountain, and do worship." As "the old Inuits" did, so do their successors. They have no bread, no medicine, no household furniture; they are poor human wails upon the wide white bosom of the frozen seas; and they have no help or resource but in the seal, the walrus, the white bear, the reindeer, and the wonderful Esquimaux dogs, which are by far the noblest living creatures in all these sterile wastes. From the seal they have learned to make the *igloo*, which is the house of the Inuit. They eat the flesh of this animal, and drink its fresh warm blood; they kill its young and eagerly swallow the milk of the mother, found in the stomach of the baby seal. When the sudden summer comes, and the snow melts, and leaves the surface of the ice bare, they are homeless; the *igloo* melts away; their home is but of frozen water, and suddenly it disappears. Then they have recourse to the *tupic*, which is a huge sheet of skins hung across a horizontal pole, supported at either end. Their bed is snow platforms, strewn with the moss, which is the reindeer's food, and covered with skins. Their choicest dainties are the fat of the *tuktoo*, or reindeer, the marrow procured by mashing the bones of the legs, and the thick, white, unctuous lining of the whalehide.

The interior of an *igloo* presents a picture more repulsive than that of any African hut or Indian wigwam, more distressing to human feeling and degrading to human pride. The *igloo* is a dome-shaped building, made of ice blocks, with an aperture in the roof, and a rude doorway at one side, closed with ice-blocks when the inmates are assembled. The snow platform which forms the bed is occupied by the women and the stranger. Men and women are clad in skins, put together with neatness and ingenuity. The

dress of the sexes differs only in two particulars; that of the women is furnished with a long tail, depending from the jacket, and has a sort of hood, in which loads and children are carried. The life of the infant is preserved by its naked body being kept in contact with that of the mother. One household implement they possess—it is a stone lamp; something like a trough, with a deep groove in it in which the dried moss, used as a wick, floats in the seal oil, expressed by the teeth of the women from lumps of blubber, which they patiently "milk" until the precious unguent is all procured. But this lamp, too, often fails them, and darkness and hunger take up frequent abode with the Inuit. Days and nights are passed by the men sitting singly, in death-like silence, by the hole which they have found far under the snow, at which the seal will "blow." It is strange and terrible to think of those watches, in the midst of the desolation, under the Arctic sky, with the cold, dense fog now swooping, now lifting, in the enforced stillness, with famine gnawing the watcher, and famine at home in the *igloo*, and the chance of food depending on the success of an instantaneous stroke, down through the snow, through the narrow orifice in the ice, into the throat of the animal with the sleek skin, and the mournful human eyes, which vainly implore mercy from raging hunger.

When the Inuit brings the seal to the *igloo*, a crowd invades the narrow space, for the simplest hospitality prevails, and the long watch, the skillful stroke, do not constitute sole ownership of the prize. The skin is stripped off the huge, unsightly carcass, and a horrible scene ensues. The flesh is torn out, with the stone knives, in large lumps, and, having been first licked by the women, to remove any hairs or other adhesive matter, is distributed to the party, and devoured raw; the blood is drunk, the bones are mashed, the entrails are greedily eaten, the dogs sharing in all; and the blubber is made to yield its oil, by the disgusting process already described. One turns silenced from the picture; from the sights and sounds, and scents; from the vision of dark faces, eager with gluttonous longing, gathered round the red, glaring light; from the skin clothed bodies, reeking with grease and filth, and the foul exhalations of the mutilated animal; from the lumps of flesh torn by savage hands, and crammed, dripping, into distended mouths; from the streaming blood, and the human creatures who rapturously quaff it in the presence of the white man, who sits among them and feeds with them, whose heart yearns with dumb compassion for them, who has wonderful scientific instruments in his pockets, and his bible in his breast. As the seal teaches the Inuits the art of housing themselves, so the walrus, their most plentiful and frequent food, when the ice is drifting, and the unwieldy creatures lie upon the blocks close in shore; then the bear climbs the overhanging precipice, and taking a heavy block in his left forepaw, he hurls it, with rare skill and nicety of aim, upon the basking monster below. So brutes train men in those dreadful regions, and not men brutes. The life of the Inuits is full of such contradictions. And their deaths? From the contemplation of these one turns away appalled, for they die in utter solitude.

When Captain Hall first heard of this horrible custom, he started off at once to see its truth; and having removed the blocks entered an *igloo*, and found a woman, who had yet many days to linger, thus fastened to her living tomb. Again hearing that a woman had been abandoned to die, at a great distance, he set forth, and, having reached the spot with immense difficulty, he managed to remove the snow and the block which closed the hole in the top of the *igloo*, lowered himself into it, and found the woman dead, and frozen as hard as her bier and her tomb, with a sweet serene smile upon the marble face. So that is the close of a life of toil and privation—the withdrawal of every kindred face, the fearful solitude of the ice-walls, the terrible Arctic darkness and silence, and the frozen corpse lying unshrouded, naked, beneath the frozen skies, until the resurrection. Surely the angel of death is an angel of mercy there, and does his errand gently, bearing away the lonely, terrified spirit to the city of gold, the gates of pearl, the Jasper sea, the land where there is no darkness, physical or mental, for evermore. The earth, always pitiless to them, which never feeds them from her bosom, does not suffer her dead children of the Inuit people to sleep their last sleep in her lap. Their graves are only blocks of ice piled around and above the corpses, which remain unharmed, unless when the blocks melt, and they sometimes do, and the wolves, dogs or bears gain access to the frozen remains. The Inuits are dying out; disease is making havoc among them; consumption, formerly unknown, is thinning their numbers by its slow, furtive, murderous advance; their children are few, and fewer still are reared; and the long story of awful desolation draws to a close. Who can regret it? Who can do aught but desire that the giant wastes of the Arctic regions should be left to the soulless creatures of God; that the great discord between them and human life has ceased to trouble the harmony of creation; that the mystery of such an existence is quietly laid at rest, among the things which we know not know, but which we shall know hereafter?

Brighton has 34 slaughter-houses, employing a capital of \$255,942, and 122 hands. They slaughtered during the past year no less than 220,000 animals, viz: 12,000 calves, 23,781 swine, 170,517 sheep

and 25,058 cattle. The total amount of dressed meats produced was 33,738,778 pounds, worth \$3,940,061. Of this there were 22,400,000 pounds of beef, worth \$2,516,360; 4,774,200 pounds of pork, worth \$602,698; 6,508,078 pounds of mutton, worth \$750,558, and 85,500 of veal, worth \$11,360.

REJUVENATION OF OLD PASTURES. There is a kind of pasture, not wholly unknown in this country—hill tops and steep slopes—soft verdant pastures gave a fair crop of rye or wheat when first cleared, and some grass for a few years afterwards, but now nearly barren. The only best thing that can be done with such is to grow a twenty-five years' crop of wood and timber on them. There are at least half a million acres in Massachusetts, and in all the Eastern States, for which this would be the best possible use. Abundance of timber would thus be supplied. The local climate would be improved, winters milder, summers more equable, rains more abundant, and drouths less severe. Probably a region one-fourth in forest, will give quite as great an amount of agricultural products, as if all were cleared. If it be asked how shall such rocky hill tops and sides be brought into wood; the answer is, little more need be done than to shut out the cattle. But the process may be hastened somewhat by immediately planting a variety of seeds—as butternuts, chestnuts, horse-chestnuts, beeches, hickorynuts, acorns, &c., &c. A great variety will be more likely to answer the purpose. If the surface were broken up here and there in spots, and a variety of seeds applied, some of them would be likely to find a congenial location and soil.

The best way of planting such seeds—nuts mostly—is, not to cover them with earth, as we do the seeds of cultivated crops, but merely to lay them on the surface, and throw over them a little leaf mould. With most of them it is not necessary that even the ground should be mellowed. The chestnut for instance, will grow vigorously the first few months, in a soil nearly as hard as rock; and whether it grows well afterwards, depends mainly upon the ingredients of the soil, and not upon its physical condition. It is so in degree with many kinds. Let the naked hill tops and their steep sides be made to grow fuel and timber. The cost of starting need not be great, and almost the only condition of success is, that here and there a tree be started, and that cattle be kept off for a few years. As the ground begins to be shaded, and its surface to be mulched with leaves, other trees will spring up, and there will be the older trees, and all the underbrush of a miniature forest within ten years; and in fifteen or twenty it will begin to make its return in fuel and timber.

The planting of nuts should be in the fall, and should not be dried before planting. If kept till spring they should be kept in a cold damp place. There is no better place than on the ground, with a slight mulching over them, or in a hole dug for them but four or five inches deep, and covered simply with a board or a flat stone. Mulching with loam, from the time of planting onward, till they shed leaves enough to cover their own roots, is greatly beneficial to all trees, but to none more than to forest trees.

FLIRTATION CORNER—A LONDON FASHIONABLE INSTITUTION.

Where is Flirtation Corner? Flirtation Corner, which is by this time an established London nook, lies between the Row and the drive, and is occupied entirely by pedestrians. Hither comes light-of-glove, bright-of-boot swiftness—its custom always of an afternoon; and hither come the fairies of the elegant bonnets and neat boots.

The recreations of this charming spot are chiefly games, which are played here every afternoon by everybody, with much zest and spirit. "Fool in the middle," may here be seen in all its glory; and "Puss in the Corner," is far from unfashionable. A new amusement, invented by gentlemen who are old enough to know better, is also much patronized in the same corner; it is called "Chase the Balmoral," and takes its origin from "Hunt the Slipper" of our childhood. This game generally results in "Follow my leader," which, classical authorities inform us, was the "little game" indulged in by the King of gods and men, except great Jupiter when he went out swan-hopping in the mythic times of the mighty gods of old.

They are not all idlers who frequent this place; far from it; we can tell you of their manufactures, their bargains, their profits and losses. Of the first of these, the making of Eyes is an extensive business with most of them. Men and women find employment in this department. It is a pity that the legislature does not interfere to prevent certain people "past mark of mouth" from working at this trade. It is injurious even to the young; but when old Squares tells them so, will they believe him? I trow not, seeing their creed in that old Squares, when a youth, did the same thing himself. Old hands at a business can work admirably without any interest in their own operations. A competent witness has informed me of printers who will set up the type for a daily paper while fast asleep, roosting, as it were, on two legs; and I myself have seen a practised and professional musician argue an obtrusive political question, while playing those exquisite variations entitled the "skyrocket." Not otherwise is it with your middle-aged manufacturer of eyes, who will make them mechanically. *Fanitus vanitatum!* all is vanity! The beginning and end of flirtation, whether in the Cor-

ner or out of it, is self. "Are we not fascinating creatures?" cry the eye-makers to one another.

Of late, the Corner has extended its borders and includes equestrians and riders in carriages, who are drawn up just within two enclosures of The Row.

Is this crowd a fortuitous concourse of atoms? No such thing; the nucleus of the gathering consists of those who, with provident care and accurate judgment, find place for a rendezvous.

At one of the three balls at which Miss Lovell had assisted overnight, she had been asked by young Symper, the matter of fact question, "Do you drive in the Park every day?" To which she had returned the seemingly straightforward answer, "Not every day." We were there this afternoon. Which elicits the inquiry, "Will you be there to-morrow?" Miss Lovell thinks it uncertain; but is sure that if mamma does go out in the carriage at all in the afternoon, it will be with a view to the Park, where they will take up their station near the entrance of Rotten Row, opposite the clock over the lodge. "Very useful clock that," hints Symper, slyly; "it saves such a deal of anxiety." Miss Lovell smiles but says nothing. Symper says that when he patronizes the Park it is about the hour of half past five. Miss Lovell is of the opinion that most people go there about that time; mamma does, for instance. "Oh! half past five," says Symper; and it is wonderful that precisely at that hour, Miss Lovell, sitting to all appearance listless and unobservant in the maternal carriage, which has drawn up on the exact spot thus described, raises her large eyes up to the clock over the lodge, and languidly makes a calculation. If she had taken out her pretty little miniature watch, maternal suspicions might have been aroused. The clock's open face informs her that it is just half-past five; and this piece of intelligence it conveys in unmistakable language to some hundred others who are noticing the progress of its hands. Divide this hundred into so many pedestrians, so many equestrians, so many riders in carriages, and we have the elements of the crowd in our hand. "Punch" once showed us a couple of helpless swells, drawn as only poor John Leach could draw them, parting from one another on a fine afternoon in the season. "Tata Gus," says one exquisitely to the other, "I shall go and show myself in the park." The title of the picture was—"A boon to the public."

These two feeble creatures represent a class who "come to see, and that they themselves may be seen," which is our old familiar friend *curiosum spectatum* of the Latin Grammar; and in these you have another large item in the component parts of the crowd at and about Flirtation Corner.

Symper, not without misgivings on the score of the cordiality of Mamma Lovell's reception, approaches the carriage. Of course Miss Lovell is surprised; and her mamma actually does not see Mr. Symper—in fact she is looking in the opposite direction—until the influence of his presence by her daughter; whereupon she inclines her head, as if she was troubled with incipient lumbago. The carriage cannot advance or "back" being in a block; and when they are able to make a move, Miss Lovell is severely lectured, and, in consequence, makes up her mind to repeat the performance on the first opportunity; so that despite mamma's precautions, at Lady Mamma's ball, on the same evening, the name of Symper occurs very frequently on the daughter's card.

On the daughters, uniting their forces, can be exactly only to many for nothing. Ellen fancies that she'd like to sit down on one of those seats, or to walk just ever so little a way. Mamma acquiesces; and when the carriage stops at one of the openings, proposes that Laura the elder, Ellen the younger, and herself, should, all three, join the pedestrians for a few minutes.

Laura prefers remaining seated in the carriage; let Ellen and Mamma go to gether.

Mamma reluctantly assents to this proposition; and, in company with her elder daughter, is soon lost in the mazy crowd. Captain Sparks happens to be quite close to the carriage when this change is made. What a curious coincidence!—quite a coincidence. Laura informs him that if he had been a little sooner, he'd have seen mamma and Ellen. Indeed! how unfortunate! The Captain is, of course, disconsolate at the loss he has sustained. He must make up for it at once; and forthwith commences the business of Flirtation Corner.

Look at the brilliant equipage! Silver and blue! a pair of the sweetest, showiest ponies, guided by such snowy reins, and tickled into pace with such an elegant parasol whip! A defiant beauty sits in the trap—in this man-trap, marvelously well-baited. Not many hats are raised in honor of such bright-hued Ephemerae as these.

Alas! they're a long way past Flirtation Corner. Drive on, lonely withered hearts! Flatter yourselves that you are not worse than your neighbors. Captain Sparks is talking to Miss Laura now, and cut you.

Scorn for scorn! But he shall pay for it. How? By the loss of your smiles? No; by gaining them. Look to yourself Captain!

The male habitues of the Corner are divided into three classes—the Lounger, the Dawdler, and the Dangler; and each of these has his own peculiar physiology. The Lounger is a professional lounging. Wherever he may be he loungeth. He hath no great amount of conversation, at least he is an excellent listener. In the Park, he prefereth leaning against, or loling over the railings, to a seat in the

most comfortable chair. Not being a flirt himself, he wondereth much at the activity of men who indulge in this thankless occupation. He hath always lounged, as a boy, as a youth, as a man. Happily he hath lounged in long clothes. He can row; but doth not. He hath ability to play several games; yet doth not employ it. How he hath become acquainted with any of these matters? He sauntereth about with elegant handles, from which, while leaning against the rails, he apparently deriveth sustenance by suction. The canes must be inexhaustible sugar-canes. Silver, gold or ivory, he sucketh, and is therewith content. May be he hath never forgotten the coral of his infancy. Peradventure, his mind may still be in the coral and bells period? In one respect, let us hope it is so. Nothing in particular distracteth the Lounger's attention from everything generally. Streams of carriages, varied colors, noise and bustle do not bewilder him. He consorts with others of his own kidney; yet speaketh not to them when at the rails, where each loungeth side by side his fellow in silent sympathy. He recognizeth some one in a brougham with the feeblest intimation. He troubleth not himself with remembering names, being satisfied that the fact he hath intimated is not altogether unknown to him. He changeth the form of his lounging occasionally, leaning on one or the other arm alternately; but he hath an ability for lounging a couple of hours at a time, yet showeth he no signs of weariness; this, likewise, repeateth he every day during the season, and every season during his life, as long as there existeth a park, a rail, and a fashion for lounging.

The Dawdler is a man of conversation. He taketh you by the button hole, and telleth you a good thing. He seldom trieth the rails, but expendeth a goodly store of half pence on the chair proprietor. Like noble landed gentry, he hath, for the time being, a fine seat in a splendid park. He starteth for the Park in the afternoon, intending, he saith, to stop there five minutes. He remaineth there two hours. He is always leaving; yet doth he never depart, until the movement becometh general. He never hath any particular engagement or employment, and accepteth every invitation offered him. The Dawdler's day passeth away, and is gone, before he hath made up his mind, indefinitely, upon any course of action.

Alas! the Dawdler's life passeth away, and he is gone forever, before he hath found a use for his existence. Albeit, the dawdler is a harmless creature, if to do nothing is harmless. The Dawdler in Flirtation Corner is of use to the young couples, seeing that he inclineth to conversation with the mamma and chaperon. This is the use of the Dawdler in Flirtation Corner.

The Dangler is always young. He is consumed by a secret passion for some fair one in a carriage. His friends speak to him; he boweth and standeth aloof. He walketh with an acquaintance, whom he talketh to about acquaintances, whom the Dangler knoweth not. He delighteth to appear as one of a little coterie gathered around Beauty, or around a celebrity, male or female. He weareth out his brims in salutations. Being encouraged, he can flirt; but so on subside into his normal dangle. It contenteth him to walk in the gutter, while his companions occupy the pavement. As a third person singular in Flirtation Corner, where "two is company," he hath not his equal. The Dawdler and Lounger may smoke; the Dangler smoketh not.

He is happy in being of service to the fair sex, who somewhat, as is their wont, impose upon his weakness. A lover may trust him. In society he is, in theatrical language, the "walking gentleman." On the stage he would be on terms with the hero, as "Charles his friend."—From London Society.

DON'T BUY COTTON GOODS NOW.

Not if it can possibly be avoided. People have been economizing for a long time in the purchase and use of cotton fabrics, on account of the scarcity and high price, but it is expedient to pinch along a few weeks or months more. These fabrics must fall in price ere long, and this will be hastened by a general abstinence from purchasing. The truth is, that with the present abundance and current price of cotton in the bale, manufacturers can make good profits, and yet furnish cotton goods for little more than half the prices they now receive. They are able to keep up prices because the demand is in excess of the immediate supply. A few heavy dealers are aiding the speculation. Let people generally cease to purchase, except in small and absolutely essential quantities, and the supply will soon over-reach the demand, and the speculators will be obliged to come down to fair and honest rates.

The number of battles fought during the last war was two hundred and fifty-two. Of these the soil of Virginia drank the blood of eighty-nine; Tennessee witnessed thirty-seven; Missouri, thirty-five; Georgia, twelve; South Carolina, ten; North Carolina, eleven; Alabama, seven; Florida, five; Kentucky, fourteen; the Indian Territory and New Mexico, one each. Once the wave of war rolled into a Northern State and broke in the great billow of Gettysburg. Of the battles enumerated sixteen were naval engagements.

The Middlesex Journal,
—AND—
WOBBURN TOWNSMAN.

WOBURN:

SATURDAY, OCT. 28, 1865.

JOE WORK, of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and Pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.

The large country circulation of the JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Probate advertisements, sales of Real Estate, and other notices of interest to the farming population.

E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

THE YEAR GROWING OLD.

The business of the year is drawing towards a close. The crops are mostly harvested and the Agricultural Shows and Cattle Fairs are ended. Owing to the absence of a severe frost the leaves still abide on the trees and shrubs, though changed in color, and thinned out by the ripening process and the strong winds. Clad in variegated hues the trees have a rich aspect and contribute much to the beauty of the landscape. Alone in a rich pasture stands a tree with bright scarlet leaves, and skirting the woods are seen brown, and yellow, and pink foliage, while in the pastures, the creeping vines and small shrubs look beautiful in their bright autumnal colors, like gorgeous carpets spread over the earth.

It will be a pinching winter with many, and while there are so many calls to relieve persons at a distance, let us not forget the suffering poor at home, but seek out the virtuous, the aged, the sick and the needy, and relieve their wants. Store keepers and others might sell at cost to some of these persons, and thus at no sacrifice assist their less fortunate neighbors.

The autumn storms are coming and the snow and ice will soon be familiar objects out of doors, and the stripped trees will be emblematical of the barren sceptre of winter. The conspicious are being laid away in the grave as the leaves are falling around us, and many with fevers and other diseases of the season, are also passing away. Old and young lie down together in the grave. For the one, there is the respect due to age and the memories of their services and honors in the past, and for the other, there is the grief for the faded bud and for the dashing of bright hopes and wounding of warm affections.

The long winter evenings may prove a blessing or a curse, as we improve them for valuable purposes, or waste them in indolence and dissipation. Good libraries now come in for a large share of attention. Ladies' sewing circles, lyceums, debating societies, improving lectures, literary, scientific and religious, and that pleasant calling upon friends and neighbors which costs such a joyousness over household life, when the friendship is sincere and the aim to please to edification.

The year will soon close, and what a year for mercies. The long, long and wealthy war, exhausting us of lives and blood, and preying upon morals and religion, and the happiness of domestic and national life, has terminated, and most happily the once opposing sections are uniting, and the interlacing branches of our garden orchards again bloom together, and our garden gates are no longer shut, and side by side men stand without recrimination, and with friendly hands to assist each other.

The earth has yielded her abundant harvests, commerce has greatly revived, agriculture is flourishing, and the decayed and almost ruined portions of the South are beginning to repair the fearful ravages of secession and war.

We learn that a course of lectures on Geology will be given in Woburn, by the Rev. E. B. Eddy of Waltham. These lectures will be found very useful and instructive to all those who wish to be informed on that subject. They will be of great advantage to those who wish to read any of the works published on geology, as they will enable the reader to understand much better what would otherwise be found too technical and scientific.

The subject of Geology is a science as yet but little understood by the people, and a part of natural science, however, will be found more interesting or instructive, none furnishing more high and noble thoughts.

Rev. Mr. Eddy gave, last winter, a course of lectures on a kindred subject—Mineralogy—to the teachers of this town. These were very interesting and instructive, and opened to the minds of those who attended a new source of the most pleasurable study. Mr. Eddy's diction is such as to divest the subject of much that to those not familiar with it, is hard to be understood.

No doubt but to most of those who will have the pleasure of attending his lectures, the geology of Woburn will create an entirely new interest.

MIDDLESEX FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.—The delegates from the republicans of the Middlesex Fifth Senatorial District held a convention in this town, on the 20th inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator. L. F. Lynde, chairman of the district committee, called the convention to order, after which it was permanently organized by the choice of Hon. Lilley Eaton of South Reading as chairman, and J. W. Hudson as secretary.

Dr. Wakefield of Reading, moved that the Hon. John Hill of Stoneham be renominated by acclamation as the candidate of the convention for Senator for the next term. The motion was carried unanimously.

On motion of Dr. Wakefield, the officers of the convention were instructed to inform Mr. Hill of the renomination.

The following gentlemen were appointed district committee for the year ensuing:—Messrs. L. F. Lynde of Stoneham, Nathan Wyman of Woburn, George P. Elliot of Billerica, Alfred Stevens of Medford, and Wm. Proctor of Reading. The convention was then dissolved.

THIRD MIDDLESEX SENATORIAL DISTRICT.—The republicans of this district met in convention at South Framingham, on Saturday, and renominated Hon. Alden Leland, of Newton, by acclamation, as their candidate for Senator.

The republicans of the Fourth Middlesex Senatorial District have nominated John W. P. Abbott of Westford as their candidate for Senator.

At the republican convention held in Malden, Hon. George O. Brewster of Somerville was nominated candidate for Senator from the 1st Middlesex District.

TOWN LIBRARY.—By reference to a notice in our advertising columns, it will be observed that the Town Library will be reopened to our citizens this (Saturday) afternoon. We presume the public are generally aware that the Library has been removed from its old quarters in the Town House to the rooms in the Wade buildings, recently occupied by the Woburn Bank. It is very fortunate for the interests of the Library that the committee were enabled to make arrangements with the town to secure this very eligible location without increasing the cost of rent. The rooms have been appropriately fitted up for the accommodation both of the Library and the public, and we feel sure that every one will give the change that has been made their hearty approval.

During the recess the Library has been thoroughly examined, and purged of many books not only worthless in themselves, but so far worn as to be unfit to remain upon its shelves. Several hundred volumes have been added to the Library by purchase, and by the subscription of the Agricultural and Young Men's Libraries, each of which contained a large number of volumes of solid worth that had for some time been withdrawn from the public. Especially was this the case with the excellent Library belonging to the Young Men's Society.

A new catalogue has been prepared, principally under the superintendence of Mr. Thomas Emerson, and Miss Dow the Librarian, which has cost much time and labor to produce. It differs in several important features from the old catalogue, and will no doubt be regarded as a marked improvement upon it. By vote of the town, the Library Committee were authorized to defray the expense of the new edition by a sale of copies to those using the library. The prices of labor and paper are so high that it was found impossible to bring the price below that fixed by the committee, viz., twenty-five cents, and that will scarcely cover the cost of the work.

We feel confident that a new impulse will be given to the library under its renovated condition, which will be of great advantage to the town, not only in the quality of its reading, but in its bearings upon its social life.

THE BIBLIOTHECA SACRA.—The October number of this valuable quarterly appears in its usual beautiful typographical dress of large and clear type and firm white paper, and contains articles as follows:—1. What is the true conception of Christian Worship? 2. New England Theology. 3. Life and correspondence of Theodore Parker. 4. The Son of God. 5. Frederick Denison Maurice. 6. Editorial Correspondence. 7. Egyptology. 8. Oriental Archaeology and Travel. 8. Notices of Recent German Publications. 9. Recent English and American Works.

The first article, while answering the enquiring proposed, presents some new and striking thoughts adapted to elevate our conceptions of true worship, and to lead us to throw more spirituality into our religious services. Prayer, praise, the presentation of offerings, reading the scriptures, and preaching, and the celebration of the sacraments of the Lord's supper and baptism, are mentioned as the essential constituents of Christian worship.

Many are not apt to think of preaching as connected with worship,—but this article very truly says:—"And it is doubtful if any other rite so fulfills the prime condition of securing the sensible presence of God to the soul as the preaching of the word secures it. The soul is, perhaps, in a more devotional frame, more full of love and reverence, and thankfulness and joy, during the sermon, and flows out toward God in more ardent aspirations, and is offering more hearty vows of service during the sermon, than during any other part of the service."

The article on Theodore Parker is written in a kind spirit towards this prominent man, but his labors in behalf of the slave are spoken of as about all that will long survive to honor his memory. After an analysis of his mind, character and works, the reviewer concludes thus:—"We do not fear that his influence for evil will live. He was not a profound thinker, and his works hold no seeds of immortality. He had not the imagination or spiritual insight into truths which reach into the unknown, and bring forth new for the guidance of the race. He was a man of his generation, with qualities fitting him preeminently for leadership. He did a noble work in the social reforms which have given character to the age, and for such service deserves high honor."

The remaining papers are able and instructive on the topics of which they treat. Intelligent Christian laymen, deacons and superintendents of Sunday schools and all others desirous of keeping up with the progress of Biblical knowledge, should subscribe for this work. It is published at Andover by Warren F. Draper, and edited by Prof. Edward A. Park and Dr. Samuel H. Taylor, with the cooperation of President Barnes Sears.

On Saturday, Sept. 30, Mr. James P. Kimball, who resided in Aroostook county, Maine, was awakened by the noise of the flames which were consuming his dwelling. He had just time to save his wife and an infant daughter by throwing them out of the window, when the building fell. Two older children, one eight and the other five years of age, who were asleep in the chimney, perished. On Sunday the next day, he buried his deceased children. As he was left penniless, he started with his wife and infant the day following, on foot, to return to Plymouth, N. H., where his friends reside. He walked all the way and arrived in Manchester on Thursday evening last. As he approached the city proper he tried to induce many residents along the road to take him, his wife and little one in for the night, but without success. They at last called at the residence of Mr. George H. True, who hospitably entertained them;—and they were furnished with means for going to Plymouth by railroad.

Rev. A. L. Stone, of Boston, will occupy the pulpit at the First Congregational Church to-morrow.

Rev. Merrill Richardson of Worcester, is to preach in South Reading, next Sunday, Oct. 29th, exchanging with Rev. Charles R. Bliss. The friends of this eloquent and distinguished preacher in this vicinity will be glad of having this opportunity to hear him.

HARPER'S MONTHLY FOR NOVEMBER.—This magazine has made its appearance with an unusually attractive table of contents. The paper entitled "Ascent to Popocatepetl" presents the subject in an interesting and graphic manner. "Our Mutual Friend," by Dickens, and "Armada," by Wilkie Collins, are also served up in this number in greater abundance than usual. For sale at the Woburn Bookstore.

The Atlantic Monthly, for November, and also Our Young Folks, is for sale at the Woburn Bookstore.

ACCIDENT.—On Thursday afternoon, a building in process of erection at the southerly side of the Central House, by Mr. Norris, and two workmen were precipitated from the third-story. One caught by an opening made in the frame for a window, and was not injured. The other fell to the hard ground, and, though considerably bruised and scratched by the fall, got up and walked off as if nothing of any particular importance had transpired. Truly a most fortunate escape from death on the part of both.

It appears to have been determined on by the Secretary of War and Gen. Grant to muster out the Veteran Reserve corps.

DR. LORD'S LECTURES.

Are the citizens of Woburn what a magnificent opportunity is being delivered on Tuesday and Thursday evenings, in the vestry of the First Congregational Church? Dr. Lord holds the foremost rank in his profession as a great historical lecturer. His whole life has been devoted to historical studies, and he has a wonderful power in the delineation of great characters. The subjects he is treating in Woburn are intensely interesting. Great Representative Women. The sketch of Pauline, that illustrious Roman Matron, and of her beautiful friendship with Jerome, on Tuesday evening, in which the ill-starred loves of Aelchard and Heloise were depicted, was still more eloquent. For subtle analysis, refinement of thought, splendor of diction, and exquisite pathos, we have never heard it surpassed. The citizens of Woburn will not often have the opportunity to hear such a course of lectures, and they suffer a serious loss if they do not avail themselves of the opportunity.

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

MR. EDITOR:—As the town of Woburn has appropriated a sum of money for the purpose of erecting a monument over the fallen heroes, a question has arisen in the minds of some of the citizens with regard to its location. In Baltimore, their monument is placed in the public square. In Danvers, Concord, Lexington, Acton, the citizens have commemorated the events of the war of 1776 by erecting a monument in a public place, appropriate reminders of the thrilling events transpiring in those periods. Some of the families of the deceased soldiers have placed over their remains tablets, containing name and particulars of their death. It is understood that the committee having the matter in hand, propose procuring a piece of work worthy of the occasion. The question, which is the most fitting location for the memorial, is yet to be decided. In the meantime, let the subject be discussed by the PEOPLE.

Correspondence of the Journal.
JOTTINGS.—No. 1.

MR. EDITOR:—I propose a series of articles, each to contain a short series of articles, with the above caption, containing random notes on literary matters, as coming under my observation in my connection with a library, where most of the new publications are received.

Since the death of the late lamented President in April last, hardly a week has passed without witnessing the advent of some work intended as a memorial to his worth. Many cities and towns have published a volume of his public papers, and in their own communities on the occasion of his death and funeral. Such a volume, issued by the city of Boston, and beautifully printed on tinted paper, quarto size, is one of the finest specimens I have ever noticed in Boston.

But the finest memorial of the great departed yet published, seems to us to be the "Life, Public Services and State Papers of Abraham Lincoln," by H. J. Raymond, just issued in New York. Mr. Raymond has written a fine, full, and well formed, and published a defence of Lincoln's administration early in the war, when it was not so popular to defend him as it has since become.

This work gives us an insight into the indefatigable labor and exacting standards of him who forms its subject, and is an appropriate monument to his invaluable public services. Great, however, as is the place filled by this excellent work, we hope sooner or later to see a private life of our great President, written by some one who was intimate with him through all his public labors, and can transcribe his life for us, something as Boswell did old Dr. Johnson's, so that we may see into the interior workings of that great mind, and feel the pulses of that great heart. How eagerly such a work, envisioned, as it would be, with the flashes of his quaint humor, would be read by the hundreds of thousands who mourn in him.

It is a great work, and a fine one, and it is well stated to us on good authority, a few days since, that when the news of Lincoln's death reached Palermo in Sicily, the city government, not content with the public manifestations of sorrow, had a public reading of his public papers, buildings in mourning, even, caused a street which had borne the same name perhaps for centuries, to be re-christened after Abraham Lincoln. We have recently seen an edition of Mr. Taylor's "Life of Lincoln," in the Greek language, published at Athens, and understand that it met with a large sale there. An elegantly bound copy of this edition intended as a gift to Mr. Lincoln, is in the hands of the publisher, and is to be sent to meet his eye. These things testify to the respect and love for the "good President" in the liberty-loving communities of the old world.

And the career of our present Chief Magistrate is interesting to the citizens of the United States of Europe in the country where the "Tennessee tailor" follows the "rail-splitter" in governing one of the largest nations on the globe.

One of our illustrative papers had, a few weeks since, two pictures on the same page: the first representing "A Johnson's tailor shop in Tennessee," the second "President Johnson pardoning rebels in the White House." No comment was necessary, the pictures spoke for themselves, and what a commentary was there on the workings of our free institutions. And no one, we think, can peruse the "Life and Speeches of Andrew Johnson," lately published by Little & Brown, without feeling that he, too, is the right man in the right place. Did space permit we should like to transcribe here some of the glorious bursts of patriotism and of indignation against traitors, with which he made the halls of Congress ring in that winter of 1865-6, when all was so gloomy, but we must be content with advising all who can to procure the book and read for themselves.

The magazines for November have appeared and are full, as usual, of good things. The Atlantic is even more than usually interesting, and is well worth double its price. In our next, we may refer in detail to some of the articles in these magazines.

Winchester, Oct. 28, 1865.

OUR PRESENT SYSTEM OF EDUCATION.—Our former system of education, of three or four months in a year, seems to have succeeded even better than the present. People got nearly or quite as well educated with far more durable physical developments. The bow that lies while unbent, or the field that remains fallow for a season, are made all the better; the one being resumed by the archer, throws an arrow with more force; the other being recultivated, yields a better crop. This is especially verified in the human mind. An article recently appeared in the Atlantic Monthly, a portion of which was copied into the Christian Register, proving that mental labor is not injurious to physical health, but on the contrary promotes vigor and long life.

The author in his argument to prove this, brings forward a large number of distinguished literary men, both from Europe and this country, who have been constant mental workers, and yet have lived to an advanced age.

This, it is supposed, will controvert all arguments or facts which have been adduced showing the present school system to be overdone.

In the first place, all these men that are brought forward had more than the average amount of mental and physical vigor by inheritance, or they could not have taken their position in history. They were able to endure more than their cotemporaries, who were at least weaker minded, and consequently more easily worn out. It is not probable that those referred to were forced through a system of early mental training. It was not common to the age nor is it necessary. Nature had done too much for them to require it.

It was not necessary for Dr. Paley to have his mind forced while young, to be distinguished, nor did it prevent Dr. Adam Clark from becoming a great scholar in his youth. They had natural elements which could not well be suppressed. No forced early training made Gen. Banks or Gen. Wilson, what you now see them. The principal thing which makes men of this stamp, is natural force of mind.

Such minds to be sure are like the finest marble in the quarry; but need much labor to bring out their hidden beauties. How many have fainted by the way, historians do not say, who started contemporaneous with Paley, Clark, Banks and Wilson, and a host of others mentioned in the article referred to, but we have reason to believe a large number, and we have reason to believe that a much larger number would have failed if forced early training had been in vogue. I cannot understand how arguments can be deduced from premises like these, that will apply with much force in support of our present system of early mental training. Statistics all fall when making comparison with results now transpiring.

The present system has been of too short duration for this, and only observation has detected its results.

There is another problem to be solved in connection with this subject, and its bearing is a moral one. It relates to what shall be done with children and youths in large towns and cities, if they are not kept to school, especially when many are under loose home government? Children that are reared in rural country towns are peculiarly fortunate. Their intercourse is with nature and home. They perform such work as comes within their capacity and are cheerful and happy. They attend school from three to four months in a year, until they arrive at ten or twelve years of age; after which they attend from two to three months a year, until eighteen or twenty, when, in many cases, they go to some academy for a single term, which generally completes their education. Such are usually better prepared to enter upon the duties of life and make business men, than those who go to school continually from childhood to manhood. When not attending school the time is usually spent in some useful employment. The salutary influence of this mode of life will be fully appreciated by those who have been brought up in the country, where nature sublimates and purifies every thought, act and deed.

There is too much truth in the old maxim, that idleness is the mother of vice, and applied with much force to the young; and here comes the question, what shall be done with this class in cities and thickly settled towns, if they do not attend school? They are much exposed to temptation. The father is absent from home, about his business, either at the workshop or in the counting room, and cannot have the supervision of his children. The mother cannot, or does not, control the conduct of the boys. Here two evils stare us in the face. Our children must be overworked mentally or be exposed to a vagrant life, or a new system of education inaugurated. We cannot break up the old habits of a state or a community, if we would. People must pursue their usual avocations, but we must lessen the overdone zeal possessed by many teachers and a portion of the community to educate and forcibly educate the mind. Gymnastic exercises will prove only a partial remedy for this evil, but nevertheless should be encouraged in the absence of nothing better, seasoned with games and sports in the open air.

SINGING.—The second half of the Singing School term at the First Congregational Vestry, commences next Monday evening, Oct. 30. Advanced singers will find an opportunity of enjoying a pleasant evening by joining the class on that evening. Tickets at the low price of 75 cents for gentlemen, and 50 cents for ladies, or one admitting a gentleman and lady for \$1.00, may be had at the vestry on that evening. It is hoped that all who can, will join in this endeavor to revive a pleasant and elevating custom and furnish a pleasant way of spending an evening.

THE WOBURN TOWN LIBRARY will be re-opened on Saturday, the 28th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M. The Library is now located in the rooms in the Wade building, formerly occupied by the Woburn Bank. New catalogues, at twenty-five cents each, will be found on sale with the Librarian.

For the Committee,
GEO. M. CHAMPNEY.

NOTICE.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS reward will be paid by Messrs. C. G. Clark & Co., for a medicine that will cure coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, or relieve consumptive cough as quick as Cough's Cough Balsam.

Let all our readers know that Cough's Dyspepsia Cure will certainly cure the worst cases of dyspepsia in existence, will stop pain, after eating, as soon as you take it, and is a most excellent article for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Cards printed at this Office.
Billheads printed at this Office.

WINCHESTER.

LECTURES.—The season of the year has arrived when the long evenings afford an opportunity for some Lyceum lectures or some other method of instruction and entertainment to relieve the dullness or monotony which many feel who are not privileged to have a variation in the daily recurring scenes of every day life, and feel it is necessary. We need occasional public meetings or gatherings, where our citizens, with their families, may come together and hear the eloquence of some of our men of ability, from various places, who have prepared themselves for the purpose, and who can enlighten us upon subjects of importance or afford amusement for the passing hour. It may be unknown to some, that we have an association instituted several years since for the objects before stated, under the name of the Winchester Lyceum. Its operations were suspended after a short period of activity for various reasons, prominent of which was the want of proper support. The lapse of time has seemed to create a want for a revival of this organization, or the substitution of something else to take its place. We venture to suggest this matter, at the present time, as it has been somewhat under consideration, hoping it may lead to some definite results.

LIBRARY.—Our fellow citizen, H. Sidney Everett, son of the lamented Edward Everett, has signified his intention to donate to the Town Library a large number of valuable books, formerly the property of his father. Such a donation will be an acquisition to the Library, and will lead others, we hope, to emulate the example so worthily set. There is nothing in a town like ours which may be made more productive of good than a public library, and we hope that the number of volumes it contains may be greatly increased, and its usefulness thereby augmented.

REMOVAL.—The numerous friends of Mr. James Campbell, whose store on Cornhill, Boston, has so long been resorted to by them for the purchase of ancient and modern books, will be interested to know that he has removed to No. 18 Tremont street, under the Boston Museum, where may be found that great variety of books at the lowest prices, for which this concern has been long noted at the old stand. Mr. Campbell is well versed in his business, and those who patronize him will be sure to meet with prompt and courteous attention.

EXCELSIOR.

THE GARDEN.—The garden is a bound volume of agricultural life, written in poetry. In it the farmer and his family set the great industries of the plow, scythe and hoe in rhyme. Every flower or fruit-bearing tree is a green syllable after the graceful type and curve of Eden. Every bed of flowers is an acrostic to nature, written in the illustrated capitals of her own alphabet. Every bed of beets, celery or savory roots or bulbs, is a page of blank verse, full of belles lettres of agriculture. The farmer may be seen in his garden. It contains the synopsis of his character in letters that may be read across the road. The barometer hung by his door will indicate certain facts about the weather, but the garden, lying on the sunny side of the house, marks, with great precision, the degree of mind and heart culture which he has reached. It will embody and reflect his tastes, the bent and bias of his perceptions of grace and beauty. In it he holds up the mirror of his inner life to all who pass; and with an observant eye they may see all the features of his intellectual being. In that choice rood of earth he records his progress in mental cultivation and professional experience. In it he marks by some intelligent sign, his scientific and successful ceremonies in the cornfield. In it you may see the germs of his reading, and you can almost tell the number and nature of his books. In it he will reproduce the seed-thought he has culled from the printed pages of his library. In it he will post an answer to the question whether he has any reading at all. Many a nominal farmer's house has been passed by the book agent without a call, because he saw a blunt, gruff negative to the question in the garden or yard.—Elihu Burritt.

A GOOD RECIPE.—The following recipe for making good yeast has been repeatedly tested, and is perfectly successful. We give it for the benefit of our readers.

Boil and sit potatoes and make them into a batter about right for griddle-cakes, using for the purpose strong hop tea. While hot add half a cup full of salt and a cup full of sugar to three quarts of the batter. When lukewarm add light yeast, and let it stand in a warm place till thoroughly ripe, which may be known by its beginning to settle in the centre; then bottle and cork tight, tying down the corks. Keep in a cold cellar. The yeast will keep perfectly sweet and good for many months; makes whiter and nicer bread than any other yeast. A small cup full to two quarts of water is the right proportion for making bread. No saleratus need ever be used.—Andover Advertiser.

HORACE MANN calculated the chances of the purchaser of a lottery ticket, and he came to the conclusion that he was about as likely to be struck by lightning as to draw a prize. Hittell, in his History of California, writes that, "perhaps a hundred" persons have actually left the State from fear of earthquakes; but he adds that "they are in more danger from lightning on the Atlantic side, than from earthquakes on the Pacific, for there are fifty killed by lightning in the Mississippi Valley, for one killed by an earthquake in California."

The Editor of the Caspfield, Ohio, Herald, says:—"WHEATON'S LITHO ENCYCLOPEDIA.—It has been said that 'the litho is no disgrace, but is disgraceful to keep.' So one need have the litho if they will use 'Wheaton's Encyclopaedia,' for it is a sure cure. We saw it tried on the persons of several children and adults a few weeks since, and the litho, at once ceased, and in two days not an eruption was visible. It is effective in removing pimples, blotches, and especially old sores. We used the ointment on one of our own children, and the effect was magical. The litho, which has been so prevalent about here, has not yielded to the usual remedies for this complaint, and we are glad that a remedy has been discovered that is so effective and yet so cheap. Read the advertisement."

WILLIAM WINN, Auctioneer.
Woburn, Oct. 28th, 1865.

Desirable Building Lots at AUCTION.

I SHALL sell at Public Auction, on THURSDAY, Nov. 2, 1865, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, corner of Bedford and Winn streets, in Woburn, a lot of land, containing 45,315 square feet, upon which is a new elevated site for building, and some of the richest gardening land. This lot has a long front on two good streets, and overlooks one of the finest prospects in this vicinity.

Also, two other lots of land, lying near the above, one containing 21,285, and the other 27,225 square feet, both being good sites for building, and having a deep, rich soil.

These lots being so near the business centre of the town and within easy reach of several large manufacturing sites, this sale affords an excellent opportunity for those contemplating building, to secure a good lot cheap.

Terms of sale. If stormy on the day named, the sale will be on the next day at the same hour.

By order of
A. W. MANNING
S. F. THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

NEW
GROCERY
STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY
INFORM THE CITIZENS OF WOBURN
AND VICINITY THAT HE HAS
OPENED A

GROCERY STORE

AT
ELLIS' OLD STAND,
MAIN STREET, NEAR SALEM,

WHERE HE WILL SELL THE
BEST GROCERIES!

AND THE USUAL VARIETY
OF GOODS KEPT AT A
COUNTRY VARIETY STORE

AT
REASONABLE PRICES,
AND SOLICITS A SHARE OF THE
PUBLIC PATRONAGE.

TERMS CASH.
URBANE DERBY.

Woburn, Oct. 28, 1865.

JUST RECEIVED,
A FRESH INVOICE OF
LOW PRICE DRESS GOODS,
AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

WHITE, COLORED, AND FANCY
FLANNELS,
A FULL ASSORTMENT
AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

WOOLENS,
FOR
Ladies, Gentlemen & Children's
WEAR,
AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

LADIES' AND GENTS'
UNDERGARMENTS,
AT
CHAS. A. SMITH'S,
BANK BUILDING, WOBURN.

Woburn, Oct. 28, 1865.

SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
Woburn, Oct. 24, 1865.

By order of the Board of Selectmen,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

Auction.

Will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 13th of November, at 4 o'clock, P. M., pursuant to a license from the Judge of Probate, the Real Estate of CHARLES SCOTT, late of Woburn, deceased, situated in Woburn Centre, on Winn, opposite to Franklin street, consisting of about one quarter acre of land, and a dwelling house, nearly finished, standing thereon—the house contains nine rooms, six finished and three unfinished—and a good well of water. The location is a desirable one, and is about three minutes walk from the depot, and in the immediate vicinity of churches and schools.

SUSAN C. SCOTT, Administratrix.
WILLIAM WINN, Auctioneer.
Woburn, Oct. 28th, 1865.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

WANTED, A TENEMENT,

A TENEMENT of about 5 or 6 rooms, for a small family, near the depot. Apply at this office. The best references given and required. oct28-14

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE, Irritation of the Lungs or a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases. TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

Singers and Public Speakers

will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their utility by use of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the "worthless imitations" that may be offered. Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 25 cents per box. oct28-14

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours. Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and ALL Eruptions OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 50 cents to WHEATON'S POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington Street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct28-14

HISTORICAL LECTURES.

The REV. JOHN LORD, LL.D., will deliver his brilliant and attractive series of Lectures, on celebrated Representative Women, in the large vestry of the Congregational Church, on Tuesday and Thursday evenings, commencing Tuesday Evening, Oct. 24th, at 7 1/2 o'clock.

SUBJECTS:

- I. Oct. 24. Paula, the Roman Matron—Friendship.
- II. Oct. 25. Heloise, the Medieval Woman—Love.
- III. Oct. 26. Elizabeth—Woman as a Sovereign.
- IV. Nov. 2. Malan DeMaitre—The Woman of Society.
- V. Nov. 7. Madam DeGue—The Literary Woman.

Tickets for the Course, 75 cents. Single Tickets, 25 cents. To be had at the usual places, and at the door. Woburn, Oct. 14, 1865.

The Horrors of Indigestion.

You complain of your stomach, a unfortunate dyspeptic; but ought not your stomach to complain of you? Possibly the pangs you endure are simply the stomach's method of taking revenge upon you for neglecting and abusing it. Perhaps you have never made an effort to improve its condition, but on the other hand are continually cramming it with unwholesome and indigestible food. Have you ever tried HOSKETT'S STOMACH BITTERS, a proper diet, and regular meals? The Bitters in a week would put your digestive apparatus in perfect order, regulate the flow of bile in accordance with the laws of health, and produce just so much aperient action as would be necessary for your good; and when you were once all right, judicious food, and regular meals with a little of the Tonic now and then, would keep you so. If you have neglected these means of cure, do not blame your stomach for its rebellion. It is merely nature's hint that she wants help. If you neglect it, the next thing may be inflammation, or Scirrhus Cancer, or some other violent and dangerous disease. There is such a thing as a Bitter in these matters. HOSKETT'S BITTERS will cure Dyspepsia; but Dyspepsia may engender diseases which defy all restoratives. oct1-14

Smolander's Extract Bucku

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of diseases of the Stomach and Kidneys, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsy, Chronic Gonorrhea and Catarrhes of the Bladder. For those suffering from the effects of excess of any kind, it is perfectly invaluable. For Female Complaints, it is a priceless remedy. It never fails to effect a cure. It is the BEST and CHEAPEST preparation of Bucku offered to the public. Price One Dollar per bottle. For sale by all Apothecaries.

BULLHEAD, ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, 86 Hanover St., Boston, General Agents. sep9-14

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grease Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price 50 cents per package for \$2.00. Send by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address, WARNER & CO., Box 138 Brooklyn, N.Y. sep15-14

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs.

Forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$80.00 to \$600.00 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, NEW YORK. sep15-14

Ready-Made Overalls—\$65, 60, 50, 45, 40, 35, 30, 25, 20, 15, 10, 5, 2, 1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64, 1/128, 1/256, 1/512, 1/1024, 1/2048, 1/4096, 1/8192, 1/16384, 1/32768, 1/65536, 1/131072, 1/262144, 1/524288, 1/1048576, 1/2097152, 1/4194304, 1/8388608, 1/16777216, 1/33554432, 1/67108864, 1/134217728, 1/268435456, 1/536870912, 1/1073741824, 1/2147483648, 1/4294967296, 1/8589934592, 1/17179869184, 1/34359738368, 1/68719476736, 1/137438953472, 1/274877906944, 1/549755813888, 1/1099511627776, 1/2199023255552, 1/4398046511104, 1/8796093022208, 1/17592186044416, 1/35184372088832, 1/70368744177664, 1/140737488355328, 1/281474976710656, 1/562949953421312, 1/1125899906842624, 1/2251799813685248, 1/4503599627370496, 1/9007199254740992, 1/18014398509481984, 1/36028797018963968, 1/72057594037927936, 1/144115188075855872, 1/288230376151711744, 1/576460752303423488, 1/1152921504606846976, 1/2305843009213693952, 1/4611686018427387904, 1/9223372036854775808, 1/18446744073709551616, 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GENERAL—LY GRANT—ED,
THAT THE UNDERSIGNED
Having enlarged their store and increased
their Stock of

GOODS,

now offer to the people of Woburn and
vicinity, a good assortment of

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
Spectacles and Fancy Goods,
Cake and Card Baskets,
Castors,
Silver and Plated Forks,
Spoons,
Fruit Knives, and
Napkin Rings,
Ladies and Gents. Wallets,
Pocket Knives,
Combs and Brushes,
Razors and Strops,
A fine assortment of Ladies' Dress Combs.

SILVER COIN,

Made Into
PINS,
EAR RINGS, and
SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully
repaired.
CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,
Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully
repaired.
ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-
ecuted.

P. S.—All the above work is done by
us, and will be done cheaper here than in
Boston.

All Goods bought of us, marked
free of charge.

Gold and Silver bought and taken in
exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE,

Next to the Post Office,
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

Diarrhoea
All medical men and the press recommend DR.
STRICKLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE
as the only certain remedy for Diarrhoea and Dys-
entery. It is a combination of Astringents, Stimu-
lants and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a
cure after all other means have failed.
For sale by all druggists. 50 cents a bottle.

Pile Remedy.
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured
thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding
Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a
permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
sept 2-3m

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.
THE celebrated DR. DOW continues to devote his
entire time to the treatment of all diseases in-
flicted on the female system. An experience of twenty-
three years enables him to guarantee speedy and
permanent relief in the worst cases of Suppression
and all other Menstrual Derangements, from what-
ever cause. All letters for advice must contain \$1.
Office, No. 9 Endicott street, Boston.
N. B.—Board furnished to those who wish to re-
main under treatment.
Boston, June 24, 1865. ly

**MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL WORK,** of Every one his own
Doctor—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons or those about to marry, both Male and Female,
in everything concerning the physiology and rela-
tions of our sex, and the prevention of Offspring,
including all the new discoveries now before given in the English language,
by Wm. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain lan-
guage for the general reader, and is illustrated with
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least impediment to married life,
should read this book. It discloses secrets that every
one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book
that must be locked up, and not let about the house.
It will be sent to any one on the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address Dr. Wm. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce
St., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sept 23-6m

FRUIT TREES.
GRAPE VINES, SMALL FRUITS,
ROSES, SHRUBS, CLIMBING
VINES, BULBIOUS ROOTS, &c.,
FOR FALL PLANTING.
A COMPLETE AND IMPROVED ASSORT-
MENT of superior stock, described by New
Catalogue, (mailed on receipt of stamp), and re-
presented by simple stock daily received from
reliable Nurseries, and offered for sale at our
salesroom, basement of Nos. 28 and 30 Water street,
corner of Devonshire street, Boston. Call and ex-
amine, or write us, if you intend to plant.
B. T. WELLS & CO.
NURSERY AGENTS, Office No. 7 Water Street.
oct 7-6w

**MIDDLESEX
WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,**
Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.
THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to
aid Soldiers, Sailors, and their Families, in
obtaining PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY,
PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against
the Government, without charge, until the claims
are allowed.
Applications for the collection of claims should be
made by letter, or in person, to the Secretary of
the Association, A. B. COFFIN, 33 SCHOOL
STREET, BOSTON.
Advice will be given by the Attorney without
charge.
HON. JOEL PARKER, President
HON. D. W. COCHRAN, Vice Presid.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, Secy.
DIRECTORS—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell, D.
W. Cochran, Leonard Huntress, James B. Shaw,
Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins,
Amos Stone, H. H. Foster, Horace Conn, J. H.
Walt, Charles Kimball, John K. Gould.
A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, (4 Niles Block), 33
School Street, Boston.
June 1-ly

**A LARGE ASSORTMENT,
OF
Drugs and Medicines,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.**
For sale at the lowest market prices, by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary,

TO THE PEOPLE OF WOBBURN.

FRANK B. DODGE

DESIRE to return his sincere thanks to the peo-
ple of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal pa-
trage during the last eight years; and by prompt
attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance
of the same.
He has recently

Refitted and Enlarged his STORE,

and has just received,
From New York and Boston,
a large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

Fine Silver and Plated Ware—

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-
ers, Spoon Holders, Childrens'
Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,
Ladles, Butter and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS

Jewelry Store!

Every article warranted to be as
represented

FINE WATCHES

REPAIRED & WARRANTED.

ALL KINDS OF

CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE
SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD and SILVER taken in

exchange.

Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,

EYE-GLASSES, &c.

LADIES SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved
free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge.

OPPOSITE THE WOBBURN BANK.
Woburn, Aug. 26, 1865.

**W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER,**
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,
No. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBBURN, MASS.,
WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
aug 19-1y

**A. H. COWDREY, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,**
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of STONEHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29

**SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,**
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBBURN, MASS.
July 8, 1865. 6m

**EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon**
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBBURN CENTRE.

**Wm. Symington Brown, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,**
CENTRAL STREET,
(Near the Town Hall.)
sept 2-6m STONEHAM, MASS.

**DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.**
Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

**CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN**

**American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,**
Bank Block, Woburn

**A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW**
No. 4 Niles Block, Boston.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

**A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESS MAKER,
AND DEALER IN**

Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central House, Woburn.

**G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,**
New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends
that he has removed to his new
store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

Particular attention paid to making
Boys Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and
most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the
season, which will be made up to order at the most
reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
on hand.

**Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE**

"Insurance Agent."

PENSIONS, BOUNTY, Back Pay and
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for \$1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND,
Office at "WOBBURN BOOKSTORE."
Woburn, Feb. 15th, 1865. ly

**HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.**
OFFICE—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

J. G. CHAPMAN
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the es-
tablishment lately occupied by A. L. WHEELER,
in OCKLEY COURT, where he will carry on the busi-
ness of

PAINTING &c.
In its various branches.
Woburn, July 29, 1865.—6m

**WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.**

**FRANK B. DODGE, Practical
Watchmaker.** Also dealer in CLOCKS,
WATCHES, GOLD
CHAINS, LOCKETS,
JEWELRY, SPECTA-
CLES, Fine Silver Plated
Ware, "plated on genuine Albata." Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
ters, &c.
Engraving to order.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on
hand.

AGENT FOR
Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

**COLTS-FOOT ROCK,
A POPULAR
ENGLISH COUGH REMEDY,**
is selling rapidly at Brigham's 5 Wade's Block.

BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

PERFUMERY.
LUBINS, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
FRAGON'S, and EDEBUD'S
Popular Extracts for the handkerchief. Thirty
different odors. For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM.

**WOBBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE WORKS.**
THE subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the

**Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGESTONE and POSTS.**
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Warehouses, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.
A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864—21-7.

**L. H. ALLEN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER**
FURNISHES at his Warehouse, four doors
north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and
qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood,
and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of
various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles,
Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and
Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at
the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the
lowest prices.

The subscriber now offers to the public his
new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manu-
factured expressly to his order, and which he will
furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual
price.

He likewise offers the new invention for pre-
serving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air
alone, without the direct application of ice, which
is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved
by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any mo-
ment the features of the departed, and the corpse
will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.

The subscriber would take this opportunity to
return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has
received, and hopes with his new im-
provements to continue to give his customers the
highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coff-
ins delivered within ten miles free of expense.
L. H. ALLEN.
Woburn Centre, July 29, 1865.

NOTICE.
THE citizens of Stoneham and vicinity,
will always find at Dr. Horace Goodrich's
DRUG STORE

a fresh supply of pure Drugs and Medicines, Per-
fumery and Fancy Goods, Letter, Cap, and Note
Paper, Penicils, Superior Ink, and all other
articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians,
prescriptions carefully compounded.

The above articles will be warranted as repre-
sented, and sold at the lowest cash prices.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. 7f

CAUTION
TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Ken-
dall St., Boston, is consulted daily for all
diseases incident to the female system. Pro-
fusely on the subject of the female system, and
other menstrual derangements, are all treated on
new pathological principles, and speedy relief
guaranteed in a very few days. It is a valuable
and certain in this new mode of treatment, that most ob-
stinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted
person soon rejoices in her restored health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in
the cure of the diseases of women than any other
physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may
wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treat-
ment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole
attention to an office practice for the cure of Pri-
vate Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowl-
edges no superior in the United States.

N. B. All letters must contain one dollar, or
they will not be answered.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, '65. ly

REMOVAL.

COAL, WOOD, &c.

THE Subscriber informs the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity, that he has removed
his Coal Yard to the yard formerly occu-
pied by the Haywards, just below the Railroad
Depot, where he will continue the Coal Business,
in all its branches, as heretofore. He trusts, by
giving strict attention to business, and always
keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL,
WOOD, &c., to receive that generous share of
public patronage which has heretofore been ac-
corded to him.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
JOS. B. McDONALD.
Woburn Jan. 7, 1865.

MEAT AND VEGETABLE MARKET.

The subscriber, thankful for past
liberal patronage, informs the public that he
is still to be found at the old stand, on
Main street, formerly occupied by Hiram
Whitford, where he will keep constantly
on hand and for sale, at low prices, a
choice assortment of all kinds of

Fresh and salt Meats.
Fish, smoked and pickled.
Sausages, common and Bologna.
Butter,
Cheese,
Eggs,
Beans,

And a good variety of all the leading
Vegetables for the table. Also, Fruit,
of all kinds.

Every effort will be made to de-
serve and secure the patronage of the
public.

F. A. HARTWELL.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

C. S. ADKINS,

DEALER IN
**BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
Confectionery, &c. &c.,**

WOULD respectfully call the attention
of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a
good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink,
Sund. Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and
all articles usually found
in a Stationery
Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.

**CONFECTIONERY of all kinds, and
of the best quality.**

Also, HONEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best
preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

OPPOSITE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.

Encourage trade in its legitimate
Channels.

Hovey's Balm

FOR THE
HAIR.

Half a gross of this valuable preparation for
sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

**JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXE-
CUTED AT THIS OFFICE.**

HUNNEWELL'S TOLU ANO- DYNE.

The real necessity of this splendid preparation
was two fold, and well has it proved how this ne-
cessity has been met. To have a true and natural
Opium for all cases of Loss of Sleep, and Nervous
Debility, and Anti-spasmodic for all Neuralgia,
Rheumatism, Gout, Hysteria, Paralytic, and St.
Vitus Dance cases as an inward application, with-
out producing any of the horrors, or bad effects of
Opium, or preparations of Opium, but a prepara-
tion that, should it fail of reaching the complaint
would leave no stain of debility behind. For
Tooth and Caricache, for Nervous or common Sick
Headache, for the suffering in Monthly Menstrua-
tion, Distress after eating, it is almost infallible.
It is the production of a celebrated herb from
India, perfectly natural in its color, uniform in
action, and by confidence to test it, will be found
the greatest necessity in every family. This
preparation has the most unqualified confidence of
large numbers of Physicians, is controlled by
a thorough knowledge of medicine, and it is the
wish of the proprietor that it may be accepted with
perfect confidence by all, as free from every spe-
cies of queakery, and based on most perfect laws
in Materia Medica.

It is Asthma, and Diptheria are successfully cured
by the Anodyne and among its greatest points—
J. H. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor.

For Sale by all dealers in Medicine. Sold in
Woburn by C. B. BRIGHAM, and in Winchester
by GEO. P. BROWN.

CENTRAL HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,
WOBBURN CENTRE, MASS.

L. B. NORRIS, - PROPRIETOR.

The undersigned, having completed the altera-
tions and repairs on this commodious and cen-
trally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive
transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen,
with their families, can be accommodated with ex-
cellent rooms, newly furnished.

No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make
the Central House equal to any hotel in the County.
The tables are always supplied with the best
market affords, and in this respect the proprie-
tor feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.

Woburn, Sept. 9, 1865.

1865

1865

**COSTAR'S
VERMIN
EXTERMINATORS**

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exter's.
Is a paste—used for Rats,
Mice, Fleas, Beetles, Black and
Red Ants, &c., &c., &c.

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator.
Is a liquid or wash, used to
destroy, and also as a pre-
ventive for Bed-Bugs, &c.

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects.
Is for Mosquitoes,
Flies, Bed-Bugs, Locusts on
Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Sold by all Druggists and Retailers every-
where.

BEWARE! of all worthless imitations.
See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box,
Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.

WENYUAN R. COSTAR.
Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold by STEARNS, HART & Co., Woburn,
Mass., and all Druggists and Dealers.

1865.

INCREASE OF RATS.—The Farmer's Gazette
(English) asserts and proves by figures that the
number of rats in a country and its descendants no less
than 631,000 in three years. Now, unless this im-
mense family can be kept down, they will eat up
more food than would sustain 65,000 human
beings.

See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

RATS versus BIRDS.—Whoever engages in
shooting small birds is a cruel man; whoever aids
in exterminating rats is a benefactor. We should
like some of our correspondents to give us the
benefit of their experience in driving out these pests.
We need something besides traps, cats, and traps for
this business.—Scientific American, N. Y.

See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

"COSTAR'S" RAT EXTERMINATOR is simple,
safe, and sure,—the most perfect RAT EXTERMINA-
tor. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a
box cost \$5, we would have it. We have tried pos-
sibly, but they effected nothing. But "Costar's" rat
killer knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches,
Ants, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it.
It is in great demand all over the country.—Medicine,
Ohio, Gazette.

See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

**SOLD IN WOBBURN, MASS., BY
STEARNS, HART & Co.,**
and all Druggists and Dealers. July 23-3m

Always Successful.

To all those Suffering from
Debility and Seminal Weakness.

DRS. CARSWELL & HUNTER, regularly
educated, highly eminent and successful prac-
titioners, after a very extensive practice in Bos-
ton, for over twenty years, need hardly speak of
their medical qualifications, or remind strangers
not to class them with a set of uneducated men
who fill the papers with their advertising adver-
tise. Dr. C. & H. caution the public against
quackery in all its forms, pretending, as some self-
styled doctors, to cure all the most difficult and
chronic diseases, without knowledge of the human
system, or of the modus operandi of the most
simple drugs.

Dr. C. & H., since 1849, having confined their
whole attention to an office practice for the cure of
Private Diseases and Female Complaints, they ac-
knowledge no superior.

**CONSTITUTIONAL DEBILITY OR SEMINAL
WEAKNESS.**

Dr. C. & H., are pre-eminently successful in the
treatment of the above most difficult and perplex-
ing of all diseases, this complaint being the result
of a secret habit in youth, if neglected or improp-
erly treated, it proves one of the greatest evils
that can befall a human being. Dr. H. has given
particular attention to the above disease for years,
and so thoroughly has he become acquainted with
pathology and treatment that he will warrant a
perfect cure under forfeiture of \$500 in fact he
will in the cure of this complaint acknowledge no
superior in this country, or even in the world.

Consult here all you who are afflicted, come to the
Old Stand, where you will in a short time be
made to rejoice in perfect health.

SYMPOMATIC AND SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS—
such as Ulcers and Caries of the throat and nose,
running sores on the legs and arms, Hard sores,
and Scaly Eruptions on the head, back, etc., pains
in the bones and joints, and all other forms of
venereal diseases, Dr. C.

{ TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
{ SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS

A lover wrote to a lady who rejected him, that he intended to retire "to some secluded spot, and breath away his life in sighs." To which the lady replied by inquiring whether they were to be medium or large size.

BOOTS & SHOES,
OF WOBNURN MANUFACTURE.
Also—J. Fletcher & Son's Goods
CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AND FOR SALE BY
AUGUSTUS ROUNDY,
Woburn, Aug. 5, 1866. 6m

The Middlesex Journal,
—AND—
WOBURN TOWNSMAN.

WOBURN:

WOBURN, Nov. 4, 1865.

JOB WORK.—All kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and Pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.

THE LARGE COUNTRY CIRCULATION OF THE JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Probate advertisements, sales of Real Estate, and other Notices of interest to the farming population.

E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

RECONSTRUCTION.—The progress of reconstruction at the South, although it may seem to some slow, is nevertheless going on as fast as could be reasonably expected. The people there are very naturally desirous of exercising the rights of representation and government, and are busy choosing representatives and senators to Congress, and electing governors and members of the legislature. The U. S. Courts are now fully established; the Post Offices filled and the mails regularly carried. Collectors and subordinate officers of the Customs, appointed by the Central government, are now fulfilling their duties. Newspapers and other periodicals, monthly and quarterly, are passing from other sections into territory so lately a barricaded Secession. The Southern newspapers are being printed on New England paper fresh from the mills, and our school books greatly in demand, are finding their way into the families and schools of the South. It seems almost, as if the era of good feelings was already established. Lord Byron said of Love in his caustic way:

"The strong necessity of loving
Removes antipathies."

And so it may be now between the North and the South. The blood needs to circulate from the heart to the extremities, and it is only as one body and one soul that we can live and flourish. To regain power, wealth, influence, respectability, peace and enjoyment, the Southern States must renounce secession, make all its doings null and void, and embrace loyalty and union, acting with sincerity and earnestness. And for the North and the West, necessity requires that all the ports of the South should be re-opened to our ships and their freightage. Our manufacturers require the custom of these places, and we want the cotton, sugar, molasses, rice, flour and tobacco raised on Southern soil.

We need that the great rivers of the West should flow through our own territories all the way to the sea, without let or hindrance. The pork and grain of the West asks for transportation to the South as well as to the East. Old friends and relatives separated by the war demand a reunion of hearts and hands. Slavery no longer interposes its barrier to Northern emigration, and the dreadful war over, each section seems willing to forget the strife and unite as brothers.

We believe that in the latter part of winter or early in the coming spring, northern men in great numbers will visit the South to establish themselves as mechanics and merchants, to purchase or hire farms, and buy water privileges for manufacturing purposes. While our colder region is fettered by ice and covered with snow, the South will be blooming in all the apparel of Spring, scenting the air with sweet perfume, and delighting the eye with the verdure of fields. Now as never before we shall journey in the South. Many to aid in instructing the freedman and to assist in religious organizations; others, to view the scenery and become acquainted with the people. More like New England will become the South, in common schools, churches, architecture, farming, roads, the respectability of labor, the march of improvement. Well may President Johnson say, that it will be his highest ambition to unite again the North and South.

ENGLAND AND NEUTRAL RIGHTS.—Some of the correspondence between Earl Russell and our minister Adams, has been lately published, by which it appears that they are by no means agreed as to the claims of our country for damages incurred by the ravages of the Alabama and Shenandoah on our commerce. Those who would be correctly informed of the rights of neutrals in connection with the Belligerents, should read a paper on the subject in the last number of the North American Review. It is a very full and clear exposition of the laws of Nations on the subject, with an examination of the cases which have arisen between us and England. There is a candor and research manifested which wins the confidence of the reader, and the opinions expressed are very decided in our favor, but they are expressed calmly and fortified by precedents, which the English themselves are bound to respect. By and by, the United States will be a neutral and Great Britain a belligerent, and it is needful, therefore, for the latter to have a look-out for the future, lest the unjust and unfriendly course she has pursued with us be retaliated when opportunity offers upon herself. The paper in the North American proposes, as our government has done, to leave the matter to referees, that is, to impartial nations, and for the reasons, that a war with England would not decide upon the justice of our claims, nor her agreement to settle them by a standard for future guidance, but that decision of maritime and great nations would, in fact, make the law which should regulate the future.

We have no doubt that England will turn to better counsels and let the question be decided by authority, which it is no dishonor to acknowledge. This is the only true way, and the British nation is even, perhaps, more interested than the United States, in having a fair, impartial, just and authoritative decision, though in the present case the award may be that she is in the wrong and must fully repay all our losses.

As a nation we cannot waive our claim without dishonor, and injustice to our suffering countrymen, and if England refuses to leave it to arbitration of nations she thereby asserts an independence of the most pretentious kind and evinces a secret consciousness of being in the wrong.

We hope the article in the North American will be read in the mother country, that its carefully considered statements, extensive research, and forcible argumentation, may operate on the minds of the English people. It will be highly honorable for England to abandon her present attitude upon this question, at least, so far as to submit the

claims to impartial and enlightened nations, as our government courteously proposes.

ABUSE OF PRESIDENT JOHNSON.—Some of the extreme abolitionists are following in the wake of their great champion, Wendell Phillips, and are heaping all sorts of abuse upon our President. We do not remember having read a more bitter denunciation of him, than is contained in the following extract from a lecture delivered before the Parker Fraternity in Boston, by Frederick Douglass, the colored orator, on the 24th ult. The Commonwealth prints the lecture, and we copy from that sheet:

"But what shall be said of the man at Washington who was so loud and so furious a few months ago in his denunciation of treason and traitors, and slavery and aristocracy, and every form of class legislation, who was only impatient with our good President Lincoln because he was too lenient to the traitors; what shall we think of him, if, after these professions—professions his determination to 'punish traitors and make treason odious by punishment,' declaring that 'treason is a crime and not a difference of opinion,' that 'traitors must be punished, not pardoned,' that 'slavery in every root and fibre must be destroyed,' that 'the liberties of the negro must be secured'—what shall we think of him, after getting possession of this government and this cause, if he shall finally betray it into the hands of the men who have tried to destroy it; if he shall select those who are guilty of this rebellion—the rich men of the South—if he shall select these men, who led the bloody host that sought to destroy this country; what shall be said of him, if he shall betray by giving the power to these slaveholders, taking it away from our friends, by giving the elective franchise to these rebels and taking it away from the brave black men who, with iron arms and steel fingers, stood up in defence of our flag at the South? (Great sensation and applause.) What shall be said of this man if he shall thus betray us, demoralize the Republican party, deaden the moral sentiment of the North, and leave to our children another 'negro question' to breed war and disturbance in the future? (Continued sensation.) Why, we must say of him as the scripture hath it, 'Better were it for that man that he had not been born; better that a millstone be hanged about his neck and he cast into the depths of the sea, than that he should do this thing.' (Great applause.) We abhor very properly Jefferson Davis and Booth, but a deeper and more dreadful execration will settle upon that man's name if he shall sacrifice us, as his policy now evidently aims to do. (Applause.) Why, if I were a white man, after the war, I should blush to my bones to look a black man in the face and deny him the right of suffrage."

The New York Journal of Commerce well remarks:—"All this is disgraceful, and were there not more stability in our democratic form of government than it has ever had credit for, such fellows would drive the country into anarchy before another Presidential election."

MILITARY.—3d Asst. Engineer Edmund H. Haggins, of the U. S. Steamer Accacia, has arrived home, discharged. R. Kimball Danforth, Co. C, 1st Battalion Heavy Artillery, was mustered out last week. He served in the three years' men and was also out for a hundred days.

Dudley Nason, formerly a member of Co. F, 2d Mass. Regiment, died at the residence in East Woburn, on Friday, the 27th inst. The deceased enlisted in the "Union Guard," on the 12th day of August, 1861; he participated in most of the engagements of the regiment, and was promoted Corporal Oct 15, 1862, and Sergeant Dec. 30, 1862; his health being poor and unfitting him for active service, he was transferred to Co. A, 16th Regt. Veteran Reserve Corps, July 1, 1863; he continued in this organization until Sept. 16, 1864, when he was discharged, his term of service having expired. He had been gradually failing since his arrival home, but he lingered until Friday of last week. He was buried last Sunday in the Stoneham Cemetery.

HOURS AT HOME.—The November number, which is the first number of the second volume of this most excellent family magazine is received. The articles are able, interesting and instructive. Published by Scribner & Co., New York, at \$3 a year. A. Williams & Co., Boston, general agents.

To those of our readers who visit Boston to purchase goods, we would recommend a call at the store of J. A. Jackson, No. 101 Court Street. Ladies will there find a beautiful assortment of Furs, and now is the time to buy. Hats and Caps of every variety and style may also be found there.

Mr. Jackson takes pride in always keeping an extensive stock of superior goods. Every purchaser may obtain him a good article, and at comparatively low prices.

POLITICAL.—A convention held at Lexington, Oct. 31st, unanimously nominated John W. Hudson, Esq., late Lt. Col. 36th Mass. Infantry, as Republican candidate for representative for the 18th Middlesex district.

The convention also resolved, That the custom of giving entertainments by the representative elect, is not conducive to the purity of the ballot, and that it ought to be dispensed with.

In the Third Middlesex District, the Democrats have nominated J. B. Walcott, of Natick, for Senator.

The Democrats of the Fifth Middlesex Senatorial District, met in convention at Medford, and as there was very little interest manifested, Hon. John Hill, the nominee of the Republican party, was adopted as the nominee of the Democrats.

Winthrop E. Faulkner, of Acton, has been nominated for Senator by the Democrats of the Fourth Middlesex Senatorial District.

Hon. Tappan Wentworth has been nominated for State Senator by the Republicans of the Sixth Middlesex Senatorial District.

The Democrats of the Second Middlesex Senatorial District held a meeting at Old Cambridge, and nominated Richard W. Cheney, of Belmont, as candidate to the State Senate.

LECTURE.—The lecture given by Maj. Gen. N. P. Banks on Thursday evening, was well attended by our citizens. It was opened by E. F. Wyer, Esq., who, after a few remarks, read the names of the officers appointed for the evening, consisting of Joseph G. Pollard, Esq., as President, and a large number of Vice Presidents and Secretaries. Mr. Pollard on taking the chair, made a few remarks, comparing the meeting with the meetings which had taken place a year ago, and concluded by introducing Gen. Banks as the speaker of the evening.

Gen. Banks on taking the floor, was loudly applauded. He commenced his remarks by saying that on the eve of an approaching election, the people were expected to be interested in, and to know something of the affairs of the nation. Everything pertaining to American affairs is of gigantic importance, from the discovery of the continent down to the present time. There had been no other republic of such importance as ours. We had fought the red man in the beginning; we had fought and defeated the British; we had fought with the empress of the seas; and lastly, we have had a social war between two sections of our own country, which had been aided and abetted, and almost waged, by foreign nations, who had so often prophesied our downfall; but in spite of all this we had come out victorious; and now the question comes up, what shall be done with these men who have fought against their country for the last four years. Should they immediately return to their former position in the government, without some guarantee of their future faithfulness; or should we govern them as a military province, by some Caesar or Alexander, who might, perhaps, pass the Rubicon of the Constitution and ruin our Government.

In affairs of a nation, or a state, there are always two things to be considered: First, What is to be done; and second, How to do it. The great question now before us is, What is to be done; and it is for the people to decide this. He placed great dependence in the President, in Senators, in Congressmen, and even in candidates for office; but it is for the people to decide the great issue which is at stake. He argued strongly in favor of negro suffrage, and regarded the action of some of the Southern States as exceedingly dangerous to our government, or, as he used the expression, it was mere "paper," which could be destroyed at any time. South Carolina would allow only certain classes of negroes to vote, or had promised to do so; but Maj. B. did not believe that in the whole State one would be allowed to vote. They were also allowed to testify in Courts of Law. This, he also, called "paper." What is the man's right to testify or plead in Court, if while he is doing so, the Judge and jury go out on their own private business?

The State of Connecticut, in voting on the question of negro suffrage, which they rejected, was merely theoretical. The matter did not concern them in the least. There were scarcely any negroes in that State. But in the South it was of vital importance. Gen. B. related an instance of a convention in Louisiana, where he had privately written to a friend to uphold the question of giving the elective franchise to the negro, but his friend had thought it so impracticable, that he did not even mention it; but before the convention dissolved, it had come before them so strongly that they almost unanimously accepted it. The oath of allegiance, which many had taken at the South, was taken for the object of recovering their property, or privileges which they had enjoyed before the rebellion, and in almost every case coming under his observation, they said that they had been forced to take it; that it had been extorted from them; and in no court of law could an oath, which was not taken willingly, be upheld. And what were we to expect from Southern men, with an allegiance like this? Elect eighty or a hundred to Congress, and in a short time they would ruin the nation's credit. We had fought for four years and had defeated them; now, if permitted, they would take a more fatal course, and ruin our nation's credit. What he would like to see was the turning of the tide in emigration Southward. Let our young men go to the South; not to take any privileges which did not of right belong to them; but to make the South loyal.

Gen. Banks said, the President must have their full support, if they wished to keep him true to the party. One President, about 25 years' ago, had been elected by one party and turned himself over to another; but the people were to blame. No sooner did he begin to waver, than conventions all over the country denounced him, and even so late as to denounce Daniel Webster and John Quincy Adams, when they told them what would be the inevitable result of their action.

The General closed his remarks, by requesting the people to guard against traitors in the guise of loyal men, and to allow no encroachments upon their liberties. He spoke for about two hours, was listened to with much attention, and received frequent bursts of applause.

The third lecture of Dr. Lord's course, on Queen Elizabeth, was delivered on Tuesday evening, to a very select and appreciating audience, larger than on the previous evenings, notwithstanding the unpropitious state of the weather. At the close of the lecture a wish was expressed that the next might be deferred on account of the expected visit of Gen. Banks on Thursday evening. To this Dr. Lord assented, saying that he would return to Woburn and give the remaining two lectures of the course as soon as existing arrangements elsewhere should be fulfilled. Mr. Cummings thought that measures should be taken to secure an audience of five or ten lectures on Dr. Lord's return, so that the community might have an opportunity to listen to performances of so much brilliancy, and so full of instruction. Similar sentiments were expressed by the Rev. Messrs. Fay and Kennard, and other gentlemen, and the result was the appointment of a committee to take the management of the business, canvass the town and secure an audience worthy of the distinguished powers and great fame of Dr. Lord. The following gentlemen comprise the committee:—The Rev. E. Fay, the Rev. J. S. Kennard, John Cummings, Jr., Esq., J. R. Kimball, Esq., and D. H. Hart, Esq. Persons who purchased tickets for the course will retain them, and be entitled to two lectures of the new course.

The President has issued a proclamation appointing the first Thursday in December a day of national thanksgiving.

JOTTINGS.—NO. 2.

The Atlantic for November opens with one of those ghost stories which we occasionally see even in these matter-of-fact days. Though told in an apparently straight-forward manner, and with an air which seems to say, "I only state the facts, and you may draw your own conclusions," it is not probable that many will be convinced that the facts did occur precisely as narrated. One remarkable circumstance about nearly all these stories of haunted houses, is that eye-witnesses of, and sufferers from, these supernatural visitations, are unwilling to come before the public themselves and tell their own story, but generally relate their mysterious adventures in strict confidence to some intermediate party, who in his turn gives it to the public; just as the reliable gentleman from Richmond, during the late war, was always too modest for his name to appear in print, and was obliged to give his "highly important information" to the public through the medium of some sympathizing and strictly veracious newspaper correspondent.

The article on the "Visible and the Invisible in Libraries," is very interesting, especially to the "book-worm." An instance occurs to us, very similar to some of those mentioned in this article, of the great value connected with certain books in virtue of their past history rather than from any inherent worth of their own. In a library in Boston, are a number of books of no great antiquity or rarity, carefully preserved in an elegant bookcase, and not to be handled by the visitor. The inquiry is at once raised by the stranger, what there is peculiar about these commonplace books to require such extreme care. But when it is known that these same volumes once occupied an honored position in that revered old mansion at Mount Vernon, and that the great mind of the "Father of his Country" was enriched from their stores; when we see the marks of his study on their pages, then we are ready to say, "Yes, keep them carefully preserved, and guard them from the vandal hands of the relic-hunter; and hand them down to posterity, that the latest generation of Americans may have the privilege of looking upon the companions, dumb yet eloquent, of Washington." One of the volumes in this collection was in the Washington family when George was a boy, and contains, in his schoolboy hand at the age of thirteen, his father's and mother's names, and his own, also various scribbles such as schoolboys will illustrate books with. There are also with these books several commissions in the Revolutionary army, signed by John Hancock as President, in that same bold, steady hand, which showed so little sign of wavering when he signed the declaration of independence, and bidding defiance by that act to all the power of Great Britain.

This distinction between the "Visible and the Invisible," it seems to us just what constitutes the difference between the successful traveller and the unsuccessful one. A man may write volumes about the "Visible," that is, what every one sees who visits the same localities or objects, but unless he has the fortunate faculty of seeing and bringing to view the "Invisible," his books will be of little interest. Karr's little volume, "A Tour around my Garden," has probably interested more readers than many a narrative of a tour through the whole of Europe has done. Any man can "travel" through his garden, but only a few can see anything there to write a book about. Any one who has been accustomed to receive the Atlantic as a transcendental affair, rather above the comprehension of "common folks," will be somewhat surprised to find in the "Letter to a Young Housekeeper," which must be from the pen of Mrs. Stowe, plain directions for making bread, for selecting meats, and—even for preparing a "savory mess" with (O! transcendentalism!) onions. But these practical directions are mixed with so much general information, and spiced with so many little "jeux d'esprit" that the article cannot fail to be a palatable dish for all the onions even to the most fastidious.

But space will not permit extended allusion to the remaining articles in the Atlantic, some of which are of perhaps more interest than these, which we have instanced merely on account of their coming first in order. The article on the Telegraph is especially valuable and contains many things which must be new to most readers. Dr. Holmes' "Forewell to Agassiz" is worthy of the "witty Doctor," and what more need be said?

Harper's Magazine for November has several articles of great interest. The "Assault on the Parapet" is thrilling, and illustrated with very fine views of mountain scenery. The account of the canvass and election which placed John Stuart Mill in Parliament gives us a very clear view of the machinery of politics in England from which it would appear that "wire-pulling" is by no means confined to our country. The election of Mill is the more interesting to us from the fact that he is an ardent friend of this country, his pamphlet on the "Contest in America" having done much to rectify the feeling towards us in England in the early part of the war. His having made the right of women to vote, one of his strong points in the canvass looks rather strangely, after so much has been said about "Woman's Rights" as an "American Institution."

"Our Young Folks" has also appeared for November, and relieved the anxiety in many young minds, (and in some older ones, perhaps) about the fate of Paul Parker, who is still alive and "winning his way."

There are several new books to which we wish to refer, but we must postpone them till our next.

Winchester, Oct. 31, 1865.

NEW FENIAN PROJECTS.—The New York Herald understands that the Fenian Senate, now in session in that city, is cogitating upon some initiatory project in the new revolutionary movement in the British empire—probably a seizure of a portion of the British American colonies in Canada or Nova Scotia, thence to inaugurate on a substantial basis the insurrection, which is not to be merely an Irish affair, but a British republican revolution, extending throughout the entire empire until an English republic is established. When the Fenians have established themselves in one of the British provinces they can fit out some Irish Alabama or Shenandoah, or say a dozen or two of them, and commence operations against British commerce on the high seas. In these matters, of course, our government is strictly neutral. It has

nothing to say upon the question, and will undoubtedly preserve that rigid system of neutrality which the government of England observed during our four years' war. Indeed, we might reply to the British government, in the words of Lord Russell, that these British republicans are seeking for their independence, while the British government is seeking for empire. We believe that there has been a large accession of United States officers of high rank and much experience in the late war, to the ranks of the Fenians—men who will no doubt bring wisdom, caution and discipline to the movement, which, in the hands of blustering orators, and selfish, inexperienced agitators, might have proved a fizzle. However, whatever new projects the Fenian revolutionists may have in view in British America or elsewhere, our government will not trouble itself about them. We presume that the precedent set by England during our rebellion, will be a sufficient guide for the action of the Fenians.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Lucius Taylor, of Woburn, in the employ of J. B. Winn & Co., broke his arm in two places on Friday of last week, in a splitting machine.

FINANCIAL ESTIMATES FOR 1866.—It is estimated at the Treasury Department that if the War Department succeeds in placing its estimates proportionately low with those of the Navy Department for the next fiscal year, that the entire expense of the government for 1866 will be about one hundred millions of dollars, exclusive of interest on the public debt, which is now one hundred and sixty-five millions of dollars. It is claimed that the internal revenue will meet the total sum of expenditure, to say nothing of the revenue to be derived from customs.

MR. EDDY.—I noticed with much pleasure in your last issue, a proposition to have a Course of Lectures on Geology, by Rev. E. B. Eddy.

Aside from the interest he throws around the science, (and he talks like a master), Mr. Eddy is a very pleasant, earnest speaker, and has a way of conveying knowledge peculiar to himself, and I hope no one with any interest in the subject, will fail to attend.

I bespeak for him a good audience.

ROCKS.

A GOOD HIT.—A correspondent of the Independent, Mr. X, being on a visit to New York recently, decided to go on Sunday morning to hear Rev. Dr. Chapin. To his regret, on arriving at the church, he found not that eminent divine, but a stranger, who preached eloquently from the text, "But Simon's wife's mother lay sick of a fever." X, thought he would go to Plymouth Church in the afternoon, to hear Mr. Beecher. There he found the same stranger in the pulpit, and again he listened to the expounding of the text, "But Simon's wife's mother lay sick of a fever." Somewhat vexed at his ill success, X, having liberal views, went in the evening to Dr. Osgood's church. What was his astonishment at being compelled to listen again to the now familiar sermon, from the same clergyman. Having occasion next morning to cross the ferry, X discovered his next neighbor to be the strange preacher, with his sermon under his arm. "I wonder what that ringing can be?" suggested the stranger modestly, as a peal of bells was heard from the opposite shore. "I suspect," returned X, savagely, eyeing the manuscript, "that Simon's wife's mother must be dead. I heard in several places yesterday that she was very dangerously ill." The rest of the voyage passed without incident or conversation.

The recent order of the government in reference to the Veteran Reserve Corps gives to each man the right of declaring whether he desires to continue in the service. Those who say they do not are at once mustered out, and those who say they do are retained for the future action of Congress upon the Corps. This arrangement is of a perfectly satisfactory character, and we doubt not that both the officers and men of this corps will be generously dealt with by government.

It is urged by many of our naval commanders—the conviction forced on them by their experience in the late war—that some suitable point should be selected where a fleet of naval vessels should be assembled for practice and instruction, fleet manœuvres, practice at marks while in motion, &c. This system has been in use in all the European navies for years past, and has been viewed as one of the most salutary schools for the acquisition of naval instruction extant. It is urged that many of our naval officers grow inactive for the very want of something to do.

The steamer from Europe brings us the death of Lord Palmerston, the Prime Minister of England. He was over eighty years of age, has been in Parliament for more than sixty years, and during much of that time has held office. His death at this time is a great loss to England.

The wretch, Wirz, it is said, has been condemned, and he will probably suffer the extreme penalty of the law, which he richly deserves.

Edwin L. Shed, well known as a Deputy Sheriff in Middlesex county for many years, died in Lowell, on Monday, of paralysis.

The Georgia State Convention has abolished slavery, with a reservation in regard to future claim for compensation. The President has made a communication to the Convention, making the repudiation of the rebel debt, a test of loyalty.

The New Bedford Mercury thinks the people of Boston ought to petition the Governor to give State Constable King the title of *provo-King*.

Jeff. Davis and Clement C. Clay are now the only state prisoners at Fortress Monroe.

You cannot tell by the looks of a toad how far he can jump.

If families could be induced to substitute the apple—sound, ripe, and luscious—for the pies, cakes, and candies and other sweet meats with which their children are to often indelicately stuffed, there would be a diminution in the sum total of doctor's bills in a single year sufficient to lay in a stock of this delicious fruit for a whole season.

The Rev. E. D. Eddy's Geological Lectures, will be delivered in the vestry of the Unitarian Church. The first lecture will be on Tuesday evening next.

WINCHESTER.

ANNUAL ELECTION.—The near approach of our annual election is unrelieved by the usual signs of such an occasion, nor would a stranger suppose that we were on the eve of an important election. This is owing of course, to the general concurrence in the expected result of the coming election. It is, however, in such cases where an apathy prevails in the community, that there is danger to be feared lest some unworthy or incompetent man should thereby get into office. The avoidance of the primary political meetings by many of the best citizens has allowed many more political tricksters to get themselves or friends nominated to office.

When the citizen goes up to the polls to deposit his ballot, he takes the party ticket and puts it in the box, without perhaps knowing but very little, if anything of the candidates. As the representative of his political views, he does not feel willing to vote for the opposing candidate, and as a virtue of necessity he votes a clean ticket. The importance of every citizen in all localities attending the primary meetings where the selection of delegates or candidates is to be made, has been frequently urged upon them. Not only in the selection but in the election of public officers, should every citizen do his duty, no matter if there is no question as to the result. Every vote counts, and the majorities which are given to the successful candidates adds a power to the vote, especially where there is a principle involved in the matter. It is also gratifying to elected officers to receive a large vote from the party.

In this town their school town meeting held at 3-1-2 o'clock, P. M., on Tuesday next, at which the subject of a new High School House will come up for consideration. As this is a matter which concerns all, it is to be hoped that there will be a large attendance, so that there may be a full vote upon this as well as for the various public officers.

SINGING SCHOOL.—An effort is being made to start a Singing School, which shall afford amusement as well as instruction during the winter season. It is designed to be an old-fashioned Singing School which were very popular in the days of "and lang syne." There seems to be an opportunity for one, and our young folks will doubtless encourage it by their presence and support.

EXCELISOR.

READING.—The "Young Folks," who for some time past have been under the instruction of Mr. J. F. Bowditch, recently gave two Concerts in Lyceum Hall, which were very creditable to them, and they were well received by large audiences. The receipts of the first evening were given to the children of deceased soldiers. The children sang finely and afforded good evidence that much care and labor had been bestowed upon them by Mr. Bancroft. The principal piece performed was the "Indian Summer."

Mr. Conant, who, a short time since, presented the Baptist Society with a Cabinet Organ, was the recipient of a silver goblet on Monday evening last, by the Baptist Sabbath School. Mr. C. devotes no little time and care to advance their interests, and the children seem much attached to him.

England appears somewhat uneasy because our government press upon them its just claims for damages done our commerce during the war; and so she files in a big bill for losses sustained by her in consequence of the blockade of the Southern ports, to keep her piratical craft from our harbors. Don't laugh! John Bull is keen.

LENO.

FEELINGS AND ACTIONS.—We once heard of a blunt old fellow who sometimes hit the nail on the head exactly. On one occasion, in a company where he was, a person present praised a certain man for his "good feelings." Everybody joined, and said the man was possessed of excellent feelings. "What has he done?" asked our old genius. "Oh! in every thing he is a man of fine benevolent feelings," was the reply. "What has he done?" cried the old fellow again. By this time the company thought it necessary to show some of their favorite doings. They began to cast about in their minds; but the old man still shouted, "What has he done?" They owned that they could not name any thing in particular. "Yes," answered the cynic, "you say that the man has good feelings. Now, gentlemen, let me tell you that there are people in this world who get a good name simply on account of their feelings. You can't tell one generous action that they ever performed in their lives, but they can look and talk most benevolently. I know a man in this town that you would all call a surly, rough, unamiable creature; and yet he has done more acts of kindness than all you put together. You may judge people's actions by their feelings, but I judge their feelings by their actions."

Married.—In Woburn, 1st inst., by the Rev. J. C. Bodwell, Mr. Cyrus B. Richardson and Miss Lucy A., eldest daughter of the Rev. Mr. Bodwell.

In Stoughton, Oct. 26, by Rev. S. Byington, Mr. Ira Hay, to Mrs. Sarah Mulliken, all of Stoughton.

Died.—In Woburn, 30th inst., Miss Helen Martin, daughter of Thomas and Mary Ann Snow of Boston, 36 years.

In East Woburn, Oct. 27th, Mr. Dudley Nason, aged 45 years. (Formerly of Co. F, 22d Mass. Reg.)

In Stoughton, 24th ult., of congestion of the brain, Eddie P. Carrier, youngest son of Simon P. and Virginia Carrier, 4 years, 9 mos.

In Reading, Oct. 26, John H., son of Sumner and Electa Weston, 29 years.

In South Reading, Oct. 27, Mr. Joseph K. Richardson, 45 years.

In Winchester, Oct. 22, Elwood Osborn, only child of Oliver J. and Abbie L. Locke, 2 years, 7 months, 10 days.

In Washington, D. C., Oct. 26th, of pneumonia, Elmina Wadley, wife of John B. Richards, and daughter of John Saunders, aged 24 years.

A SHORT SERMON.—Perhaps the shortest sermon on record was once preached by the late Irish Dean Kirwin. He was pressed, while suffering from a severe cold, to preach a charity sermon in St. Peter's church, Dublin, for the benefit of the orphan children of the parish school. The church was crowded to suffocation, and the good Dean, on mounting the pulpit and announcing his text, pointed with his hand to the children in this aisle, and simply said, "There they are." The collection on the occasion exceeded all belief.

A punctual man is very rarely a poor man, and never a man of doubtful credit. His small accounts are frequently settled, and he never meets with difficulties in raising money to pay large demands. Small debts neglected ruin credit, and when a man has lost that he will find himself at the bottom of a hill he cannot ascend.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The members of the Congregational Church and Society, of Woburn, hereby tender their grateful acknowledgments to the "Woburn Friends," for generous contributions to the Fair, held the present week in town, for the procuring of funds to furnish our Church, now being built.

For the noble sum of nearly 160 dollars (the avails of the "Woburn Table" at that Fair), we present our cordial thanks.

Whilst all gave with such willing liberality, Mr. C. Gage, for a donation of a good and full suit of clothing, merits special thanks.

May these kind expressions of good will strengthen the bonds of a true friendship, and our friends find the truth of the promise, "The liberal soul shall be made fat."

Woburn, Nov. 2, 1865.

WANTED.—A TENEMENT,
A TENEMENT of about 5 or 6 rooms, for a small family, near the depot. Apply at this office. The best references given and required.
Oct 28—4f

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,
REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE, Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases.

Singers and Public Speakers
will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the "Boschall" imitations that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 25 cents per box. Oct 28—6m

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!
SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!
Wheaton's Ointment
Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all Eruptions of the SKIN. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending 90 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington Street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. Oct 28—1y

The Horrors of Indigestion.
You complain of your stomach, unfortunate dyspeptic; but ought not your stomach to complain of you? Possibly the pangs you endure are simply the stomach's method of taking revenge upon you for neglecting and abusing it. It never stops to inform you of its condition, but on the other hand are continually cramping it with unwholesome and incongruous food. Have you ever tried HOPKINS'S STOMACH BITTERS, a proper diet, and regular meals? The Bitters in a week put your digestive apparatus in perfect order, regulate the flow of bile in accordance with the laws of health, and produce just so much of the acid secretion as was necessary for your good; and when you were once all right, judicious and regular dieting, with a little of the Tonic now and then, would keep you so. If you have neglected these means of cure, do not blame your stomach for its rebellion. It is merely nature's hint that she wants help. If you neglect it, the next thing you know you have nervousness, headache, or some other violent and dangerous disease. There is such a thing as being too fat in these matters. HOPKINS'S BITTERS will cure Dyspepsia; but Dyspepsia may engender diseases which defy all restoratives. Oct 28—1m

Smolander's Extract Buckle
Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of diseases of the Stomach and Kidneys, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsies, Chronic Gonorrhea and Catarrhs of the Bladder. For those suffering from the effects of excesses of any kind, it is perfectly invaluable. For Female Complaints, it is a priceless remedy. It never fails to effect a cure. It is the BEST and CHEAPEST preparation of Buckle offered to the public. Price One Dollar per bottle. For sale by all Apothecaries.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists,
80 Hanover St., Boston, General Agents. Sept 9—3m

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!
Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow, and smooth face or chin, or hair on the head, in six weeks. Price \$1.00—3 packages for \$2.00. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of the Address, WARE & CO., Box 138 Brooklyn, N. Y. April 5—1y

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs.
Forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$80.00 to \$600.00 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. Sept 9—1y

Boys' Ready-Made Overalls.—\$3.00, 35, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 1.00, 1.10, 1.20, 1.30, 1.40, 1.50, 1.60, 1.70, 1.80, 1.90, 2.00, 2.10, 2.20, 2.30, 2.40, 2.50, 2.60, 2.70, 2.80, 2.90, 3.00, 3.10, 3.20, 3.30, 3.40, 3.50, 3.60, 3.70, 3.80, 3.90, 4.00, 4.10, 4.20, 4.30, 4.40, 4.50, 4.60, 4.70, 4.80, 4.90, 5.00, 5.10, 5.20, 5.30, 5.40, 5.50, 5.60, 5.70, 5.80, 5.90, 6.00, 6.10, 6.20, 6.30, 6.40, 6.50, 6.60, 6.70, 6.80, 6.90, 7.00, 7.10, 7.20, 7.30, 7.40, 7.50, 7.60, 7.70, 7.80, 7.90, 8.00, 8.10, 8.20, 8.30, 8.40, 8.50, 8.60, 8.70, 8.80, 8.90, 9.00, 9.10, 9.20, 9.30, 9.40, 9.50, 9.60, 9.70, 9.80, 9.90, 10.00, 10.10, 10.20, 10.30, 10.40, 10.50, 10.60, 10.70, 10.80, 10.90, 11.00, 11.10, 11.20, 11.30, 11.40, 11.50, 11.60, 11.70, 11.80, 11.90, 12.00, 12.10, 12.20, 12.30, 12.40, 12.50, 12.60, 12.70, 12.80, 12.90, 13.00, 13.10, 13.20, 13.30, 13.40, 13.50, 13.60, 13.70, 13.80, 13.90, 14.00, 14.10, 14.20, 14.30, 14.40, 14.50, 14.60, 14.70, 14.80, 14.90, 15.00, 15.10, 15.20, 15.30, 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GENERAL—LY GRANT—ED,
THAT THE UNDERSIGNED
Having enlarged their store and increased
their Stock of

GOODS,
now offer to the people of Woburn and
vicinity, a good assortment of

**Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
Spectacles and Fancy Goods,
Cake and Card Baskets,
Castors,
Silver and Plated Forks,
Spoons,
Fruit Knives, and
Napkin Rings,
Ladies and Gents. Wallets,
Pocket Knives,
Combs and Brushes,
Razors and Strops,
A fine assortment of Ladies'
Dress Combs.**

SILVER COIN,
Made into
PINS,
EAR RINGS, and
SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully
repaired.
CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,
Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully
repaired.
ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-
ecuted.

P. S.—All the above work is done by
us, and will be done cheaper here than in
Boston.

Gold and Silver bought and taken in
exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE,
Next to the Post Office.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

Diarrhoea
All medical men and the press recommend DR.
STRIKLAND'S PILE REMEDY as the only certain
remedy for Diarrhoea and Dysentery. It is a
combination of Astringents, Stimulants, and
Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a
permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure. For sale by all druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
sept 2-6m

Pile Remedy
DR. STRIKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured
thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding
Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a
permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure. For sale by all druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
sept 2-6m

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.
THE celebrated DR. DOW continues to devote his
entire time to the treatment of all diseases in-
cidental to the female system. An experience of twenty-
three years enables him to guarantee speedy and
permanent relief in the most cases of *Nervousness*
and all other *Menstrual Derangements*, from *what-*
ever cause. All letters for advice must contain \$1.
Office, No. 2 Endicott street, Boston.
N. B.—Board furnished to those who wish to re-
main under treatment.
Boston, June 25, 1865. ly

MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLICAL WORK. Of every one his own
Doctor—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons or those about to marry, both Male and Female,
in everything concerning the physiology and rela-
tions of our Sexual System, and the Production of
Prevention of Offspring, including all the new dis-
coveries never before given in the English language,
by Wm. YOUNG, M.D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain lan-
guage for the general reader, and is illustrated with
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least impediment to married life,
should read this book. It is a book that every
one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book
that must be looked up, and not lie about the house.
It will be sent to any one on the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address Dr. Wm. YOUNG, No. 416 SPRUCE
ST., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sept 2-6m

FRUIT TREES.
GRAPE VINES, SMALL FRUITS,
ROSES, SHRUBS, CLIMBING
VINES, BULBOSUS ROOTS, &c.,
FOR PLANTING.
A COMPLETE AND EXTENSIVE ASSORT-
ment of superior stock, described by our New
Catalogue, (mailed on receipt of stamp), and re-
presented by a sample stock daily received
from reliable Nurseries, and offered for sale at our
salesroom, basement of Nos. 28 and 30 Water street,
corner of Devonshire street, Boston. Call and ex-
amine, or write us, if you intend to plant.
B. T. WELLS & CO.
NURSERY AGENTS, Office No. 7 Water Street.
oct 7-6w

GET Hovey's
HAIR
BALM,
AT
C. S. ADKINS'

LIFE INSURANCE.

A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and
safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
family. The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., with
an accumulation of over \$8,000,000. Proved to be
the best by the highest authority in existence, viz:
The latest Insurance Commissioners' Report yet
published. Dividends 50 per cent. annually.
This Co. issues *bona fide* non-forfeiting Policies,
payable in 10, 15, 20, or 30 annual payments. Divi-
dends continue *during life*, annually. Policies paid
in life time or at death. Parties wishing Insurance
are invited to call and examine Commissioners' Re-
port, &c.
SPARROW HORTON, Agent,
at "Woburn Bookstore."

TO THE PEOPLE OF
WOBBURN.

FRANK B. DODGE
DESIRE to return his sincere thanks to the peo-
ple of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal pa-
tronnage during the last eight years; and by prompt
attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance
of the same.
He has recently

Refitted and Enlarged his
STORE,

and has just received,

From New York and Boston,
a large addition to his stock of

**WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,**

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

**WATCHES,
CLOCKS,**

**Fine Silver and
Plated Ware—**

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-
ers, Spoon Holders, Children's
Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,
Ladies, Butter and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS

Jewelry Store!

Every article warranted to be as
represented.

FINE WATCHES

REPAIRED & WARRANTED.

ALL KINDS OF

CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE
SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER taken in
exchange.

Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,
EYE-GLASSES, &c.

LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved
free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge,
OPPOSITE THE WOBURN BANK.

**W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER.**
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston.
No. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.
WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
aug 19-1y*

**A. H. COWDREY, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon.**
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of STONEHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29

**SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M.D.
Physician and Surgeon.**
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
Woburn, Mass.
July 8, 1865. 6m*

**EPHRAIM CUTTER, M.D.,
Physician and Surgeon.**
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

**Wm. Symington Brown, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon.**
(Near the Town Hall)
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept 2-6m

**DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.**
Cor. Wynn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

**CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN**
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,
Bank Block, Woburn

**A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW**
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

**A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESSE MAKER,
AND DEALER IN**
Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central House, Woburn.

**G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,**
New Bank Building, Woburn.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the public, that he is now located in his new
store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and dispatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit

Particular attention paid to making
Boys' Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and
most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the
season, which will be made up to order at the most
reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
on hand.

**Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE**

"Insurance Agent."
BONDSMAN. Bounty. Back Pay a d
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for £1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND.
Office at "WOBURN BOOKSTORE."
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865. ly

**HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.**
OFFICE: 4 WADSWORTH'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

J. G. CHAPMAN
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the es-
tablishment lately occupied by A. L. WHEELER, in
OAKLEY COURT, where he will carry on the business
of **PAINTING &c.**
In its various branches.
Woburn, July 29, 1865.—6m

**WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.**

**FRANK B. DODGE, Practical
Watchmaker.** Also dealer in CLOCKS,
WATCHES, GOLD
CHAINS, LOCKETS,
JEWELRY, SPECTA-
CLES, Fine Silver Plated

Ware, "plated on genuine Albata." Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
ters, &c.
Engraving to order.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on
hand.

AGENT FOR
Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

**COLTSFOOT ROCK,
A POPULAR**

ENGLISH COUGH REMEDY,
is selling rapidly at Brigham's 5 Wade's Block.

BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

PERFUMERY.
LUBINS, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
PHALONS, and EDDREDUS'
Popular Extracts for the hands. Thirty
different odors. For sale by
sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.

**WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE WORKS.**
THE subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Warehouses, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.

**A. SCOTT & CO
R. PICKERING, Agent.**
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864—21-y.

**L. H. ALLEN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER.**
FURNISHES at his Ware-room, four doors
north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and
qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood,
and Pine coffins, of every size and price. Plates of
various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles.
Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Maslin, and
Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at
the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the
lowest living prices.

He likewise now offers to the public his
new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manu-
factured expressly to his order, and which he will
furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual
price.

He likewise offers the new invention for pre-
serving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air
alone, without the direct application of ice, which
is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved
by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any mo-
ment the features of the departed, and the corpse
will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.
The subscriber would take this opportunity to re-
turn his thanks for the liberal patronage he has
hitherto received, and hopes with his new im-
provements to continue to give his customers the
highest satisfaction.

All orders answered with promptness, and Coff-
ins delivered within ten miles free of expense.
L. H. ALLEN.
Woburn Centre, July 29, 1865.

NOTICE.
THE citizens of Stoneham and vicinity,
will always find at Dr. Horace Goodrich's
STORE,
a fresh supply of pure Drugs and Medicines, Per-
fumery and Fancy Goods, Letter, Cap, and Note
Paper, Pens, Pencils, Superior Ink, and all other
articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians'
prescriptions carefully compounded.
No imitations or adulterations will be war-
ranted, and sold at the lowest cash prices.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. ly

REMOVAL.
COAL, WOOD, &c.

THE subscriber informs the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity, that he has removed
his Counting Room to the yard formerly oc-
cupied by the Haywards, just below the Railroad
Depot, where he will continue the Coal Business,
and his branches, as heretofore. He trusts, by
giving strict attention to business, and always
keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL,
WOOD, &c., to receive that generous share of
public patronage which has heretofore been ac-
crued to him.

LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
JOS. B. McDONALD.
Woburn Jan. 7, 1865.

MEAT AND VEGETABLE
MARKET.

The subscriber, thankful for past
liberal patronage, informs the public that he
is still to be found at the old stand, on
Main street, formerly occupied by Hiram
Whitford, where he will keep constantly
on hand and for sale, at low prices, a
choice assortment of all kinds of

Fresh and salt Meats.
Fish, smoked and pickled.
Sausages, common and Bologna.
Butter,
Cheese,
Eggs,
Beans,

And a good variety of all the leading
Vegetables for the table. Also, Fruit,
of all kinds.

Every effort will be made to de-
serve and secure the patronage of the
public.

F. A. HARTWELL.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

C. S. ADKINS,
DEALER IN
**BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
Confectionery, &c. &c.**

WOULD respectfully call the attention
of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a
good assortment of

Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink,
Said, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and
all articles usually found
in a Stationery
Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
CONFECTIONERY of all kinds, and
of the best quality.

Also, Hovey's Hair Balm, one of the best
preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

**OPPOSITE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.**

THE GREAT NEW ENGLAND REMEDY
DR. J. W. POLAND'S

WHITE PINE COMPOUND
Is now offered to the afflicted throughout the coun-
try, after having been proved by the test of eleven
years to be a reliable remedy for Asthma, who-
ever has become so well known as the tree from which,
in part, it derives its virtues.

THE WHITE PINE COMPOUND CURES
Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diphtheria, Bronchitis,
Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections gener-
ally. It is a reliable remedy for Asthma,
Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Void-
ing Urine, Bleeding from the Kid-
neys, and Rheumatism, Gravel, and
other complaints.

FOR PILES AND SCURVY IT WILL BE FOUND VERY VALUABLE.
Give it a trial if you would learn the value of a
good and tried Medicine. It is pleasant, safe and
sure.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine generally.
GEORGE W. SWETT, M.D. Proprietor.
Woburn, MASS.
July 29-6m

**JOB PRINTING NEATLY EX-
ECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.**

**HUNNEWELL'S TOLU ANO-
DYNE.**
The real necessity of this splendid preparation
has been met. To have a true and natural
Opium for all cases of Loss of Sleep, and Nervous
Debility, and Anti-spasmodic for all Neuralgia,
Rheumatism, Gout, Hysteria, Paralytic, and St-
Vitus Dance cases as an inward application, with-
out producing any of the horrid or deadly effects of
the shortest notice. Every thing furnished at the
lowest living prices.

No ingenuity or artifice is required to make
this new and elegant HEARSE, which has been manu-
factured expressly to his order, and which he will
furnish with one or a pair of horses, at the usual
price.

He likewise offers the new invention for pre-
serving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air
alone, without the direct application of ice, which
is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved
by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any mo-
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The subscriber would take this opportunity to re-
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Woburn Centre, July 29, 1865.

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LIME, HAIR AND CEMENT
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Woburn Jan. 7, 1865.

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Fresh and salt Meats.
Fish, smoked and pickled.
Sausages, common and Bologna.
Butter,
Cheese,
Eggs,
Beans,

And a good variety of all the leading
Vegetables for the table. Also, Fruit,
of all kinds.

Every effort will be made to de-
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public.

F. A. HARTWELL.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

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DEALER IN
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Confectionery, &c. &c.**

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Said, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and
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Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
CONFECTIONERY of all kinds, and
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Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine generally.
GEORGE W. SWETT, M.D. Proprietor.
Woburn, MASS.
July 29-6m

**JOB PRINTING NEATLY EX-
ECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.**

**HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.**
A Positive and Specific Remedy for Diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.
This medicine increases the powers of digestion, and
excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the
watery or calcareous depositions, and all muscular en-
largements are removed, as well as pain and inflammation,
and is good for men, women and children.

Indigestion to Excretion, Loss of Power,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wasteblood,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Face,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions of the Legs,
Universal Lassitude, Pains in the Limbs.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medi-
cine invariably removes, soon follow—
FATIGUE, EPILEPTIC FITS, &c.,
In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say
they are not frequently followed by those "dreadful dis-
eases."

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?
Many are aware of the cause of its suffering, but none
will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the
melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to
the truth of the assertion.

The constitution, once affected by organic weakness,
requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate
the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU
favorably does. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

DR. CARSWELL & HUNTER, regularly
attended, highly educated and successful physi-
cians, for over twenty years, need hardly speak of
their medical qualifications, or commend themselves
to class them with a set of uneducated men
who fill the papers with their boasting advertise-
ments. Dr. C. & H., caution the public against
quackery in all its forms, pretending, as some self-
styled Doctors, to cure all the most difficult and
chronic diseases, without knowledge of the human
system, or of the modus operandi of the most
simple drugs.

Dr. C. & H., since 1849, having confined their
whole attention to an office practice for the cure of
Private Diseases and Female Complaints, they ac-
knowledge no superiors.
CONSTITUTIONAL DEBILITY OR SEMINAL
WEAKNESS.

Dr. C. & H., are pre-eminently successful in the
treatment of the above most difficult and perplex-
ing of all diseases, this complaint being the result
of a secret habit in youth, if neglected or improp-
erly treated, it proves one of the greatest evils
that can befall a human being. Dr. C. & H. have given
particular attention to the above disease for years,
and so thoroughly have become acquainted with
pathology and treatment that he will warrant a
perfect cure under forfeiture of \$500; in fact he
will in the cure of this complaint acknowledge no
superior in this country, or even in the most cele-
brated of the Old Stand, where you will in a short time
be made to rejoice in perfect health.

SPYLLITIC AND SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS—
such as Eczema and Caries of the throat and nose,
running sores on the legs and arms, Herpes, Acne,
and Scaly Eruptions on the head, back, etc., pain-
ing in the bones and joints, and all other forms of
chronic diseases, are made to yield to the treatment
of Dr. C. & H.'s improved and successful course of
treatment.

The primary or first symptoms of disease
whether a simple running, or small pustules, can-
cers, or ulcers, are cured in a very few days, if im-
mediate application is made to Dr. C. & H.
Dr. C. & H. are pre-eminently successful in the
selection of a physician, lest they be deceived by false
advertisements.

Ladies troubled with irregularity, weakness,
whites, and other complaints peculiar to the fe-
male system, will find a speedy cure by calling at
above. No mercury used, and no charge for advice.
The afflicted are invited to give us a call.

25 YEARS EXPERIENCE enables DR. C.
CARSWELL & HUNTER to cure any disease of a
private nature in a shorter space of time and for
a smaller amount of money than any other
doctors in this country and they also treat all fe-
male complaints with perfect success, and on the
most satisfactory terms. Patients furnished with
board if desired. Please give us a call at our
office, No. 13 Endicott st., Boston, Mass.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.
And it is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases
for which it is recommended.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU</

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XV.: No. 7.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1865.

(TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS)


**THE GREAT
German Heilmittel.**
WILL POSITIVELY CURE
**CATARRH,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS,
AND THE FIRST STAGES OF
CONSUMPTION.**
IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR
DIPHTHERIA.

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physician of fifteen years' experience, and an extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmonary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus curing thousands who, in vain, have exhausted every other means to obtain relief. A few of the many certificates of cures in the possession of the Doctor are here annexed, which the reader is desired to peruse. They are not certificates of the dead, or names of those who never existed, but parties well known in Boston and vicinity.

TO THE PUBLIC.—My wife, having been afflicted with catarrh for years, attended latterly with a bad cough, having used many remedies and tried the treatment of several of our best medical men without success, I was induced by my friends to try the Great German Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and now she is radically cured. With the cure of the catarrh, all the symptoms attending this disagreeable disease, such as discharges from the nose and dropping into the throat, hawking, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would not be without this invaluable remedy, and advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds, or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find it a cure.
J. H. SILSBY.
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, formerly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an obstinate cough with which my family and myself have been troubled, and, in spite of our efforts, could not get cured. The cure was effected in the remarkably short time of two days.

My neighbor, Mrs. Merrill, had a child who was suffering with a cough, and bleeding from the lungs, and to them, also, I gave part of a bottle. She reports a perfect cure of her child by this remarkable remedy, the Great German Heilmittel.

THEODORE COLLAMORE.
Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or more with a bad cough. Having lost my husband with consumption, was consequently fearful of losing my child by the same disease. My friends and physicians who saw my child, pronounced it already consumption. Although somewhat discouraged by these counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I am happy to state that I was successful by the use of the German Heilmittel. My son's cough disappeared, his general health improved, and gained strength, and subsequently was radically cured, and has remained so for the last two years, not even having the cough return.
MRS. J. L. LANG,
No. 10 Bedford street, Boston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great German Heilmittel, I should have certainly been dead long ago. All that ever cured my catarrh and saved me from consumption, I owe to this invaluable remedy.

ROBERT WRIGHT.
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me of a severe cough which almost run me into consumption—thanks to the Heilmittel—I am now perfectly well.

WM. B. FISKE.
24th St. N. Y.

My wife has suffered with catarrh and bronchitis for years. About a year ago last winter, she was completely run down in strength, and my physician pronounced her consumption. Being anxious to do all that could be done for her, I bought a bottle of the German Heilmittel. By the use of the very first bottle, my wife began to improve, and after using but six bottles of it, entirely recovered her health. I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy, and deem it my duty to recommend it to all who are suffering with these, the slightest cold or cough.

BEN S. NASH.
Wrentham, Mass.

Having used the great German Heilmittel in my family, and prescribed it in my practice, with the very best of success in the treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, I can but recommend it to the public as a safe and speedy cure for the above named diseases.
J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D.
Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distressing cough, with perfect success, and can but recommend it to the public as the best remedy for the above mentioned complaint.
NEWELL TOWLE.
Riding Academy, 415 Washington St. Boston.

**The Great German Heilmittel
Is for Sale by all Druggists.**
**PRICE PER BOTTLE
\$2.00.**
WEEKS & POTTER,
No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.
General Agents.
For sale in Woburn by
William C. Brigham.

HOW JENNIE SAVED HER HUSBAND.

Jennie Mackentyre was a woman remarkable for two important qualities not often found united in either sex; or if found are not often exerted as will be found in this instance. Mrs. Mackentyre exerted hers. These qualities are unconquerable will, and a summerlike sunshine of good nature. A very short acquaintance would convince one that Mrs. M. was a person who understood her woman's rights, and that, she being ready to give others theirs, would never yield her own.

Erastus Mackentyre, her husband, was like her in these respects. He possessed strong and great good nature; he also possessed strong common sense, of that rarest of all qualities. He was at the time of which I speak an agent in the employ of Wayne & Co., a New York exporting firm in the village of G—. His wife kept a few female boarders who had rooms in the house, of whom my informant was one.

Mackentyre's business (the purchase of produce) had led to a habit still common with that calling in the Western villages of this State, of adjoining with his produce patrons to the saloon after delivering their loads, to warm up, or liquor. It was against his inclinations, but he had to go to, or commit a breach of business etiquette, and offend some of his customers whom he could not lose. In obedience to this caprice of custom he drank a little at a time, it is true, but often, till the Fall rush of business came, and competition rendered the appliance of every art of the agent to secure, as he thought, his share for his employer necessary. The frequent sipping now produced its effects, plainly apparent to Mrs. M. and her family of boarders, yet nothing was said till one day, the finest of that autumn, produce had been unusually brisk. Miss B. said, that a little past the time of tea, while we were sitting by waiting for the head to come in, he came, but the worse for drink—he did not stagger; he was only disguised. His wife saw his condition; she said that if Erastus should ever take to drink she would take the cure into her own hands; this was her chance to preach temperance.

The table was ready for evening tea when M. came in, yet his coming delayed it. Mrs. M. continued to move about in her good-natured, quiet way, as usual, giving directions to her help, seeming not quite ready. Removing his chair from the head of the table to another room and stepping to the foot, she said:

"Come, ladies, we will not wait for Erastus; he is probably detained by a press of work which this fine day has brought him. My husband can eat when he comes just as well."

This was said in a tone and manner that made it appear real. We started, looked at each other, then at Mrs. M., then at M., who sat on the sofa, rolling his great eyes from which stupefying drink had driven nymphs of humor and wit, upon his wife, one hand feeling his beard, the other trying to find a button, or some place to hide in his coat pocket.

"Ain't I your husband?" he said.
"You my husband? No! I married Erastus Mackentyre; he is a gentleman and an agent. You are Whiskey Jake. Old Snell's the saloon-keepers stool penguin. My husband, indeed! Come, ladies, don't let this intruder spoil our tea."

M. caught his hat and rushed out. Mrs. M. called after him.

"If you see my husband, Jake, tell him to come home as soon as he can leave."

His foot caught in the rug, and he made a false step, the first and last from such a cause.

"Jenny," said he to his wife next morning, "you are a trump. You have saved me. But how did you carry the thing out so well? Did you know you came near upsetting what reason yesterday's work left upon its throne? You see I had an unusual run, and you know what the custom is here, of purchasers drinking clinkies with their patrons. I had drunk too much, I knew, but I felt sure competent to conceal it until I came into the dining-room. Once free from the excitement of business, and seated quietly in my own room, I confess I was not myself. But until you spoke, I felt secure that my secret was undiscovered. Your practical joke finished me, and when you denied my identity, you always so truthful and just, the reality of my metamorphosis was complete. I felt that I was not I; that some infernal Hecate had transformed me into the wretch you took me to be. Feeling my beard, and finding my pocket-book as I had put it when I left the office, did not convince me of my personality. I went into the street. I did not stagger, but the horrid impression hung to me that I was not myself. I went to the office. All there was as I had left it. I opened the blotter, then the minutes of my last purchase. Still I did not feel satisfied. I went to the glass. That would tell the truth. The face was mine and the clothes, but the face—sure enough, were like Whiskey Jake's; the open mouth was some like his, only not so large, and lips thinner. There was the same blank horror in the face, and this completely paralyzed what sense I had left. With my hat in my hand I walked over to the office of my friend, Dr. Stebbins. I had barely entered when he spoke."

"Why, Mackentyre, what ails you? Are you sick?"

"I don't know—I wish you would tell me. Am I myself or somebody else?"

"Why, man," said the doctor, "you have had a driving business to-day, and you are a little fuddled. I'll put you all right, so that you can go home to your tea in five minutes."

"He gave me a drug, and I was myself again, sure enough, but being ashamed to come home I stayed at the hotel."

"But, Jenny, you will never have to put in practice your powers as a temperance lecturer on me again. I signed the pledge early this morning, and have written to Wayne & Co. to get another agent if they require me to clinch my contract by drinking rum."

Mackentyre was not required to give up his place till a year after. He then left it to take his place as a business partner in the wealthy firm of Wayne & Co., and his wife is now mistress of one of the finest marble-front mansions of the Empire City.

I HAN'T A MOTHER LIKE THE REST.

The weather had been unusually mild for two or three days before Christmas, so that the ice on the big pond was rotten; but Harry thought he could brave it; it would be a pity not to enjoy the fun now, with so many admiring eyes fixed upon him! He made a bold dash—his little figure, upright and graceful, was balanced upon the ice. Then there was a crash. The ice gave way; and with a loud cry, Harry disappeared beneath it. The group at the window seemed for a moment paralyzed with horror. Then several voices exclaimed,—

"He's under the water!—father, father, Harry's under the ice!"

Every particle of color had gone from Farmer May's face. He trembled and threw up his hands wildly. "Oh, help!" he cried. "My boy—my boy! I can't swim!"

"But I can," shouted a voice; "I can swim and I'll save him!" and dashing past the weeping mother, Joseph Craig plunged in the freezing water.

How they watched him, breathless and excited. How they shuddered when they saw him grasp once, twice, at a dark object under the water, and then rise, his face gashed and bleeding from contact with the ugly ice corners. He was some way out, but, breasting the ice, he swam slowly and with difficulty to the bank, with one arm holding up poor Harry.

"Thank God!" cried the happy parent, folding him in his arms. They bore him to the roaring fire in the sitting-room, and rubbed him until he opened his eyes. Very soon he was able to sit up.

And where was Joseph? Sitting on the kitchen floor, squeezing his wet clothes, and rubbing the great painful gashes on his arms and face, from which the blood was still streaming.

"Joseph!" it was Farmer May's voice, unusually soft and tender. Before he was aware the poor apprentice had felt a strong arm round him, and in a moment found himself sitting beside Harry, with great tears rolling down the grateful boy's cheeks.

"If there's anything you wish for now, Joseph," said the farmer; "anything you'd like to have, just name it, my boy. You have saved us many a year of sorrow, and given us cause to remember this Christmas before all others."

Joseph tried to gulp down the sob rising in his throat; sobs of joy they were. "Only be kind to me, sir," he said at length; "could you drop a kind word to the world? I never see one of these sons, but my thoughts go back to the home of their childhood; and I can hardly keep my eyes from filling with tears as I think of that mother. How many men start upon the stage of life, and feel they are great, and are filling great spheres of usefulness, who are really dwarfs in comparison with such a character. When that mother went down to the very brink of the grave, that she might bring up life, as her children were born, could you drop a kind word to the world? I never see one of these sons, but my thoughts go back to the home of their childhood; and I can hardly keep my eyes from filling with tears as I think of that mother. 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SPECIAL NOTICES.

A WORD ABOUT THE COAL LEAGUE.

Mr. Editor:—Through the medium of your valuable paper, we wish to make a few statements, to correct, as far as possible, a wrong impression which has been made on the mind of the public, in regard to some of the original committee appointed by the Coal League, against whom severe charges have been laid, impeaching their character for honesty and trustworthiness, and which at a time were supposed to be true by nearly all the League; but as the first trial, time is just before us, so the transactions alluded to, appear in the light of the first presentation. But as the facts have come to light, and both sides of the case have been seen, no blame can be attached, and we are satisfied that the whole trouble arose from a misunderstanding, caused by the malice of some, who, not connected with, and of course not sympathizing with the League, caused a transaction in a wrong light, which was done with the best of motives, and with no other intent than to benefit, instead of injuring the League, and from which no trouble would have arisen, had not enemies been on the watch to seize any opportunity to frustrate the designs of the League; but instead of giving any details of facts, we will just state, that at a meeting of the League, held last week, a unanimous vote was passed exonerating the Committee from all intention to defraud or betray the League in any shape or manner. Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for the space allowed for this communication, we subscribe ourselves as

What the Illustrations Abernethy said.

"Well, sir, what's the matter?" said Abernethy, the great English surgeon, to a cadaverous-looking patient, who had called to consult him. "Oh, nothing serious," was the reply, "my stomach and liver are out of order, that's all." "Do you call that nothing serious?" said Abernethy. "I tell you, sir, that when these two organs are out of order, as you call it, there's not a square inch of the body that is not more or less diseased, nor a drop of blood in it that is in a healthy condition." Nothing can be more true, therefore it is of the very highest importance to keep the stomach and liver in a vigorous condition. If the one is weak and the other irregular in its action, tone and control them with HOSKINS' CELERATOR, STOMACH AND LIVER PILLS—the most genial vegetable Restorative and Alterative that has ever been administered as a cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Disease. It is recommended by distinguished surgeons and physicians of the United States Army, by officers of the Army and Navy, by our first authors, by eminent clergymen—in fact, by thousands of the most intelligent of every class, as an unequalled protective against epidemic and malarious diseases, and as a perfectly innocuous, but at the same time powerful, invigorant and alterative.

Smolander's Extract Bucku

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of diseases of the stomach and liver, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsy, Chronic Gonorrhea and Catarrhes of the Bladder. For those suffering from the effects of excesses of any kind, it is perfectly invaluable. For Female Complaints, it is a priceless remedy. It never fails to effect a cure. It is the BEST and CHEAPEST preparation of Bucku offered to the public. Price One Dollar per bottle. For sale by all Apothecaries.

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For Shirts, Drawers and Furnishing Goods of any style or grade, call at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price Clothing House, 14 & 15 Dock Square, Boston.

Boys and Youth's Clothing in great variety, at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 & 15 Dock Square, Boston.

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ITCH! ITCH! ITCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH! Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours. Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and ALL ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists. By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington Street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.

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OBTAIN ONLY "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cents per box.

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A TENEMENT of about 5 or 6 rooms, for a small family, near the depot. Apply at this office. The best references given and required.

For Sale:

A large, two-story house, containing 13 well-furnished rooms, pleasantly situated in Mount Pleasant, together with a small Barn. The lot contains between 1400 and 1500 feet of land. A good well water on the premises. For further information apply to Mrs. STEPHEN THOMSON, on Salem street.

JOE PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

Wood at Auction.

ON WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15th, at 12 o'clock, P. M. will be sold at Auction, in lots, the Wood and Timber standing on 10 acres of land, situated in the eastern part of Woburn, within 50 rods of the Ames-house. Said wood consists of a large growth of OAK, MAPLE and PINE, of an excellent quality, is well located and accessible at all seasons.

By order of P. L. CONVERSE, WILLIAM WINN, Auctioneer, Woburn, Nov. 6, 1865.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on Monday, the 27th day of November, instant, at two o'clock, P. M. by license from the Probate Court, all the right, title and interest which Mary C. Henry J. Ellmore, late of South Scituate, in said County of Middlesex, single woman, deceased, and his petition praying that letters of administration with the will annexed, be issued to him, the executor named in said will having died before the above named testatrix, all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the fourth Tuesday of November, 1865, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court.

Witness William A. Richardson, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

ISAAC F. JONES, Assistant Register, nov 11—3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT.

WHEREAS ELISHA S. OLIVER, of South Scituate, in the County of Middlesex, late of Woburn, in said County, in said County of Middlesex, single woman, deceased, and his petition praying that letters of administration with the will annexed, be issued to him, the executor named in said will having died before the above named testatrix, all persons interested are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the fourth Tuesday of November, 1865, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against the same. And said petitioner is ordered to publish this citation three weeks successively, in the Middlesex Journal, a newspaper printed at Woburn, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least, before said Court.

Witness William A. Richardson, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

ISAAC F. JONES, Assistant Register, nov 11—3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT.

TO the next of Kin, Creditors, and all other Persons interested in the estate of PATRICK FINN, late of Woburn, in said County, deceased, in said County of Middlesex, application has been made to said Court, to grant letters of administration, to the said Patrick Finn, in said County of Middlesex, and to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the fourth Tuesday of November, 1865, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, against granting the same.

And said Patrick H. Finn is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Middlesex Journal, printed at Woburn, the first publication to be two days, at least, before said Court.

Witness, WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

J. H. TYLER, Register, nov 11—3w

Letters Remaining Unclaimed.

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 11th day of Nov. 1865.

To obtain any of the letters, the applicant must call for "unclaimed letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Battles W J English Catharine

Lawrence David W

Richardson Sarah R

Simonds George

Wright P

NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

HUNNEWELL'S ELEGANT PILLS.

THE TRUE CATHARTIC AND FAMILY PILLS.

The importance of this development of the true and Natural Cathartic cannot be overestimated. To have a Pill which never requires over two and seldom but one for a dose, acting on the bowels without the slightest griping, or irritation, can be used with the greatest freedom, by all who have suffered the trouble of long constipated tendency, and to check which has oftentimes ended in the opposite extreme of bowel weakness, will be found the true feature of the Elegant Pills. Their true character creates the expression of experienced Apothecaries, that long experience has never found their equal. From Physicians who have used Thousands in their practice, that the true idea of a Perfect Cathartic has never before been realized, and by thousands who have used them in their families, that they are the only true Family Pills they have ever seen.

Without descending to the clap net form of unmeaning puffs, or false testimonials, confidence is asked to test them in Biliousness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Worms, Loss of Appetite, as a Spring Medicine, all derangements of the system caused by a disordered stomach, or the general Family Pill.

Price 25 cents per Bottle.

For sale by dealers in every City and Town.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, PROPRIETOR.

Sold in Woburn by W. C. BRIGHAM, Winchester, by GEO. P. BROWN.

nov 11—1m

Cough No More

DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLOUS COUGH BALM

IS WARRANTED TO CURE COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ASTHMA, WHOOPING COUGH, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle.

Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover Street, Boston, Sole Agents for New England.

Guardian's Sale of Real and Personal Property in Woburn.

The subscriber will sell public auction, on Saturday, November 25th, instant, at one o'clock, P. M., all of land, containing about twenty-seven thousand square feet, with buildings thereon, standing situated on the corner of a private street, running from Main street by the dwelling-house of Albert B. Johnson and Canal street.

The dwelling-house is well adapted to accommodate two families, and has quite a number of fruit trees, which are large enough to yield fruit, and water brought into the house by a pipe leading into both tenements.

Being the dwelling-house formerly occupied by the late Oliver C. Phillips.

Also, a lot of Furniture, consisting of the following articles, viz: Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, Chairs, Table, Crockery and Glass Ware, Mirrors, Carpets, Stoves, Clock, Barrels, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

DANIEL HUTCHINGS, Guardian.

WM. WINN, Auctioneer.

Woburn, Nov. 3, 1865.

Auction.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 13th of November, at 4 o'clock, P. M., pursuant to a license from the Judge of Probate, the Real Estate of CHARLES SCOTT, late of Woburn, deceased, situated in Woburn Centre, on Winn, opposite to Franklin street, consisting of about one quarter acre of land, and a dwelling house, nearly finished, standing thereon—the house contains nine rooms, six finished and three unfinished—and a good well of water. The location is a desirable one, and is about three minutes walk from the depot, and in the immediate vicinity of churches and schools.

SUSAN C. SCOTT, Administratrix.

WILLIAM WINN, Auctioneer.

Woburn, Oct. 28th, 1865.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the subscribers have been duly appointed Administrators of the estate of J. H. HALL, late of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, and taken upon themselves that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to HOLLACE COLLAMORE, Administrator.

or MOSES C. BEAN, Administrators.

oct 28—3t

DENTISTRY.

TEETH

At Reduced Prices! Sets of Artificial Teeth, from \$10 to \$25.

Inserted by C. T. LANG, Woburn, Mass.

WOBURN, MASS.

NEW GROCERY STORE

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF WOBURN AND VICINITY THAT HE HAS OPENED A

GROCERY STORE

AT ELLIS' OLD STAND, MAIN STREET, NEAR SALEM, WHERE HE WILL SELL THE

BEST GROCERIES!

AND THE USUAL VARIETY OF GOODS KEPT AT A

COUNTRY VARIETY STORE

AT REASONABLE PRICES, AND SOLICITS A SHARE OF THE PUBLIC PATRONAGE.

TERMS CASH.

URBANE DERBY.

Woburn, Oct. 28, 1865.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FRESH INVOICE OF LOW PRICE DRESS GOODS,

AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

White, Colored, and FANCY FLANNELS,

A FULL ASSORTMENT AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

WOOLENS,

FOR Ladies', Gentlemen & Children's WEAR,

AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERGARMENTS,

AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S,

BANK BUILDING, WOBURN.

Woburn, Oct. 28, 1865.

Just Opened,

NEW BANK BUILDING, FALL AND WINTER STYLES

BONNETS AND HATS

MRS. M. E. FIELD

HAS received and is prepared to exhibit to the public, a large and carefully selected stock of BONNETS, HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, VELVETS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, RICHES, &c., &c. Also, ZEPHYR WOOLSTED, SKIRTS, SMALL WARES, &c.

CLOAK AND DRESS-MAKING attended to, by a person fully competent, who will have entire charge of that department.

Grateful for past favors, she feels her present assortment will secure a continuance of the same.

Woburn, Sept. 30, 1865.

WANTED!

20 GOOD SMART GIRLS can obtain steady employment, at good wages, by applying to S. SIMONDS & SONS, WOBURN.

aug 19—1t

CAUTION

GENERAL—BY GRANT—ED,
THAT THE UNDERSIGNED
Having enlarged their store and increased
their Stock of

GOODS,
now offer to the people of Woburn and
vicinity, a good assortment of

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
Spectacles and Fancy Goods,
Cake and Card Baskets,
Castors,
Silver and Plated Forks,
Spoons,
Fruit Knives, and
Napkin Rings,
Ladies and Gents. Wallets,
Pocket Knives,
Combs and Brushes,
Razors and Strops,
A fine assortment of Ladies' Dress Combs.

SILVER COIN,
Made Into
PINS,
EAR RINGS, and
SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully
repaired.
CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,
Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully
repaired.
ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-
ecuted.

P. S.—All the above work is done by
us, and will be done cheaper here than in
Boston.

ES—All Goods bought of us, marked
free of charge.
Gold and Silver bought and taken in
exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE,
Next to the Post Office.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.
The celebrated DR. DOW continues to devote his
entire time to the treatment of all diseases
incident to the female system. An experience of twenty-
three years enables him to guarantee speedily and
permanent relief in the worst cases of Suppression
and all other Menstrual Disorders, from whatever
cause. All letters for advice must contain \$1.
Office, No. 9 Endicott street, Boston.
N. B.—Dow furnished to those who wish to re-
main under treatment.

**MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL WORK.** Of every one his own
Doctor—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons or those about to marry, both Male and Female,
in everything concerning the physiology and rela-
tions of our Sexual System, and the Production of
Prevention of Offspring, including all the new dis-
coveries never before given in the English language,
by WM. YOUNG, M.D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain lan-
guage for the general reader, and is illustrated with
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least impediment to married life,
should read this book. It discloses secrets that ev-
ery one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book
that will be locked up, and not lie about the house.
It will be sent to any one on the receipt of FIFTY
Cents. Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 SPRUCE
ST., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sept2—6m

FRUIT TREES,
GRAPE VINES, SMALL FRUITS,
ROSES, SHRUBS, CLIMBING
VINES, BULB ROSES, &c.,
FOR SALE PLANTING.
A COMPLETE AND EXTENSIVE ASSORT-
ment of superior stock, described by our New
Catalogue, (mailed on receipt of stamp) and rep-
resented by sample stock daily received from
reliable Nurseries, and offered for sale at our
salesroom, basement of Nos. 25 and 27 Water street,
corner of Devonshire street, Boston. Call and ex-
amine, or write us, if you intend to plant.
B. T. WELLS & CO.,
NURSERY AGENTS, Office No. 7 Water Street.
oct7—6w

GET
Hovey's
HAIR
BALM,
C. S. ADKINS'

LIFE INSURANCE.
"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and
safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
family." Benjamin Franklin, 1769.
The Old Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., with
an accumulation of over \$5,000,000. Proved to be
the best by the highest authority in existence, viz:
The latest Insurance Commissioners' Report yet
published. Dividends 10 per cent. annually.
This Co. issues bona fide non-forfeiting Policies,
payable in 5, 10, 15, or 20 annual payments. Div-
idends continue during life, annually. Policies paid
in full at death. Parties wishing Insurance
are invited to call and examine Commissioners' Re-
port, &c.
SPARROW HORTON, Agent,
at "Woburn Bookstore."

Gentlemen's Dress Hats,
FALL—1865—STYLES.
J. A. JACKSON,
59 Tremont and 101 Court Street,
BOSTON.

Just received, a full and varied assortment of
GENTS' SILK and KESSEY HATS of the latest
styles.
Also, the "RESORTE DERBY" Hat, the "RE-
SORTE SHERIDAN" Hat, the new "DICTATOR"
Hat, in full of various colors.
CLOTH and FELT HATS of every description.
CAPS of the latest New York and Boston Fashions.
A new invoice of SCOTCH CAPS.
BOYS' HATS AND CAPS.
sept2—6m 101 Court and 59 Tremont St.
**JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXE-
CUT AT THIS OFFICE.**

TO THE PEOPLE OF
WOBBURN.

FRANK B. DODGE
DESIRE to return his sincere thanks to the peo-
ple of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal pa-
tronnage during the last eight years; and by prompt
attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance
of the same.
He has recently

Refitted and Enlarged his
STORE,
and has just received,
From New York and Boston,

A large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
SILVER WARE,
FANCY GOODS,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
Fine Silver and
Plated Ware—

SUCH AS
Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-
ers, Spoon Holders, Children's
Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,
Ladies, Butter and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.
RAZORS
POCKET KNIVES,
and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS
Jewelry Store!
Every article warranted to be as
represented.

FINE WATCHES
REPAIRED & WARRANTED.
ALL KINDS OF
CLOCKS AND JEWELRY
REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE
SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER taken in
exchange.
Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,
EYE-GLASSES, &c.
LADIES SHOPPING BAGS.
Engraving Done to Order.
All goods sold by me, engraved
free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge.
OPPOSITE THE WOBBURN BANK.
Woburn, Aug. 26, 1865.

W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER,
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,
No. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBBURN, MASS.,
WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
aug 19—15

A. H. COWDREY, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of SPONHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M.D.
Physician and Surgeon,
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
Woburn, Mass.
July 8, 1865. 6m

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M.D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBBURN CENTRE.

Wm. Symington Brown, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
CENTRAL STREET,
(Near the Town Hall)
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept2—6m

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Wm and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,
Bank Block, Woburn

A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESS MAKER,
AND DEALER IN
Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central House, Woburn.

G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the public, that he is now located in his new
store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit
Particular attention paid to making
Boys Clothing.
He has on hand a large stock of the best and
most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the
season, which will be made up to order at the most
reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
on hand.
Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE
"Insurance Agent."

PENSIONS, Bounty, Back Pay and
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for \$1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND.
Office at "WOBBURN BOOKSTORE."
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865. 1y

HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.
OFFICE—4 WADSWORTH BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

J. G. CHAPMAN
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the es-
tablishment lately occupied by A. L. WHEELER, in
OAKLEY COURT, where he will carry on the busi-
ness of
PAINTING, &c.
in its various branches.
Woburn, July 29, 1865.—6m

WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.
FRANK B. DODGE, Practical
Watchmaker. Also dealer in CLOCKS,
WATCHES, GOLD
CHAINS, LOCKETS,
JEWELRY, SPECTA-
CLES, Fine Silver Plated
Ware, "plated on genuine Albata," Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
ters, &c.
Engraving to order.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on
hand.
AGENT FOR
Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

COLTSFOOT ROCK,
A POPULAR
ENGLISH COUGH REMEDY,
is selling rapidly at Brigham's 5 Wad's Block.

BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

PERFUMERY.
LUBIN, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
PHALON'S, and EMBREID'S
Popular Extracts for the handkerchief. Thirty
different colors. For sale by
sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.

WOBBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE-WORKS.
The subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the
Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Ware-rooms, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.
A. SCOTT & CO.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864—51y.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
A positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swelling.
This Medicine increases the powers of digestion, and
excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the
watery or calcareous depositions, and all tumoral en-
largements are removed, as well as pain and inflammation,
and is good for men, women and children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Disipa-
tion, Early Indulgence, attended with the following
Symptoms:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Weak Nerves, Difficulty of Breathing,
Trembling, Wakefulness,
Horror of Disease, Pain in the Back,
Dizziness of Vision, Flushing of the Face,
Hot Hands, Eruptions of the Skin,
Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance,
Universal Lassitude, These symptoms, if allowed to go on (which this Medi-
cine invariably removes), soon follow, and are the
forerunners of
FATUITY, MEREPTIC FITS, &c.
In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say
they are not frequently followed by those "dreadful dis-
eases,"
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?
Many are aware of the cause of the suffering, but none
will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the
sanctuary deaths by consumption bear ample witness to
the truth of the assertion.
The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness,
requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate
the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU
invariably does. A full trial will convince the most sceptical.

THE PERKINS SHEET IRON CO.
Manufacture EXTRA and COMMON SHEET, PLATE,
BOILER PLATE, HOOP, &c. AS TIME.
REFINED BAR IRON,
of all sizes and gauges, made from the best
Charcoal and American Refined Iron.
W. M. SPRAGUE, Proprietor,
CHAS. F. PERKINS, Agt., J. G. STOWE, Treas.
PROVIDENCE, R.I.

THE CELEBRATED
HOWE SEWING MACHINES,
MANUFACTURED BY THE HOWE MACHINE CO.
ELIAS HOWE, JR., PRESIDENT.
PLUMMER & WILDER,
Agents for N. England States,
41 Broadfield Street, Horticultural Building, Boston.
AGENTS WANTED.
Patented July 11, 1865.
The Removable Window Sash.
STATE RIGHTS FOR SALE.
S. WALES, No. 7 Water Street, Boston.

STEAM-HEATING APPARATUS—LAW OFFICE.
SHEETS AS DIRECTED BY H. B. SMITH & CO.
for all kinds and styles of buildings. No Pipes, Ap-
paratus, etc., in collar. All the trouble of hot-air fur-
naces avoided. Call on see. Now on exhibition
by the UNION STEAM AND WATER HEATING CO.
T. F. BRINSMAN, Agent, 634 Broadway, New
York.

J. C. YOUNG & CO.
Gloves, Hosiery, Zephyr Worsted,
HAND AND MACHINE-MADE WORSTED GOODS,
Small Wares, Trimmings, Buttons and
Corsets.
80 & 82 Devonshire Street,
BOSTON.

GEORGE W. BERRY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
WALNUT, CHESTNUT AND PAINTED
CHAMBER FURNITURE.
Refrigerators, Bureaus, Wardrobes, &c.,
1 and 2 Holmes' Block, Haymarket Square,
BOSTON.

Superior Drain Tile
Made of the celebrated strong, tenacious clay of
Woodbridge, N. J., burned with intense heat over
the Fire Brick, it is indestructible, and of mod-
erate price, as the clay itself is removed from over
valuable beds of the best White Ware and Fire Brick
clay. Also, double glazed Stone, and a variety of
tiles for making water-tight pipe to conduct pure
water free from rust and poison. Stone Linings and
Fire Bricks, &c., of best quality. Shipped by
railroad or water direct from Factory, on Ship Chan-
nel of Hudson River, 21 miles from New York City.
CRENSHAW BROS. & CO., Woodbridge, N. J.

FARMERS, COUNTRYMEN, AND COUNTRY
MERCHANTS can send their Butter, Cheese,
Eggs, Lard, Tallow, Beans, Hops, Flax, Cotton,
Flour, Grain, Meal, Green and Dried Fruits, Furs,
Skins, Poultry, Game, Provisions, Seals, Sargum,
Wool, Potash, Tobacco, Oils and other Produce, to
JOS. H. CARPENTER, Commission Merchant,
323 Washington St., New York, near Erie Railroad.
To be sold at the highest market price.
Every shipper to him will receive his valuable
Weekly Price Current of the New York Market
free.

Barnum's New American Museum.
Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway.
OPEN DAILY from 7 o'clock A. M. to 10 P. M.
This elegant establishment already contains over
100,000 CURIOUSITIES, both rare and valuable,
which are being rapidly increased by constant ar-
rivals from Europe. The collection of ANATOMY
exhibits a great variety of BEAUTIFUL FISH,
swimming in CRYSTAL PONDS. The Bohemian
Glass Blowing, &c. in their UNIQUE MANU-
FACTURES in motion. Extraordinary living phenomena,
GIANTS, DWARFS, CROISSANT LADIES, &c.
J. H. BARNUM'S HAPPY FAMILY, and
rare living Animals, Grand Cornucopias, &c.
The new and spacious LECTURE ROOM is most ex-
traordinary, and comfortable. Refreshment of all
kinds, and of the most delicate, at the lowest
of prices. EVERY AFTERNOON and EVENING. Admis-
sion to the whole, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15
cents.

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!
**BRINKERHOFF & MILLS, WHOLES-
ALE DEALERS IN TEAS, 177 PEARL STREET,**
near Wall, New York, will fill orders for any kind of
Tea, in any quantity, and at the lowest market
prices. Terms Cash. Orders solicited.
Cash buyers will save money by ordering from us,
or by giving us a call.

IS BOARDING CHEAPER THAN HOUSE-KEEPING?
Beautiful suites of rooms to rent at BROADWAY
HOTEL, NORTHAMPTON MASS. 1000
MOTORPATENT WATER CURE. Special practice
for Epilepsy, Fits, curing nine cases in ten. Specific
successful treatment given for Excesses, Nervous-
ness, Paralysis, Spinal Difficulties, Uterine
Troubles, and Weakness from Indulgences, with or
without cold water, by H. H. HELMBOLD, M.D., during
the cool, or cold months.

JAMES GRAY,
REAL ESTATE AGENT, 4 Seabury's Building,
Tremont Row, Boston. Farms and Country
Residences bought, sold, and exchanged.

Great Chance for Agents.
What the people want—THE STANDARD
HISTORY OF THE WAR, complete in one large vol-
ume of over 1000 pages, splendidly illustrated with
over 150 fine portraits of Generals, Admirals, and
Statesmen, and diagrams. This work has no rival, as a
candid, lucid, complete, authentic, and reliable his-
tory of the war. It contains reading matter for three
to three large octavo volumes. Send for circulars
and see our terms. Address, JONES, BROS. &
CO., 14 Florida Building, Boston, Mass.

A GIFT FOR YOU at the Philadelphia Gift Book
Publishing House, 237 Eleventh Street, Phila-
delphia. NEW BOOKS and NEW GIFTS. A GIFT
WITH EVERY BOOK. A new classified Catalogue of
Books just issued of over 50 pages of Books, new
department of Literature, with full instructions for
forming Clubs, &c. The best place in the world
to buy books is at the "Globe's Original Book
Sale." Catalogue sent free on receipt of red stamp.
Address, G. O. EVANS, 630 Chestnut Street, Phila-
delphia.

AGENTS WANTED! NOW READY!
THE FIRST COMPLETE HISTORY OF THE
REBELLION, 127 issues by the ARCADE
PUBLISHING CO., 200 PORTRAITS, MAPS, DI-
AGRAMS, ETC. THE CHEAPEST and BEST COM-
PLETE HISTORY published. A new chance for
Agents. The sale is very large, and TERMS very
liberal. For Circulars, Terms, etc. write to
E. G. STORKE, AUBURN, N. Y.

WANT A DAY. AGENTS WANTED TO
sell a new and wonderful SEWING
MACHINE, the only cheap one home. Address,
SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.
NOTICE.—Those wishing to become rich and suc-
cessful in anything they wish, should send for one of
all the Glorious Seven Mystic or Secret Charms, as they
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Woburn Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XV : : No. 8.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1865.

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THE GREAT
German Heilmittel,
WILL POSITIVELY CURE
**CATARRH,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS,
COLDS,
AND THE FIRST STAGES OF
CONSUMPTION.**
IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR
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This remedy is prepared by a regular Physician of fifteen years' experience, and an extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmonary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus curing thousands who, in vain, have exhausted every other means to obtain relief. A few of the many certificates of cures in the possession of the Doctor are here annexed, which the reader is desired to peruse. They are not certificates of the dead, or names of those who never existed, but parties well known in Boston and vicinity.

TO THE PUBLIC.—My wife, having been afflicted with catarrh for years, attended latterly with a bad cough, having used many remedies and tried the treatment of several of our best medical men without success, I was induced by my friends to try the Great German Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and now she is radically cured. With the cure of the catarrh, all the symptoms attending this disagreeable disease, such as discharges from the nose and dropping into the throat, hawking, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would not be without this invaluable remedy, and advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds, or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find it a sure cure.
J. H. SILSBY.
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, formerly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an obstinate cough with which my family and myself have been troubled, and, in spite of our efforts, could not get cured. The cure was effected in the remarkably short time of two days.

My neighbor, Mrs. Merrill, had a child who was suffering with a cough, and bleeding from the lungs, and to them, also, I gave part of a bottle. She reports a perfect cure of her child by this remarkable remedy, the Great German Heilmittel.

THEODORE COLLAFORE.
Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or more with a bad cough. Having lost my husband with consumption, was consequently fearful of losing my child by the same disease. My friends and physicians who saw my child, pronounced it already consumption. Although somewhat discouraged by these counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I am happy to state that I was successful by the use of the German Heilmittel. My son's cough disappeared, his general health improved, and gained strength, and subsequently was radically cured, and has remained so for the last two years, not even having the cough return. My wife began to improve, and after using but six bottles of it, entirely recovered her health. I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy, and deem it my duty to recommend it to all who are suffering with even the slightest cold or cough.

ROBERT WRIGHT.
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me of a severe cough, which almost ran me into consumption, thanks to the Heilmittel—I am now perfectly well.

WM. B. FISKE.
24th St. N. Y.

My wife has suffered with catarrh and bronchitis for years. About a year ago last winter, she was completely run down in strength, and my physician pronounced her case consumption. Being anxious to do all that could be done for her, I bought a bottle of the German Heilmittel. By the use of the very first bottle, my wife began to improve, and after using but six bottles of it, entirely recovered her health. I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy, and deem it my duty to recommend it to all who are suffering with even the slightest cold or cough.

EBEN S. NASH.
Wrentham, Mass.

Having used the great German Heilmittel in my family, and prescribed it in my practice, with the very best success in the treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, I can but recommend it to the public as a safe and speedy cure for the above named diseases.

J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D.
Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distressing cough, with perfect success, and can but recommend it to the public as the best remedy for the above mentioned complaint.

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THE DOCTOR'S SECRET.

"There certainly is no other alternative, Miss; you see yourself how black the flesh is becoming, and how badly the bones are thrown out, and swollen. I think that I rank among the best physicians here, and I have done all that skill can do to prevent this evil, which, from the first, I have feared."

"You do not mean the cruel thing, doctor? I, so young, to suffer amputation of my foot, and become a cripple for life?"

"You have heard what I say, and you know what I mean."

"Yes, I understand you, but it shall not be done! If there isn't medical skill enough to save my foot I will die with it; I choose to do so."

Dr. Steele raised his brows in a significant manner, and a half smile passed over his face.

"I have heard people talk before," he said.

"Doubtless you have," she answered, "but you never heard me talk before in this manner, you will allow."

"Very true, Miss, very true; and as you are so very sure what you will and what you won't do—as I have done all I can—I presume you intend to dispense with my services."

"Yes, sir, I do. Your bill?"

He told her his price, and received his pay.

"Oh, Mrs. Osgood, this is awful!" Rosy Burton sobbed out as soon as the door closed after Dr. Steele. "I can never bring my mind to harbor the idea. Is there no chance to avert it? Do tell me; is there none?"

"My poor dear," said her kind adopted sister, "there is one more faint chance; that is, you can try one other physician."

"Who? where?" asked the beautiful cripple with nervous eagerness.

"Let me think—what is his name? Guilford—I believe, is a very skillful physician and surgeon, although a knave of bad reputation, otherwise. He resides about twenty miles from here on the Boylston road. Perhaps you—"

"I will try him. When can I have your carriage?"

"Any time—to-day or to-morrow."

"I will go to-day."

Their conversation was here interrupted by the arrival of several lady callers.

"Good afternoon, Mrs. Osgood, and Lulia, and Miss Burton, how are you?" was the several salutations of the ladies. They ran in, they said, to see if it were true that they heard Dr. Steele tell a brother M. D. that Miss Burton had got to lose her foot—suffer amputation.

"Not at present," said Rosy, emphatically.

"Why, what will you do? You don't dispute his medical skill, do you?"

"Yes, somewhat; at least he never will take my foot off."

"Well, what do you think of doing?"

"I am inclined to try Guilford's skill; Mrs. Osgood says he is celebrated."

"Oh," ejaculated they all in a breath, "notorious, you mean! Mrs. Osgood, you do not, certainly, mean for your sister to place herself in the hands of that man? She will lose her reputation, surely!"

"Come, now, Rosa, which do you prize most," flattered Lulia, Mrs. Osgood's sister, "your foot or your reputation?" and she laughed one of her little ripe, musical laughs.

"Why," said Rosy, sarcastically, "if my reputation is such a slippery affair as to warrant my losing it in so simple a manner, why—I prefer my foot, I think, as it would be as likely to stand my friend through many ills."

"But, my dear, do you know common report?" Rosy saucily broke in and finished the sentence.

"Common report, Mrs. Weiss? Certainly, and its reputation is full as bad for lying, as Guilford's can be for other transgressions."

Lulia laughed again, and hitched her wily little body nearer Rosy.

"But I wouldn't place myself in his hands for all the feet in the world. They say no female is safe in his hands. I really would not go, Miss Burton."

"I really shall go; and if no female is safe in his hands, I am not afraid."

"But the world, my dear—do you not value the opinions of your friends?"

"Of my friends—yes, and I am in no fear of losing their good opinion. As for the gossamer multitude, I have ever found those who dared to do their duty, the purest in heart and purpose, while those who cringed and bowed possessed no individuality, were in the end no more highly esteemed for their servility of manner."

"True," spoke Mrs. Elwood, while the other ladies felt that there was an argument put forth that they could not gainsay or dispute.

"But, Rosy, my dear, James is waiting with the carriage; let me assist you to make ready for your ride."

In a few moments, Miss Burton with her crutches, and the aid of her adopted sisters, made her way to the carriage, and with a groan of pain sank back upon the cushions.

"Bless you, sister Rosy, I wish that I could go with you."

"There is no need, dear," answered the fair sufferer. "I will let you know at the earliest moment what the doctor thinks of the case."

carriage. She was of English descent, proud and self-willed, but of warm affections, and beautiful as heart could wish. Just at the age when life has rosy tints and love is real and bright, yet when the impulses struggle fiercely with reason which could restrain them. She was adopted into the family of John Marks, and was treated with the same affectionate consideration that fell to the lot of Mrs. Osgood and Lulia, her foster sisters. They were wild—she and the unmarried sister, Lulia—full of health and boisterous spirits, and during one of their crazy freaks, out on the old farm in the suburbs, they had started on a break-neck race, much to the delight of good brother Marks, who laughingly witnessed the frolic, and Rosy making a strategic leap to cradle her sister's outstretched arms, her foot struck on a round rock, which, rolling, threw her forcibly from a slight elevation on to a ledge below. Here she lay in convulsions of laughter, although she was aware of bruising herself severely, until her sister had scrambled down beside her, when, attempting to rise, with a cry of pain she fell back. Still they thought it nothing but a bad sprain. After a while they succeeded in getting to the house, where they narrated their accident in great glee; but on removing the boot and stocking they found the ankle swelling badly, and becoming every moment more painful. This occurred four weeks before she is introduced to the reader. Mrs. Marks had tried all the usual remedies, but the sprain defied her skill, and so Rosy was sent to the city to Mrs. Osgood's where the best medical skill was brought into requisition with the results that we have seen. To say, however, that Rosy felt very pleasantly in her mind while riding towards Dr. Guilford's mansion, would be to misrepresent her feelings. Nothing but the present great occasion would have tempted her to come voluntarily in contact with a man of his evident character. The jolting of the carriage caused her great pain, and a feeling of faintness oppressed her so that she had to quite lie down upon the soft seat. She was nearly unconscious when it came evening. The moon lit up the lonely road, but she was in no state to appreciate its beauty and its charm. The last few miles of their journey passed unheeded by her. The stopping of the carriage aroused her. They were standing in a broad avenue of trees, which, interlacing their branches overhead, cut the moonlight into checks and dots, and reflected it thus upon the white sand below. The driver alighted and pulled the bell of the mansion, that, in the moonlight, loomed like some olden castle with turret and pillars tall. A moment later the door was flung open quickly, and slipped feet ran down the stone steps, and opening the carriage door, Dr. Guilford lifted Rosy out in his arms and bore her into the house as gently as he would have done a sleeping infant. She was too weak to speak or offer resistance. After depositing her on the sofa, he opened a door leading into the hall, and called with emphatic quickness,—

"Amanda, some wine!"

A woman of singular but startling beauty almost immediately entered with a goblet full of Madeira, and approaching them, for Guilford was bending over Rosy, and removing her hat and shawl, she fixed her large, brilliant eyes upon them with such a look that Miss Burton felt a shudder creep over her.

"Some liniment, my girl," he ordered again, in a very distinct, decided manner—a manner which Rosy rebelled against as tyrannical.

"You are pretty well exhausted, my dear, are you not?" he asked in low, sweet tones, so different from his voice when addressing Amanda, that his patient involuntarily raised her eyes to his face; but she quickly veiled them again from the look of ardent admiration that was fixed upon her.

"Is your ankle very painful, dear?" again asked those sweet, earnest tones.

"Very," she answered, faintly.

"Well, we will bathe it to-night to take the swelling out, and let it go until morning, as I wish to have daylight to make the examination."

"As you please."

"Amanda!"

"Well, sir?" said she, on entering.

"Tell Minerva to bring in some pillows. We will extend this sofa into a bed, and make you comfortable here to-night. I did not get word of your coming in season to have your room in order. It will be prepared in the morning."

"Any way," she answered, half unconsciously, for the soothing effects of the wine and the liniment, after her long, painful and exhausting ride, left her in sleeping unconsciousness.

She was aroused in the morning by a soft, cool hand upon her brow. She opened her eyes with a start, and on attempting to arise nearly threw her arms around Guilford's neck, he had bent so low to ask how she felt, and how she had rested.

"I presume you have been rather warm; any one who lies down with their clothes about them in warm weather. Your room is arranged up stairs. And how is this ankle?" he went on, chatting quickly and pleasantly, not allowing her time to think of her embarrassing and painful situation.

"Carry the bandages up stairs, Minerva. Ah! never mind, dear, I would rather that you never had no attempt to walk!" (Rosy resolutely strove to rise, but the attempt was like putting raw flesh into the fire.) "Now, it will not do. You are small and light; just allow me to take you in my arms. There!" as he deposited her in her chamber, on a couch, soft as down, "we made the passage safely and easily, I hope."

She bowed and smiled. She was faint with dread of what was to come. He unwound the bandages, and placed his soft, warm fingers here and there, asking questions all the time to take up her mind.

"Sensitive, very, isn't it. How long since the sprain? Four weeks! That's too long waiting. Bad sprain; and Dr. Steele advised amputation? He did not recommend me to you, I warrant! Ah, that hurts, does it?" He had slightly pressed the foot, and Rosy had given a quick, low cry. "So, this is indeed, a sprain! Bah! what ignorance. A sprain—the bone is badly fractured and misplaced. Now, Rosy, dear, summon your woman's courage for a few moments. It is bad, dear, but hold as still as possible. Ah! this is cruel!—sh! that strain is agonizing! There, now, dear, it moves—!—it straightens!—Hold—I have it now! Quick!—some spirits—poor girl!" This was said as Rosy with a quick, wild cry, crossed the foot, and Rosy had given a quick, low cry. "So, this is indeed, a sprain! Bah! what ignorance. A sprain—the bone is badly fractured and misplaced. Now, Rosy, dear, summon your woman's courage for a few moments. It is bad, dear, but hold as still as possible. 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The Middlesex Journal, —AND— WOBBURN TOWNSMAN.

WOBBURN:

SATURDAY, NOV. 18, 1865.

JOE WORK, of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and Pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.
The large country circulation of the JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Probate advertisements, sales of Real Estate, and other notices of interest to the farming population.
E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

THE MEETING OF CONGRESS.—The coming together of Congress so near at hand, is a subject of great interest. The Southern States returned to their allegiance, will again send their representatives to Washington, and the question how will they be received? is agitated. But how can they be rejected when they have been invited by our government to organize and choose their delegates as before, only with the caution to select unobjectionable men? Why should they not come in and bear their parts? Taxes are levied upon the South as well as upon the North. Our Custom Houses are established and our Courts. Our mails pass through as of yore, and one common country and one common flag, the stars and stripes, floats everywhere.

We have no doubt that there will be cordial personal greetings, the warm grasp of the hand, the welcome open face and kindly words. The father of the prodigal son saw him returning a great way off, and ran to meet him and killed for him the fattest calf. Let there be no surly and suspicious looks, no uttered remembrance of past misdeeds, like the elder son, who was displeased, because this brother who had wasted his substance in riotous living, was greeted with music and feasting.

We think that there should be prayer to God on our day of Thanksgiving, that the opening of Congress and the return of the Southern members, should be characterized with good feeling; that there should be a mutual recognition of each other's worth; that by-gones should be by-gones; that the remembrance of a common ancestry, a common glory and destiny should inspire all hearts with love. Very much will depend upon the first introductions, the first measures adopted, the first feelings created.

The nations abroad will be looking upon us, and they will best appreciate all magnanimity and kindness. God will view us as our representatives come up from the different tribes to our political Jerusalem. The name of Washington given to our capital is of itself sufficient to create fraternal feeling.

There will be a fine opportunity for an exhibition of mind and intellectual greatness. Let us have speaking from our best minds, and let the discussions be marked by research, patriotism, broad and generous views, and a high appreciation of the place we occupy among the nations and before God. New names we doubt not in this session will be known among the people with honor, and old ones will rise to still greater distinction. It will be no time for narrow and partisan views, for sectional reproaches, for arrogance and dictation, and those who have recourse to such things will find themselves unsupported by the people and will be powerless.

Caution, foresight, justice, humanity, will be desirable, and good men may differ about measures, but if there is the right spirit of moderation and brotherhood, love of peace and union, the session will be honorable to humanity and beneficial to the country. Let us hope so, and aid it all in our power.

MIDDLESEX EAST MEDICAL SOCIETY.—This Society continues along from year to year with unflinching prosperity, and of late, has received a new impulse; its meetings being more numerous attended, have also been more spirited, more interesting and more profitable. The last was held at the house of Dr. Harlow in Woburn, and was one of our best in point of numbers and character of communications, reports and discussions. The committee on the physical evils attendant on our school system, was invited to publish their report and circulate among the school committees of the towns of our district. Dr. Harlow, President of the Society, presided. Members were present from Reading, South Reading, Wilmington, Woburn, Stoneham, Winchester, West Cambridge and Lexington; also, as guests, Dr. Cowdry of Acton, and the venerable Dr. Bartlett of Concord, lately President of the Mass. Medical Society, both of whom expressed their pleasure and high gratification at the spirit, social character and general animus of the society. An elegant repast at nine o'clock, was no unimportant part of the entertainment.

SOCIAL GATHERING. The members of the Orthodox Society assembled in large numbers at the house of the pastor on Tuesday evening last, for social enjoyment. All ages were present except children, and the time passed pleasantly and rapidly. Toward the close of the evening Mr. Bodwell welcomed his friends in a brief speech. Short addresses were also made by Messrs. D. D. Hart, Esq., and John R. Kimball, Esq. It is understood that similar social gatherings are to be continued fortnightly through the winter.

In reply to a North Carolina delegation who asked the President to officially declare the restoration of that State to the Union, and the repeal of the Congressional test oath, Mr. Johnson said that something yet remained to be done, and intimated that the constitutional amendment in regard to slavery must be adopted by the States before their full restoration would be considered accomplished.

GOLDEN WEDDING.—A very pleasant company of about a hundred assembled at the house of Mr. Nathaniel Kendall, on Bedford St., on Thursday evening the 9th inst., to congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Kendall on the 50th anniversary of their marriage. After a short time spent in salutations and general conversation, the Rev. J. C. Bodwell, the pastor of Mr. and Mrs. Kendall, called the company to order, and briefly addressed the venerable pair, congratulating them on the goodness of God which had permitted them to spend half a century of wedded life together, and to see around them their children's children, with one of the 4th generation, (a beautiful babe present on the occasion). He read an affectionate letter to Mr. and Mrs. K., from the Rev. Jonathan Edwards, their former pastor, full of kind thoughts and pleasant reminiscences, and expressing regret that he could not be present. Mr. Kendall replied in a very happy manner, expressing with much emotion his sense of the Divine goodness, and his steadfast hope in God. The venerable father Sewall, was then introduced, who made a beautiful address, including a brief and interesting account of the Kendall family, with the names of such as have distinguished themselves in the different professions.

The Rev. Dr. Chickering, of Boston, whose honored father married Nathaniel Kendall to Lucretia Wright, on the 9th of Nov., 1815, as the old church record shows, interested the company by a characteristic speech, genial and kind, with pleasant anecdotes of his own boyhood when Mr. Kendall was his father's man. The honored and happy couple were the recipients of various appropriate presents from their children and friends, including a beautiful ivory-headed cane to Mr. Kendall.

The evening was further enlivened with music and singing, and the interview was closed with prayer by the Pastor.

MILITARY.—Lieut. Charles F. Lincoln, of North Woburn, Co. D, 118th U. S. Colored Troops, is at present acting as Quartermaster.

Privates Peter McCall and James Fox, of East Woburn, members of a New Jersey Regiment, are at home on a furlough of ninety days.

Private O. Morton Wade, of Co. M, 4th Mass. Cavalry, has been mustered out of the service, and is on his way home with his Regiment.

The 24th and 30th Mass. Vols., are the only Mass. Regiments now in service.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.—On Thursday evening, at about 7 o'clock, as Mrs. Kelley, wife of Patrick Kelley, of this place, was passing down Winn Street, a man came out of the bushes and approached her, striking her with a heavy instrument or stone, cutting four severe gashes on the back of her head, and laying the skull bare. The villain then threw Mrs. K. into a ditch and left her, probably supposing her dead. She recovered sufficiently to go to a house near by, where her wounds were dressed by Dr. Harlow. She presented a most shocking spectacle, being covered from head to foot with the blood which had flowed from her wounds. These outrages are becoming far too numerous. The police of the town must be strengthened, the perpetrators discovered and punished, or crime will increase at a terrible speed.

FIREMEN.—The Niagara Engine Co. No. 1, of Woburn, attended the Boston Theatre last Wednesday evening, in a body.

OBITUARY.
In Woburn, Nov. 12, Luther Holden, aged 69 years, 8 months, 18 days.

Mr. Holden was a gentleman of great moral worth, of the strictest probity, of a high sense of honor, a man in the fullest sense of the word. It has been our happiness and privilege to know him for many years, and during the whole of that time, we have felt that associating with him has been a good to us. He possessed a keen and observing intellect, a ripe judgment, and his observations on men and things were clear, judicious and instructive. Socially, Mr. Holden shone a conspicuous example of private worth, attracting all to him who came within the sphere of his influence. He was actively engaged in the shoe manufacturing interest, and of late years has given much attention to mechanics, a study and business for which his active mind and inventive genius peculiarly fitted him. He was the soul and centre of his domestic circle. His immediate family and friends will feel his loss acutely, but they do not mourn as those without hope. His kindly and beneficent influence, and the rich legacy, may a double portion of the spirit that was in him be their portion until the Father of men shall call them, also, into Life Eternal.

The Legislature of South Carolina adopted the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery, with but little opposition.

A regiment of regulars has been sent from Montreal to Western Canada, the guards at the Toronto armories doubled, and two battalions of militia at Toronto ordered to hold themselves in readiness for instant duty, in consequence of the threatened designs of the Fenians.

The number of sick and wounded soldiers yet remaining under treatment in the several general hospitals throughout the country is less than 4,000. Eight months ago the number was upward of 97,000.

The negro suffrage amendment to the Constitution in Wisconsin is defeated by several thousand majority.

EXPANSION OF ICE.—Rev. Frederic Gardner gives, in the last number of *Silliman's Journal of Science*, some curious experiments of his, made on the ice of the Kennebec River, in Maine. By inserting a line of stakes in the ice across the river in the early part of February, he found in the middle of March, that there had been an expansion of the ice over twelve feet in a breadth of 500 feet. As during this time the temperature of the water was nearly equal, the expansion must have been due to the sun's rays, which was proved by the fact that there was the least expansion on the eastern side, where the ice was partially shielded from the sun by a high bank.

WOBBURN LOCALS.

MR. EDITOR:—I hereby submit to your perusal what items of local interest I have been able to pick up in town during the present week, which I have arranged in the form of a letter. Should they prove acceptable, I should be pleased to enter the lists as a competitor for one of the prizes you offered in your last issue, and shall do my best endeavor by giving a faithful record of what transpires in town, to merit the title of "local" correspondent. Yours, respectfully,
LUKE R. BOUT.

DISGRACEFUL OUTRAGE.—It may seem strange that in a country town like ours, where good order ought to prevail, that it should be absolutely unsafe for a female to walk our streets after dark unattended. But that such is the case we have had another proof lately. Friday evening of last week, as Mrs. James Swaney was walking up Green street, to attend a meeting of the teachers of the Sunday School of the First Congregational church, at the house of the superintendent, J. G. Pollard, Esq., she was overtaken by a man who addressed her, and as she attempted to hurry on out of his way, struck her on the head with some heavy instrument, inflicting a severe flesh wound, and knocking her nearly insensible. As she was staggering about, nearly blinded by the flowing blood, some other lady teachers overtook her and assisted her to Mr. Pollard's, where the wound was dressed. The assassin was seen to run up the railroad track, but as yet no clue has been obtained who he was. Certainly this is one of the most dastardly outrages that has occurred within a long time.

CONCERT.—Last Saturday evening the "Barker Family" gave an exhibition and concert in Lyceum Hall, which was well attended. The Barkers' always draw full houses here in town.

IMPROVEMENTS.—In the course of a couple of months the improvements now going forward in real estate in town, will considerably increase the value of that kind of property. The new three-story building south of the Central House, in process of erection by L. B. Norris, will add much to the appearance of that portion of Main street, and will afford accommodations needed in the center of the town. I notice, also, that Mr. Greenwood is fitting up a shop on Park street; Mr. H. P. Andrews, who recently purchased the Debois place, has refitted the barn into a shop. Messrs. Shaw & Taylor are pushing forward the work on their tannery, near the Richardson Row Station, with all possible dispatch. When completed, this tannery will give employment to a large number of hands. The building south of the depot, which has had a story and a half added to it, this week completed, and occupied by S. Simonds & Son, manufacturers of shoe stock. The building on Main street which they vacated, will be occupied by Wm. R. Bennett, late captain Co. B, 11th Mass. Vols., as a currier's shop. On Oakley Court, Mr. Charles P. Pollard is erecting a good-sized two-story building, to be occupied as a blacksmith and paint shop.

ADDRESS.—Sunday evening last, Rev. Dr. Hale addressed the young people of the town, in the Unitarian church, on the "Science of Success." The church was well filled, and the lecture was one of deep interest to all as well as young.

SOCIAL.—Tuesday evening Mr. J. G. Pollard, representative elect from this district to the next Legislature, entertained about fifty of his friends at the residence of his father, on Green street. The evening was spent socially and pleasantly, after which the party partook of the good things most bountifully provided by their host. The affair was a very pleasant one to all who participated.

SKATING.—In years past the young people, and some older ones who enjoy such recreation, have had the use of Mr. Samuel Russell's meadow for a skating park. I would make the suggestion that, now as the season for this sport is fast coming on, some arrangement be made with that gentleman by which this winter we may be favored with so convenient a place of resort as that has always been. Will not some one take upon themselves the duties of committee to effect this purpose? The expense can easily be met by subscription in the center of the town.

THE WEATHER.—During the past week we have been favored with several days of almost summer-like weather, and the thicker clothing which the recent cold snap has necessitated has been decidedly burdensome. It is a pity that we must soon expect to feel the cooling biting of the frost king, however little it looks like it now.

WOOD.—What little standing wood, fit for the market, that remains in the neighborhood, is destined soon to fall before the woodman's axe, if we can judge anything from the number of sales advertised to take place this season by our veteran auctioneer, Wm. Winn, Esq. It seems a pity that none of the pleasant groves in this neighborhood should be spared, but the present high prices of fuel makes it much more profitable to sacrifice them than to let them stand.

TEMPERANCE.—That good has already come of the formation of a lodge of "Good Templars" in town, is apparent from the fact that it already numbers among its members, several who a short time ago were known as those who indulged in drink sometimes to excess. All can but hope that the good being done may be extended.

PERSONAL.—Your readers will be pleased to learn that Rev. Mr. Parkhurst recently declined a most lucrative and responsible position under the Mass. Temperance Society. His influence among a class of young men, and in his own society, is wide spread, and is always exerted for good, and the town would lose much by his removal. He is certainly doing a good work in the temperance movement in this neighborhood.

HIGH PRICES.—Prices of all living commodities still have an upward tendency, and the workman can not help looking forward almost with a feeling of dread to the long, cold winter now just upon us. Cotton cloth, however has fallen ten or twelve cents per yard. It would be a good thing if something could knock the props from under every other article of consumption.

SCHOOLS.—The public schools of Woburn will close their fall term next week, and have a short vacation.

JUSTICE'S COURT.—In the absence of

P. L. Converse, Esq., trial justice for Woburn, violators of law and order, and others guilty of misdemeanors, have been examined by J. P. Converse, Esq.

THE CANKER WORM.—Mr. Franklin Smith, corner of Main and Salem streets, has discovered a most simple and efficacious preventive to the depredations of the canker worm. A strip of enamelled leather is tacked around the tree near the ground, and the most lively of the "grubs" find it impossible to pass the smooth surface. Around his trees are thousands of these pests who have died in their efforts to climb the tree. So simple a remedy should be tried by every one who has trees. Now is the time to do it.

Correspondence of the Journal.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 13, 1865.
MR. EDITOR:—A few lines from this great thoroughfare of Western Massachusetts, through which so many hundreds daily pass to and from all points of the compass, may not be uninteresting to some of your readers. The present population of this city is 22,000, from '61 to '64 was increased by two or three thousand more on account of the large amount of work carried on at the Army. The close the war was necessitated the discharge of many of the employees, the time does not yet appear to have arrived among the nations of the earth when the "sword shall be beaten into the ploughshare." Among many fine buildings the City Hall, and the Hotel of the largest audience rooms in the country, having capacity for holding 3000 people. The New Opera House, Barnes' Block, and Haynes' Hotel Block, are also worthy of note (the latter nearly completed).

The hotel accommodations are superior to those in most towns of this State. The "Massachusetts" is far famed, and travelers always find "Cooley's" to be a most comfortable stopping place. The past week has been an eventful one, musically, for Springfield. On Monday evening a fine concert was given at the Opera House, under the direction of Mr. G. E. Whiting, of Boston, assisted by Dr. Guilmette and resident talent. In the afternoon of the same day a grand musical festival commenced at the City Hall, attended by singers from the surrounding towns. On Tuesday, Carl Zerrahn, Esq., of Boston, the eminent pianist, and under his able and skilful leadership the choruses of the "Creation" were delightfully rehearsed in preparation for the public performance.

Wednesday evening the choruses were rehearsed before a select audience. On Thursday afternoon a lecture on popular physiology was given by Dr. Guilmette, of Boston, whose practical knowledge on this topic is excelled by none in this country. In the evening a miscellaneous concert, assisted by the Mendelssohn Quintette Club, of Boston, Mrs. H. M. Smith, Dr. Guilmette, and J. E. Perkins, pianist; also, Miss J. E. Thompson, of Springfield, was given. The oratorio of the "Creation," by Haydn, was reserved for the closing concert, and was attended by a large and enthusiastic audience. Mrs. H. M. Smith, Dr. Guilmette, Messrs. Whitney and Perkins rendered the vocal and instrumental passages artistically. Mr. Wm. H. Clarke, of Boston, organist, and an efficient orchestra, including the members of the Quintette Club, performed the accompaniments. The choruses, "A New Created World," "Awake the Harp," and "The Heavens are Telling," were sung with spirit and fine effect. The writer has heard Dr. E. Cutter, of the First Congregational church in your town, render in Native Tongue, with much more character than his concert at the City Hall, and a few voices that excel Dr. C's in extent of chest, tone and power.

A new feature in this oratorio which attracted much attention, was the introduction of one of Messrs. D. D. & J. W. Smith's large American Organs, with heavy pedal bass, which was of valuable service combined with the orchestra in supporting the heavy chorus passages, and also when used alone in accompanying the recitatives, being as efficient as a large church organ.

At the close of the afternoon session, the members of the chorus formed themselves into a permanent association, to be called the "Western Massachusetts Musical Association," and chose Dr. G. Holland, of Springfield, President, with numerous other officers residing in the surrounding towns.

May this effort be the beginning of the desire to study and become proficient in the knowledge of true and classical music, which shall spread over the hills of Hampden and Berkshire into the long-remembered hills which have long emanated at Boston, and the release of music be better understood and appreciated by the mass of the people.

A young man wrote to Governor Brown of Tennessee, offering to sell, for \$1000, a perfect copy of all official letters written by L. P. Walker, rebel Secretary of War, as copied into a book of 400 pages by clerks in the rebel War Department. He further avers that he will not give a thousand cents for all the rebel orders and dispatches ever written, having no desire to aid in the work of perpetuating the sayings and doings of leading traitors, who, by their treason, have filled the land with graves, and the country with widows, orphans and cripples.

It is generally reported in Paris that the French army in Mexico will be withdrawn by instalments, and that by August or September next year the whole will have returned to France. This resolution is said to be adopted not only to afford no reasonable ground of complaint to the United States, but also for economical grounds.

THE FATAL FLOWER.—Travellers who visit the Falls of Niagara, are directed to a spot on the margin of the precipice, over the boiling current below, where a gay young lady a few years since lost her life. She was delighted with the wonders of the unrivalled scene, and ambitious to pluck a flower from a cliff, where no human hand had before ventured, as a memorial of the cataract, and her own daring. She leaned over the verge, and caught a glimpse of the surging waters far down the battlement of rocks, while fear for a moment darkened her excited mind. But there hung the lovely blossom upon her heart, and she reached out, and in a delirium of intense desire and anticipation, over the brink. Her arm was outstretched to grasp the beautiful form which charmed her fancy; the turf yielded to the pressure of her feet, and with a shriek she descended, like a falling star, to the rocky shore, and was borne away gasping in death.

PROPERTIES OF CHARCOAL.—Among the many properties of charcoal, may be mentioned its power of destroying smell, taste and color; and as a proof of its possessing the first quality, if it be rubbed over putrid meat, the smell will be destroyed. If a piece of charcoal be thrown into putrid water, the putrid taste or flavor will be destroyed, and the water be rendered completely fresh. Sailors are aware of this; for when water is bad at sea, they are in the habit of throwing pieces of burnt biscuit into it to purify it. Color is materially influenced by charcoal, and in a number of instances, in a very irregular way. If you take a dirty black syrup, and filter it through burnt charcoal, the color will be removed. The charcoal of animal matter appears to be the best for this purpose. You may learn the influence of charcoal in destroying colors, by filtering a bottle of port wine through it; in the filtration it will lose a great portion of its coloring and become tawny; repeat the process two or three times, and you have destroyed it altogether.

AN ERROR CORRECTED.—Most practitioners and medicine makers, use ingredients which must be prescribed "not oftener than three or four times per day," the proper treatment in such cases is to employ a medicine that is safe to use every fifteen minutes—the directions for cough medicines should be "little and often." It is the throat, not the stomach, that requires treatment—this is the secret of the success of Cough Cough Balsam. "Take it little and often." In a very short time it has become immensely popular.

ENGLISH AID TO THE REBELLION.—Washington, Nov. 12. As one instance of the help afforded to the rebels by English government officers, it is asserted that upon the breaking out of the rebellion Henry Hultze of Mobile was sent to London to manufacture letters and articles to be inserted in English and French newspapers in order to give the most favorable coloring to rebel transactions, and with full instructions to pay for their insertion if the matter could not be arranged otherwise. Upon his arrival at Havana, his visit to Mr. Crawford, the British consul there, was of a very friendly character, and they became so intimate that Hultze, B. Helm and the consul pledged themselves individually and collectively "to aid the holy cause of the confederacy to the utmost of their power while life remained to them." From that hour the British Consulate became the chief rendezvous between rebel and Europe. Despatches were always written in triplicate, one copy being sent through the English consul as being sure of transit. Moneys, munitions of war, &c., &c., all were consigned to the kind offices of Mr. Crawford. The captains of blockade runners also first resorted to Mr. Crawford as being the trusted depository of current port signals. These signals were changed by the rebels every month, and Crawford, as being the most trusted employee, was first made acquainted with the change, for the purpose of informing the blockade runners. It has been estimated that by Mr. Crawford's direct assistance upwards of 2,000,000 bales of cotton and 50,000 boxes tobacco were thus smuggled out through the blockade, to say nothing of munitions of war supplied to the rebels from England, and of which a slight idea may be formed by the single statement that Magruder's forces in Texas were entirely armed and supplied from Europe—principally from London—by the direct aid and personal assistance of Mr. Crawford; and this is neutrality!

HOW TO KEEP A COW.—How to keep a cow economically is a problem that many a family in the suburbs of all cities would be glad to solve. It must be done in connection with a garden. That is a waste of manure, and for the garden that is worthy a considerable portion of the cash necessary to pay for forage. If you have an acre of ground you can keep a cow, grow all the vegetables you need by purchasing two tons of hay, or its equivalent in a year. Indeed, we are not sure but you may get through with one, which is only half the allowance of the winter months. But you may gain the other by growing Indian corn as second crop after all early vegetables, and with that you may have rye growing at the same time, which may be cut in time to cut several other crops. Four square rods of corn, planted in close drills, just as early as possible, upon well manured ground, will give green food by the time the rye is gone. The stubble turned under gives a fair coat of manure. The corn will also be followed by another crop, not of corn, but the kind of vegetables for use or sale. For instance, cucumbers for pickles and with these, sown about the 10th of August, a crop of white turnips, and with the turnips, rye, for soiling and manure. If you intend to make the garden in great part support a cow, keep no pig. Teach the cow to eat all the scraps and garbage of the kitchen. Don't waste a leaf of cabbage, beets, carrots, parsnips, celery, nor any other green thing. Every pea and bean pod and every potato husk and cob, and every green potato-top will be eaten with avidity by the cow in the stable. And in the stable you must keep her all the time. You may not fear any unhealthfulness if you keep her cleanly. Let the door be earth and use fresh earth every day for bedding, and every day will gain a pile of rich manure. With careful economy you will be surprised to see what a cow will learn to eat, and how cheaply you can keep a cow and a garden.

STEPHEN ALLEN'S POCKET PIECE.—In the pocket book of the Hon. Stephen Allen, who was drowned from on board the Henry Clay, was found a printed slip apparently cut from a newspaper of which the following is a copy: "Keep good company, or none. Never be idle. If your hands can't be usefully employed, attend to the cultivation of your mind. Always speak the truth. Make few promises. Live up to your engagements. Keep your own secrets, if you have any. When you speak to a person, look him in the face. Good company and good conversation are the very sinews of virtue. Good character is above all things else. Your character cannot be essentially injured except by your own acts. If any one speaks evil of you, let your life be so that none will believe him. Drink no kind of intoxicating liquors. Ever live (misfortune excepted) within your income. When you retire to bed, think over what you have been doing during the day. Make no haste to be rich, if you would prosper. Small and steady gains give competency with tranquility of mind. Never play at any game of chance. Avoid temptation; through fear you may not withstand it. Earn money before you spend it. Never run into debt unless you see a way to get out again. Never borrow if you can possibly avoid it. Do not marry until you are able to support a wife. Never speak evil of any one. Be just before you are generous. Keep yourself innocent, if you would be happy. Save when you are young, to spend when you are old. Read over the above maxims at least once a week."

ADVANTAGES OF CIVILIZATION.—In olden times cities of great commercial importance lacked many advantages now possessed by the small villages of Christendom. What tremendous strides have been made since the application of steam as a motive power! Think of the advantages of the electric telegraph, which flashes intelligence across the continent actually "in less than no time,"—that is, more rapidly than the earth revolves. One well appointed job printing office, where the work is done with taste, promptness and economy—such an one as the JOURNAL, JOB PRINTING OFFICE, would have done more for ancient Babylon than all the barbarous wonders for which it is celebrated in history.

DOCTOR CHALMERS.
"We remember well our first hearing Dr. Chalmers. We were in a moorland district in Tweeddale, rejoicing in the country, after nine months of the high school. We heard that the famous preacher was to be at a neighboring parish church, and off we set, a careful of irrepressible youngsters. 'Calm was all nature as a resting wheel.' The crowd, instead of making wing, were impudent and sat still; the cart horses were standing, knowing the day, at the field-gates, gossiping and gazing, idle and happy; the moor was stretching away in the pale sunlight—vast, dim, melancholy, like a sea; everywhere were to be seen the gathering people, sprinklings of blithe company; the country-side seemed moving to one centre. As we entered the kirk, we saw a notorious character, a drover, who had much of the brutal look of what he worked in, with the knowing eye of a man of the city, a sort of big Peter Pelt—

"He had a hardness in his eye,
He had a hardness in his cheek."

He was our terror, and we not only wondered but were afraid when we saw him going in. The kirk was full as it could hold. How different in looks to a brisk town congregation! The minister came in, homely in his dress and gait, but having a great look about him, like a mountain among hills. The high-school boys thought him like a 'big one of ourselves'; he looks vaguely round upon his audience, as if he saw in it one great object, not many. We were 'forgetful' of his smile! His general benignity; how he let the light of his countenance fall on us! He read a few verses quietly; then prayed briefly, solemnly, with his eyes wide open all the time, but not seeing. Then he gave out his text; we forgot it, but its subject was, 'Death reigns.' He stated slowly, calmly, the simple meaning of the words; what death was, and how and why it reigned; then suddenly he started, and looked like a man who had seen something great, and was loath to declare it; he told us how death reigned—everywhere, at all times in all places; how we all knew it, how we would yet know more of it. The drover, who had sat down in the table-seat opposite, was gazing up in a state of stupid excitement; he seemed restless, but never kept his eye from the speaker. The tide set in—everything added to its power, deep called to deep, imagery and illustration poured in; and every now and then the theme, the simple, terrible statement was repeated in some local interval. After overwhelming us with proofs of the reign of death, and transferring to us his intense urgency and emotion; and after shrieking, as if in despair, these words, 'Death is a tremendous necessity,' he suddenly looked beyond us, as if into some distant region, and cried out: 'Behold a mightier! who is this? He cometh from Edom, with dyed garments from Bozrah, glorious in his apparel, speaking in righteousness, traveling in the greatness of his strength, mighty to save.' Then, in a few plain sentences, he stated the truth as to sin entering, and death by sin, and sin passing upon all. Then he took fire once more, and enforced, with redoubled energy and richness, the freeness, the simplicity, the security the sufficiency of the great method of justification. How astonished and impressed we all were! He was at the full power of his power; the whole man was in an agony of earnestness. The drover was weeping like a child, the tears running down his ruddy, coarse cheeks—his face opened out and smoothed like an infant's; his whole body stirred with emotion. We all had insensibly been drawn out of our seats, and were converging toward the wonderful speaker. And when he sat down, after warning each one of us to remember, who it was, and what it was, that followed death on his pale horse, and that we could escape, we all sank back into our seats. How beautiful to ears did the thunder look—exhausted—but sweet and pure! How he poured out his soul before his God in giving thanks for sending the Abolisher of death! Then a short psalm, and all was ended.

"We went home quieter than we came; we did not re-count the foals with their long legs and roguish eyes, and their sedate mothers; we did not speculate upon whose dog that was, and whether that was a man or a crow in the dim moon—we thought of other things. That voice, that face; those great, simple, living thoughts; those floods of resistless eloquence; that piercing, shattering voice—"that tremendous necessity."—(Dr. Brown.

QIED.
In Woburn, Nov. 14th, Annie Lonan, eldest child of John and Maggie McKay, of New Glasgow, N. S., aged 5 yrs., 6 months.

Nov. 12th, Daniel Conroy, 58 years.

Nov. 13th, Patrick Doherty, 55 years.

Nov. 14th, Frank M., son of William Jordan, 6 years, 10 months, 18 days.

In Burlington, Nov. 10th, Mrs. Hannah Skelton, 62 years.

In Tottenham, London, 29th ult., in her 80th year, Catherine, widow of the late John Sykes, Esq., of Highgate Park, London, and mother of Mrs. J. C. Bodwell, of Woburn.

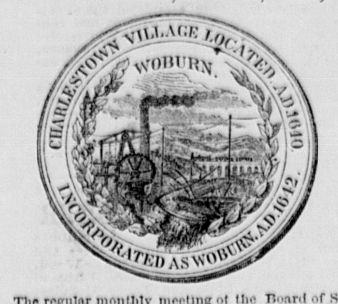
In Porter, Me., Oct. 23d, Miss Juliette, daughter of Washington and Susan O. Colcord, aged 14 years, 6 months, 14 days.

Nov. 5th, Mrs. Ella, wife of Samuel S. Weeks, aged 58 years.

A CARD.
Editor of the Journal.—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for dyspepsia, in its worst stages, and is a most valuable remedy, and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating, always strengthen the bowels, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet to eat as heartily as he pleases, and to sleep peacefully, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and a most valuable remedy for all stomachic troubles, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and is a most effective remedy, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the basis of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weakness, debility and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and is a most valuable remedy, and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating, always strengthen the bowels, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet to eat as heartily as he pleases, and to sleep peacefully, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. 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SPECIAL NOTICES.

SELECTMEN'S OFFICE,
Woburn, Nov. 16, 1865.



The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Selectmen for the month of December will be held on Monday, the 4th day of Dec., at 2 o'clock, P. M. By order of the Board.
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

OYSTERS.

The subscriber is prepared to furnish the people of Woburn and vicinity with a choice variety of Oysters, direct from the shell, as per order, at the lowest market price, at his saloon on Main Street.
Woburn, Nov. 18, 1865.—2m*

What the Illustrations Abernethy said.

"Well, sir, what's the matter?" said Abernethy, the great English surgeon, to a cadaverous-looking patient, who had called to consult him. "Oh, nothing serious," was the reply. "My stomach and liver are out of order, that's all." "Do you call that nothing serious?" said Abernethy; "I tell you, sir, that when these two organs are out of order, as you call it, there's not a square inch of the body that is not more or less diseased, nor a drop of blood in it that is in a healthy condition." Nothing can be more true, therefore it is of the very highest importance to keep the stomach and liver in a vigorous condition. If the one is weak and the other irregular in its action, tone and control them with HOS- TETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS—the most genial vegetable Restorative and Alterative that has ever been administered as a cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Disease. It is recommended by distinguished surgeons and physicians of the United States Army, by officers of the Army and Navy, by our first authors, by eminent clergymen; in fact, by thousands of the most intelligent of every class, as an unequalled protective against epidemic and malarious diseases, and as a perfectly innocuous, but at the same time powerful, invigorant and alterative.
nov11—1m

Smolander's Extract Bucku

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of diseases of the Stomach and Kidneys, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsies, Chronic Gonorrhea and Cutaneous Diseases. For those suffering from the effects of excesses of any kind, it is perfectly invaluable. For Female Complaints, it is a priceless remedy. It never fails to effect a cure. It is the BEST and CHEAPEST preparation of Bucku offered to the public. Price One Dollar per bottle. For sale by all Apothecaries.
BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, 86 Hanover St., Boston, General Agents. sep3—3m

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grooming Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in SIX Weeks. Price \$1.00—3 packages for \$2.00. Sent by mail anywhere, enclosed with receipt of price. Address, WALKER & CO., Box 138 Brooklyn, N. Y. ad15—1m

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs

forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$80.00 to \$600.00 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. 110, 28, 27, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

"Gents' Ready-Made Dress Frocks and Suits—\$12, 10, 8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

"Every garment marked in plain figures at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

"For Shirts, Drawers and Furnishing Goods of any style or grade, call at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price Clothing House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

"Boys and Youth's Clothing in great variety, at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston. sep23—3m

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours. Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 60 cents to WHEELS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington Street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct28—1y

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE, Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases.

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

Singers and Public Speakers

will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before Speaking or Singing, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cents per box. oct28—6m

WANTED, A TENEMENT.

A TENEMENT of about 5 or 6 rooms, for a small family, near the depot. Apply at this office. The best references given and required. oct28—1f

For Sale:

A large, two-story house, containing 13 well-finished rooms, pleasantly situated on Mount Pleasant St., together with a small Barn. The lot contains between 1400 and 1500 feet of land. A good well of water on the premises. For further information apply to Mrs. STEPHEN THOMPSON, on Salem Street. Woburn, Nov. 1, 1865. 3m*

A Desirable Lot of Wood & Timber at Auction.

ON TUESDAY, 21st inst., at ten o'clock, A. M., will be sold at Auction, in lots, the Wood and Timber standing on 10 acres of Land, situated in the easterly part of Woburn, near Mr. Stephen Richardson's Saw Mill, and bordering on the B. & L. R. R. Said wood consists of a large growth of Oak and Pine, of superior quality. Access good.
P. S.—There is on said lot a large amount of Pine Timber, suitable for sawing, of the best quality.
DANIEL RICHARDSON, WILLIAM WINN, Auctioneer.
Woburn, Nov. 16, 1865. 1f*

STANDING WOOD AT AUCTION.

I SHALL sell at Public Auction, on THURSDAY, Nov. 23d, at 1 o'clock, P. M., in lots to suit purchasers, all the wood standing upon about 5 acres of land, in the southerly part of Burlington, about 100 rods northerly from Bond & Todd's farm, North Woburn. The growth consists principally of White and Pitch Pine and Cedar, of an excellent quality.
Access perfectly easy at all seasons. Terms at sale, if stormy on said day, will be sold on the next fair business day, at the same hour.
By order of HIRAM FISKE, Auctioneer.
S. F. THOMPSON, Auctioneer.
Woburn, Nov. 17, 1865.

AMBROSE BANCROFT, CARPENTER & BUILDER.

SHOP OVER SOLES' PROVISION STORE.
nov18—3m*

GIRLS WANTED.

A few operatives on HOWE'S SEWING MACHINE, on Shoe work. Also a few shoe makers. Apply to CHARLES PIERCE, Over Hayward's Grocery Store.
nov18—3m

WARREN ACADEMY.

The WINTER TERM will commence next MONDAY, NOV. 20. EPHRAIM CUTTER, Sec'y.
Woburn, Nov. 18, 1865.

NITROUS OXYD.

THIS Gas is recommended in preference to Ether or Chloroform, for the following reasons:
1st. Under ALL circumstances it is perfectly safe. 2d. From one to ten teeth can be extracted at ONE inhalation, the entire operation lasting not over three minutes, without the least pain to the patient. 3d. It never causes sickness to the Stomach. 4th. It leaves the patient with no lassitude or debilitating feelings. 5th. It is not disagreeable to inhale.
With an extensive practice in the use of Ether, Chloroform and Nitrous Oxid Gas, and with an experience of over twenty years in all branches pertaining to Dental Surgery, the Subscriber would be proud to wait upon all wishing his services.
Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.
J. R. DILLINGHAM, No. 12 Winter St. Boston. nov18—3m

Letters Remaining Unclaimed, IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN.

State of Massachusetts, 18th day of Nov. 1865. To obtain any of the letters, the applicant must call for "unclaimed letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.
Bean, Mrs. Frank. Green, A. F.
Bell, Richard. Holman, P.
Curry, Joseph. McLaughlin, Dan'l
Dow, Daniel. Pierce, S. L.
Griffin, Benj. M. Smith, Lizzie
Gowen, William. Wilson, Mattie A.
NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

TEETH!! GREAT REDUCTION!!

Our prices are computed on the basis of gold at par, as follows: Sets of molded teeth (very beautiful) from \$10 to \$25. Sets of carved teeth, from \$20 to \$30. Pure gold fillings, \$1 to \$5. Cadmium (new metal) in appearance like silver fillings, 50 cts to \$2. Teeth inserted in the jaw, without PAIN, by the use of Ether or Nitrous Oxid.
O. P. ROGERS, Dentist, 34 Winter Street, Boston. sep3—3m

Encourage trade in its legitimate Channels.

Hovey's Balm

FOR THE HAIR.

Half a gross of this valuable preparation for sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook, Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowell Railroads.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Nov. 6th, 1865, trains will leave BOSTON for:

Upper Railroad, 7:00, 8:00 a.m., 12:00, 5 p.m.
Concord and Manchester, 7:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m., 5 p.m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack, 7:00, 12:00, 5 p.m.

Nashua, 7:00, 8 a.m., 12 m., 5 p.m.
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford, 7:00 a.m., 12:00, 3 p.m.

Groton Junction 10:00 a.m., 3:30 p.m.
Lowell, 7:10, 10:00 a.m., 12:00, 3:30, 4, 5 p.m.
North Billerica, Billerica & Wilmington, 7:00, 10 a.m., 3:30, 6:00 p.m.

S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a.m., 6:00 p.m.
Woburn W. S., 7:00, 10:00 a.m., 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30 p.m.

E. Woburn, 7:00, 10:00 a.m., 11:30, 3, 5, 15, 6:30 p.m.
Winchester, 6:45, 7:00, 10:00, 11:30 a.m., 3:30, 4, 5, 6, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30 p.m.

West Medford, 6:45, 10, 11:30 a.m., 2:30, 3:00, 4, 5, 15, 6:00, 6:30, 7:30, 9:30 p.m.
College Hill 6:45, 10:00, 11:30 a.m., 3, 5, 15, 6:30, 7:30, 9:30 p.m.

Wednesdays 11:15 and Saturdays at 10 p.m.
Mondays at 11:15 p.m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way Stations.

The 10:00 a.m. & 6 p.m. Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, South Billerica, Centre, and College Hill Stations, to take passengers for Stations above Woburn W. Place.

Trains FOR BOSTON LEAVE.

Wilton at 6:15, 10:45 a.m., 3:30 p.m.
Milford 6:30, 10:50 a.m., 3:50 p.m.

Danforth's Corner, 6:30, 11:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.
South Merrimack, 6:30, 11:00 a.m., 4:15 p.m.

Nashua at 7:00, 11:30 a.m., 5:00, 9:00 p.m.
Tyngsboro' 7:15, 11:45 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

College Hill 6:45, 7:22, 11:55 a.m., 4:15, 4:45, 19 p.m.
Lowell Junction, 8:00 a.m., 12:45 p.m., 3:45, 9:30 p.m.

Lowell 7:30, 9:30 a.m., 12:15, 2:15, 5:30, 9:30 p.m.
North Billerica 7:00, 9:30 a.m., 2:22, 5:41 p.m.

Billerica 7:10, 9:40 a.m., 2:29, 5:47 p.m.
Wilmington at 7:25, 9:55 a.m., 2:39, 5:55 p.m.

South Wilmington 7:31 a.m., 2:43 p.m.
North Woburn 7:34 a.m., 2:45 p.m.

Woburn W. Place 7:30, 10:00 a.m., 2:52, 6:04 p.m.
Woburn W. Place 7:30, 10:00 a.m., 2:52, 6:04 p.m.

Winchester 6:45, 7:05, 7:45, 9:05, 10:15 a.m., 1:20, 3:00, 5:05, 6:35, 8:30 p.m.
West Medford at 6:15, 7:15, 7:55, 9:15, 10:20 a.m., 1:20, 3:05, 5:15, 6:45, 8:35 p.m.

College Hill 6:19, 7:19, 9:19 a.m., 1:33, 3:10, 5:19, 6:47, 8:25 p.m.
On arrival of trains from Nashua, (Northern Depot).

The 7:00 A. M., and 2 1/2 P. M. Trains from Woburn stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave passengers for Stations above Woburn W. Place.

Woburn Branch.

Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, 6:45, 7, 11:30 a.m., 3, 5, 15, 6:30, 7:30, 9:30 p.m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6:00, 7:00, 7:40, 9 a.m., 1:15, 4:00, 6:30, 8:15 p.m.
Wednesdays 11:15 and Saturdays at 10 p.m.
7:30 A. M. from Stoughton Branch, and 7:40 A. M. from Woburn Branch, stop only at Winchester, W. Medford, and E. Cambridge.

Stoneham Branch.

The train for Stoneham will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 7:00, 8, 11:30 A. M., 3, 5, 15, 6:30 P. M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 5:52, and 7:39, 8:50, 10 A. M., 1:00, 4:30, and 6:52 P. M.
A train will leave Boston for Stoneham, on Wednesdays at 11:15 p.m., and on Saturdays at 10 p.m.
Wednesdays, 10:05.
A train will leave Stoneham for Boston on Wednesdays at 10:05 p.m., and Saturdays at 8:50 p.m.
J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendent.
B. L. and N. L. R. R.

WANTED!

20 GOOD SMART GIRLS can obtain steady employment, at good wages, by applying to S. SIMONDS & SON, Woburn. aug19—1f

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SINGER'S LETTER "A" FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!

THIS SPYING MACHINE COMBINES ALL the good qualities of our well known manufacturing machines, with many new and valuable improvements. It is swift, quiet, and positive in operation; sews the very finest and coarsest materials, and any thing between the two extremes, in a beautiful and substantial manner. It *Hems, Fells, Cord, Braid, Tucks, Gather, Stitches, &c.* and will generally do a greater range of work than any machine heretofore offered to the public. We respectfully invite all in want of a Superior Family Sewing Machine to pay a visit. Every machine warranted, and full instructions given by competent and courteous attendants. Send for pamphlet. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 69 Hanover Street, Boston, 428 Broadway, New York.
MRS. HARRIS JOHNSON, Agt., Woburn, Mass.

PATENT OFFICES.

Investors who wish to take out Letters Patent, are advised to consult with Messrs. MUNN & CO., editors of the Scientific American, who have presented claims before the Patent Office for nearly Twenty Years. Their American and European Patent Agency is the most extensive in the world. A pamphlet containing full instructions to inventors is sent gratis. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park Row, New York.

GEORGE W. BERRY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN WALNUT, CHESTNUT AND PAINTED CHAMBER FURNITURE, Refrigerators, Bureaus, Wardrobes, &c., 1 and 2 Holmes' Block, Haymarket Square, BOSTON.

THE CELEBRATED HOWE SEWING MACHINES,

MANUFACTURED BY THE HOWE MACHINE CO. ELIAS HOWE, JR., - - - PRESIDENT. PLUMMER & WILDER, Agts. for N. England States, 41 Brimfield Street, Horticultural Building, Boston. AGENTS WANTED.

CHARLES PIERCE is agent for the above machine in the County of Woburn, super over Hayward's grocery store, Main Street. Persons purchasing this machine of Mr. Pierce will be given all necessary information for running the same, gratis.

NEWSPAPERS, BOOKSELLERS, NEWS- PAPER READERS AND BOOK READERS,

Are informed that the American News Company, OF NEW YORK, is ready to supply at the earliest moment, and on the very lowest terms:

Newspapers, Daily and Weekly. Magazines, Books, Dime Novels, Cheap Publications. School-Books, Envelopes, Pens, Writing Papers. And everything wanted by a Newsdealer or Book-seller.

PRINTED TRADE LISTS

describing the nature of the News Business, how to do it, names of Papers and Magazines, with their prices, &c., will be sent FREE to all who ask for them. Address THE AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY, 119 and 121 Nassau Street, New York. Managed by Sinclair Tenney and H. Dexter, Hamilton & Co.

GREAT CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

What the People Want: THE STANDARD HISTORY OF THE WAR, COMPLETE IN ONE VERY LARGE VOLUME OF OVER 1000 PAGES.

This work has no rival in the world. It is complete, authentic and reliable history of the "Great Conflict." It contains reading matter equal to the large royal octavo volumes, splendidly illustrated with over 150 fine portraits of Generals, battle-scenes, maps and diagrams.

In the selection of matter for this great work, the author has confined himself strictly to official data, derived from the reports of Northern and Southern Generals, the Report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War, National and Rebel Archives, &c. He has carefully excluded all party and personal matter not strictly reliable and official, and has succeeded in producing what is universally demanded, a fair and impartial History of the War.

Returned and disabled officers and soldiers, and energetic young men in want of profitable employment will find this a rare opportunity to make money. We have Agents clearing \$250 per month, who will prove to any doubting applicant; for proof of the above send 25 cents to our terms. Address, JONES BROS. & CO., 111 Third Building, Boston.

GET READY! A NEW VOLUME! LOOK OUT FOR JANUARY PICTORIAL DOUBLE NUMBER OF THE LITERATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL WITH PHYSIOLOGY, or "Signs of Character," and how to read them; ETHNOLOGY, or the Races of Men; the laws of Life and Health; PHRENOLOGY and the Temperaments, with choice of puzzles; PSYCHOLOGY, the science of the Soul; CRIMINOLOGY, the study of Crime, including Love, Courtship, and Marriage, when and whom to marry, EDUCATION and SELF-IMPROVEMENT, with such other subjects as ought to know, and can be found in no other publication. It is the best and cheapest work of its size and price. Terms, \$2 a year; single Nos. 25 cts. each. Address, JONES BROS. & CO., 111 Third Building, New York.

PAPER BAGS.

ALL KINDS. THE CROWN BAG CO. make the best, and sell cheaper than any others. Send for Price List, &c. 12 Vesey Street, New York.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair.

Will restore Gray Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, STRENGTHENS and PROMOTES the growth of the weakest hair; stops its falling out in three days; keeps the head clean, cool, and healthy; can be used freely; contains nothing injurious. The best hair Dressing ever offered to the public. It is recommended and used by the first medical authority. Sold at the drug stores, and at my office, No. 1123 Broadway. Ladies and persons of about the preparation will do all that is claimed for it.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

J. H. WINSLOW & CO.

[ESTABLISHED 1860.] 100,000 WATCHES, CHAINS, SILVER ARTICLES, &c., WORTH \$500,000!! TO BE SOLD AT ONE DOLLAR EACH WITH- OUT REGARD TO VALUE!

And not to be paid for until you know what you get!

A SPLENDID LIST OF ARTICLES, each 100 Gold Hunter Cased Watches, \$115 100 Gold Watches, 7 1/2 200 Ladies' Gold Watches, 40 600 Ladies' and Gents' Silver Watches, 18 1000 Revolving Cuts, \$15 to 18 2000 Drinking Cups, 7 1/2 5000 Oval and Chased Gold Bracelets, 5 10 3000 Vest, Neck, and Guard Chains, 5 10 3000 Ladies' California Diamond Rings, 6 10 8000 Magic Springs and Snap Lockets, 4 to 10 10000 Gold Pens and Silver Monted Holders, 4 to 5 10000 Gold Pens with Silver Extension Cases, 6 10 8000 Sets Ladies' Jewelry, 5 to 10 5000 Tea, Dessert & Table Spoons, per doz. 12 to 24 5000 Dessert and Table Forks, per doz. 11 to 15 4000 Butter Knives, per pair. 6 to 10 5000 Napkin Rings, per pair. 6 to 10 3000 other articles, 4 to 6

Certificates of all the various articles, stating what each one can have, are first put into envelopes, sealed up and mixed, and when called for, are sent out without regard to choice and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the Certificate, you will see what you can have, and then, if at your option to send one dollar and take the article or not.

One of these envelopes will be sent by mail on receipt of 25 cents; five for \$1; eleven for \$2; thirty for \$5; sixty five for \$10; one hundred for \$15. AGENTS wanted in every country. Agents furnished with documents to Ladies and Gents to act as such. Full return sent for Circular, which gives special terms, full list, and particulars. Address, J. H. WINSLOW & CO. No. 268 Broadway, New York.

Patented July 11, 1865.

The Removable Window Sash.

STATE RIGHTS FOR SALE. S. WALES, No. 7 Water Street, Boston.

JAMES GRAY,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, 4 Seely's Building, Tremont Row, Boston. Farms and Country Residences bought, sold, and exchanged.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

501 BROADWAY, N. Y. Three doors south St. Nicholas Hotel.

VIEWERS OF THE WAR.

Obtained at great expense, and forming a complete photographic history of the great Union contest, embracing— BULL RUN, PETERSBURG, DUTCH GAP, RICHMOND, CHARLESTON, CHATANOOGA, PONTIAC, ATLANTA, &c. PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS. An excellent assortment of our own manufacture. CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF CELEBRITIES.—100 Major-Generals, 75 Naval Officers, 620 Statesmen, 100 Brigadier-Generals, 125 Stage, 130 Divines, 275 Colonels, 4 Artists, 50 Frontiersmen, Women, 2000 Copies of Works of Arts. Sent free by mail on receipt of Price. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

An Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men, just published by the Howard Association, and sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, DR. J. H. HOUTGTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

\$500. BUSINESS MAN WANTED in every city and village in the United States, with \$100 to \$500, to become interested, by contract, and contract, branch of our business. E. L. TRIPP & CO., 161 Broadway, New York City.

JUST RECEIVED, A FRESH INVOICE OF

LOW PRICE DRESS GOODS, AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

WHITE, COLORED, AND FANCY FLANNELS,

A FULL ASSORTMENT AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

WOOLENS,

FOR Ladies, Gentlemen & Children's WEAR, AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERGARMENTS,

AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S, BANK BUILDING, WOBURN. Woburn, Oct. 28, 1865.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF WOBURN AND VICINITY THAT HE HAS OPENED A

GENERAL—LY GRANT—ED,
THAT THE UNDERSIGNED

Having enlarged their store and increased
their Stock of

GOODS,

now offer to the people of Woburn and
vicinity, a good assortment of

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
Spectacles and Fancy Goods,
Cake and Card Baskets,
Castors,
Silver and Plated Forks,
Spoons,
Fruit Knives, and
Napkin Rings,
Ladies and Gents. Wallets,
Pocket Knives,
Combs and Brushes,
Razors and Strops,
A fine assortment of Ladies' Dress Combs.

SILVER COIN,
Made into
PINS,
EAR RINGS, and
SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully
repaired.
CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,
Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully
repaired.
ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-
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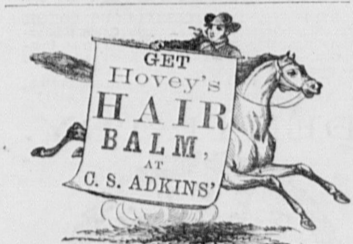
P. S.—All the above work is done by
us, and will be done cheaper here than in
Boston.

All Goods bought of us, marked
free of charge.

Gold and Silver bought and taken in
exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE.
Next to the Post Office.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

**MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL WORK.** Every one has his own
Dilemma—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons or those about to marry, both Male and Female,
in everything concerning the Physiology and Re-
production of the Human System, and the Production or
Prevention of Offspring, including all the latest
discoveries never before published in English language,
by Wm. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain
language for the general reader, and is illustrated with
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least impediment to married life,
should read this book. It discloses secrets that ev-
ery one should be acquainted with, and it is a book
that must be looked up, and not lie about the house.
It will be sent to any one on the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address, Dr. Wm. YOUNG, No. 410 Spruce
St., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sept23-6m



LIFE INSURANCE.

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and
safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
family." Benjamin Franklin, 1700.
The Old Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., with
an accumulation of over \$8,000,000. Proved to be
the best by the highest authority in existence, viz:
The latest Insurance Commissioners' Report yet
published. Dividends 50 per cent. annually.
This Co. issue bona fide non-forfeiting Policies,
payable in 10, 15, or 20 annual payments. Divi-
dends continue during life, annually. Policies paid
in full at death. Parties wishing Insurance are
invited to call and examine Commissioners' Re-
port, &c.
SPARROW HORTON, Agent,
at "Woburn Bookstore."

Gentlemen's Dress Hats,
FALL—1865—STYLES.
J. A. JACKSON,
59 Tremont and 101 Court Street,
BOSTON.

Just received, a full and varied assortment of
GENTS' SILK and KERSEY HATS of the latest
styles.
Also, the "RESORTS DRESSY" Hat, the "DICTATOR"
Hat, in felt, of various colors.
CLOTH and FELT HATS of every description.
CAPS of the latest New York and Boston fashions.
A new invoice of SOUTH CAROLINA.
BOYS' HATS AND CAPS.
sept23-3m 101 Court and 59 Tremont St.

CAUTION
TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
Dr. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Essex
Court St., Boston, is consulted daily for all
diseases incident to the female system. Pro-
lapsus Uteri or Floer Albus, Suppression, and oth-
er menstrual derangements, are all treated on
new pathological principles, and speedily relief
guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably cer-
tain is this new mode of treatment, that most ob-
stinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted
person soon rejoices in perfect health.
Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in
the cure of the diseases of women than any other
physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who
wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treat-
ment.
Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole
attention to an office practice for the cure of Pri-
vate diseases and Female Complaints, acknowl-
edges no superior in the United States.
N. B. All letters must contain one dollar, or
they will not be answered.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, '65. ly

GIRLS WANTED.
COAT-MAKERS WANTED—At TEAR'S Tail-
oring Establishment. Also, GIRLS wanted to
learn the trade.
sept 2-1

**TO THE PEOPLE OF
WOBURN.**

FRANK B. DODGE

DESIRE to return his sincere thanks to the peo-
ple of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal pa-
tronage during the last eight years; and by prompt
attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance
of the same.
He has recently

**Refitted and Enlarged his
STORE,**

and has just received,

From New York and Boston,

a large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

Fine Silver and

Plated Ware—

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-
ers, Spoon Holders, Childrens'
Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,
Ladles, Butter and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS

Jewelry Store!

Every article warranted to be as
represented

FINE WATCHES

REPAIRED & WARRANTED.

ALL KINDS OF

CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE
SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD and SILVER taken in

exchange.

Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,

EYE-GLASSES, &c.

LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved
free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge.

OPPOSITE THE WOBURN BANK.

Woburn, Aug. 26, 1865.

W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER.
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,
NO. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.,
WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
aug 15-1y

A. H. COWDREY, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon.
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of STONEHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29
July 8, 1865. 6m

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
Woburn, Mass.
July 8, 1865. 6m

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

Wm. Symington Brown, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon.
CENTRAL STREET,
(Near the Town Hall.)
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept2-6m

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Wm and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,
Bank Block, Woburn

A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESS MAKER,
AND DEALER IN
Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central House, Woburn.

G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the public, that he is now located in his new
store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit
Particular attention paid to making
Boys Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and
most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the
season, which will be made up to order at the most
reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
on hand.

Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE
"Insurance Agent."

PENSIONS, Bounty, Back Pay and
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for \$1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND.
Office at "WOBURN BOOKSTORE."
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865. ly

HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.
OFFICE—14 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

J. G. CHAPMAN
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the es-
tablishment lately occupied by A. L. WHEELER, in
OCKLEY COURT, where he will carry on the busi-
ness of

PAINTING, &c.
in its various branches.
Woburn, Jan. 24, 1865.—6m

WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.
FRANK B. DODGE, Practical
Watchmaker. Also dealer in CLOCKS,
WATCHES, GOLD
CHAIN'S, LOCKETS,
JEWELRY, SPECTA-
CLES, Fine Silver Plat-
Ware, "plated on genuine Alkato." Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
ters, &c.

Engraving to order.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on
hand.

AGENT FOR
Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

COLTSFOOT ROCK,
A POPULAR
ENGLISH COUGH REMEDY,
is selling rapidly at Brigham's 5 Wade's Block.

BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH AND CLOTHING.
For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

PERFUMERY.
LUBIN, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
FRAGRANCES, and ESSENTIALS.
Popular Extracts for the handkerchief. Thirty
different odors. For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE-WORKS.
The subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of MARBLE

ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE, BRIGHAMSTONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Ware, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.
W. C. BRIGHAM, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864.—21-y.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.
This Medicine increases the powers of digestion, and
excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the
watery or calcareous depositions, and all morbid en-
largements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation,
and is good for men, women and children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Disipa-
tion, Early Indiscretion, attended with the following
Symptoms:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Pain in the Back, Flushing of the Face,
Hot Hands, Eruptions of the Face,
Dryness of the Skin, Urinary Lesions,
Universal Lassitude, Falid Contenance,
These symptoms, if allowed to go on (which this Medi-
cine invariably removes), soon follow:
FATIGUE, EPILEPTIC FITS, &c.,
In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say
they are not frequently followed by those "direful dis-
eases?"

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none
will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the
melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to
the truth of the assertion.
The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness,
requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate
the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU
invariably does. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Wm and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

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made in the best style, and warranted to fit
Particular attention paid to making
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He has on hand a large stock of the best and
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FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
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Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE
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PENSIONS, Bounty, Back Pay and
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Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
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Drafts for \$1 Sterling and upwards,
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Office at "WOBURN BOOKSTORE."
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PAINTING, &c.
in its various branches.
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JEWELRY.
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Watchmaker. Also dealer in CLOCKS,
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CHAIN'S, LOCKETS,
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CLES, Fine Silver Plat-
Ware, "plated on genuine Alkato." Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
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Engraving to order.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on
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Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

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A POPULAR
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STONE-WORKS.
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Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE, BRIGHAMSTONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Ware, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.
W. C. BRIGHAM, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864.—21-y.

HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH,
An excellent Lotion for diseases arising from habits of
disipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu
and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended. It
excites the most responsible and reliable character of
the medicine. Also, explicit directions for
its use, with a full and complete list of living witnesses, and
of 3000 unqualified certificates and testimonials.
Very letters, many of which are of the highest character,
including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Customers, &c.
The Proprietor has never received to their publication
the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that
articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need
to be proved by equal to the highest First Prize, and
one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsa-
parilla, or the decoction as usually made.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.
And it is certain to have the desired effect in all cases
for which it is recommended.

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MEDICAL REFORM.
Advice Free.
MEDICINES AT COST.

RUSH'S BENEVOLENT INFIRMARY was suc-
cessfully established on the above plan in the City of
Brooklyn, but was for a time suspended, during the
absence of Dr. F. Flinders, the Chief Physician, and
Surgeon, while travelling in Europe, and elsewhere. It
has now been re-established on a permanent basis,
having for its object to give to all invalids disconcerted
by the expense of medical attendance, and to the
benefit of the poor, the most efficient and economical
and highest chemical, and of the purest materials, at
cost of time and labor of production and distribution.

From the Journal of Medical Reform.

"We are glad to hear of the re-establishment of
Rush's Infirmary in the City of Lowell. Dr. Flinders
who now conducts it, was formerly Professor in one
of the leading Colleges at Philadelphia, and the author
of valuable medical works. His name is a household
word for medical skill in many parts of our Union.
His recent visit to the principal hospitals, and other
medical institutions of Europe, has no doubt added a
large stock of information. In the treatment of con-
sumption, and the most difficult and dangerous
chronic diseases, he probably has no superior in
America. In curing the sick at a distance, we think
he has no equal. The practical questions which he
wishes to resolve are very judiciously adapted to
secure this object."

In aid of this,

RUSH'S FAMILY PHYSICIAN
(250 pages), is sold at cost. It treats of all common dis-
eases, and gives plain directions for their cure. It
contains a full and complete list of living witnesses, and
of 3000 unqualified certificates and testimonials.
Very letters, many of which are of the highest character,
including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Customers, &c.
The Proprietor has never received to their publication
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to be proved by equal to the highest First Prize, and
one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsa-
parilla, or the decoction as usually made.

RUSH'S CATHARTIC PILLS.
This is the safest, mildest, and at the same time
most effective family physic pill now in use. It is a
powerful promoter of the action of the Liver; and
entirely avoids the necessity of calomel, or any other
and is without nauseating or griping. It is entirely
vegetable; and being prepared from the juices of
plants, and roots, which grow in our own country, it
is especially adapted to the system of our people. This
pill is not thickly sugar-coated; but as much as is
convenient with the preservation of the sugar-coat.
A thick coating of sugar, in many cases, induces the
MEDICAL EFFECT. This pill is also the most econom-
ical in the market, two or three being sufficient to
cure; while seven are frequently required of the
sugar-coated pills.

Families who move try these pills will not exchange
them for any other. They are in short the VERY BEST
for every purpose for which a cathartic, stomachic, or
liver pill can possibly be used.

For purifying the blood and entire system, they
are quite unequalled. These pills are made of pure
and more costly materials than any other pills in the
market. Ask for RUSH'S PILLS and TAKE NO OTHERS,
for many druggists will wish to sell you pills which
cost them less. PRICE 25 CENTS.

The principal office of Rush's Medicines, and
Infirmary is at No. 50 School St., Boston—office
hours 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Prof. Flinders, Chief Physician of the Infirmary,
may be consulted there, on Consumption, female
complaints, and all chronic, dangerous, and ob-
stinate diseases, at the same hours—Consultations
and examinations of the lungs, as practiced in
the best medical institutions of Europe, free of
charge.

BUSH'S
BUCHU AND IRON.
This surpasses all other like preparations, as
much as does RUSH'S SARSAPARILLA AND IRON.
It is a powerful promoter of the action of the Liver; and
entirely avoids the necessity of calomel, or any other
and is without nauseating or griping. It is entirely
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Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XV: : No. 9.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1865.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS



**THE GREAT
German Heilmittel,
WILL POSITIVELY CURE
CATARRH,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS,
COLD,
AND THE FIRST STAGES OF
CONSUMPTION.
IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR
DIPHTHERIA.**

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physician of fifteen years experience, and an extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmonary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus curing thousands who, in vain, have exhausted every other means to obtain relief. A few of the many certificates of cures in the possession of the Doctor are here annexed, which the reader is desired to peruse. They are not certificates of the dead, or names of those who never existed, but parties well known in Boston and vicinity.

TO THE PUBLIC.—My wife, having been afflicted with catarrh for years, attended latterly with a bad cough, having used many remedies and tried the treatment of several of our best medical men without success, I was induced by my friends to try the Great German Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and now she is radically cured. With the cure of the catarrh, all the symptoms attending this disagreeable disease, such as discharges from the nose and dropping into the throat, hacking, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would not be without this invaluable remedy, and advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds, or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find it a sure cure. J. H. SILSBY.
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, formerly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an obstinate cough with which my family and myself have been troubled, and, in spite of our efforts, could not get cured. The cure was effected in the remarkably short time of two days.

My neighbor, Mrs. Merrill, had a child who was suffering with a cough, and bleeding from the lungs, and to them, also, I gave part of a bottle. She reports a perfect cure of her child by this remarkable remedy, the Great German Heilmittel.

THEODORE COLLAMORE.
Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or more with a bad cough. Having lost my husband with consumption, was consequently fearful of losing my child by the same disease. My friends and physicians who saw my child, pronounced it already consumption. Although somewhat discouraged by these counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I am happy to state that by the use of the Great German Heilmittel, my son's cough disappeared, his general health improved, and gained strength, and subsequently was radically cured, and has remained so for the last two years, not even having the cough return. MRS. J. L. LANG,
No. 10 Bedford street, Boston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great German Heilmittel, I should have certainly been dead long ago. All that ever cured my catarrh and saved me from consumption, I owe to this invaluable remedy.

ROBERT WRIGHT.
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me of a severe cough which almost ran me into consumption—thanks to the Heilmittel—I am now perfectly well.

WM. B. FISKE.
24th St. N. Y.

My wife has suffered with catarrh and bronchitis for years. About a year ago last winter, she was completely run down in strength, and my physician pronounced her case consumption. Being anxious to do all that could be done for her, I bought a bottle of the Great German Heilmittel. By the use of the very first bottle, my wife began to improve, and after using but six bottles of it, entirely recovered her health. I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy, and deem it my duty to recommend it to all who are suffering with ever, the slightest cold or cough.

EBEN S. NASH.
Wrentham, Mass.

Having used the great German Heilmittel in my family, and prescribed it in my practice, with the very best of success in the treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, I can but recommend it to the public as a safe and speedy cure for the above named diseases.

J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D.
Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distressing cough, with perfect success, and can but recommend it to the public as the best remedy for the above mentioned complaint.

NEWELL TOWLE.
Riding Academy, 415 Washington St., Boston.

**The Great German Heilmittel
Is for Sale by all Druggists.
PRICE PER BOTTLE
\$2.00.**

WEEKS & POTTER,
No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

General Agents,
For sale in Woburn by
William C. Brigham.

MARGERY.

The bells of the village church had been ringing sweet and clear, and the sound was borne on the summer air miles away, making solemn music, which was very pleasant to a little lonely heart.

On the stone steps of the farm-house, watching the shadows, or looking now and then with a wishful glance toward the bright sky, sat Margery.

Margery who? That was all, she had no other name, she said, when strangers questioned her.

Farmer James had found her one wintry night on a snow-drift by the road side. She was warmly wrapped and sheltered from the storm. Several changes of clothing, a sum of money, a paper on which was written "Margery," were in a basket near. She had been kept by the farmer's wife who hoped some day to be rewarded, and who at first built many airy castles, which had for their foundation the coming of Margery's rich friends. She was sure they were rich, she said, for the child's clothing was fine soft, and the lace upon the little dresses was worth more than her best Sunday gown.

But as years passed and these unknown persons gave no sign, she grew weary of her charge, and by degrees indifference gave way to actual unkindness.

Poor little Margery, what had she done, and why was she so unlike the happy children whom she sometimes met? She often wondered, as she did that Sunday afternoon, sitting in the sunshine, how many miles off heaven was, and whether she could walk there if she tried? "I wish I knew," she said.

"I wish I knew which road to take, and had somebody to go with me, for I am tired of living here!"

Little children who, with folded hands, say your, "Now I lay me down to sleep," who are laid to rest by loving hands, with your mothers' good-night kisses on your lips—little happy children—how blest are you who read wonderingly of this child, whose life was so unlike your own!

Margery had been taken once by a kind neighbor with her children, to the village Sunday-School. There she heard, for the first time of a beautiful place called heaven, the home of God and his angels. The good old minister was talking of Jesus, of the little ones whom he had blest while on earth, whom he still loved in heaven, where after death good children would go to be shining angels in the sky.

Margery went home like one in a happy dream. She scarcely heard the scolding words that Mrs. James poured out like a torrent. She should not always have to be scolded and beaten. She should not always be tired and lonely. There was some one who would love her, if she only could reach him; there was a beautiful home if she only knew the way there.

She kept the sweet thoughts in her little sad heart; dreamed of them when she slept, and took comfort in them as she went upon her errands day by day, or tended the fretful child whose mother had so little pity for her desolation.

One morning when the busy dame seemed to be in an unwonted mood, more gentle than she remembered to have seen her, Margery took courage and ventured to ask information on the subject that had occupied so many of her thoughts.

"If you please ma'am how far is it to heaven?"

The astonished woman dropped her iron, putting in danger thereby her good mood Sunday linen.

"What put that into your head I'd like to know?"

Poor frightened Margery, for once her anxiety to hear something of the blissful home she was determined to seek, gave her courage.

"I heard the minister talk about God in heaven, and I thought if it wasn't too far and I could find the way I'd like to get there."

"Well, I never," said said Mrs. James, and turning fiercely upon the child. Do you think it's a place for the like of you? because, if you do you're mistaken, I can tell you. Try to get there indeed! I think you may try! Now just do you go and shell them peas, and don't let me hear you talk such foolishness again!"

So the child went out once more into the shadow that had so long been like a pall on her heart, and the great hope that had been as a sunny gleam for a little while, suddenly faded out of her yearning heart.

But the longing was still there. Margery had never been taught a prayer; she did not know that God could read her every thought and wish; that his eye of love was always watching over her; if she had, she would not have fallen asleep so often, with her cheek wet with tears, and have looked around on the meadows, and up into the sky as then with such a hungry feeling for love and kindness.

She was alone, as she had often been on Sabbath days; no mother's loving fingers fashioned dainty robes for Margery; she ought to be thankful! Mrs. James told her, "to have such decent clothes, it wasn't every one who would give them to her—but for her part, she couldn't abide rags!"

The decent clothes, however, made so poor a show that she did not choose to exhibit the child who wore them, to gossiping neighbors.

So the little girl staid quietly at home, alone, as I said before, except that "Watch," the house dog, moved lazily after her when she walked about, and sometimes rubbed his cold nose against her hand, and wagged his tail as much as to say, "Don't fret, here is one friend for you!"

And the great Friend above all others, whom Margery did not know, looked down upon the lonely child, and saw how desolate her young life was. So it was, that but a few more Sabbaths found her in the accustomed place upon the doorstep, or in the meadow, or looking out at night, from her little window, at the shining stars.

There came a time, when a dreadful fever took from many homes, one and another, who were sadly missed, and its fatal touch was laid on Margery, for whom no one cared on earth, but who was just as precious in God's sight, as those whose graves were wet with many tears.

The bright spirits whom we can not see, though they are often near, watched over Margery. A neighbor who had buried her own little daughter was sitting by the child at the last, and thinking she asked for water took it to her: "Isn't it beautiful, beautiful?" said the little one, "I shall get to heaven after all, they've come to show me the way! Isn't it beautiful?" and with a smile on her lips, and a light in her eyes that made her face gloriously fair the soul of little Margery was borne up to the Beautiful Land, and the songs of the angels welcomed her, where she could never be sad nor lonely any more!

LIGHT-HOUSES.—The rekindling of the lights along the entire line of our Southern coast has not been the least significant indication of the close of the terrible war through which we have been passing, as their extinguishment was not the least melancholy sign of the augmentation of the conflict. Commerce is the child of Peace, and can be fostered only under its banner. Whenever the storm of war begins to rage, she seeks some hiding place, and waits inactive for it to pass by. She calls in the wanderers from every part of the world; she bids her ships return to port—nor does she allow them to venture out until the skies have cleared. But as soon as the storm has blown over, she sends abroad her word of peace, and hangs out her lamps to guide the mariner as he approaches the coast, or to warn him off from dangerous rocks. There is nothing in all the range of commercial pursuits more expressive of their pacific character, of their essential and elevated humanity, than the name which we have placed at the head of this article.

Light-houses are intervenors in all minds with the very existence of commerce. They are by no means of modern origin, although, like almost every invention, they have been greatly improved in construction, and enlarged in the sphere of their usefulness. The earliest form, undoubtedly, was a simple light, a fire kindled upon a headland or mountain, to guide the course of the incoming vessel. Whether the colossus of Rhodes, which was erected about 300 years before the Christian era, served the purpose of a light by night, as well as a guide by day, is not fully established by any records that we possess; but the pharos of Alexandria, built about the same time by Ptolemy Philadelphus, on which fires were continually kept burning, was undoubtedly erected for the same purpose, and was a most important and useful structure.

It is said to have borne an inscription dedicatory to sailors, and Josephus informs us that the fires upon its top could be seen forty miles at sea. Strabo speaks of a light-house of stone of magnificent proportions, built on a rock at the mouth of the Guadalquivir, but we have no very satisfactory account of these ancient structures. The demands of commerce in these early times were comparatively few, but such aids were a matter of prime importance, and readily suggested, and must have been resorted to where most needed.

The first modern structure of this nature, of any great importance, of which we have any full account, is still in existence, and remarkably as it may appear, was described, by one who has viewed all the most important light-houses of Europe, as being, "in point of architectural grandeur, unquestionably the noblest edifice of the kind in the world." It is the Tour de Cordun, built on an extensive reef at the mouth of the river Garonne, to guide the shipping of a large part of the Bay of Biscay, and especially of Bordeaux and the Languedoc Canal. It was commenced in the year 1584, but was not completed until the time of Henri IV. about twenty-five years later. The building is 197 feet in height, and is surrounded at the base by a low fortification, to keep out the sea, and to afford accommodations for the keeper of the light. It was first illuminated by a fire made of billets of wood upon the summit, which was afterwards superseded by the use of coal. In 1780 this rude arrangement was laid aside, and a reflector and lens were substituted, and in 1822 the dioptric instruments of M. Fresnel were erected, which have continued in use since. The next light-house of any importance was that upon the Edystone, on the coast of Cornwall. The dangerous character of these rocks made its construction exceedingly desirable, but the work was one of great peril. The history of this famous light-house would make a volume by itself, and one of exceeding interest. The first structure, which was of wood, was completed in 1608. The lantern was 60 feet above the rock, but the waves dashed over it, and it was found necessary to raise it to double the height. In 1703 it was found necessary to make some repairs, when the original architect, accompanied by several workmen, went into the tower part for this purpose, but a storm arose and the whole building was swept away, and the entire company perished. Another building on the same site was destroyed by fire in

1755, having stood 47 years. A far more substantial structure of stone was soon after erected, the foundation being dovetailed into the rock at its base, and this has defied the elements until the present time. The construction of some other light-houses on the coast of the British islands has been a work of still greater difficulty, involving engineering and architectural skill of the highest order; but these beacons of mercy have been from time to time rearing their heads above the dashing waves, safely guiding vessels along the shore, or into their havens, where ships had often gone down before, with their living freight, in storm and darkness. We have no authentic account of the earliest structure of this kind upon our coasts, but many of those erected rank among the finest in the world. The one involving the greatest difficulty in construction, perhaps, was that upon Minot's Ledge, off the coast of Massachusetts. This ledge, which is about 8 miles from Boston Light, is a dangerous point to vessels entering Boston harbor. Only a small surface of rock was exposed, and this only for a few minutes at low tide, so that the time for working was very short. Iron piles 10 inches in diameter, were inserted five feet into the rock, after prodigious labor, and the floor of the dwelling was laid some 55 feet above the highest point of the rock! The light-house was finished in 1849, but in April, 1851, one of the severest storms on record swept the whole building away, the huge iron piles being twisted off like wire a few feet above the rock. The building was commenced in 1855, the lower portion of the structure being stone, forty feet of which is solid masonry, the lower courses of stone being dovetailed into the rock. Some idea of the difficulties attending the construction of this building may be gained from the statement that although every moment in which it was possible to work upon the rock was employed, it was between two and three years before the workmen were prepared to insert the first stone in its foundation. During the first season only four stones were laid, but when the foundation was completed the superstructure was a comparatively easy work.

During the year 1855 a commission was sent to Europe by our government to examine the light-house systems of the old world, and as the result, great improvements were introduced in the construction and working of our own light-houses. The great extent of our coast renders this an important department of public affairs. On the 20th of June 1860, there were in operation 413 light-houses and 48 light-vessels, the expenditure on which for the year was \$932,932. In this country the expense is defrayed directly from the public treasury, but in Great Britain a tax is laid upon the vessels using the lights.

The first material used for illumination was wood or coal, in the form of beacons fires, then candles came into use, and subsequently oil, which is now almost universally employed. Sperm oil is used in this country, and to a considerable extent in Great Britain; but in France vegetable oil is the standard illuminator, which is chiefly derived from rape-seed or colza. The sperm and colza are considered superior to all other oils for this purpose. When it was found necessary, from the increasing demands of commerce, to increase the power of the lights employed, the use of reflectors was very naturally suggested, and these were improved by employing highly polished parabolic surfaces, but it was found that a great amount of light was still lost. The French inventor, Fresnel, turned his attention to the subject, and after patient, scientific investigation, proved that lenses properly constructed might be made greatly to increase the power of a light. His system has been gradually superseding every other. It is found by experiment that the light obtained by using the lens is to the light of a reflector as 4 to 1, one gallon of oil with a lens affording as much light as four gallons with a parabolic reflector. Although Fresnel died in 1827, and his system was extensively adopted in France, it is only within a few years that it has been tried in this country. Previous to the appointment of a light-house board by our government in 1852, there were only 5 lenses in use; now there are more than 500. Whether gas can be successfully and generally used for illuminating purposes in light-houses remains to be seen. There are some objections to it which may yet be removed; and the same may be said of petroleum, the chief objection to which is the amount of unconsumed carbon which it gives off in burning, and which clogs and obscures the lanterns. Magnesian lights are proposed, and experiments have been made with them. The difficulty at present is found in making a steady feed of the wire, and in preventing the accumulation of cinders.

It is a matter of great importance that every light-house should have some distinguishing mark by which it may be recognized even at a distance. Several expedients have been adopted for this purpose, such as colored, revolving and flashing lights, and combinations of these. The chief objection to using colored glass is that it absorbs so much light, a full red light for instance absorbing some 75 or 80 per cent, and other colors in different proportions. The red light, however, proves highly useful, being easily distinguished, and the combinations, especially in regard to the intervals of flashes, have afforded the means of identifying nearly all stations. But this part of the light-house system is open to great improvement, and we have no doubt that it will be made, so that complete telegraphic communications, of great importance to vessels, will yet be

sent from every station out over the sea.—*New York Journal of Commerce.*

A PROCLAMATION

FOR THE DAY OF
PUBLIC THANKSGIVING AND PRAISE.
By and with the advice and consent of the Council, I appoint, THURSDAY, the 7th day of December next to be observed throughout this Commonwealth as a day of Public Thanksgiving and Praise.

Lifting up our hearts and voices to "the Lord God of Israel who only doeth wondrous things," let the people of Massachusetts, uniting with the whole body of their loyal countrymen, on this return of our Annual festival of Thanksgiving, swell with songs of praise the chorus of National gratitude and universal joy.

"He has crowned the year with his goodness; and his paths drop fatness; they drop upon the pastures of the wilderness, and the little hills rejoice on every side. The pastures are clothed with flocks; the valleys also are covered with corn; they shout with joy, they also sing."

In the spirit of forgiveness and charity toward all,—while rejoicing in the gift of grace in time past to encounter the perils and sufferings of war for our country and for mankind,—let us adore the Goodness which has given such victory and such honor to the right; has restored peace to our land and the promise of liberty for all the inhabitants thereof forever.

Let us register anew our solemn vows of fidelity to our country; to the memory of our beloved brothers and sons who have tasted death in her defence; to the claims of want, bereavement and sorrow; to the wives and children whose stay has been broken; to the fathers and mothers whose dim eyes explore the hopes of another world for the sons they shall see no more in this; to the millions delivered by our arms and their own from bondage, yet to be assured in the full enjoyment of the rights of freedom and manhood; and to all those in every land who have stood as our friends in the great day of trial. And in a spirit of fidelity even to our enemies, let there be peace in our hearts and the promise and assurance of abiding peace hereafter to all men of good will.

Given at the Council Chamber, in Boston, this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and the nineteenth of the Independence of the United States of America.

JOHN A. ANDREW.

A PHYSICIAN OPPOSING VACCINATION.—Dr. Spencer Hall, a very distinguished London physician, recently declined to obey the law which requires that all infants shall, within a certain period after their birth (six months, I believe), be vaccinated. When called on by the authorities, he responded in a very remarkable letter, which was read before the authorities of Marylebone parish, stating why he had determined to pay the fine rather than have his child vaccinated. He declares that he has never been able to find a cow with the disease, nor can he find a farmer who has ever seen one with it; consequently the virus which is now used in England is nearly or quite all taken from human subjects. On inquiring at the various hospitals, he finds from the medical men employed in them that it is next to impossible to get any vaccine matter, i. e., from the cow. He also gives his reasons for supposing that nearly all of the virus in use has come through the bloods of some three hundred different people, many of whom must be tainted with some disease. Dr. Hall prefers that his child should incur the risk of the small pox to these taints. The dying out of the disease among cows has been attended by a singular decrease in the virulence of small pox among human beings. The disease, from being the most formidable, has now almost lost its terrors. He thinks for some reason or other, possibly because the whole community has become gradually inoculated, the small pox may die out altogether. The Marylebone authorities were considerably staggered by the doctor's very able letter, and did not know whether to impose the fine or not—the fine being arranged for the negligent, not the philosophical.

They finally agreed to allow the doctor four months to hunt up some original vaccine virus for his child.—*M. D. Conway's London Letter in Round Table.*

THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE.—There is probably no one medicine that has cured more people of hard colds, coughs, influenza and throat difficulties than Cough Balsam, whilst in cases of croup and whooping cough, it is remarkable for its speedy cures. Cough's DYSPEPSIA CURE. There is no need of any one's having the dyspepsia, for it has been demonstrated beyond fear of contradiction that Cough's Dyspepsia Cure will certainly cure it. Constipation, the most prolific cause of ill health, is surely cured by the Cure. Sick-headache, cramps, pains, or cold in either stomach or bowels, instantly yield to its power.

The Methodists are making large arrangements for their centenary celebration next year. Philip Enbury formed the first Methodist society in America, in 1766. The enormous growth from that seed is seen in the following figures, in which are combined the statistics of the Methodist Episcopal Church, both north and south: Whole membership, 1,628,320; number of traveling preachers, 9,421; local preachers, 14,205; colleges and academies, 131; students and scholars of all grades, 31,106.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS IN MASSACHUSETTS.—In these days of frightful railroad accidents it is refreshing to read the following: From the annual returns of the directors of all the railroads in the state of Massachusetts, made to the legislature for the year ending Nov. 30, 1864, it appears that the whole number of passengers transported in the cars from Nov. 30, 1863, to Nov. 30, 1864, was eighteen millions two hundred and six thousand and twenty-three (18,206,023), and of this vast number not a passenger in the cars was killed. Three persons in attempting to get on, and nine in passing from one car to another, or in jumping or falling of the platform while the trains were in motion, were killed or fatally injured. Thirty-one persons were killed during the year while lying or walking on the tracks.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press is apprehensive of trouble with the Mormons. He says: "I have more than once called attention to the condition of things in Utah, and predicted that the time would come when the national authority would be forced to take the 'living twin relic of barbarism' by the throat, and bring it side by side with its dead relative and friend—Slavery. That time is here, or will soon be here. The very worst spirit it is being shown by the Mormon leaders, and fears are entertained that, owing to the small force of United States troops in the Territory, there might be a rising of the fanatics against such 'gentiles' as are there."

TEA AS A BEVERAGE.—According to the investigations made by M. Peligot, in regard to the chemical combinations of tea, and communicated by him to the French Academy of Sciences, that article is found to contain essential principles of nutrition, far exceeding in importance its stimulating properties, being in every respect one of the most desirable articles of general use, and decidedly superior to soup, in its nutritious qualities. M. Liebig also gives as his opinion, based on accurate chemical research, that in respect both to tea and coffee, their beneficial effects on the health are very great, and are due to the substance, "theine," or caffeine, and that these two are in some respects identical. He thinks that they are justly to be considered as elements of food for organs as yet unknown, which are destined to convert the blood into nervous substance, and thus recruit the moving and thinking faculties.—*Scientific American.*

FUDDLED RATS.—A servant-girl in that uncertain region known as "Out West" recently tried whiskey to kill rats. She made it sweet with sugar, crumbled in bread, and set the dish in the cellar. A few hours after she went down and found several of the rats gloriously "fuddled," engaged in throwing potato parings and hauling one another up to drink. These were easily disposed of; those not killed left the premises immediately, undoubtedly suffering with a severe headache.

A GOOD PROJECT.—A memorial to Congress has been started in Maine, to be signed first by all soldiers who served during 1861 and 1862, in the late war, and secondly, by citizens who are in favor of praying Congress to pass a law, in coming session, giving every officer below the rank of brigadier general, and every soldier serving in 1861 and 1862, a portion of the public lands, which shall go toward equalizing the large bounties of 1863 and 1864.

Gov. Brownlow writes a newspaper letter to say that it was not he, but his son, who was lately robbed;—that Tennessee abound with thieves and robbers, and adds: "I am one of those at the South who believe this war has closed out two years too soon! The rebels have been whipped, but not whipped enough."

The National Intelligencer offers a word of advice to members elect to Congress from the South, which is, "that they shall not press for their seats, under any circumstances, until after the organization of the House."

THE STONES OF SOLOMON'S TEMPLE.—The marble stones which composed Solomon's Temple were said to be forty cubits long, twelve thick, and eight high. Supposing a cubit to be eighteen inches, which is the lowest estimate, they would be sixty feet long, eighteen thick, and twelve feet high. And supposing a cubic foot of marble to weigh 2,700 ounces, one of these stones weighed 2,725,038 pounds and 12 ounces. If one man was able to raise 200 pounds, it required 13,760 men to raise one of these, and also a little boy who could raise 38 pounds 12 ounces. Suppose one man requires a square yard to stand upon, it would require 2 acres, 3 rods, 11 perches, and twelve yards for them to stand upon while raising it, besides a place for the little boy to stand. What floats must be necessary to carry them across the sea to Joppa! What kinds of teams as well as wagons do you suppose they had to carry these stones from Joppa to Jerusalem, which is about thirty miles, and a mountainous country? What skill was necessary to square and dress these stones, so that when they were brought together they fitted so exactly that they had the appearance of one stone!

A person who tells you of the faults of others, will be sure to tell others of your failings.

The Middlesex Journal,
AND
WOBBURN TOWNSMAN.
WOBBURN:
SATURDAY, NOV. 25, 1865.

JOB WORK, of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.

The large circulation of the JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Probate advertisements, sales of Real Estate, and other Notices of interest to the farming population.

E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

THE INDIAN SUMMER.—We have had in the present month days of the Indian summer, so peculiar and extraordinary, as ushering in the period of winter. The winds have been banished and the golden sunlight has streamed into the recesses of the woods through the bare branches. Horses have felt the heat almost as much as in midsummer, and men at work have experienced the enervating heat. The lovers of nature can now enjoy a stroll upon the hills and along the banks of the flowing streams, and take as it were a farewell to the fields soon to be covered with snow, and the ponds and rivers to be frozen over.

Something like the golden days of declining life, when the aged, apparently hale and hearty and taking pleasure in friends and children and grand-children, seem to be passing the happiest period of their lives, free from pain, care and apprehension, and waiting for the summons to soon depart and be gathered gently, as ripe fruit falling in the stillness from the faded bough. The Indian summer greatly resembles this ripened period of life—a bright halo come to close the lengthened year—a parting smile, a sympathetic glow, taking hold of the human heart and producing tranquility, enjoyment, and meditation.

We do not every year have this summer, or we have only one or two days, and they are welcome; but, when for a week or ten days, the hills seem to be smoking with heat, or arrayed in misty veils, and the Indian summer becomes a very marked feature of the season, arresting the attention of all persons, and especially of those in the country, and of travellers, with winter clothing, journeying and expecting day after day the delightful vision to vanish and the rude breath of winter to freeze up the landscape; then, the reality flashes upon the mind, and we seem to behold the smile of God upon the earth, and hear him calling upon the children of men to notice the divine goodness that shows itself so close upon the arrival of winter, and intimates the blessings which he is so ready to pour out even in the hours of man's greatest exposure and apprehension.

MASONIC.—On Monday evening last, the District Deputy Grand Master, made his annual visit to Mount Horeb Lodge, Woburn, accompanied by the members of his suite. After making his usual examination into the proceedings of the Lodge during the past year, he took occasion to pay the Worshipful Master, and the other officers of the Lodge, a deserved compliment for the correct and efficient manner in which the affairs of the Lodge had been conducted, and returned thanks for the very handsome and hospitable manner in which he had been received by the Lodge. He also made some quite extended and appropriate remarks in reference to the Masonic Institution, which is now acknowledged to have no equal among men, (if we except the church), in its aims to elevate the race. At the conclusion of the exercises, the members of the Lodge, together with their guests, repaired to the spacious rooms of Mr. O. R. Still, where a most bountiful repast was spread, to which all present did ample justice. Large delegations from most of the lodges in the District were present.

SOCIAL CONGREGATIONAL GATHERINGS.—There is no doubt that these may be made to promote in a high degree the great objects for which our churches and religious societies are organized, and the Christian ministry is maintained. In so large a community as ours there is apt to be very much less than there ought to be of social intercourse. We say less than there ought to be; for everybody knows that it is impossible to maintain the kind feeling which should exist in a community without a frequent and free social intercourse. Coldness and suspicion and misunderstanding and unkind remarks, are the inevitable result of social isolation. This is true of religious societies as well as of the general community. Those who worship together on the Sabbath should know each other, and must in order to the highest results of their religious association. There is no doubt that very much may be accomplished in this direction by frequent social gatherings in a congregation, like the series proposed by the members of the orthodox society, and of which the first was recently held at the house of the Pastor. All who were present at that first meeting were highly gratified. If there had been nothing more than the pleasant and lively social interchange, it would have been an evening well spent. But it gave the Pastor of a very large flock an opportunity to take many of his people by the hand in his own house, and to address to them words of welcome.

The excellent addresses of Messrs. Hart, Kimball and Stone, full of point and warmth, added greatly to the interest of the evening. It is understood that the choir will lend the aid of their fine skill to subsequent gatherings, the next of which is to be at the house of Wm. A. Stone, Esq., on Railroad street.

The Florida State Convention has annulled the secession ordinance, abolished slavery, likewise distinctions of color in the courts, repudiated the rebel debt, and amended the State Constitution in other respects, after which thorough work the convention adjourned.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE FOR 1866.—One year ago the publishers promised an increase of size and many improvements in the Home Magazine, and they have kept their word. For 1866 they have still further improvements to make. The Home Magazine is not simply a literary periodical. It takes higher ground, and seeks to make literature the handmaid of morality and religion, always teaching, whether by means of story, poem, or essay, that only by the "Golden Rule" can man live to any wise or good purpose. If you open your door to its visits, it will be a true friend in your household. You will find it neither didactic nor heavy, but cheerful, animated, and social—a friend, dropping in upon quiet hours, with something always pleasant and profitable to say. A new serial by Miss Virginia F. Townsend, will be commenced in the January number, entitled "Petroleum." The terms are \$2.50 a year, 3 copies for \$6. Five copies and one to get up of club, \$10. Address T. S. Arthur & Co., 323 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

L. PRANG & Co., of Boston, whose Album Cards have become so popular, have just issued some new designs. Prominent among them are, "White Mountain Scenery," "Language of Flowers," and "Magic Cards." They have also published, in a very attractive form, "The Story of Hans, the Swapper," which will be immensely popular with the children. For sale at the Woburn Bookstore.

Harpers' Magazine, for December, is richly freighted with good things. It may be found at the Woburn Bookstore.

MILITARY.—Samuel Rinn, of Woburn, of the Band of the 3d Brigade, 2d Division, 24th Army Corps, (and formerly of Co. G, 5th Mass. Regt.) arrived home last week, having been discharged.

Daniel C. Porter, of Co. C, 13th Regt. Veteran Reserve Corps, formerly of Co. F, 22d Mass. Regt., arrived home Tuesday, discharged.

Corporal Cornelius Connelly, of Co. H, 13th Regt. Veteran Reserve Corps, formerly of Co. G, 22d Mass. Regt., has returned home, discharged. He is at present residing in Charlestown.

CORRESPONDENCE.—We have on hand and shall publish next week, a very interesting letter from our California correspondent—P. L. Converse, Esq., from whom we are in hopes to hear often during his stay in that portion of our country.

It shall also give in our next, an article from an old and valued correspondent, entitled "Customs at Funerals."

REV. MR. TOLES OF THE LITTLE WANDERERS' HOME in Boston, will address the Sunday School meeting in the Baptist Church on Sunday evening at half past six o'clock. He will be accompanied by several of the reclaimed children, from the Home, who will sing some of their familiar hymns. A collection in aid of the HOME will be taken.

The preliminary steps have been taken towards the organization of a Unitarian Society in Winchester, to worship in Lyceum Hall. Some of the most influential and wealthy men have taken hold of the matter and mean to make it a success.

In our next issue, we shall give, at the request of a friend, a lengthy extract from an able address recently delivered before the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, by Jacob Bigelow, M. D., "On the Limits of Education," which, coming as it does from one of the ablest men of the age, should have an attentive perusal.

NORTH READING.—A new Baptist church is being erected in this town, a little to the south of the Lowell railroad station. It is of wood, and, though not a costly structure, is neat and will contribute to the good appearance of the town.

THE LARYNGOSCOPE, by which a clear view is obtained of the larynx and posterior nares of the human system. It is invaluable in the treatment of throat diseases, as it enables the physician to ascertain the nature and precise locality of the difficulty. It has been known and used more or less for a considerable time past in our own country and in Europe. To employ it successfully requires peculiar skill, and probably no man in the United States has exhibited this peculiar skill in so eminent a degree as Dr. EDWARD CUTLER, of Woburn. He demonstrated, in the presence of the leading members of the faculty in Boston, greatly to their surprise and satisfaction, some months ago. Within the last few weeks he has been winning laurels in Philadelphia, where he has demonstrated, in the presence of all the medical savants of the city, Dr. George B. Wood, Professor H. H. Smith, Lady, Carson, F. Gurney Smith, &c.; and has lectured to audiences of three to four hundred medical students. His demonstrations have called forth the warmest applause, and Dr. Cutler has taken his place as a man of eminent skill in the Medical Faculty of the country. If God spares his life a most brilliant and useful career is undoubtedly in the future in the struggle of Laryngeal disease which is at once among the most common and most difficult to manage.

EQUESTRIAN STATUE OF COL. SHAW. At a meeting held at the Council Chamber, on the call of the Governor, a Committee of twenty-one was appointed to procure an equestrian statue of the late Col. ROBERT G. SHAW, the commander of the Massachusetts Fifty-fourth Regiment, who fell at Fort Wagner, and to raise the means necessary for this purpose. At a meeting of the Committee, William W. Story was selected as the artist.

The monument is intended not only to mark the public gratitude to the fallen hero, who, at a critical moment, assumed a perilous responsibility, but also to commemorate that great event in our history, where he was a leader, by which the title of colored men as citizen-soldiers was fixed beyond recall. In such a work, all who honor youthful dedication to a noble cause, and who rejoice in the triumphs of freedom, should have an opportunity to contribute.

The Committee hereby announce that each member is prepared to receive contributions.

JOHN A. ANDREW, Chairman.
EDW. ATKINSON, Treas.
Charles Sumner, George W. Gilman,
Joshua B. Smith, Leonard A. Gilman,
Henry F. Kidder, Royal E. Robbins,
Charles E. Codman, Robert E. Athorp,
Francis W. Bird, Francis W. Bird,
H. W. Longfellow, Edward W. Kimball,
John A. Little, George B. Wood,
Wm. W. Chapin, Jr., Alanson W. Beard,
Charles Beck, Solomon B. Stebbins,
William G. Weid, Robert B. Darnall.

COMMITTEE ON STATUE.
BOSTON, Nov., 1865.

WOBBURN LOCALS.

Correspondence of the Journal.

MR. EDITOR.—For several years past it has been the custom of the town to annually at the town meeting in the spring, among other matters, to make an appropriation for furnishing shade trees for the public highways. The money thus set apart has from time to time been most judiciously appropriated, and now our streets are becoming every year more and more inviting as promenades in the summer time, and the trees are year by year adding to the general attractiveness of our village. It is with a feeling of regret that our citizens have this fall seen some of the most venerable and graceful shade trees upon our principal streets fall under the blows of the woodman's axe. To be sure the trees alluded to have stood upon private property, and the owners had an undoubted right to do as they pleased about cutting them, but when the town is year after year appropriating money to set out trees (which as a matter of course it will take several years to render of any real benefit), it seems a shame that trees already in their prime should be sacrificed. With wood at ten dollars per cord there is a strong temptation to save forty or fifty dollars by taking such a step, but the owners will feel that their economy was shortsighted a few years from now, and will wish they had retrenched in some other way. It is earnestly to be hoped that no more of these noble old land marks will be removed.

ANNUAL BALL.—The twelfth annual ball of Jacob Webster Engine Co., No. 2, of North Woburn, will be held in Webster Hall, on Friday evening, Dec. 8th. These parties in years past have been very pleasant, and the names of the committee of arrangements this year is by the members, and it promises to be no exception. Gate's full quadrille band of Boston, will furnish music for the party.

SUNDAY SERVICES.—Rev. Dr. Kirk, of Boston, will supply the pulpit at the First Congregational church on Sunday next.

IMPROVEMENTS.—In speaking of the new buildings going up in town, and the change being made in others, last week I overlooked the alteration Mr. L. B. Norris is making in the building adjoining the stable at the Central House. In this building he is finishing off a room 70x30 feet, to be used for balls and other similar parties. The room will be connected with the house by a covered passage way, will be finished in the best manner, and when completed will supply a want long felt in town, of a neat and convenient place for small, select dance parties.

Mr. John Connolly has this week completed a barn he has been erecting on the court which divides the Flag estate, on Main street.

FIRE.—Soon after five o'clock Monday evening fire was discovered in the cellar of a building at the easterly end of Oakley Court, and in a few moments the entire building was in flames. The stairs were the first to catch fire, and a woman and child in the upper part of the house found her only means of escape through a window in the upper story. The child was thrown out and caught by a man. The woman then threw some bed clothes to the ground, and jumping on them escaped without injury. Engine Co. No. 1 was promptly on hand, but owing to the scarcity of water, could render little or no service. The energetic use of buckets saved the surrounding buildings, and the Hook & Ladder Co. rendered good service in pulling down the burning frame. The building was a large two-story house, occupied by three or four families, who lost nearly every thing. The building was owned by Mr. Winthrop Wyman. Loss about \$2000. Insured. All the town engines were present, also Gen. Worth Engine Co., of Stoneham. They were entertained at the house of Niagara No. 1, after the fire.

A full-blown rose, besprinkled with the purest blue, is not so beautiful as the blushing cheek and the fearful eye of youth under reproof. A blush is the chast nature hangs out to show where dignity and honor dwell.

ACCIDENT.—On Friday, Nov. 10, while the freight train on the B. & L. R. R. was passing through Wilmington, about two o'clock in the morning, a young man having some horses on board was carelessly standing upon the car, when he was struck by a bridge, and knocked off. Strange to say he was not killed, but though perfectly conscious of all going on around him, was unable to move. While he lay thus on the track, two men came along and took his pocket book containing about \$25, and whatever valuables he had about him, and left him without calling help. Soon after light the "section" men came along the road, found him, and he was sent to the Mass. Gen. Hospital, at Boston.

R. R. ACCIDENT.—Last week, Friday, a woman walking on the track of the B. & L. R. R., near West Medford, was struck by the outward bound five o'clock express train, and instantly killed. She had only just stepped off the down track to avoid a train, and did not see the express train. No efforts of the engineer could induce her to look behind her and see her danger. The woman was carrying a pitcher of milk in her hand, and after the train had been stopped, the pitcher sitting beside the track as safely as if it had been placed there with a careful hand. A few days later, a man escaped a similar fate by only an instant. The train grazed his body as he jumped aside. When will people learn that it is unsafe to walk on a railroad track.

RUN-AWAY.—Tuesday morning the horse belonging to Mr. U. Derby, grocery dealer, attached to his store wagon, ran away, and brought up with his head through the large front window of the Union Store on the corner of Oakley Court and Main Streets. The broken glass and crockery was the extent of the damage sustained.

WOOD SALE.—Nearly every day our local auctioneers, Messrs. Winn and Thompson, offer at auction new lots of standing wood. Many of them have been very good, but none have offered the inducements to purchasers which the well known lot of pine timber on Menchion's Hill holds out, to be sold Nov. 25, by Mr. Winn. The uniform growth of the wood on this lot, and the readiness of access to it at all seasons of the year, renders this one of the best chances likely to be offered this season.

MORE RUFFIANISM.—Last Thursday the report was in general circulation in the center of the town that Mr. Chas. A. Smith, while on his way home from the store Wednesday evening, had been stopped by a man who, in terms rather more energetic than polite, demanded the contents of his pocket-book. It originated doubtless from the fact that Mr. Charles A. Tidd and wife, while on their way home from a meeting at the Baptist Church, were that evening stopped on Winn street by a man, who manifested hostile intentions. A lively "skirmish" for position ensued. Mr. Tidd presented a bold front, and after a complete change of base had been effected, Mr. Tidd called after policeman Kendall, who had passed up the street a few moments before, when the man took to his heels. After seeing his wife home Mr. T. returned to town and reported the case to the police.

Several times this week false rumors of the death of Mrs. Kelley (who was so brutally assaulted last week, as stated in the Journal), have been in circulation. Though her injuries were severe, they were only flesh wounds, and at no time has her life been in danger. Many express surprise that the Selectmen do not offer a reward for the detection of the assassin or assassins who have committed these murderous assaults of late. It really seems as if something of the kind should be done, whether the injured parties are interested or not, for every lady in town feels as if it were running the risk of her life to be on the street unattended, after dark.

The Public Library Committee are entitled to much praise for the improvements recently made in our town library. The conveniences of the new rooms, the careful revision and "weeding" of the shelves, the large additions of new and valuable works, and more than all the arranging and printing of a new catalogue, show that the time during which the library was closed was well improved. No town in this vicinity can boast of a better library than Woburn now offers to her citizens.

VETERAN LEAGUE.—This is the name of an association of returned soldiers who have served in the U. S. army during the late war, who have a room in the New Bank Block. The particular object of the league is the bringing together in social intercourse the men who have stood shoulder to shoulder in our national struggle, renewing old acquaintances and forming new, and in case of sickness or other trouble, extending the helping hand. Literary exercises are engaged in by the members, and it promises to be of great benefit. The society extends an invitation to all returned soldiers and sailors to join them. Capt. T. F. Page is president, and J. P. Tilton, secretary.

SCHOOLS.—All the schools in town, with the exception of the High, closed this week for the winter vacation. The High School will complete the fall term next Monday.

The weather of the past week has been unusually mild for this season. The rain in the early part was quite heavy, and has left the springs in good winter condition.

GEORGE, in considerable numbers, have been flying over the town this week, on their way to a more genial climate in the south. The "Old Farmer's Almanac" says—"look out for snow," and the advent of these birds of passage seems to reiterate the warning.

LUKE R. BOUT.

WINCHESTER.

MR. EDITOR.—I take it that you like poetry—do you not? I do. Not the shallow whiff-washy rhymes that make up so large a part of the "original" in so many of the papers, but real poetry, such as contains a lustrous thought gem in every line, half-hidden, perchance, beneath a graceful drapery of well chosen words; poetry that one may read again and again and at each reading find some new beauty to ponder and admire. I cannot help pitying—or, perhaps I should say almost despising—the man or woman who cannot, or will not, read and appreciate true poetry. By the way, I looked in vain for any selections of this kind in your last two numbers.

Can any one inform us as to what has become of the wild geese this season? Have they fallen in love with the "sunny south," and concluded to make it their permanent stopping place? Is there a person in these parts who has seen or heard of or seen any one else that has seen or heard one of these aerial voyagers the present autumn? I have not, to my knowledge.

During the past week we have been favored with several very fine days, delightful specimens of the glorious "Indian Summer," but the mild blue sky of those glad autumn days, that make such a deep impression on our memories, have given place to black, hurrying clouds, and to night the furious Storm King is abroad with his attendant train, making the house-roof creak and tremble beneath his giant tread. But now there is a lull, his fury seems well spent. But hark! as we hear the approach of his rumbling footsteps, and we feel that he has only been taking breath that he might gain new strength for a more furious onslaught. Swifter than the swift-winged ships again he rushes by in his mad career, threatening to carry ruin and devastation in his track; and we sit by our own pleasant fireside, surrounded by those near and dear, unharmed, untouched by the cruel monarch, that perchance even now is crushing so many fond hopes and carrying sorrow to so many hearts and homes, and forget self and selfish ends for the time, and our thoughts and sympathies go out after the many thousands in our land whose hearts beat and tremble as they think of loved ones exposed on ocean's heaving breast to his relentless power. And we send up the earnest prayer, which may God hear and answer, "Heaven protect the storm-tossed mariner on such a fearful night as this, and return him in safety to the hearts that watch and wait his coming."

I am glad to learn that the Committee chosen to purchase a site for the new Winchester High School building have selected so desirable and beautiful a situation, and one considerably nearer the

geographical center of the town than the old edifice.

"Westward the star of Empire takes its way." A returned soldier, who followed the gallant Sheridan through many a bloody fight to repeated and final victory, upon reading your leader of last week, pronounced it "good."

Will the simple preventive to the depredations of the canker worm, mentioned by your local correspondent last week, equal his expectations? For one, I fear not. Let us hear more about it.

Josiah Locke, of Winchester, having just finished the first fifty years of his sojourn in this mundane sphere, celebrated the event by a family sitdown at his home and birthplace, on Wednesday evening, the 22d inst. The "old gobbler," with the usual accompaniment of good things, was brought into requisition, and we feel warranted in saying that it was an occasion of much enjoyment to those present, and one that will long be fruitful of pleasant memories.

RIDGE TOP.

JOTTINGS.—No. 4.

THE ROYAL APE: A Dramatic Poem; Richmond. West and Johnson. 1863.

Such is the title-page of a pamphlet, from a short review of which we hope to derive some amusement, if no instruction. The first page after the title contains the "Dramatis Personae," commencing, of course, with "Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States." Gen. Scott, Sec. Seward, Senators Wilson and Ely, Robert Lincoln, Gen. Beauregard, "Samba," Mrs. Lincoln and other ladies, with a respectable number of "supes," make up the list.

The scene opens at Washington, the night before the battle of Bull Run, and the first act is occupied with several domestic scenes at the White House, and a debate in the Senate, all calculated to give a highly truthful and pleasing view of private and public life at Washington. Here we also have a soliloquy of Sen. Wilson's, resulting in his deciding to go to the battle-field as a spectator. Some of the best writing in the book occurs here, as also some of the best common-sense, though put in a northern man's lips to excite ridicule. Speaking of the Southerners, Wilson says:

"These men talk
Sarcasms of Northern slavery;
And point, illustrating, to some poor girl
Scrubbing the marble sills of an huge palace
At three shillings a month. Fools, arrogant,
They little think what armies can be raised
Out of this pauper horde.
For every man that drives a peg, or flings
A shuttle; * * * even he that fixes
With most ingenious mechanism, the fingers
That touch the musical pipes of the organ
That ministers to Southern luxury,—
All these will swarm in arms;
Will overwhelm and desolate the homes
Of these presuming braggarts."

In Act II. we have an interview between Lincoln and Gen. Scott, in which the latter, describing the results to flow from the battle then pending, says:

"Abraham!
Not the first patriarch of thy name alone
Shall be immortal; thou shalt share with him
The patriarch's heritage."

Unintentional utterance of great truths by one of their bitterest enemies!

Act III. takes us on to the battle field on the Confederate side, and commences with the address of Beauregard to his men, patterned after Marco Bozzaris. At its close the "brave President" appears, in the distance, and the army is filled with the greatest enthusiasm. Scene 5 of this act is located on the Federal side, and shows as Senators Wilson and Ely watching the fight "afar off," and introducing a rebel prisoner guarded by ten Federals. This hero annihilates the soldiers by his fervid eloquence, of which the following is a specimen:

"To die is my vocation, slave! to die
Is the bright resolution that inspires
The souls of you great army."

After which, taking his gunnery by surprise, he slays one and puts the rest to flight; then, posting himself behind a tree, captures a Federal colonel on horseback, and leads him off in triumph to the rebel lines. In the next scene our congressional friends are each and separately captured by a rebel darkey (pleasing illusion of a Southern mind), and escorted in the same direction.

The succeeding scenes take us back to Washington, and show the consternation consequent upon the reception of the news of the battle, and the scenes here depicted remind us strongly of similar ones at Richmond some months later. A messenger comes to Gen. Scott with the following tidings:

"The White House is deserted; in disguise
Lincoln has crawled into a baggage car!
The Cabinet, the Senate, and the House
Cram a long line of cars; a general rash
Is made for Baltimore. The citizens,
As if some real horror were impending,
Look up their doors and pack away their treasures!"

Gen. Scott, frenzied at the failure of his plans, wishes he "could be an autocrat for one hour," and tells what he would do in that case:—

"I'd massacre the leaders of this clamor!
This echo—'On to Richmond'—massacre them!
Drab coated Greasers—O, how exquisite
Should be his torment!"

His sufferings should be interminable;
His name immortal in the Pantheon
With Nixon, Tassalus and Sisypheus.
The gloomy types of endless agony!"

Certainly our "drab-coated" friend would seem to have reason to "rejoice with trembling" that Gen. Scott was never an "autocrat."

But it is for Scene 8 to cap the climax of the resemblance to the breaking up of the "C. S. A."

government, which it does as follows:—

"SC. VIII.—In the Streets—A Rain Storm—Robert, Kitty, and Kate all under one umbrella—Robert in woman's clothes."

Little did our facetious author, or his delighted Richmond readers, suppose that the tables would so soon be turned on them by the arrest of their "brave President," while attempting to perform the difficult role of his own mother-in-law, in the face of the Skeddadle from Richmond.

In the course of this scene, the alarm subsides and the drama closes with a happy reunion at the White House, the last line being the utterance of Robert.

"I played the girl, and had he played the ape."
There are many curious passages in this "Poem," and it would be worth reprinting at the North, or at least quoting largely from, were it not for the vulgarisms with which it is interspersed, and which, however they may have suited the elevated taste of the Richmonders, it would not do to bring out in a society composed of "northern auditors."

Winchester, Nov. 18, 1865.

An old California digger, with a witch hazel stick, has convinced Benjamin Beech, who lives near Williamsport, Pa., that there is silver on his place, and the fellow has already dug down fifty feet to find it. He will find more precious ore by digging the whole of his farm to a proper depth and attending to it.

HORSES.—It is estimated that the war has reduced the number of horses in the United States fully one million in number. The average destruction in the Federal army alone has not been less than 500 per day. The average use of horses in the various Departments, taken collectively, is about one horse to every two men.

Correspondence of the Journal.

"Writes carelessly at times. A little more attention to style would give greater acceptability to her works. Nothing very striking or brilliant, but contains something of human nature. As a whole, however, it is feeble, common place and harmless. We may commend it to parents as a safe one to introduce among children."

With burning cheek and dry, tearless eyes, which seemed to burn in their sockets, set one of our first female writers as she read the above criticism upon her first published volume. Filled with high aspirations to do good with the gifts God had bestowed, she had given to the world her first literary offering. Thus was it heralded in the leading journal by the principal critic of the press. To her who had meant to put soul and life into the work it seemed hard, cruel and unjust, but when the first flush of wounded pride had passed, she perused with a different feeling than before the pages thus spoken of. Gradually the criticism lost its harshness, it seemed more just, and ere long she felt to acknowledge the truth of the first sentence, and admit it was a grave fault. She said, "I will correct it." She did; and to that resolution, taken at the suggestion of a just criticism, we are indebted for some of the most beautiful gems in the English language. She possessed both genius and tireless industry, and it needed only care and method to harmonize and blend the colors of the beautiful word-pictures with which her fertile brain were stored.

Any person who occupies a public position, whether as a writer or speaker, stands as a subject of criticism. His merits are pressed upon either by his professional critics, or by the public eye, is almost as much in their hands as is the criminal at the bar in the hands of the jury, and the verdict is generally as just. When a speaker has felt the eloquence of his subject burning within him, and the words which stir men's souls come gushing from his lips, does he feel to condemn criticism when it is showering plaudits upon his head as their verdict upon his effort? When that inspiration which is the soul of eloquence is wanting, when thought moves sluggishly through a clouded brain, shall the privilege of commenting upon the speaker be denied the disappointed listeners? It is not the subject that is criticised, but the manner in which it is presented; it is not the science which is condemned, but the illustration of it; it is not the great moral truths which are criticised, but the manner in which they are presented, that causes the words of severe criticism to be uttered.

Genius is a rare gift. Patient industry and long study often bridge over the gap that lies between the possessor and the common mind, and they stand side by side in the literary world, the one with rare gifts, the other a monument to what the industry of man can accomplish. Though there are no great number, comparatively speaking, who have the patience thus to toil, and to reach to a still smaller number the bright pearl is given, there are few among the common minds but discover, though they may not fully appreciate, the glitter of the one, and the solid brightness of the other when they are set before them. But the verdict of a New England audience is one from which no public speaker need shrink, and no writer need dread, unless he venture beyond his depth, and founders like the shipwrecked mariner until some friendly wave toss him in confusion upon the shore from which he has wandered.

And even when vile slander sits in judgment, it can do no harm, for the more a man is calumniated and traduced, the more do the honorably-minded, who prefer their own good name above the treasures of the world, and are consequently reluctant to believe discreditable things of others, feel bound to take into account the person, look, gesture and disposition of him who utters the calumny, and so are led to feel a deeper interest than they otherwise would in the party against whom it is leveled. As the rose exhales a sweeter fragrance when at its side grows the hyacinth, so the virtuous man, the virtues of the good man will shine forth with a brighter lustre, from contrast to the disgust and hatred into which the slanderer sinks.

Honest criticism has done more towards ripening the powers, sharpening the intellect, and correcting the errors of public men than any other one thing. It is unsparingly used in the education of children and youth, with what good results all allow. There are none still but "children of a larger growth," and in the day-school of the world, wise is he who profits by the lessons daily contact with his fellows teach.

MR. E. CASSWELL.—We understand there is some probability that Casswell, the popular Canadian Temperance Orator, who creates so much interest in the cause wherever he goes, will visit our town shortly. He has prepared a new lecture entitled, "The Religious Phase of the Anti-Temperance Cause, illustrated with facts," which he delivers for the first time in Woburn on Monday next. Should he come, he will undoubtedly have a good hearing.

FAIR & FESTIVAL
IN
North Woburn.

The children, and Ladies, connected with the Juvenile and Social Societies in North Woburn, will hold a Social Festival, in

WEBSTER HALL,

ON THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 30, 1865.

There will be offered for sale

Fancy and Useful Articles,

Fruit and Confectionery.

Supper, Oyster and Ice Cream

Tables will be prepared, at the usual prices.

The proceeds to be appropriated towards defraying the incidental expenses of the North Woburn Congregational Society.

TICKETS, 25 cents. Children, under 12—15 cts.

Tickets can be obtained at the Post Office, No. 1, Wm. & Co.'s Store, and at the door on the evening of the Festival.

Contributions for the Tables, (which are respectfully solicited,) will be received at the Hall, from 3 A. M. to 2 P. M., on the day of the Festival.

If very stormy on said evening, the Fair will be held on the following (Friday) evening.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend.

North Woburn, Nov. 24, 1865.

SELECT DANCING SCHOOL.

RUSS B. WALKER, of Boston, will give a course of 12 lessons, and a Ball at Lyceum Hall, the first lesson to be given in Lyceum Hall, Dec. 1st. The lessons taught, including the celebrated German, Polish, Quadrille, Polka, Schottische, Lancers, and Prince Imperial Quadrilles. Terms, Gentlemen, \$3.00; Ladies, \$2.00. To be paid on the sixth night. Names can be left with W. H. Foster or O. H. Wynn.

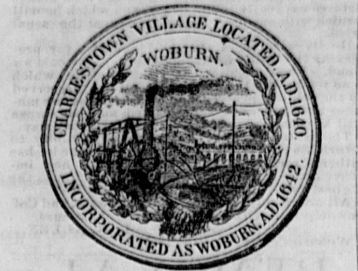
Woburn, Nov. 25, 1865.—14

Married
In Woburn, on Thursday evening last, by Rev. J. C. Botwell, Mr. Frederick A. Hartwell and Miss Lavinia A. Nichols, all of Woburn.
In Boston, Nov. 21st, by Rev. Dr. Lathrop, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Horace Dodd and Miss Susan E. B., daughter of Warren Lincoln, Esq., all of Boston.
In Reading, Nov. 22d, by Rev. William Barrows, Mr. Melvin Kingman and Miss Augusta E. Kingman, both of R.
In San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 21st, at the Unitarian church, by Rev. Mr. Stebbins, Squire B. Goddard, of this city, and Cynthia E., daughter of Walter Frost, Esq., of Woburn, Mass.

Died
In Lexington, Nov. 9, suddenly, A. Lizzie Wellington, only daughter of Walter and H. M. Wellington, 9 years, 9 months, 9 days.
Then, dear one, peaceful be thy rest
Till God thy dust shall raise;
With thee we hope to meet the blest,
Forever God to praise.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SELECTIONS OFFICE,
WOBURN, NOV. 16, 1865.



The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Selectmen for the month of December, will be held on Monday, the 4th day of Dec., at 2 o'clock, P. M.
By order of the Board,
A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

OYSTERS.

The subscriber is prepared to furnish the people of Woburn and vicinity, with a choice variety of Oysters, direct from the shell, at the lowest market price, at his sales on Main Street, Woburn, Nov. 18, 1865.—2m

What the Illustrious Abernethy said.

"Well, sir, what's the matter?" said Abernethy, the great English surgeon, to a cadaverous-looking patient, who had called to consult him. "Nothing serious," was the reply, "my stomach and liver are out of order, that's all." "Do you call that nothing serious?" said Abernethy; "I tell you, sir, that when these two organs are out of order, as you call it, there's not a square inch of the body that is not more or less diseased, nor a drop of blood in it that is in a healthy condition." Nothing can be more true, therefore, it is of the very highest importance to keep the stomach and liver in a vigorous condition. If the one is weak and the other irregular in its action, tone and control them with HOS-TETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS—the most genial vegetable Restorative and Alternative that has ever been administered as a cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Disease. It is recommended by distinguished surgeons and physicians of the United States Army, by officers of the Army and Navy, by our first authors, by eminent clergymen—in fact, by thousands of the most intelligent of every class, as an unequalled protective against epidemic and malarious diseases, and as a perfectly innocuous, but at the same time powerful, invigorant and alterative.

Smolander's Extract Bucku

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of diseases of the Stomach and Kidneys, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsy, Chronic Gonorrhea and Venereal Diseases. These sufferings from the effects of excesses of any kind, it is perfectly invaluable. For Female Complaints, it is a priceless remedy. It never fails to effect a cure. It is the BEST and CHEAPEST preparation of Bucku offered to the public. Price One Dollar per Bottle. For sale by all Apothecaries.

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!
Do you want your hair to grow as thick and glossy as the smoothest hair on chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price \$1.00—3 packages for \$2.50. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address, WALKER & CO., Box 138 Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$80.00 to \$600.00 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogue free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, NEW YORK. sept-1y

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.
Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all eruptions OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.
By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct28-1y

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE, Irritation of the Lungs a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.
For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases, TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

Singers and Public Speakers

will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before singing or speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.
Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cents per box. oct28-6m

WANTED, A TENEMENT,

A TENEMENT of about 5 or 6 rooms, for a small family, near the depot. Apply at this office. The best references given and required. oct 28-1f

For Sale:

A large, two-story House, containing 12 well-finished rooms, pleasantly situated on Mount Pleasant St., together with a small Barn. The lot contains between 1400 and 1500 feet of land. A good well of water on the premises. For further information apply to Mrs. STEPHEN THOMPSON, on Salem street. Woburn, Nov. 4, 1865. 3m

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

TO LET:

A TENEMENT, containing 10 rooms, pleasantly situated on Main street.
Inquire at this office. Woburn, Nov. 25. 3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, December 9th, 1865, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the late residence of William Young, of Woburn, a lot of household furniture, consisting in part of Tables, Chairs, Beds and Bedding, 2 Stoves, a range, Crockery and Glass Ware, Silver Spoons, and other articles. Also a lot of clothing and shoe-maker's tools. Conditions made known at time and place of sale.
T. YOUNG, Administrator.
Woburn, Nov. 18th, 1865. nov 25-3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PURSUANT to a license of the Probate Court within and for the County of Middlesex, will be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, December 9th, A. D., 1865, at 4 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, all the real estate of the late William Young, of Woburn, deceased. Said real estate consists of a dwelling house, barn, and about one-eighth of an acre of land, situated on Lowell Street, in the northwesterly part of Woburn, near the residence of D. D. Hart, Esq. The above described property is eligible situate and affords an opportunity to obtain a comfortable home for a small sum.
Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale.
ALONZO T. YOUNG, Administrator.
Woburn, Nov. 18th, 1865. nov 25-3t

ADJOURNED SALE.

A Desirable Lot of Wood & Timber at Auction.
ON TUESDAY, 25th inst., at ten o'clock, A. M., will be sold at Auction, in lots, the Wood and Timber standing on 16 acres of Land, situated in the easterly part of Woburn, near Mr. Stephen Richardson's Saw Mill and bordering on the R. & L. R. E. Said wood consists of a large growth of Oak and Pine, of superior quality. Access good.
P. S.—There is also an amount of Pine Timber, suitable for sawing, of the best quality.
DANIEL H. PARKER, Auctioneer.
If stormy on said day, the sale will be on Saturday, Dec. 2, at the same hour.
Woburn, Nov. 23, 1865. 1t

LARGE SALE OF WOOD AND TIMBER AT AUCTION.

I shall sell at Auction, in lots, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M., that well known lot of Pine Wood situated in the Westerly part of Woburn, on Menchion's Hill, and formerly belonging to the estate of the late David Parker. Said lot is accessible at all times in the year, and exceeds any lot of Pine Wood for quantity, wood and quality, that is in this vicinity. There is on said lot a large amount of Pine Timber Trees, suitable for sawing of good quality.
Also, on the same day, will be sold at auction, in lots, the WOOD standing on 5 acres of land situated within 30 rods of the above described lot. Said wood consists of a good growth of oak and walnut, of an excellent quality for the market.
By order of Don, Ezekiel Johnson.
Woburn, Nov. 23rd, 1865.—1t

Letters Remaining Unclaimed.

IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBURN, in the State of Massachusetts, 25th day of Nov., 1865.
To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call on "unclaimed letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.
Harris William
Durkin Mark
Dawson Albert
McNamara Michael
McLaughlin James
Palmer Steven
Simonds May E.
Skinner Chas H.
Stephens John
NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

GIRLS WANTED.

A few operatives on HOWES SEWING MACHINE. Also a few shoe makers.
Apply to
Over Hayward's Grocery Store.
nov 18-3t

TEETH!!! GREAT REDUCTIONS!!!

Our prices are computed on the basis of gold at par, as follows: Sets of molined teeth (very beautiful) from \$10 to \$25. Sets of carved teeth (very natural) \$30. Pure gold fillings, \$1 to \$5. Cadmium (a new metal) in appearance like silver) fillings, 50 cts to \$2. Teeth extracted, ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN, by the use of Ether or Nitrous Oxide.
O. P. ROGERS, Dentist,
34 Winter street, Boston. sept-3m

Encourage trade in its legitimate Channels.

Hovey's Balm

FOR THE HAIR.

Half a gross of this valuable preparation for sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

WANTED!

20 GOOD SMART GIRLS can obtain steady employment, at good wages, by applying to S. SIMMONS & SON, WOBURN.

"ANNO DOMINI," 1865.

THE WOBURN BOOKSTORE,

SPARROW HORTON, Proprietor.

Has constantly on hand and for sale, a GOOD assortment of New and Standard BOOKS of Fact and Fiction, SCHOOL BOOKS of all kinds, BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, HYMN BOOKS, and SABBATH SCHOOL BOOKS.

Sets of Juvenile and Toy Books for young people ALMANACS and DIARIES, and the various MAGAZINES and NEWSPAPERS that are published. PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS in rich or plain binding for the table or pocket.

25c TYPE, LITHOGRAPH and LADIES' ALBUMS. SHEET MUSIC of Popular Songs and Tunes, ENGRAVINGS, LITHOGRAPHS and PHOTOGRAPHS.

PRANG'S ALBUM PICTURES, in Oil Colors, of AUTUMN LEAVES, BIRDS & BUTTERFLIES, FRUITS & FLOWERS, WOOD & SEASONS, LANDSCAPES, FUNNY CHARACTERS, &c.

PICTURE FRAMES, Oval, Rectangular and Square. (Pictures framed to order promptly.) and PICTURE CORD, PORTFOLIOS and WRITING DESKS, BACKGAMMON and CHECKER BOARDS, PLAYING CARDS, and numerous GAMES.

ACCOUNT BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS, and MEMORANDUMS.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS, &c.

A LARGE supply of STATIONERY, including ENVELOPES of all sizes, from Billet to Office Note, WRITING PAPER, from Billet to Foolscap and Bill Paper.

BLACK, RED & BLUE INK.

"A. MORTON'S" GOLD PENS, STEEL PENS and QUILLS, PENHOLDERS and PENCILS, in all varieties, and many other articles, too numerous to mention. FANCY GOODS and TOYS in great variety. A good selection of PAPER HANGINGS, consisting of HOUSE PAPERS of latest patterns, BORDERS and WINDOW SHADES.

The above named Goods are all bought for CASH, and therefore will be sold LOW.

Persons in Woburn and vicinity are invited to call, examine and purchase.

FOR CASH ONLY.

Persons in Woburn and vicinity are invited to call, examine and purchase.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SINGER'S LETTER "A"

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!
THIS FLEETING MACHINE COMBINES ALL the good qualities of our best known sewing machines, with many new and valuable improvements. It is swift, quiet, and positive in its operation; sews the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in a beautiful and substantial manner. It works, feeds, cords, feeds, feeds, stitches, &c., and will generally do a greater range of work than any machine heretofore offered to the public. We respectfully invite all in want of a Superior Family Sewing Machine to pay us a visit. Every machine warranted, and full instructions given by competent and courteous attendants. Send for pamphlet. THE SEWING MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 69 Hanover Street, Boston, 428 Broadway, New York.
MRS. HARRIS JOHNSON, Agt., Woburn, Mass.

PATENT OFFICES.

Inventors who wish to take out Letters Patent, are advised to consult with Messrs. MUNN & CO., editors of the Scientific American, who have prosecuted claims before the Patent Office for nearly Twenty Years. Their American and European Patent Agency is the most extensive in the world. A pamphlet containing full instructions to inventors, is sent gratis. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park Row, New York.

GEORGE W. BERRY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN WALNUT, CHESTNUT AND PAINTED CHAMBER FURNITURE, Refrigerators, Bureaus, Wardrobes, &c., 1 and 2 Holmes' Block, Haymarket Square, BOSTON.

THE CELEBRATED HOWE SEWING MACHINES,

MANUFACTURED BY THE HOWE MACHINE CO. ELIAS HOWE, JR., - - - PRESIDENT. PLUMMER & WILDER, Agts. for N. England States, 41 Bromfield Street, Horticultural Building, Boston.

AGENTS WANTED.

CHARLES PIERCE is agent for the above machine for the town of Woburn and near Hayward's grocery store, Main Street. Persons purchasing this machine of Mr. Pierce will be given all necessary information for running the same, gratis.

NEWSDEALERS, BOOKSELLERS, NEWS-PAPER READERS AND BOOK READERS,

Are informed that the

American News Company,

OF NEW YORK, Is ready to supply at the earliest moment, and on the very lowest terms:

Newspapers, Daily and Weekly, Magazines, Books, Dime Novels, Cheap Publications, School-Books, Envelopes, Pens, Writing Papers, And everything wanted by a Newsdealer or Book-seller.

PRINTED TRADE LISTS

describing the nature of the News Business, how to do it, names of Papers and Magazines, with their prices, &c., will be sent FREE to all who ask for them. Address THE AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY, 139 and 121 Nassau Street, New York.

Managed by Sutherland Tousey and H. Dexter, Hamilton & Co.

GREAT CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

What the People Want: THE STANDARD HISTORY OF THE WAR, COMPLETE IN ONE VERY LARGE VOLUME OF OVER 1000 PAGES.

This work has no rival as a candid, complete, authentic and reliable history of the "Great Conflict." It contains reading matter equal to three large royal octavo volumes, splendidly illustrated with over 150 fine portraits of Generals, battle-scenes, maps and diagrams.

In the selection of matter for this great work, the author has confined himself strictly to official data, derived from the reports of Northern and Southern Generals, the Report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War, National and Rebel Archives, &c. He has carefully avoided the intemperance of any matter not strictly reliable and official, and has succeeded in producing what is universally demanded, a fair and impartial history of the war.

Returned and disabled officers and soldiers, and energetic young men in want of profitable employment will find this a rare chance for making money. We have Agents clearing \$250 per month, who will prove to any doubting applicant; for proof of the above send for circulars, and send your Address, JONES BROS. & CO., 14 Phoenix Building, Boston.

GET READY! A NEW VOLUME! LOOK OUT FOR JANUARY! PICTORIAL DOUBLE NUMBER OF THE ILLUSTRATED PIRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL with PHYSIOLOGY, or "Signs of Character," and How to read them: ETIOLOGY, or the Causes of mental and physical diseases, and the Laws of Life and Health; PNEUMATOLOGY, the Temperaments, with choice of pursuits; PSYCHOLOGY, the Science of the Soul; OR, SOCIAL REFORMATION, including Love, Courtship, and Marriage, when and whom to marry; EDUCATION and SELF-IMPROVEMENT, with such other matters as all ought to know, and can be found in no other publication. It is the best and cheapest work ever published. News Volume begins now. Subscribers at once. Address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, New York.

PAPER BAGS.

ALL KINDS. THE CROWN BAG CO., make the best, and sell cheap. Send for Circular. Send for Price List, &c. 12 Vesey Street, New York.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair.

Will restore Gray Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, STRENGTHENS and PROMOTES the growth of the weakest hair; stops its falling out in three days; keeps the head clean, cool, and healthy; can be used freely; contains nothing but pure and safe ingredients. Dressing ever offered to the public. It is recommended and used by the first medical authority. Sold at the drug stores, and by special terms, all over the world. I assure all persons the above preparation will do all that is claimed for it.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

J. H. WINSLOW & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1860.) 100,000 WATCHES, CHAINS, SILVER ARTICLES, &c., WORTH \$200,000. TO BE SOLD AT ONE DOLLAR EACH WITHOUT REGARD TO VALUE!

And not to be paid for until you know what you are getting.

A SLENDID LIST OF ARTICLES. each 100 Gold Hunter Cased Watches \$115 100 Gold Watches 40 200 Ladies' Gold Watches 40 600 Ladies' and Gents' Silver Watches 18 1000 Revolving Canteens 15 to 18 3000 Drinking Cups 7 to 10 5000 Oval and Chased Gold Bracelets, 5 to 10 3000 Yacht, Steam, and other Toys 4 to 10 3000 Ladies' California Diamond Rings, 3 to 4 8000 Metal Spring and Snap Lockets, 4 to 10 10000 Gold Pens with Silver Extension Cases, 4 to 6 8000 Sets Ladies' Jewelry, 5 to 10 2000 Tea, Dessert and Table Spoons, per doz. 12 to 15 5000 Dessert and Table Forks, per doz. 14 to 24 4000 Butter Knives, per pair. 6 to 10 3000 Napkin Rings, per pair. 6 to 10 31000 other articles. 4 to 10

Certificates of all the various articles, stating what each one can have, are first put into envelopes. Sealed up and mixed; and when ordered, are taken out without regard to choice and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the Certificate, you will see what you can have, and then it is your option to send one dollar and take the article or not.

One of these envelopes will be sent by mail on receipt of 25 cents; five for \$1; eleven for \$2; thirty for \$5; sixty five for \$10; one hundred for \$15. AGENTS wanted everywhere. Great inducements to Ladies and Gents to act as such. Fail not to send for Circular, which gives special terms, full list, and particulars. Address, J. H. WINSLOW & CO., No. 208 Broadway, New York.

Patented July 11, 1865.

The Removable Window Sash.

STATE RIGHTS FOR SALE. S. WALES, No. 7 Water Street, Boston.

JAMES GRAY.

REAL ESTATE AGENT, 4 Scollay's Building, Tremont Row, Boston. Farms and Country Residences bought, sold, and exchanged.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

501 BROADWAY, N. Y. Three doors south St. Nicholas Hotel.

VIEWS OF THE WAR. Obtained at great expense, and forming a complete photographic history of the great Union contest, embracing—BULL RUN, DUTCH GAP, PETERSBURG, CHARLESTON, ATLANTA, &c. PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS. An excellent assortment of our own manufacture.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF CELEBRITIES.—100 Major-Generals, 75 Naval Officers, 625 Statesmen, 100 Brigadier-Generals, 125 State, 130 Divines, 275 Colonels, 40 Artists, 50 Prominent Women, 3000 Copies of Works of Art.

Send free by mail on receipt of Price. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

WANTED, AGENTS (Male or Female),

can clear \$50 per week at their own homes, in a light and honorable business. Any person having a few hours daily to spend will find this a good paying business. Address, sending stamp, for full particulars, E. E. Lockwood, Detroit, Michigan.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

An Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men, just published by the Howard Association, and sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLER HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

\$500. BUSINESS MAN WANTED in every city and village in the United States, with \$100 to \$250, to become interested, by contract, and control a branch of our business.

E. L. THIPP & CO., 151 Broadway, New York City.

JUST RECEIVED, A FRESH INVOICE OF LOW PRICE DRESS GOODS,

AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

WHITE, COLORED, AND FANCY FLANNELS,

A FULL ASSORTMENT AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

WOOLENS,

FOR Ladies', Gentlemen & Children's WEAR, AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S.

LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERGARMENTS,

AT CHAS. A. SMITH'S, BANK BUILDING, WOBURN. Woburn, Oct. 28, 1865.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIZENS OF WOBURN AND VICINITY THAT HE HAS OPENED A

GROCERY STORE!

AT ELLIS' OLD STAND, MAIN STREET, NEAR SALEM.

WHERE HE WILL SELL THE BEST GROCERIES! AND THE USUAL VARIETY OF GOODS KEPT AT A COUNTRY VARIETY STORE AT REASONABLE PRICES.

AND SOLICITS A SHARE OF THE PUBLIC PATRONAGE.

TERMS CASH.

URBANE DERBY.

Woburn, Oct. 28, 1865.

Pile Remedy.

DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured thousands of the worst cases of Bilial and Hemorrhoidal Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle. Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover street, Boston. Sole Agents for New England. sept 2-3m

From Acton to Woburn.

BOOTS & SHOES,

OF WOBURN MANUFACTURE. Also J. Fletcher & Son's Goods CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AND FOR SALE BY AUGUSTUS ROUNDEY, Woburn, Aug. 5, 1865. 6m

Billheads printed at this Office.

Cards printed at this Office.

The Peoples' GROCERY STORE!

where, with LARGE ADDITION to their former stock, and

Central House,

where, with LARGE ADDITION to their former stock, and

STORE,

ADJOINING THE

Central House,

where, with LARGE ADDITION to their former stock, and

STORE,

ADJOINING THE

Central House,

where, with LARGE ADDITION to their former stock, and

STORE,

ADJOINING THE

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STORE,

ADJOINING THE

Central House,

where, with LARGE ADDITION to their former stock, and

STORE,

ADJOINING THE

Central House,

GENERAL—LY GRANT—ED,
THAT THE UNDERSIGNED
Having enlarged their store and increased
their Stock of

GOODS,
now offer to the people of Woburn and
vicinity, a good assortment of

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
Spectacles and Fancy Goods,
Cake and Card Baskets,
Castors,
Silver and Plated Forks,
Spoons,
Fruit Knives, and
Napkin Rings,
Ladies and Gents. Wallets,
Pocket Knives,
Combs and Brushes,
Razors and Strops,
A fine assortment of Ladies' Dress Combs.

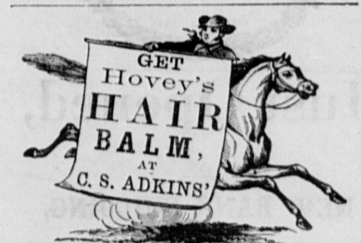
SILVER COIN,
Made Into
PINS,
EAR RINGS, and
SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully
repaired.
CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,
Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully
repaired.
ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-
ecuted.

P. S.—All the above work is done by
us, and will be done cheaper here than in
Boston.
All Goods bought of us, marked
free of charge.
Gold and Silver bought and taken in
exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE,
Next to the Post Office.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

**MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL WORK,** of Every one his own
Doctor—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons or those about to marry, both Male and Female,
in everything concerning the Physiology and Re-
lations of our Sexual System, and the Production or
Prevention of Offspring, including all the new dis-
coveries never before in the English language,
by Wm. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain lan-
guage for the general reader, and is illustrated with
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least impediment to married life,
should read this book. It discloses secrets that ev-
ery one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book
that must be locked up, and not lie about the house.
It will be sent to any one on the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address Dr. Wm. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce
St., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sept2—6m



LIFE INSURANCE.

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and
safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
family." Benjamin Franklin, 1790.
The Old Mutual Life Insurance Co., with an
accumulation of over \$5,000,000. Proved to be
the best by the highest authority in existence, viz:
The latest Insurance Company's Report yet
published. Dividends 50 per cent. annually.
This Co. issue bona fide non-forfeiting Policies,
payable in 5, 10, 15, 20, or 25 years, or at death.
Dividends continue during life, annually. Policies paid
in life time or at death. Parties wishing Insurance
are invited to call and examine Commissioners' Re-
port, &c.
SPARROW HORTON, Agent,
at "Woburn Bookstore."

Gentlemen's Dress Hats,
FALL—1865—STYLES.
J. A. JACKSON,
59 Tremont and 101 Court Street,
BOSTON.

Just received, a full and varied assortment of
GENTS' SILK and KERSEY HATS of the latest
styles.
Also, the "RESORTS DERRY" Hat, the "RE-
SORTE SHERIDAN" Hat, the new "DICTATOR"
Hat, in felt, of various colors.
CLOTH and FELT HATS of every description.
CAPS of the latest New York and Boston fashions.
A new invoice of SOUTH CAPS.

BOYS' HATS AND CAPS.
sept3—6m
101 Court and 59 Tremont St.

CAUTION
TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
Dr. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 EN-
COURT ST., BOSTON, is consulted daily for all
diseases incident to the female system. Pro-
lapsus Uteri or Floer Albus, Suppression, and other
menstrual derangements, are all treated on
new pathological principles, and speedily re-
lieved in a very few days. So invariably cer-
tain is this new mode of treatment, that most ob-
stinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted
person soon rejoices in perfect health.
Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in
the cure of the diseases of women than any other
physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may
wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treat-
ment.
Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole
attention to an office practice for the cure of Pri-
vate diseases and Female Complaints, acknowl-
edges no superior in the United States.
N. B. All letters must contain one dollar, or they
will not be answered.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, '65. 1y

GIRLS WANTED.
COAT-MAKERS WANTED—AT TAYLOR'S Tail-
oring Establishment. Also, GIRLS wanted to
learn the trade. sept 2-1y

**TO THE PEOPLE OF
WOBBURN.**

FRANK B. DODGE

DESIRE to return his sincere thanks to the peo-
ple of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal pa-
tronage during the last eight years, and by prompt
attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance
of the same.
He has recently

**Refitted and Enlarged his
STORE,**

and has just received,

From New York and Boston,

a large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

Fine Silver and

Plated Ware—

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-

ers, Spoon Holders, Children's

Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,

Ladies, Butter and Pie Knives,

Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS

Jewelry Store!

Every article warranted to be as

represented

FINE WATCHES

REPAIRED & WARRANTED.

ALL KINDS OF

CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE

SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER taken in

exchange.

Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,

EYE-GLASSES, &c.

LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved

free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge.

OPPOSITE THE WOBURN BANK.

Woburn, Aug. 26, 1865.

**W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER.**
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,
No. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.,
WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
19-1y

**A. H. COWDREY, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon.**
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of STONEHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 20

**SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.**
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
Woburn, Mass.
July 8, 1865. 6m

**EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon**
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

**Wm. Symington Brown, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon.**
CENTRAL STREET,
(Near the Town Hall),
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept2—6m

**DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.**
Cor. Wm and Pleasant St.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

**CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,**
Bank Block, Woburn

**A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW**
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

**A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESS MAKER,
AND DEALER IN**
Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central House, Woburn.

**G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,**
New Bank Building, Woburn,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends an
the public, that he is now located in his new
store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit
Particular attention paid to making
Boys Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best
and most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the
season, which will be made up to order at the most
reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
on hand.

**Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE
"Insurance Agent."**

PENSIONS, Bounty, Back Pay and
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for \$1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND,
Office at "WOBURN BOOKSTORE,"
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865. 1y

**HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.**
OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

J. G. CHAPMAN
Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the es-
tablishment lately occupied by A. L. WHEELER, in
O'KLEY COURT, where he will carry on the busi-
ness of

PAINTING, &c.
in its various branches.
Woburn, July 29, 1865.—6m

**WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.**
FRANK B. DODGE, Practical
Watchmaker. Also dealer in CLOCKS,
WATCHES, GOLD
CHAINS, LOCKETS,
JEWELRY, SPECTA-
CLES, Fine Silver Plated
Ware, "plated on genuine Albata," Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
ters, &c.
Engraving to order.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on hand.

**AGENT FOR
Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.**

**COLTSFOOT ROCK,
A POPULAR
ENGLISH COUGH REMEDY,**
is selling rapidly at Brigham's Wade's Block.

BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH AND CLOTHING.
For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

PERFUMERY.
LUBIN, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
FRANCOIS, and EDEBARDUS'
Popular Extracts for the handkerchief. Thirty
different odors. For sale by
sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.

**WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE-WORKS.**
THE subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Warehouses, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.
A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864—21-y.

**WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
WILD CHERRY**
HAS BEEN USED FOR NEARLY HALF A CENTURY,
WITH THE MOST ASTONISHING SUCCESS IN CURING
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza,
Whooping Cough, Comp. Liver Complaint, Bron-
chitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every
affection of
THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST.

CONSUMPTION,
which carries off more victims than any other dis-
ease, and which baffles the skill of the Physician
to a greater extent than any other malady, often
YIELDS TO THIS REMEDY!
When all others prove ineffectual.

AS A MEDICINE,
RAPID IN RELIEF, SOOTHING IN EFFECT,
SAFE IN ITS OPERATION,
IT IS UNSURPASSED!
while as a preparation, free from noxious ingredients,
poisons, or minerals; uniting skill, science, and medi-
cal knowledge; combining all that is valuable in the
vegetable kingdom for this class of diseases, it is

INCOMPARABLE!
and is entitled, merits and receives the general con-
fidence of the public.

SEYMOUR THATCHER, M. D.,
OF HARTMAN, N. Y., writes as follows:—
"I have used WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many
years, and in a single instance, have been cured
of a chronic cough, which had been present for
years, and which was attended with much
suffering, but by a liberal use of the Balsam, my
lungs have been invariably removed, and I have
preached without difficulty."

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.
From REV. FRANCIS LOVELL, Pastor of the South
Congregational Church, Bridgeport, Connecticut.
January 31, 1864.
Gentlemen:—I consider it a duty which I owe to
suffering humanity to bear testimony to the virtues
of Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I
have used it—when I have had occasion for any
remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many
years, and in a single instance, have been cured
of a chronic cough, which had been present for
years, and which was attended with much
suffering, but by a liberal use of the Balsam, my
lungs have been invariably removed, and I have
preached without difficulty."

Very truly yours,
FRANCIS LOVELL.

Price One Dollar a Bottle.
PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 TREMONT ST.,
BOSTON,
AND FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES WOUNDS, BRUISES, SPRAINS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES RINGWORMS, WARTS, &c.
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES BOILS, ULCERS, CANCERS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES CORNS, FLEMONS, PILES,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES FROZEN LIMBS, AND CHILBLAINS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES CHAPPED HANDS, AND BLISTERS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve

is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and
reduces the most angry-looking swellings and inflam-
mations, as if by magic,—thus affording relief and a
complete cure.

ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX!
(Sent by mail for 35 cents.)
SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston,
PROPRIETORS.
For sale by all Druggists, Grocers, and at all country
stores.

**THE
PERUVIAN
SYRUP**

IS A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE
PROTOXIDE OF IRON,
a new discovery in medicine which
STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF DISEASE,
by supplying the Blood with its vital principle, or
its element—IRON.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this
remedy in curing
DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY,
CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, BOILS, NERVOUS
AFFECTIONS, CHILLS AND FEVERS,
HUMORS, LOSS OF CONSTITU-
TIONAL VIGOR, DISEASES OF
THE KIDNEYS AND BLAD-
DER, FEMALE COM-
PLAINTS,
and all diseases originating in a
BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD
or accompanied by DEBILITY or a LOW STATE
OF THE SYSTEM.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, its energiz-
ing effects are not followed by corresponding reac-
tion, but are permanent, infusing STRENGTH, VIGOR
and NEW LIFE into all parts of the system, and
building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY.
FROM THE VENERABLE ARCHDEACON SCOTT, D.D.,
DUNHAM, Canada East, March 24, 1865.
"I am an inveterate Dyspeptic of MORE
THAN 25 YEARS' STANDING."
"I have been so wonderfully benefited in
the three short weeks during which I have used the
Peruvian Syrup, that I can scarcely persuade myself
of the reality. People who have known me are as-
tonished at its change. I am what I was known, and
can be recommended to others that have had no
such success for me."

A Case of 27 Years' Standing Cured!
FROM LESLEY JEWETT, No. 15 AVON PLACE, Boston.
"I have suffered, and sometimes severely, for 27
years, from dyspepsia. I commenced taking the
Peruvian Syrup, and found immediate benefit from
it. In the course of three or four weeks I was en-
tirely relieved from my sufferings, and have enjoyed
uninterrupted health ever since."

A CLERGYMAN WRITES AS FOLLOWS:
"My voyage to Europe is indefinitely postponed.
I have discovered the 'Fountain of Health' on this
side of the Atlantic. Three bottles of Peruvian
Syrup have rescued me from the fangs of the fiend
Dyspepsia."

Thousands have been changed by the use of this
remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to
strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and in-
numerable cannot reasonably be expected to give it a trial.

A pamphlet of 32 pages, containing certificates of
cures and recommendations from some of the most
eminent physicians, clergymen, and others, besides
much other valuable and interesting matter, will be
sent FREE to any one sending us their names and
residence.

See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP
blown in the glass.

FOR SALE BY
J. P. DINSMORE, 36 Day Street, New York.
SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., Boston,
And by all Druggists.

IOAHE.

DR. H. ANDERS' IODINE WATER.
A pure solution of Iodine, WITHOUT A SOLVENT!
Containing a FULL GRAIN to each ounce of water.
The most Powerful Vitalizing Agent and
Restorative known.

It has cured and will cure SCROFULA in all its
manifest forms,
ULCERS, CANCERS, SYPHILIS,
SALT RHEUM,
and it has been used with astonishing success in
cases of

**RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, CONSUMPTION,
FEMAL COMPLAINTS, HEART LIVER,
AND KIDNEY DISEASES, &c.**
Our Circular will be sent FREE to any address.
See remarks made by the celebrated Dr. FAY, Phila.
brother Dr. FAY, and Member of the Eccl College of
Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of
the King and Queen's Journal.

See Medical-Chirurgical Review, published by Drake's
Travelers, Fellow of the Eccl College of Surgeons, and
See most of the late standard works on Medicine

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE
Address letters for information, in confidence, to
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT—
Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
No. 531 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, &c.
Helmbold's Medical Depot,
No. 104 SOUTH TENTH ST., PHILADELPHIA.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR H. T. HELMBOLD'S
"MADE NO OTHER!"

**HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,**
A positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.
This Medicine increases the powers of digestion, and
excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the
watery or calcareous depositions, and all unnatural en-
largements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation,
and is good for men, women and children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Disipa-
tion, Early Indiscretion, attended with the following
Symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion, **Loss of Power,**
Loss of Memory, **Difficulty of Breathing,**
Weak Nerves, **Trembling,**
Bleeding from the Nose, **Waking at Night,**
Dizziness of Vision, **Pain in the Back,**
Hot Hands, **Flashing of the Dots,**
Dryness of the Skin, **Eruptions of the Face,**
Unnatural Lassitude, **Fatigue of the Limbs,**
These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this Medi-
cine invariably removes, soon follow—

FATIGUE, EPILEPTIC FITS, &c.
In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say
they are not frequently followed by those "direful dis-
eases?"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?
Many are aware of the cause of the suffering, but none
will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the
melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to
the truth of the assertion.

The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness,
requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate
the system which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU
invariably does. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT
Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, and for all
complaints incident to the female system, and no matter how long
standing. Diseases of these organs require the aid of
diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.
And it is certain to have the desired effect in all dis-
eases for which it is recommended.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IMPROVED ROSE WASSI
Cures Secret Diseases
In all its stages Little expense, little or no change of
diet, no inconvenience, and NO EXPOSURE.

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Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XV : : No. 10.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1865.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS



**THE GREAT
German Heilmittel,
WILL POSITIVELY CURE
CATARRH,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS,
AND THE FIRST STAGES OF
CONSUMPTION.
IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR
DIPHTHERIA.**

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physician of fifteen years' experience, and an extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmonary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus curing thousands who, in vain, have exhausted every other means to obtain relief. A few of the many certificates of cures in the possession of the Doctor are here annexed, which the reader is desired to peruse. They are not certificates of the dead, or names of those who never existed, but parties well known in Boston and vicinity.

To THE PUBLIC.—My wife, having been afflicted with catarrh for years, attended latterly with a bad cough, having used many remedies and tried the treatment of several of our best medical men without success, I was induced by my friends to try the Great German Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and now she is radically cured. With the cure of the catarrh, all the symptoms attending this disagreeable disease, such as discharges from the nose and dropping into the throat, hawking, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would not be without this invaluable remedy, and advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds, or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find it a sure cure.
J. H. SILSBY.
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, formerly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an obstinate cough with which my family and myself have been troubled, and, in spite of our efforts, could not be cured. The cure was effected in the remarkably short time of two days.

My neighbor, Mrs. Merrill, had a child who was suffering with a cough, and bleeding from the lungs, and to them, also, I gave part of a bottle. She reports a perfect cure of her child by this remarkable remedy, the Great German Heilmittel.

THEODORE COLLA MORE.
Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or more with a bad cough. Having lost my husband with consumption, was consequently fearful of losing my child by the same disease. My friends and physicians who saw my child, pronounced it already consumption. Although somewhat discouraged by these counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I am happy to state that I was successful by the use of the German Heilmittel. My son's cough disappeared, his general health improved, and gained strength, and subsequently was radically cured, and has remained so for the last two years, not even having the cough return.
MRS. J. L. LANG,
No. 10 Bedford street, Doston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great German Heilmittel, I should have certainly been dead long ago. All that ever cured my catarrh and saved me from consumption, I owe to this invaluable remedy.

ROBERT WRIGHT.
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me of a severe cough which almost ran me into consumption—thanks to the Heilmittel—I am now perfectly well.

WM. B. FISKE.
24th St. N. Y.

My wife has suffered with catarrh and bronchitis for years. About a year ago last winter, she was completely run down in strength, and my physician pronounced her case consumption. Being anxious to do all that could be done for her, I bought a bottle of the Great German Heilmittel. By the use of the very first bottle, my wife began to improve, and after using but six bottles of it, entirely recovered her health. I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy, and deem it my duty to recommend it to all who are suffering with even the slightest cold or cough.

EBEN S. NASH.
Wrentham, Mass.

Having used the great German Heilmittel in my family, and prescribed it in my practice, with the very best of success in the treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, I can but recommend it to the public as a safe and speedy cure for the above named diseases.

J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D.
Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distressing cough, with perfect success, and can but recommend it to the public as the best remedy for the above mentioned complaint.

NEWELL TOWLE.
Reading Academy, 415 Washington St. Boston.

**The Great German Heilmittel
Is for Sale by all Druggists.
PRICE PER BOTTLE
\$2.00.
WEEKS & POTTER,
No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.,
General Agents.
For sale in Woburn by
William C. Brigham.**

Correspondence of the Journal.

OCCIDENTAL HOUSE,
San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 26, '65.

MR. EDITOR:—I have kept in mind a certain promise I made you before leaving Woburn for this place, which was that I would give you an account of my journeyings, and now commence fulfilling it.

So many people have made the passage to the land of gold, that a full account of the voyage would be common place. Yet a few jottings may be agreeable to your readers, as almost every one has some new experiences on the way.

We left New York at noon, Oct. 23, in the splendid new steamer "New York," Capt. E. Tinkler, of 3000 tons register, with about 700 passengers. On the 2d we crossed the Gulf Stream. Old Hatters did not forget to come up to character, for off that point (about 330 miles from New York), we had a smart blow from the N. E., which meeting the current, raised a heavy chop sea, which put the majority of the passengers on the sick list, and the rest in close practice for some time in difficult locomotion about deck.

Sunrise at sea, how beautiful! Early on the morning of the 4th inst I "turned out" to see the sight. First there is a faint tinge, gradually varying and deepening in color, and spreading until it reaches almost from north to south. Then the colors are more vivid, and mass more and more toward the point where old Sol is to appear, as if to herald his coming, and finally the "king of day," pausing as it were a moment before rising, gradually emerges from his watery bed, and gilds the whole surface of the ocean with his rays. A few clouds near the point of rising were beautifully tinged with bright colors, serving as a brilliant setting to his majesty. In the afternoon we were favored with a view of two water-spouts, which passed about two miles astern. They looked like huge inverted tunnels.

On the 5th inst. we had our first sight of the flying fish. They are about 8 to 10 inches long, and fly very fast. They frequently start out of the water in large "flocks," fly close to the water, from 1 to 10 rods, and pop in again as suddenly as they came out.

Just at night the next day a very heavy thunder shower came up. The captain and 1st officer were busy looking with their glasses, evidently expecting to make the most northerly of the Bahama Islands, but none were to be seen at nightfall. During the night it was pitch dark and rainy. The ship went at half speed until 10 o'clock, when we passed one of the group about three miles off on our starboard bow. The next morning several were passed. They are very low, and most of them are uninhabited. At 7 o'clock we passed Inagua Island. On the south end is a town also called Inagua, containing about 4000 inhabitants. We passed within about half a mile of the shore, and landed the mail by throwing it into the water, where it was picked up by a boat from the shore, while we kept on our way at full speed. The buildings on the island are built of adobe, or unburnt bricks, and have tiled roofs. The view of the scenery on the island from the boat, was beautiful. The vegetation was dark green, and the graceful waving of the long, fan-like foliage of the palm amid the dense groves, lent a charm to the picture which I shall not soon forget. Soon we made Cuba, about five miles off, on the right, while far to the east towered up the mountains of Hayti. In our passage over the Caribbean Sea the ocean was as smooth as a mill pond, and the air very close and stifling. The ocean, as far as the eye could reach, looked like a vast mirror, disturbed only by the motion of the boat, the jump of fish, or the occasional plunge of sea birds in search of prey. On Sunday, 8th inst., we had services on the hurricane deck, under the large awning, by Rev. Mr. Cooper, of Philadelphia. His text was Rom. 11: 33. One evening while in this sea we had our first view of phosphoric light in the wake of the ship. First there came bright sparks or scintillations now and then in the water, and occasionally one would appear as large as a dollar. They soon grew thicker, larger, and brighter, until finally the whole wake of the ship appeared like fire, rolling and swaying about until it faded in the distance.

On the 10th inst., at 3 o'clock in the morning, I was aroused by the cry of "land ho!" and on going on deck saw the shore close to larboard, and soon found we were in Navy Bay. We continued to steam up the bay until 5 o'clock, when we hove to off the mouth of Chagres

River to wait for daylight. As soon as it was light we put on steam, and were soon alongside the wharf of the dirtiest, hottest, and most unhealthy city on the continent. It is simply a collection of buildings, mostly sham structures, situated on Manzanilla Island, in the midst of lagoons and swamps, reeking with malaria. The heat was most oppressive.

On inquiry I ascertained that the train conveying the steamer's passengers would not leave until 1 o'clock, and also found out that the regular and only other train for the day left at 7 o'clock, A. M. I obtained leave to take the latter train, so after taking a hasty look at the sights, which consisted mostly of mud, turkey buzzards, pigs, Jamaica negroes and refreshment saloons (rum means refreshments here), I jumped aboard the train with a few others, and were off for Panama. Immediately after leaving Aspinwall the road crosses a narrow channel, and enters the isthmus proper. The first thirteen miles is through a deep miry swamp, densely covered with mangrove and other water plants, and abounding with noxious reptiles and venomous insects, while through the beautiful foliage and flowers can now and then be seen the black slime and ooze from which arise those vapors which render the place so unhealthy. Soon after coming to the upland, Mt. Hope came in sight on the left, on which is a cemetery in which are buried hundreds who fell victims to the climate in the prosecution of the work on the railroad. Passing Mt. Hope, the surface varies between swamp and upland for some distance; and here we began to realize the wonderful vegetable treasures of the Isthmus, and from there to Panama I was utterly astonished at the wealth and beauty of the vegetable life. Palms of all kinds, most of them tall and straight, waving their long, graceful foliage in the breeze, cedro, casabe, orange, lemon, lime, guava, and hosts of other trees and shrubs are massed together in the greatest profusion.

One species of palm bore immense clusters of scarlet nuts, sometimes two or three feet in length. In many places the growth is so thick as to be literally impenetrable. On either side were masses of creepers and climbers,—convolvulus (morning glory), various colors; mandarin, passiflora cerulea, and rubra, and others I could not distinguish or did not know. Immense masses of these creepers and climbers festooned the trees and shrubs, forming in places great arches of verdure, while the ends would hang swaying in the wind, loaded with flowers of every hue. In the interior were fine views among the mountains. We could look down valleys, and alongside of streams through long vistas, completely arched with the long branches of the trees and the parasitical growths with which they were loaded. On the trees were orchids in great variety. On the Rio Chagres and Mindee rivers the vines were finer than I ever saw before. In some places these rivers were completely arched over, fairly excluding the sun. On the route were immense ferns, bamboos, bananas, plantains, and in some wet places large patches of lilianaceous plants, with large flowers, adorned the sides of the road. The air was almost heavy with the fragrance of the flowers. At some of the stations were fine flower gardens, especially at Paraiso Station, a few miles from Panama. On the route we saw large numbers of hawks, swallows, cranes, herons, parrots, birds of fine colors, and butterflies and insects who vied with the flowers in rich tints and shades of color. At the stations we could hear in the woods the singing of birds and chattering of parrots and animals. We stopped at Gatun, Mamce, San Pablo and Paraiso Stations, and at Barbacoa we passed over the Rio Chagres by an iron bridge, said to be one of the largest and finest in the world. It is composed of six spans of over one hundred feet each, built of boiler iron. At sunset, 11 miles from Panama, we were detained one hour waiting for the train going east, and while we were stopping I took a stroll into the woods in company with a Spanish botanist who was going to Lima to superintend the laying out of a public garden for that city. As he could not talk English, nor I much Spanish, we were at a loss how to convey ideas, but by the aid of a few Spanish words I had picked up, and the Latin from which most of the names of plants are derived, we soon got sociable. We came back jabbering (I can use no better word) and gesticulating with our fingers, much to the amusement of our fellow passengers. We brought in specimens of rare plants and flowers, among which

were mimosa pudica and sensitiva (sensitive plant), passiflora cerulea and rubra (passion flowers), two or three fine orchids, and so many flowers that we might reasonably be mistaken for traveling green houses. I could write whole pages more in the same strain, but it would tire your readers, and I must stop.

But amid all this wealth of vegetable life you see the most painful contrasts. Situated as the Isthmus is between the parallels 8° and 9° north of the equator, the air is at all times hot and sultry. About half the year it is deluged with rains, and half the year the sun, unobscured by clouds, pours down so fierce a heat that nothing animate can withstand his glance. The heat is so enervating that work is almost impossible, and the natural consequence is seen by the looks of the natives. They are mostly small and weak-looking. Most of the children, male and female, go entirely naked, and their skins shine in the sun like Bristol bottles. The adults wear but little clothing. Their huts are built mostly in this wise. First a square or oblong pen is made by driving down rows of stakes, five or six feet high, by weaving in palm leaves, or in some instances boarding up the sides. The roof is made by putting up poles for rafters, and thatching it with palm leaves. The furniture consists of an old table or two, a few *some things* to sit on, and a few *receptacles* to eat out of. Every man and boy has his *macheta* with which to hew his way through the world. It is a long knife or short sword, with which they cut wood, clear off brush, cut up meat, etc. It is a factotum with them. Scarcely anything is cultivated, nature raising almost everything without assistance, in profusion, which the natives are almost too lazy to pick and eat, seeming almost "to eat to live, not live to eat."

A little before 11 o'clock we arrived at the highest point on the route, and began to descend towards Panama, now 8 or 10 miles distant. On our right towered up mountains, jumbled up promiscuously, while far above the others, rose the bald head of Mt. Ancon. We now increased our speed to a rapid rate, and on turning the corner of a mountain, we saw before us on the right the tiled roofs and old-looking buildings of the ancient city of Panama, while in the distance the waters of the "ever peaceful ocean" shone in the sun, scarcely disturbed by a ripple, and we were soon in the station of the railroad company, surrounded by soldiers, women and children, jabbering in broken English, and thrusting their fruits, parrots and "dulees" into our faces, with cries of "buy, senor," "much buena," &c., which soon disturbed the romance of the transit. The distance from Aspinwall to Panama is 48 miles, and the price of a single ticket is \$25.00.

Panama is an old Spanish city, once surrounded by a wall to protect it from the buccaners, parts of which are now standing. It contains about 15,000 inhabitants, mostly of a mongrel race of Spanish, Indians and Negroes, of every conceivable mixture of blood and shade of color except white. The streets are very narrow and dirty, and are mostly rough paved. Some of the sidewalks are paved with flat stones. But very few carts or vehicles are seen in the streets, many of them being too narrow for their passage. A guard of soldiers is constantly kept at the depot for the protection of passengers, in consequence of a row which occurred here some two or three years ago between some passengers and the natives, in which several were killed and wounded. The natives are rather hostile to strangers. These soldiers are a weak, inefficient-looking set, and in case of a fight I think the passengers would prefer to have their arms than their services. Soon after arriving, in company with Mr. Thomas Dolliver, of San Francisco, I visited the city. Many of the buildings are in ruins. The houses are mostly built of adobe, and have tiled roofs. Two cathedrals are in ruins. The outer walls are standing, and the interior and sides are covered with a dense growth of bushes, creepers and weeds. The largest cathedral is situated on the "Plaza," or square, and is very old and dingy, but is in tolerable repair. It is of splendid design and proportions, and is beautiful even in decay. Marketing here would astonish eastern people. The best meat is sold by the yard, and not by the pound. In cutting it up the butcher cuts round and round until he gets a piece about 1 inch by two inches thick, and five or six feet long. These strips are hung up together

in the market, or sides of the street, and when a purchaser comes the butcher measures off as much as is wanted, rolls it up in a ball, and the man goes his way to eat his yard of beef. Eggs are sold by the *huk*; that is, two eggs are tied up in a piece of husk or palm leaf, and if you want a dozen of eggs you buy six *huks*. Everything here is sold by measure that can be measured,—rice, sugar, coffee, tea, &c., the people seeming to be too lazy to weigh them. Water for drinking is brought from Mt. Ancon, in kegs, on the backs of mules, or, in a few instances, in a sort of cart, and is peddled out by the keg. The quality is quite good. We took dinner in the city at a Spanish restaurant, and among other things devoured one-half yard of beef, a chicken stuck full of garlic, cloves, &c., and some *real worm soup*, and poured our water for drinking out of a *decanter*. It stood some time on the table before we used any, under the supposition that it was gin, as it had the color of that delectable article. If any good people had popped in at that time, they would certainly have believed that your correspondent had departed from his usual sober habits, and had become demoralized by travel. Wishing to obtain a basket to put some fruit in for the voyage, we went into various shops, but could not find one, and were informed that none were for sale here, so we bought a flour bag instead. A great many little children go naked in the streets, and romp, play and roll over with pigs, dogs, &c., their bodies being covered with mud and their faces with good humor.

After wandering all over the city and seeing what was to be seen, we shouldered our fruit, &c., and went to the wharf, where the rest of the passengers were waiting to be taken off to the steamer Colorado, which was to carry us to San Francisco, and which lay five miles from the shore, that being the nearest we could approach with safety, on account of her large size, and the shallowness of the water.

An account of the rest of the voyage I should be happy to furnish you, if the foregoing proves agreeable to you and your readers.
P. L. C.

Extract from an Address On the Limits of Education, read before the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Nov. 16, 1865, by Jacob Bigelow, M. D.

I would not underrate the value or interest of classical studies. They give pleasure, refinement to taste, breadth to thought and power and copiousness to expression. Any one who in this busy world has not much else to do, may well turn over by night and by day the "exemplaria Græcæ." But if, in a practical age and country, he is expected to get a useful education, a competent living, an enlarged power of serving others, or even of saving them from being burdened with his support, he can hardly afford to surrender four or five years of the most susceptible part of life to acquire a minute familiarity with tongues which are daily becoming more obsolete, and each of which is obtained at the sacrifice of some more important science or some more desirable language. It may not be doubted that a few years devoted to the study of Greek will make a man a more elegant scholar, a more accomplished philologist, a more accurate and affluent writer, and, if all other things conspire, a more finished orator. But of themselves they will not make him what the world now demands, a better citizen, a more sagacious statesman, a more far-sighted economist, a more able financier, a more skillful engineer, manufacturer, merchant or military commander. They will not make him a better mathematician, physicist, agriculturist, chemist, navigator, physician, lawyer, architect, painter or musician. The ancient Greeks knew but little, though they knew how to express that little well. The moderns know a great deal more, and know how to express it intelligibly. Antiquity has produced many great men. Modern times have produced equally great men, and more of them.

It is common at the present day to say that the Greek language disciplines the mind, extends the compass and application of thought, and that by its copiousness and by its versatility of inflection and arrangement it trains the mind to a better comprehension of words, thoughts and things. All this is no doubt true, and might have great weight as a governing motive in education, were it not that the same ends can be more cheaply obtained by the agency of other means. Unfortunately for the supremacy of classical literature, all civilized countries are at this moment full of distinguished men and women who write well and speak well, and who have never acquired the learned languages. It is easy to say that such persons would have been more distinguished if they had known the classics. It is easy to say that Laplace would have been a better mathematician, and Faraday a better chemist if by chance they had been duly instructed in Greek. But this is gratuitous assumption. The contrary result is more probable, inasmuch as the pursuit of classical literature would have abstracted just so much time from more pertinent and profitable

investigation. At this day nobody believes that Watt would have made a better steam engine, or Stephenson a better locomotive if they had been taught philosophy by Plato himself.

The ancient languages, if applied to use, are not adequate to supply the wants of modern cultivation. Truths and things have grown faster than words. Modern customs, arts and sciences, can be expressed in French or German, but not in Greek and Latin. A French writer, Professor Gouffier, has undertaken to translate Robinson Crusoe into Latin. The translation is successful as far as easy diction and pure latinity are concerned. But the language of the Romans is at fault in the islands of the Pacific, and new words must be coined to express even imperfectly things which are not coeval with the language employed. The world-renowned "man Friday" is introduced to us under the vicious name of "Vendredi," and when Friday goes a shooting he leads his "scelopetum" with "pulvis nitralis." If modern Greece should ever become a first class power among the nations, it will have to complete, as it is now trying to do, a vocabulary of new terms to express the arts and commerce, the facts and fancies, the business and belles lettres of the existing time. In other words, it must renege its language with a new half, not found in the ancient classics.

The admiration of the old Romans for the Greek language and literature had its origin in the fact that in that age of limited civilization they found not much else of the kind to admire. They looked to Greece as the fountain of what had been achieved in art, philosophy, poetry and eloquence. Of consequence it was chosen as the great place of resort for educational objects, and Athens became the emporium of literary and philosophic instruction. But the Roman youth would never have been sent to Athens, had there been, as now, a railroad to take them to Paris, or a steamship to bring them to America. They would not have consumed their time in the groves of Academe, if they could have gained admittance to the Ecole Polytechnique, or to the Royal Institution.

At the present day we relish the Greek language, from the mingled impression not only of its own superiority, but of the pleasure it gives us and the pains it has cost us. We relish it as the musician enjoys his music, the mathematician his geometry, and the antiquarian his diggings. We are pleased that it has been preserved with its euphonious intonations, its copious expressiveness, and its noble literature. We know that the spirit of Homer cannot be translated into English, any more than the soul of Shakespeare can be done into Greek. All languages have their idiomatic expressions of thought, and in all of them translation has a killing effect on the strong points of literature. In the opera of Macbeth the term "hell brot" in the witch scene, is rendered in Italian as "polto inferno." And on the opposite page of the libretto, it is served up afresh in English as "infernal soup." It is highly probable that the half savage accomplishments of Homer's heroes and gods cannot be made duly appreciable in the English tongue. Nevertheless, the modern world can get on without them, and we may be excused for believing that if the study of Greek should be abandoned as a requisite in our universities, although it would still be cultivated, like other exceptional studies, with success and delight by a few devotees, yet our practical, bustling and overcrowded generation would never again postpone more useful occupations to adopt it as an indispensable academical study.

In regard to success in the world at the present day, it is not an academic education, however desirable in any shape it may be, that gives a man access to the confidence and general favor of his fellow-men, or to the influential posts of society. It is native talent, reliability, perseverance and indomitable will, that conducts him to the high places of the world. In all countries, and most of all in our own country, a contest continually goes on between academic education, and self education, the education that comes from without and the education that comes from within. The much cultivated boy, who under favor of advantages, performs faithfully his allotted tasks, who fulfills the requirements of his teachers, who is accustomed to subordinate his own judgment to the dictation of others; although he may hold a high rank in the scale of proficiency and the amount of acquisition, is liable on arriving at manhood, to continue to lean rather than to lead, and thence to occupy a secondary place in the struggle for worldly distinction. On the other hand, the neglected but independent youth, who is brought up in the suggestive school of necessity, who becomes original and inventive because his life is a continued contest with difficulties, who balances character against opportunity, and individual vigor and patience against external guidance,—such an one from the habit of directing himself becomes more competent to direct others, and to wear more easily offices of trust and responsibility. It is remarkable how many of our distinguished men have been self-educated, or at least without academic education. Franklin was a philosopher, Washington a statesman, Patrick Henry an orator, but not by the grace of classical education. Henry Clay knew nothing of the Greek language, nor did probably Thomas Benton. Andrew Jackson and Andrew Johnson had rougher nursing than that of an alma mater. Rumford, Bowditch and Fulton did not develop their intellect under the classic shades of academic

seclusion. And if we were to go abroad for examples, we should find that Napoleon was no classical scholar, and that Peter the Great, when he issued from his lair at Moscow to study the civilization of Western Europe, did not repair to the universities of Cambridge and Oxford, but entered as a working mechanic in the shipyards of Saardam and Deptford.

We need not regret that our country is the field of wholesome competition between the well taught and the self taught, between advantage on the one side and energy on the other, between early development under assistance and slow maturity under difficulties. The success of either condition awakens and stimulates the zeal of the other.

There are many persons who even in this age speak in terms of derogation of what are called utilitarian studies, in contrast with classical and ideal literature, as if pursuits which tend directly to the preservation and happiness of man were less worthy of his attention than those which may be founded in fancy, exaggeration and passion. Poetry, art and fiction have sought for the beautiful and sublime in creations which are imaginary and often untrue, which "o'er instruct the pencil and the pen," and attract because they are mysterious and inaccessible. But in the present age, fact has overtaken fancy and passed beyond it. We have no need to create new miracles, nor imagine them, when the appetite for wonder is more than satisfied with reality, and objects of delight and amazement confront us in the walks of daily life. I know nothing in nature or art more beautiful than a railroad train, when it shoots by us with a swiftness that renders its inmates invisible, and winds off its sinuous way among mountains and forests, spanning abysses, cleaving hills asunder, and traveling onward to its destination, steadily, smoothly, unerringly, as a migratory bird advances to the polar regions. And I know of nothing more sublime than in the hold of an ocean steamship, to look on the mightiest engineering that has been raised by man, as it yields its enormous limbs like a living thing, and heaves and pants and rolls and plunges—urged onward by the struggling of the imprisoned elements.

The traveller passes daily by the never-ending rows of posts and wires which mark the pathway of the electric telegraph, until at length by their very frequency they are blended in the inert features of the landscape and cease to attract attention. Yet, all the while, invisible thought is riding on those wires, and mind is answering to mind over a thousand miles of distance.

The half fabulous siege of Troy has been made immortal in the epics of Homer and Virgil, and we are led by their poetry to admire the achievements of heathen gods and of warriors descended from them. We stand in awe at the exploits of primitive heroes with the same emotions with which we afterward mark in history the real deeds and eras of great military commanders. But however much we may be impressed with the imagined spectacle of a host of disciplined barbarians fighting with swords and bucklers, we cannot keep out of sight that they would have been chaff before the wind in the presence of modern military science. Ulysses and Agamemnon were ten years in taking the city of Troy. Ulysses Grant with his batteries would have taken it in ten minutes. Artists, historians and poets depict even now the memorable battles of Alexander and Caesar. But half a dozen shells would have scattered the Macedonian phalanx, and the Roman Empire could not have stood many days after the modern war steamer should have found its way up the Tiber.

The march of military improvement has not yet halted in its course. The great war of American conservation has been eminently a war of science, and has changed by its inventions the whole face of modern conflict. Huge forts and strong war ships no longer protect harbors from the invulnerable enemies. The wooden walls of England, so long her defence and her boast, like the wall of Jericho, have fallen before the sound of the distant crashing of rams and monitors and torpedoes. If the time shall ever come when classical readers shall tire at the monotonous championship of Trojans, Greeks and Rutulians, they will find with wonder over that miracle of romance and reality, "The Hay Fight" of Mobile, by Henry Howard Brownell.

It is the duty of educational institutions to adapt themselves to the wants of the place and time in which they exist. It needs no uncommon penetration to see that we are now living in a great transition period, and that the world is resting its future hopes and quieting its future fears in reliance on an educated and enlightened democracy. When Andrew Johnson, at the inauguration ceremony of 1865, somewhat hastily declared himself a plebeian, dependent on the will of the people, and applied the same imprecation to his fellow functionaries, like Paul of old, he was not mad, but spoke forth the words of truth and soberness. The last few years of history, the greatest and most momentous that the world has ever witnessed, bear testimony to the power of an educated common people, to preserve and to carry forward the true principles of the Republic. Against the wiles of an astute and determined oligarchy, against the frowns of foreign privileged orders, amid the vicissitudes of good and evil fortune, this great people have advanced to their final triumph, not of revolution, but of conservation, under the guidance of men like themselves, of men who had been clavers of wood and sowers of garments, who had wrought as farmers, as tanners, and as homely manufacturers, who knew the genius of their constituents and the roads through which they were to be conducted to natural and necessary success.

At this moment no nation of the globe can be called more truly powerful than one which has peacefully absorbed into its interior depths half a million of veterans, with discipline in their history, arms in their hands and education in their heads. The most formidable ruler whom the world now knows, is a self-educated man, who could hardly read and write at the age of twenty.

MUTILATED BANK NOTES.—A rule applies to the redemption of United States Treasury notes that all should understand—that is, if a portion of the note be taken off, and the principal part be presented for redemption, deduction is made in proportion to the amount of the note that is missing—if only a corner is torn off deduction is made accordingly. Whether this is a matter of law or mere regulation of the Department we do not know, but it is well for all, especially the laboring masses, to bear it in mind. Lately the Chemung Canal National Bank of Elmira has adopted the same principle in the redemption of its notes. If the banks are to adopt it as a rule, the unaccounted should be distinctly made, that those who can ill afford to be deprived of any part of what they have or receive may know what to depend on.—*Albany Argus.*

One of the best things of the season is that of Bishop Simpson, who has declared in favor of paying the rebel war debt when it becomes due, viz: "after the independence of the Confederate States shall have been secured."

The Middlesex Journal, —AND— WOBBURN TOWNSMAN. WOBBURN: SATURDAY, DEC. 2, 1865.

JOBB WORK. of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and Pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.
The large country circulation of the JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Probate advertisements, sales of real estate, and other notices of interest to the farming population.

E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

THANKSGIVING.

Our annual day of Thanksgiving is this year blended with the Nation's Thanksgiving for the cessation of hostilities, the submission of the South, and the restoration of the Union. It is no doubt better that the two should be united, coming so near together, but there is enough in either of the calls to make the day of great interest. In the first place, our own time-honored festival is fraught with many precious memories of our Puritan ancestors, and recollections of our earlier years. Its institution and manner of observance, show that the solemn Calvinist was a lover of good cheer, and the harvest over, loved to unbend himself in innocent recreation. There were merry times in those days in the old fashioned farm houses, with the long steep roof reaching down to the one story part of the house. Solemnity, tempered with mirth, and gratitude to the Giver of all good, mingled with honest joy at the sight of the gathered fruits of the year. A Puritan home was a home where reverence to age, obedience to parents and love for offspring combined to make the relations of domestic life honored and pleasant. If there was strictness, there was also the tenderness of a heart-felt piety. We may have lost some of the severity of the day, its reverence, sincerity and simplicity, but there still remains, we must hope, a true gratitude, a marked sobriety, and something of the simplicity of the early joy. It is still a family day, where hearts are joined together, where solemn memories of the departed linger, and brilliant hopes connected with children and children's children are indulged. "God save the Commonwealth of Massachusetts," is still the closing prayer of the Governor's proclamation, and the good old commonwealth has been saved, and is to-day, spite of its narrow territory and poor soil, the richest state of its size in the country, and a little ahead (to use a provincial phrase) of any other in many things too numerous to mention. But we are far from being perfect, and lack some things belonging to other states. We, however, claim no preeminence, and are justly proud of the new states, settled more or less by our sons and daughters, and carefully following the example of New England. The Old Bay State may with great propriety be thankful and joyous on account of its good condition at the close of 1865. Alas! many families will miss at their festival beloved ones fallen in our civil war, and dying also at home from diseases that are ever at work in our world of death.

The NATIONAL Thanksgiving strikes a lofty note, and summons every patriot to join in its observance. The glorious Union has been preserved, and we may hope to transmit it unimpaired to our posterity; but it has been preserved at a great cost of life and treasure, and our civil war will ever have its solemn and melancholy notes mingling with the triumphant and joyous tones of victory. Thanks that the strife is over, and that the disaffected States are now coming together under the common flag of the stars and stripes. Enemies in war but in peace friends, let us do all we can to heal the bleeding wounds of our country, and restore good feeling throughout the land. We would rather forget that we had ever fought each other at the cannon's mouth, and spilled each other's blood, than to cherish evil thoughts of each other. As the President words his proclamation, we do not see why the South should not join us in this day, at least so far as to thank God that peace has come, and certainly there must be many among them to rejoice that the Union has been preserved.

Let us of the North rejoice—not in vain exultations over a fallen brother, and not in selfish joy that our section has triumphed, but in the broader thought and more magnanimous sentiment, that our Southern brothers and sisters are better off than they would have been to have obtained a separation, and are rid of a system of human bondage that like a mill stone upon the neck of their prosperity was sinking them into an unfathomable sea.

We wish every joy to those who shall keep the day of Thanksgiving. Let the churches be crowded on Thursday next, by old and young, to offer praises worthy of God's mercies and to remember all his benefits. At home, may all the endearments of households be enjoyed, and may the whole land arise in reverence and joy to utter thanks.

An ingenious scheme for smuggling whiskey from Canada into the United States has just been detected. There were 32 women on one Railway train bound to the United States who held in their arms what at first appeared to be babies carefully wrapped up, with neat little feet exposed to the gaze of the passengers. Upon investigation it was discovered that they were tin cases fashioned after the similitude of babies, containing from three to five gallons of whiskey. About 30 of the women were arrested and over 100 gallons of whiskey secured.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS.—Tell your friends what Cough Balsam has done for you; if it has cured your child of a racking cough, a violent attack of croup, a sore throat, or avoided a threatening fever, which it certainly will do, tell your friends of it, that they may also use it. Old, young, rich and poor, all say it is the cheapest and best cough remedy in the world.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, pain in the stomach, souring of food, languor, flatulency, and general debility, be sure to use Cough's Dyspepsia Cure.

The extract from the eloquent address of Jacob Bigelow, M. D., which appears in our columns to-day, should have an attentive reading.

MILITARY.—Private O. Morton Wade, of Woburn, a member of Co. M, 4th Mass. Cavalry, arrived home last Tuesday, having been discharged at Gallop Island, Boston.

Private Ebenezer R. Spencer, of Co. G, 24th Mass. Regt., is the only volunteer from Woburn that now remains in the service in a Massachusetts Regiment.

Correspondence of the Journal.
JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., Nov. 22, '65.

Your valuable paper of last Saturday came to hand yesterday. Situated as I am on the border of slavery and freedom, I see and hear much that would surprise many of your citizens. Large numbers of negroes, who recently were slaves, are daily sent over the river from Louisville to Jeffersonville, by military authority, who station white soldiers on all the ferry boats, and at the landing in Louisville take negroes who have military passes over the river, as the ferry will not take over negroes who have not the proper passes from their owners, but will allow soldiers with arms to take the negroes over on the ferry and put them off on the Indiana side, as that is the only way they can get clear of their liability to the owners, who have frequently brought suits and recovered judgment against them for the value of their slaves. Slavery is a fearful and hateful business, of little value, as most of the valuable negroes have joined the army or left their masters by military authority; but the poor deluded negroes know not what to do when they arrive on this side the river. Many of them, with their families, encamp under trees, without food or shelter, and are dependent on charity for food to sustain life. When they learn that they must work for their support, they feel sad, and ask, What is the use of freedom, if it is not freedom from work? I have seen and conversed with many of the freed negroes, and they are full of good masters, and loving friends, for no homes, no masters, and no friends, and much harder fare. All expressed the strongest desire to go home. Accustomed as they have been to have all their wants supplied, it is quite hard for them to have to pay for house rent, fuel, food, clothing, and other articles for their families, while, at the same time, they can earn but small wages, and are compelled to live in the poorest of houses and on the cheapest of food.

Yours, respectfully,
S. S. RICHARDSON.

Correspondence of the Journal.
JOTTINGS.—No. 5.

"The Tribute Book" is the name of a beautiful volume recently published by New York by subscription. It is a tribute to the patriotism and devotion of the American people during the late war, and contains a history of the various ways in which the people contributed to the support of the war, and the comfort of the soldiers. The Sanitary Commission, the Christian Commission, the Freedmen's Aid Society, the great Sanitary Fairs, the East Tennessee Relief Fund, each claim a share in the lists of the noble deeds of the people. The book is a very good opportunity for the "left hand" to see what the "right hand" has done.

The work is a "chef d'œuvre" of printing, being a large octavo, copiously illustrated from designs by many of our best artists, and sumptuously bound in full morocco. The price, twenty dollars, places it beyond the reach of most people, but it will probably meet with a large sale, as it is equally interesting in all parts of the country. Some of the finest engravings we have seen lately are in a new edition of Esop's Fables, published by Hurd and Houghton, New York. The designs are by Herriek, and the animals are so faithfully drawn, and so full of life and expression as to remind us of Rosa Bonheur's paintings. The whole work is very tasteful, and will make an excellent gift book for the holidays.

T. S. Arthur's new story, "Home Heroes and Martyrs," has a novelty in the way of a photographic frontispiece. The photograph was apparently taken from a group arranged as for a "tableau vivant," and the artist has so arranged the scene that the figures are all looking towards the camera, and the effect is very striking. The book is a very good one, and is well worth a place in every library.

Barnum's new "History of Humbergs" is an interesting record of the various ways in which he and his kindred have lived their lives. It is a very good book, and is well worth a place in every library. It is a very good book, and is well worth a place in every library.

"Our Mutual Friend," by Dickens, is at last finished and published in one volume of nearly a thousand pages. It is a very generally read, and we believe, is considered one of the best he has written for some time. Not having read it we cannot speak positively of its merits. The gift-books for the holidays begin to appear, and are being received in great numbers. The gift-books for the holidays begin to appear, and are being received in great numbers.

Our publishers are at present very busy, and are publishing a great many new books. Many of the books are reprints of old books, and are being published in new editions. The publishers are at present very busy, and are publishing a great many new books.

Winchester, Nov. 25, 1865.

LOCOMOTIVES ON COMMON ROADS.—An experiment was made a few days since on the Quai d'Orsay, between the Champ de Mars and the Pont de la Concorde, with a locomotive dragging a large carriage, not unlike the diligences of the olden times, laden with passengers inside and outside. The same kind of locomotion has recently been tried in Algeria in presence of a committee who reported warmly in its favor, stating that the engine in question could easily run 20 kilometers (12 1/2 miles per hour) on ordinary roads, and could go faster or slower, and stop or turn with as much facility as carriages drawn by the best trained horses.

A military definition to a kiss—a report at headquarters.

CUSTOMS AT FUNERALS.

MR. EDITOR.—It needs not the words of Inspiration to admonish us that "there is a time to mourn." The frequently recurring instances of death among us is a perpetual and sad reminder of the painful fact. But how to mourn is a matter about which we need to be prompted.

The writer of this, not long since, attended the funeral of a civilian, distinguished in the community where he had lived. Just before the exercises, at his house, his family and friends gathered around his remains, took their last look and bade their final adieu. Freely and unconstrainedly they gave vent to their emotions; the sacredness of the occasion being in no way impaired by the idle or curious gaze of the multitude and the impertinent criticisms so common when the last view of the departed is taken in public. After a short prayer by the officiating clergyman, the corpse was followed by the mourners to the church, where it was placed outside of the door, and those of the congregation, so disposed could take a view on entering or departing. There was no other formal exhibition of the remains, and thus, by this more satisfactory arrangement, the long and often tedious ceremony of passing in and down the aisles to get a view of the remains, was avoided. Besides, it was his advantage, that it can neither become hardened by the weather, like tar, or bridged over by the bodies of their predecessors, but in sunshine and shower, presents the same glossy surface which is certainly to them "a bound which they cannot pass." This of course, would be of no service in the summer when the worms have become grown, and when they are about to bury themselves in the ground to enter upon the transition from worms to grubs, and the tar or some other similar preservative must be used to kill off the fruits of the earth already deposited on our trees, whom the early sun of next spring shall warm into life; but if the simple process of Mr. Smith is followed each year, beginning as early as October (for it has been found that the grubs come out of the ground at all times of warm weather after a frost from October to May), their numbers will surely and swiftly decrease, and our trees will not again present the sad appearance of having been burned by fire that they have during the past three or four years. It may not be amiss to state that much good may be accomplished in the summer by shaking the trees, and then severing the webs by which the worms suspend themselves, when they can be caught by tar or other means in their efforts to again ascend the tree for food.

ASSAULT.—On Monday morning Mr. James T. Hart, on his way to take the six o'clock train on the Woburn Branch was suddenly set upon by a man while near the "Mishawum" House. The blow brought him to his knees, but he gathered himself almost instantly, and as the man came upon him again he grappled with him, and struck him several blows. The ruffian finding he had got rather more than he bargained for, and was likely to come off second best, broke away from Mr. Hart, and ran. It is a great pity that some of the victims to the recent attacks have not been able to put a bit of cold lead into them.

IMAGINARY ILLS.—In confirmation of the oft-repeated fact, that a man frequently suffers as much from imaginary evils as from real ones, we extract the following paragraph from a country paper:—

A New England farmer started, one very cold day in winter, with his sled and oxen into the forest, half a mile from home, for the purpose of chopping a load of wood. Having felled a tree, he drove the team alongside, and commenced chopping it up. By an unlucky hit he brought the whole weight of the axe across his foot, with a sidelong stroke. The immense gash so alarmed him as to nearly deprive him of all strength. He felt the warm blood filling his shoe, and the great difficulty he succeeded in rolling himself on to the sled, and started the oxen for home. As soon as he reached the door, he called eagerly for help. His terrified wife and daughter, with much effort, lifted him into the house, as he was wholly unable to help himself, saying his foot was nearly severed from the leg. He was laid carefully on the bed, groaning all the while very bitterly. His wife hastily prepared dressings, and removed the shoe and sock, expecting to see a desperate wound, when lo! the skin was not even broken. Before going out in the morning, he had wrapped his foot in red flannel, to protect it from the cold, and laid this open to his view, and he thought it flesh and blood. His reason not correcting the mistake, all the pain and loss of power which attends a real wound followed.

PUNCTUATION.—that is the putting of the stops in the right places,—cannot be too studiously studied. We lately read in a country paper the following startling account of Lord Palmerston's appearance in the House of Commons: "Lord Palmerston then entered upon his head, a white hat upon his feet, large but well polished boots upon his brow, a dark cloak in his hand, his faithful walking-stick in his eye, a menacing glare saying nothing. He sat down."—*Punch.*

Last year the committee of the Methodist denomination appropriated the sum of \$625,903.05 for missionary purposes. The treasurer reports the sum of \$636,366.78 raised for the year, leaving a balance in the treasury, over all liabilities of \$7,462.33. This year they have appropriated the sum of one million of dollars, being largely in advance of any sum ever raised for missionary purposes by any church in the country in one year. This sum is appropriated to the different missions as follows:—Domestic missions, \$341,250; foreign missions, \$287,658; for missions in the Southern States, \$301,092; contingent fund \$25,000; incidental expenses, \$25,000; office expenses, \$20,000.

CATTLE PLAGUE IN RUSSIA.—The Secretary of State has received a letter from Minister Clay, dated St. Petersburg, Oct. 29. As some attempts are being made to deny the existence of the cattle plague in Russia, he quotes extracts from the Russian Gazette, of Moscow, in proof of the fact. Nothing is attempted to arrest the plague. The superstitious people regard that as a sin. Some of the large villages scarcely retain a tenth of their original number. Cattle perish by hundreds, and sheep by thousands. The description of the cattle plague does not answer to the one raging in England in all respects; but climate and other surroundings greatly change the symptoms and character of the same disease, as is well known; and notwithstanding the denials of the Russian authorities, who are so much interested in the export of cattle, tallow, hides, and wool, Minister Clay is of the decided opinion that the disease was carried from the Baltic Russian ports to England.

Twelve to fifteen hundred workmen are to be discharged from the Charlestown Navy Yard to-day.

WOBBURN LOCALS.

Correspondence of the Journal.

MR. EDITOR.—Your correspondent "Ridgetop" rather doubts the efficacy of the simple preventive to the depredations of the canker worm, mentioned in the Journal of the 18th ult., and wishes to hear more about it. Thinking others may be of an equally inquisitive turn of mind I will say, that it has proved singularly efficacious, and several practical men who have earnestly and faithfully tried the several things that have from time to time been proposed, pronounce this the best they have yet seen. The female "grub" of the canker worm is destitute of wings, and their feet are provided with sharp claws instead of the fine chamber which enables the fly species to pass smooth perpendicular surfaces, and the simple tacking of a piece of enameled cloth securely around the base of the tree as effectually prevents their passing up the trunk to the branches where they would deposit their eggs, as the thickest coating of tar or the deepest can of oil, so much in vogue on farms and orchards in this neighborhood. Besides, it has this advantage, that it can neither become hardened by the weather, like tar, or bridged over by the bodies of their predecessors, but in sunshine and shower, presents the same glossy surface which is certainly to them "a bound which they cannot pass." This of course, would be of no service in the summer when the worms have become grown, and when they are about to bury themselves in the ground to enter upon the transition from worms to grubs, and the tar or some other similar preservative must be used to kill off the fruits of the earth already deposited on our trees, whom the early sun of next spring shall warm into life; but if the simple process of Mr. Smith is followed each year, beginning as early as October (for it has been found that the grubs come out of the ground at all times of warm weather after a frost from October to May), their numbers will surely and swiftly decrease, and our trees will not again present the sad appearance of having been burned by fire that they have during the past three or four years. It may not be amiss to state that much good may be accomplished in the summer by shaking the trees, and then severing the webs by which the worms suspend themselves, when they can be caught by tar or other means in their efforts to again ascend the tree for food.

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IMPROVEMENTS.—Under this head can assuredly be classed the "polishing" or cleaning of the gutters on either side of the square in the center of the town. It has certainly added much to the cleanliness of the street. The Baptist church is being painted and some general repairs of the building are being made. Like every thing else, it will look better in a new coat.

A new paved crossing has been commenced at the foot of Summer street, across Main street, which will be of great convenience to foot passengers during the muddy walking we must now expect.

ACCIDENT.—Last Monday night one of the horses of S. Simonds & Son got loose in their stable in the rear of the old Woburn machine shop, wandered through one of the rooms occupied by Messrs. Bennett & Hackett, filled with leather etc., and finally fell into one of the tan pits, where he was found Tuesday morning. Luckily there was a small quantity of kerosene in the pit, and the little liquor in the pit, and the horse died with little or no injury. He fared better than some bipeds who have been found "in liquor,"—though he was "taken up," he was also taken out of "durance vile."

The article in last week's paper on "social gatherings" would seem to convey the idea that the Congregational society was the only one which enjoyed this kind of meeting, when in fact, until this new movement was started two weeks ago, this was the only society in town, except the Catholic, that did not have them, at least as often as once a month. There was a pleasant gathering at the house of Mr. A. Stone, on Tuesday evening.

FIRST SNOW STORM.—The first snow storm of the season met this year be set down as occurring on the 27th, as on Monday morning the ground was found covered with "nature's winter garment," which clothed the earth as in a winding sheet.

By a change made after my letter of last week went to press, a wrong statement was made in regard to the closing of the High School. Having been to "headquarters," the statement can now be made, with even the magic "official" on the corner if need be, that on the 6th of December the present term of the High School will close—a vacation until the 18th will be allowed, when the school will again commence. I have not the failing to believe that this earth and all it contains were created merely to furnish materials for newspaper paragraphs, nor do I pretend to be an infallible reporter of what may be deemed of general interest, but as I said at first I shall do my best, and if mistakes occur, seize the first opportunity to correct them.

FAIR AND FESTIVAL.—Thursday evening the ladies and children of the different societies held a fair and festival in the New Grammar School House, North Woburn, for the purpose of raising money towards defraying the incidental expenses of the Congregational society. The festival was well attended, and the articles offered on the tables sold readily. All present seemed to enjoy themselves. Addresses were made by the pastor, Rev. J. C. Bodwell, Rev. Mr. Parkhurst, J. G. Pollard, Esq., Dr. E. Cutter, and Dea. J. R. Kimball. Quite a company from the centre of the town were present. The proceeds amounted to about \$200, clear of expenses.

DROWNING ACCIDENT.—Mrs. Mary Fowle, residing with her son in the western part of Woburn, was missed from her home on Saturday of last week. Search was made for her in the places she was in the habit of visiting, and on Sunday notice was given of her disappearance in our churches.

On Monday morning her body was found in the "Put Fowle Brook," within a few rods of the house. For some time past she had been subject to fits of temporary insanity, during which she fancied herself still in the prime of life and surrounded by her family of children, yet in youth. A day or two before her death she expressed surprise that one of her sons (the son named has been dead more than thirty years), did not come to dinner. Her son, Luke, came home about 11 o'clock Friday night, and seeing a light in his mother's room, spoke to her, and she replied. Saturday morning, after waiting until unusually late for breakfast, Mr. Fowle went into the house and discovered his mother's absence. Her sister, Mrs. Hale, formerly lived near her, and the sisters in visiting used to go "cross lots" by the farm cart-path, and the supposition is that during the night she conceived the notion of paying her sister a visit, and with this idea in her mind she arose from bed, arranged her hair and dressed herself, and she would have done years before, and left the house, going in the direction of the sister's former dwelling. It is supposed that in crossing the loose kind of bridge over the brook she made a mis-step, fell into the water, and, being very fleshy, was neither able to raise herself or call loud enough to attract attention. The force of the water carried the body somewhat under the bridge, so that it escaped notice. The deceased was seventy-two years of age, and was sister of Luke and Edward Fowle, residing in the center of the town.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES.—At the usual hour for church service, there will be the usual union meeting at the Orthodox church. Rev. Dr. J. C. Bodwell will preach the sermon. Rev. Mr. Fay will preach a Thanksgiving sermon in the Unitarian church. With such matter as the present enviable position of our country to-day affords, there is indeed room for the pulpit orator to make much of the day which is set apart both by our State and National governments for the expression of the joy which must be welling up in the heart of every lover of his country, and all may expect to hear some pretty good things on Thursday next.

It is a notorious fact that "large bodies move slow." The somewhat unwieldy committee of fifteen on the Soldier's Monument will soon be fitly called a "large" body unless something induces them to make up their mind what to do about the matter. The block of marble is nearly ready for the inscriptions, and it only remains for the committee to see to it whether the name of Woburn, or some other town shall be placed upon it.

I would inform "Ridgetop" that he will not be very likely to see any of those "aerial voyagers" returning from the "sunny south," before next spring. Their flight at this season is toward that genial climate.

Last Sunday morning, during the church service, strange noises were heard in the organ in the Orthodox church, and something interrupted its action while it was being played. The cause was explained during the forenoon, by a cat issuing from the organ. She passed along the front of the singers' gallery, back of the pulpit, and into one of the side galleries, and so disappeared. Her advent created some amusement among the younger portion of the audience.

CAR ON FIRE.—Thursday evening one of the cars on the 5.15 o'clock train from Boston on the Woburn Branch, caught fire by sparks from the engine. It was discovered and extinguished in season to prevent much damage.

WOODEN WEDDING.—Last Monday evening quite a number of friends of our High School teacher, Thos. Emmer-son, Esq., gave him a pleasant surprise at his house on Franklin street. The evening was the fifth anniversary of his wedding, and the party came laden with an endless variety of useful and fancy wooden articles. The evening passed most pleasantly to all who participated.

POLICE COURT.—The following is a report of the doings of the Woburn Police Court, J. P. Converse, Esq., Trial Justice, for the month of November.

DATE.	NAMES.	CHARGE.	SENTENCE.
Nov. 6	Ebenezer Wade, com.	drunk. 6 mos. H. of C.	
" 6	Mich. Noonan, drunk.	" 85 and cost.	
" 9	E. E. Houghton, com.	drunk. 6 mos. H. of C.	
" 11	Patrick Taft, drunk.	" 85 and cost.	
" 20	Hugh Gallagher, drunk.	" 4 and cost.	
" 20	John W. Knapp, self-w. knif.	" 10 and cost.	
" 23	N. E. Melendy, drunk.	" 3 and cost.	
" 23	" " " " " " " "	" 10 and cost.	
" 27	Mich. Kelley, drunk.	" 85 and cost.	
" 27	James Kelley, self-w. bat.	" 7 and cost.	
" 27	John Corcoran, drunk.	" 4 and cost.	
" 27	Com. O'Connor, drunk.	" 4 and cost.	

Appealed, and gave bonds to prosecute it in the higher court.

1 In default was sent to H. of C.

LUKE R. BOUT.

Married
In Woburn, 30th ult., by Rev. J. C. Bodwell, Mr. Geo. W. Richardson to Miss Harriet A. Adkins. Also, same evening, Mr. C. Alonso Pierce, to Miss Abbie A. Flagg; all of Woburn.
In South Reading, 26th ult., by Rev. W. M. Hayward, Mr. J. Barnard Wiley, of South Reading, to Miss Ella H. Finson, of Bangor, Me.

GENEALOGY
J. A. BOUTELLE, of Woburn, has opened an office in the Bank Block, Woburn center, where he will continue to compile Genealogies, make Family Charts, &c. Plain and ornamental writing executed with neatness and elegance.

WRITING SCHOOL.

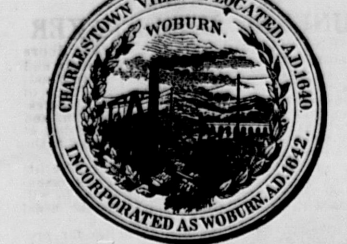
MR. BOUTELLE will commence the second term of his EVENING WRITING SCHOOL on Monday evening, Dec. 11th, 1865, at his office, Bank Block. The school will be on Mondays and Thursdays, two classes on the same evening, viz.: 6 and 7 P. M.
He will also open a school for married ladies and others to attend Writing and Bookkeeping on Monday, Dec. 11th, 1865, at 3 P. M. School on Mondays and Thursdays.
He will also open an Evening School for those who wish to attend to Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, Navigation, &c., on Tuesday evening, Dec. 12, 1865. School to be on Tuesdays and Fridays.
Persons wishing for further information will call at his room on Mondays and Thursdays, between 2 and 3 P. M.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Executor of the will of OWEN McEVOY, late of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, State of Massachusetts, deceased, late, and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to the undersigned, at or before the expiration of the term of years therein expressed.
WILLIAM TOWN, Exec.
Nov. 14th, 1865. dec2-34

Died
In Woburn, 24th inst., Anna Band, formerly of
Charlestown, Mass., aged 69 years.
Nov. 24th, Mrs. Mary Fowler, aged 72 years, 7 mos.
Nov. 24th, Mary McLaughlin, aged 77 years.
In Winchester, Nov. 21st, George Trull, aged 59
years, 10 mos.
In Stoneham, Nov. 20th, Patrick McDonald, aged
84 years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SELECTMEN'S OFFICE.
WOBURN, Nov. 16, 1865.



The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Selectmen for the month of December, will be held on Monday, the 4th day of Dec., at 2 o'clock P. M.
By order of the Board, WM. C. PERVEAR, Clerk.

OYSTERS.

The subscriber is prepared to furnish the people of Woburn and vicinity, with a choice variety of Oysters, direct from the shell, as per order, at the lowest market price, at his saloon on Main Street.
Woburn, Nov. 18, 1865.—2m

What the Illustrations Abernethy said.

"Well, sir, what's the matter?" said Abernethy, the great English surgeon, to a cadaverous-looking patient, who had called to consult him. "Oh, nothing serious," was the reply. "My stomach and liver are out of order, that's all." "Do you call that nothing serious?" said Abernethy. "If I tell you, sir, that when these two organs are out of order, as you call it, there's not a square inch of the body that is not more or less diseased, nor a drop of blood in it that is in a healthy condition." Nothing can be more true, therefore it is of the very highest importance to keep the stomach and liver in a vigorous condition. If the one is weak and the other irregular in its action, tone and control them with **HOE'S TETTER'S CLEANSING SPOCK AND PITTERS**, the most genial vegetable Restorative and Alternative that has ever been administered as a cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Disease. It is recommended by distinguished surgeons and physicians of the United States Army, by officers of the Army and Navy, by our first authors, by eminent clergymen—in fact, by thousands of the most intelligent of every class, as an unequalled protective against epidemic and malarious diseases, and as a perfectly innocuous, but at the same time powerful, invigorant and alterative.
nov11-1m

Smolander's Extract Bucku

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of **dyspepsia, indigestion, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsies, Chronic Gonorrhea and Cutaneous Diseases**, for those suffering from the effects of excesses of any kind, it is perfectly invaluable. For Female Complaints, it is a **priceless** remedy. It never fails to effect a cure. It is the **BEST** and **CHEAPEST** preparation of Bucku offered to the public. Price One Dollar per bottle. For sale by all Apothecaries.
HILLBRIGHT & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, 86 Hanover St., Boston, General Agents. sep9-3m

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!

Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in Six Weeks. Price \$1.00—30 cents per bottle. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address, **WARNER & CO.**, Box 138, Brooklyn, N. Y. ap15-1y

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

Wheaton's Ointment
Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.
Also cures **SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and ALL ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.** Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists.
By sending 60 cents to **WEEKS & POTTER**, Sole Agents, 107 Washington Street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct28-1y

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE, Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.
For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases, CONSUMPTIVE AND THROAT DISEASES.
TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

Singers and Public Speakers

will find **Troches** useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The **Troches** are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the **Troches** are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the **Worthless Imitations** that may be offered.
Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cents per box. oct28-6m

WANTED, —A TENEMENT,

A TENEMENT of about 5 or 6 rooms, for a small family, near the depot. Apply at this office. The best references given and required.
oct28-1f

Ready Made Overcoats—\$35, 40, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000, 1010, 1020, 1030, 1040, 1050, 1060, 1070, 1080, 1090, 1100, 1110, 1120, 1130, 1140, 1150, 1160, 1170, 1180, 1190, 1200, 1210, 1220, 1230, 1240, 1250, 1260, 1270, 1280, 1290, 1300, 1310, 1320, 1330, 1340, 1350, 1360, 1370, 1380, 1390, 1400, 1410, 1420, 1430, 1440, 1450, 1460, 1470, 1480, 1490, 1500, 1510, 1520, 1530, 1540, 1550, 1560, 1570, 1580, 1590, 1600, 1610, 1620, 1630, 1640, 1650, 1660, 1670, 1680, 1690, 1700, 1710, 1720, 1730, 1740, 1750, 1760, 1770, 1780, 1790, 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5120, 5130, 5140, 5150, 5160, 5170, 5180, 5190, 5200, 5210, 5220, 5230, 5240, 5250, 5260, 5270, 5280, 5290, 5300, 5310, 5320, 5330, 5340, 5350, 5360, 5370, 5380, 5390, 5400, 5410, 5420, 5430, 5440, 5450, 5460, 5470, 5480, 5490, 5500, 5510, 5520, 5530, 5540, 5550, 5560, 5570, 5580, 5590, 5600, 5610, 5620, 5630, 5640, 5650, 5660, 5670, 5680, 5690, 5700, 5710, 5720, 5730, 5740, 5750, 5760, 5770, 5780, 5790, 5800, 5810, 5820, 5830, 5840, 5850, 5860, 5870, 5880, 5890, 5900, 5910, 5920, 5930, 5940, 5950, 5960, 5970, 5980, 5990, 6000, 6010, 6020, 6030, 6040, 6050, 6060, 6070, 6080, 6090, 6100, 6110, 6120, 6130, 6140, 6150, 6160, 6170, 6180, 6190, 6200, 6210, 6220, 6230, 6240, 6250, 6260, 6270, 6280, 6290, 6300, 6310, 6320, 6330, 6340, 6350, 6360, 6370, 6380, 6390, 6400, 6410, 6420, 6430, 6440, 6450, 6460, 6470, 6480, 6490, 6500, 6510, 6520, 6530, 6540, 6550, 6560, 6570, 6580, 6590, 6600, 6610, 6620, 6630, 6640, 6650, 6660, 6670, 6680, 6690, 6700, 6710, 6720, 6730, 6740, 6750, 6760, 6770, 6780, 6790, 6800, 6810, 6820, 6830, 6840, 6850, 6860, 6870, 6880, 6890, 6900, 6910, 6920, 6930, 6940, 6950, 6960, 6970, 6980, 6990, 7000, 7010, 7020, 7030, 7040, 7050, 7060, 7070, 7080, 7090, 7100, 7110, 7120, 7130, 7140, 7150, 7160, 7170, 7180, 7190, 7200, 7210, 7220, 7230, 7240, 7250, 7260, 7270, 7280, 7290, 7300, 7310, 7320, 7330, 7340, 7350, 7360, 7370, 7380, 7390, 7400, 7410, 7420, 7430, 7440, 7450, 7460, 7470, 7480, 7490, 7500, 7510, 7520, 7530, 7540, 7550, 7560, 7570, 7580, 7590, 7600, 7610, 7620, 7630, 7640, 7650, 7660, 7670, 7680, 7690, 7700, 7710, 7720, 7730, 7740, 7750, 7760, 7770, 7780, 7790, 7800, 7810, 7820, 7830, 7840, 7850, 7860, 7870, 7880, 7890, 7900, 7910, 7920, 7930, 7940, 7950, 7960, 7970, 7980, 7990, 8000, 8010, 8020, 8030, 8040, 8050, 8060, 8070, 8080, 8090, 8100, 8110, 8120, 8130, 8140, 8150, 8160, 8170, 8180, 8190, 8200, 8210, 8220, 8230, 8240, 8250, 8260, 8270, 8280, 8290, 8300, 8310, 8320, 8330, 8340, 8350, 8360, 8370, 8380, 8390, 8400, 8410, 8420, 8430, 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Ready Made Overcoats—\$35, 40, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000, 1010, 1020, 1030, 1040, 1050, 1060, 1070, 1080, 1090, 1100, 1110, 1120, 1130, 1140, 1150, 1160, 1170, 1180, 1190, 1200, 1210, 1220, 1230, 1240, 1250, 1260, 1270, 1280, 1290, 1300, 1310, 1320, 1330, 1340, 1350, 1360, 1370, 1380, 1390, 1400, 1410, 1420, 1430, 1440, 1450, 1460, 1470, 1480, 1490, 1500, 1510, 1520, 1530, 1540, 1550, 1560, 1570, 1580, 1590, 1600, 1610, 1620, 1630, 1640, 1650, 1660, 1670, 1680, 1690, 1700, 1710, 1720, 1730, 1740, 1750, 1760, 1770, 1780, 1790, 1800, 1810, 1820, 1830, 1840, 1850, 1860, 1870, 1880, 1890, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2010, 2020, 2030, 2040, 2050, 2060, 2070, 2080, 2090, 2100, 2110, 2120, 2130, 2140, 2150, 2160, 2170, 2180, 2190, 2200, 2210, 2220, 2230, 2240, 2250, 2260, 2270, 2280, 2290, 2300, 2310, 2320, 2330, 2340, 2350, 2360, 2370, 2380, 2390, 2400, 2410, 2420, 2430, 2440, 2450, 2460, 2470, 2480, 2490, 2500, 2510, 2520, 2530, 2540, 2550, 2560, 2570, 2580, 2590, 2600, 2610, 2620, 2630, 2640, 2650, 2660, 2670, 2680, 2690, 2700, 2710, 2720, 2730, 2740, 2750, 2760, 2770, 2780, 2790, 2800, 2810, 2820, 2830, 2840, 2850, 2860, 2870, 2880, 2890, 2900, 2910, 2920, 2930, 2940, 2950, 2960, 2970, 2980, 2990, 3000, 3010, 3020, 3030, 3040, 3050, 3060, 3070, 3080, 3090, 3100, 3110, 3120, 3130, 3140, 3150, 3160, 3170, 3180, 3190, 3200, 3210, 3220, 3230, 3240, 3250, 3260, 3270, 3280, 3290, 3300, 3310, 3320, 3330, 3340, 3350, 3360, 3370, 3380, 3390, 3400, 3410, 3420, 3430, 3440, 3450, 3460, 3470, 3480, 3490, 3500, 3510, 3520, 3530, 3540, 3550, 3560, 3570, 3580, 3590, 3600, 3610, 3620, 3630, 3640, 3650, 3660, 3670, 3680, 3690, 3700, 3710, 3720, 3730, 3740, 3750, 3760, 3770, 3780, 3790, 3800, 3810, 3820, 3830, 3840, 3850, 3860, 3870, 3880, 3890, 3900, 3910, 3920, 3930, 3940, 3950, 3960, 3970, 3980, 3990, 4000, 4010, 4020, 4030, 4040, 4050, 4060, 4070, 4080, 4090, 4100, 4110, 4120, 4130, 4140, 4150, 4160, 4170, 4180, 4190, 4200, 4210, 4220, 4230, 4240, 4250, 4260, 4270, 4280, 4290, 4300, 4310, 4320, 4330, 4340, 4350, 4360, 4370, 4380, 4390, 4400, 4410, 4420, 4430, 4440, 4450, 4460, 4470, 4480, 4490, 4500, 4510, 4520, 4530, 4540, 4550, 4560, 4570, 4580, 4590, 4600, 4610, 4620, 4630, 4640, 4650, 4660, 4670, 4680, 4690, 4700, 4710, 4720, 4730, 4740, 4750, 4760, 4770, 4780, 4790, 4800, 4810, 4820, 4830, 4840, 4850, 4860, 4870, 4880, 4890, 4900, 4910, 4920, 4930, 4940, 4950, 4960, 4970, 4980, 4990, 5000, 5010, 5020, 5030, 5040, 5050, 5060, 5070, 5080, 5090, 5100, 5110, 5120, 5130, 5140, 5150, 5160, 5170, 5180, 5190, 5200, 5210, 5220, 5230, 5240, 5250, 5260, 5270, 5280, 5290, 5300, 5310, 5320, 5330, 5340, 5350, 5360, 5370, 5380, 5390, 5400, 5410, 5420, 5430, 5440, 5450, 5460, 5470, 5480, 5490, 5500, 5510, 5520, 5530, 5540, 5550, 5560, 5570, 5580, 5590, 5600, 5610, 5620, 5630, 5640, 5650, 5660, 5670, 5680, 5690, 5700, 5710, 5720, 5730, 5740, 5750, 5760, 5770, 5780, 5790, 5800, 5810, 5820, 5830, 5840, 5850, 5860, 5870, 5880, 5890, 5900, 5910, 5920, 5930, 5940, 5950, 5960, 5970, 5980, 5990, 6000, 6010, 6020, 6030, 6040, 6050, 6060, 6070, 6080, 6090, 6100, 6110, 6120, 6130, 6140, 6150, 6160, 6170, 6180, 6190, 6200, 6210, 6220, 6230, 6240, 6250, 6260, 6270, 6280, 6290, 6300, 6310, 6320, 6330, 6340, 6350, 6360, 6370, 6380, 6390, 6400, 6410, 6420, 6430, 6440, 6450, 6460, 6470, 6480, 6490, 6500, 6510, 6520, 6530, 6540, 6550, 6560, 6570, 6580, 6590, 6600, 6610, 6620, 6630, 6640, 6650, 6660, 6670, 6680, 6690, 6700, 6710, 6720, 6730, 6740, 6750, 6760, 6770, 6780, 6790, 6800, 6810, 6820, 6830, 6840, 6850, 6860, 6870, 6880, 6890, 6900, 6910, 6920, 6930, 6940, 6950, 6960, 6970, 6980, 6990, 7000, 7010, 7020, 7030, 7040, 7050, 7060, 7070, 7080, 7090, 710

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THAT THE UNDERSIGNED
Having enlarged their store and increased
their Stock of

GOODS,

now offer to the people of Woburn and
vicinity, a good assortment of

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Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
Spectacles and Fancy Goods,
Cake and Card Baskets,
Castors,
Silver and Plated Forks,
Spoons,
Fruit Knives, and
Napkin Rings,
Ladies and Gents. Wallets,
Pocket Knives,
Combs and Brushes,
Razors and Stropps,
A fine assortment of Ladies'
Dress Combs.**

SILVER COIN,
Made Into
PINS,
EAR RINGS, and
SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully
repaired.
CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,
Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully
repaired.
ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-
ecuted.

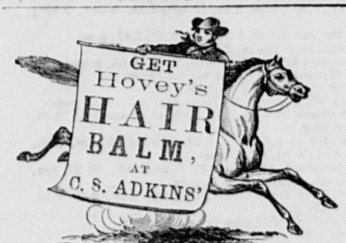
P. S.—All the above work is done by
us, and will be done cheaper here than in
Boston.

All Goods bought of us, marked
free of charge.
Gold and Silver bought and taken in
exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE.

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Woburn, July 15, 1865.

MARRIAGE GUIDE.—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL WORK, of Every one his own
Doctor—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons or those about to Marry, both Male and Female,
in everything concerning the physiology and relation
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upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
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should read this book. It discloses secrets that ev-
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that must be locked up, and not lie about the house.
It will be sent by mail on the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address Dr. Wm. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce
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"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest
and safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
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an accumulation of over \$8,000,000. Proved to be
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The *Latest Insurance Commissioners' Report* yet
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This Co. issue *bona fide* non-forfeiting Policies,
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in full time or at death by parties wishing Insurance
are invited to call and examine Commissioners' Re-
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SPARROW HORTON, Agent,
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CAUTION

TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
Dr. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 EXETER
ST., BOSTON, is consulted daily for all
diseases incident to the female system. Pro-
lapse Uteri or Floar Albus, Suppression, and other
menstrual derangements, are all treated on
new pathological principles, and speedily re-
lieved in a very few days. So invariably cer-
tain is this new mode of treatment, that most ob-
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person soon rejoices in perfect health.
Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in
the cure of the diseases of women than any other
physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may
wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treat-
ment.
Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole
attention to an office practice for the cure of Pri-
vate diseases and Female Complaints, acknowl-
edges no superior in the United States.
S. B. All letters must contain one dollar, or
they will not be answered.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, '65. 17

GIRLS WANTED.

COAT-MAKERS WANTED—AT TEARE'S Tail-
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NITROUS OXYD.

THIS Gas is recommended in preference to Ether
or Chloroform, for the following reasons:
1st. Under ALL circumstances it is perfectly safe.
2d. From one to ten teeth can be extracted at ONE
inhalation, the entire operation lasting not over three
minutes, without the least pain to the patient.
3d. It never causes sickness to the Stomach.
4th. It leaves the patient with no lassitude or de-
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With an extensive practice in the use of Ether,
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happy to wait upon all wishing his services.
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J. B. DILLINGHAM, No. 12 Winter St., Boston.
nov16-6m

TO THE PEOPLE OF
WOBBURN.

FRANK B. DODGE

DESIRE to return his sincere thanks to the peo-
ple of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal pa-
tronage during the last eight years; and by prompt
attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance
of the same.
He has recently

Refitted and Enlarged his
STORE,

and has just received,

From New York and Boston,

a large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

Fine Silver and

Plated Ware—

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-

ers, Spoon Holders, Childrens'

Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,

Ladies, Butter and Pie Knives,

Napkin Rings.

Fine Table utlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS

Jewelry Store!

Every article warranted to be as

FINE WATCHES

REPAIRED & WARRANTED.

ALL KINDS OF

CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE

SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER taken in

exchange.

Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,

EYE-GLASSES, &c.

LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved

free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge.

OPPOSITE THE WOBBURN BANK.

Woburn, Aug. 26, 1865.

**W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER,**
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,
No. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBBURN, MASS.,
WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
ug 19-17

**A. H. COWDREY, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon.**
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of STONEHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29

**SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.**
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
WOBBURN, MASS.
July 8, 1865. 6m

**EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.**
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBBURN CENTRE.

**Wm. Symington Brown, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon.**
CENTRAL STREET,
(Near the Town Hall)
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept2-6m

**DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.**
Cor. Wm and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

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DEALER IN**
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,
Bank Block, Woburn

**A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW**
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

**A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESS MAKER,
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Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central Hotel.

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New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends an-
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store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

Particular attention paid to making
Boys Clothing.
He has on hand a large stock of the best and
most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the
season, which will be made up to order at the most
reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best quality, constantly
on hand.

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PENSIONS, Bounty, Back Pay and
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for \$1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND,
Office at "WOBBURN BOOKSTORE."
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865. 17

**HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.**
OFFICE:—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

J. G. CHAPMAN
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the estab-
lishment lately occupied by A. L. WHEELER, in
OAKLEY COURT, where he will carry on the busi-
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PAINTING, &c.
in its various branches.
Woburn, July 29, 1865.—6m

**WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.**
FRANK B. DODGE, Practical
Watchmaker. Also dealer in CLOCKS,
WATCHES, GOLD
CHAINS, LOCKETS,
JEWELRY, SPECTA-
CLES, Fine Silver Plated
Ware, "plated on genuine Albata." Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
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Engraving to order.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on hand.

AGENT FOR
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**COLTSFOOT ROCK, A POPULAR
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is selling rapidly at Brigham's 5 Wade's Block.

BRUSHES,
FOR THE
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For sale by
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PERFUMERY.
LUBINS, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
PHALON'S, and EDRIDIUS'
Popular Extracts for the handkerchief. Thirty
different odors. For sale by
sept 10 W. O. BRIGHAM.

**WOBBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE-WORKS.**
THE subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE STONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Warehouses, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.

**A. SCOTT & CO.
R. PICKERING, Agent.**
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864—21-y.

"ANNO DOMINI." 1865.
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WOBBURN
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SPARROW HORTON,
Proprietor.

Has constantly on hand and for sale, a GOOD
assortment of New and Standard BOOKS of
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BIBLES, TESTAMENTS,
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TIN TYPE, AUTOGRAPH and LADIES' AL-
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AUTHENTIC LEAVES, BIRDS & BUTTERFLIES,
FRUITS & FLOWERS, WOOD & SEA MONSIES,
LANDSCAPES, FUNNY CHARACTERS, &c.
PICTURE FRAMES, Oval, Rustic and Square.
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U. S. FINEAL REVENUE STAMPS, &c.
A LARGE supply of STATIONERY, includ-
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Official. WRITING PAPER, from Billet to
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BLACK, RED & BLUE INK.
"A. MORTON'S" GOLD PENS, STEEL PENS
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all varieties, and many other articles, too num-
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FOR CASH ONLY.
Persons in Woburn and vicinity are in-
vited to call, examine and purchase.

Cough No More
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLAVOUS COUGH
BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarse-
ness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Con-
sumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 31 Hanover Street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. nov11

Pile Remedy
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured
thousands of the worst cases of Hemorrhoids, Bleed-
ing Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a
permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure.

For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 31 Hanover Street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. sept 2-6m

NOTICE.
THE citizens of Stoneham and vicinity
will always find at Dr. Horace Goodrich's
DRUG STORE,
a fresh supply of pure Drugs and Medicines, Per-
fumes and Fancy Goods, Stationery, Paper, Pens,
Pencils, Superior Ink, and all other
articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians
prescriptions carefully compounded.
The above articles will be warranted as repre-
sented, and sold at the lowest cash prices.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. 17

**Western Massachusetts
INSURANCE
COMPANY,**
PITTSFIELD, MASS.

**CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS,
\$256,741.56.**
This Company will insure Real and Personal
Property against loss or damage by
Fire on as favorable terms
as other responsible

Losses equitably adjusted and
promptly PAID.
J. N. DUNHAM, ENSIGN H. KELLOGG,
Secretaries.
SAMUEL E. HOWE, Assistant Secretary.

Sparrow Horton, Agt.
At Woburn Bookstore.

HUNNEWELL'S ECLECTIC PILLS.
THE TRUE CATHARTIC AND FAMILY PILL.
The importance of this development of the true
and Natural Cathartic cannot be over-estimated.
To have a Pill which never requires over two
and sometimes but for a dose, acting on the Bowels
without the slightest Gripping, or Irritation, can be
used with the greatest freedom, by all who have
suffered from the trouble of long continued tendency,
and to check which has oftentimes ended in the
opposite extreme of bowel weakness, will be
found the true feature of the Cathartic who have used
Thousands in their practice, that the true idea of a
Perfect Cathartic has never before been realized.
By the friends who have used them in their
families, that they are the only true Family Pill
they have ever seen.

According to the clasp trap form of
unmeaning puffs, or false testimonials, confidence
is asked to rest them in *Delusions, Indigestion,
Dyspepsia, Dysuria, Hemorrhoids, Dropsy, and
Medicine*, all derangements of the system caused
by a disordered stomach, and a general Family Pill.
Price 10 cents per Bottle.

For sale by dealers in every City and Town.
JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, PROPRIETOR.
Sold in Woburn by W. W. BRIGHAM, Apotheca-
ry, at GEO. P. BROWN. nov1-1m

A CARD
Editor of the Journal. In reply to many letters
and inquiries from people in this section of the
country, the undersigned take great pleasure in
saying through the columns of your paper, that our
renowned preparation known as COE'S DYS-
PEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia,
in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing
within our own acquaintance, have been complete-
ly, and we believe permanently cured. It will stop
distress after eating almost instantaneously, and
enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon
Graham bread and the plainest diet to eat as
heartily as he pleases, and any thing he chooses,
without danger of distress, or souring, or rising
on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of
indigestion, creates a healthy
appetite, stops sick headache, heart-burn, sickness
at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either
stomach or bowels, and awakens offensive breath
as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient
to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent
of health," produces vigor, strength and energy.
In every trial we have known it has speedily
eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant suffer-
ings, weakness, debility and loss of power, giving
instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach
and organs of digestion, and as we confidently
claim, and as the published certificates in our
circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading
Journals, from convalescent patients will confirm,
complete, permanent cures, almost always
"cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence."
We warrant it in every instance. It can be ob-
tained at all the Drug Stores in the United States
and Canada, at \$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for
\$5.00.

C. G. CLARK & CO., PROPRIETORS,
New Haven, Ct. jan21-lyow

**A LARGE ASSORTMENT,
OF
Drugs and Medicines,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.**
For sale at the lowest market prices, by
W. O. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

**HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.**
A Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Prostatic Swelling.
This Medicine increases the powers of digestion, and
excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the
watery or calcareous depositions, and all unnatural en-
largements are removed, as well as pain and inflammation,
and is good for men, women and children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Disipa-
tion, Early Indulgence, attended with the following
Symptoms:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pains in the Back,
Hot Hands, Tinging of the Face,
Dizziness of the Brain, Eruptions of the Face,
Unnatural Lassitude, Falid Contenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on (which this Medi-
cine invariably removes), soon follow—
FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS, &c.
In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say
they are not frequently followed by those "direful dis-
eases,"

Many are aware of the cause of the suffering, but none
will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the
melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to
the truth of the assertion.

The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness,
requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate
the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU
invariably does. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT
Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, and for all
complaints incident to the sex, or in the
DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE,
SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.
No Family should be without it.

Take no Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant medicine of
unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

**HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH**
Cures Secret Diseases
In all their stages. Little expense, little or no change of
diet, no inconvenience, and NO EXPOSURE.

**USE HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU**
For all affections and diseases of these organs, whether
EXISTING IN MALE OR FEMALE.
From whatever cause originating, and no matter how long
standing. Diseases of these organs require the aid of
surgery.

**HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.**
And it is certain to have the desired effect in all disor-
ders for which it is recommended.

HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.
An excellent Lotion for diseases arising from habit of
Clapnetion, used in conjunction with the Extract Buchu,
and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases is recommended. The
Buchu of the most responsible and reliable character will
accompany the medicine. Also explicit directions for
use, with *Advantages* of obtaining living witnesses, and up-
wards of 1000 unobscured certificates and recommenda-
tory letters, many of which are from the highest circles,
including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, &c.
The Proprietor has never resorted to their publication in
the newspapers, he does not do this from the fact that the
article ranks as standard Preparation, and does not need
to be prepped up by certificates.

The Science of Medicine, like the Doric Column, should
stand simple, pure, majestic, having fact for its basis.
Induction for its pillar, and Truth alone for its Capital.

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Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

VOL. XV : : No. 11.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1865.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS



**THE GREAT
German Heilmittel,
WILL POSITIVELY CURE
CATARRH,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS,
COLDS,
AND THE FIRST STAGES OF
CONSUMPTION.
IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR
DIPHTHERIA.**

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physician of fifteen years' experience, and an extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmonary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus curing thousands who, in vain, have exhausted every other means to obtain relief. A few of the many certificates of cures in the possession of the Doctor are here annexed, which the reader is desired to peruse. They are not certificates of the dead, or names of those who never existed, but parties well known in Boston and vicinity.

TO THE PUBLIC.—My wife, having been afflicted with catarrh for years, attended latterly with a bad cough, having used many remedies and tried the treatment of several of our best medical men without success, I was induced by my friends to try the Great German Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough ceased at once, her catarrh was healed away, and now she is radically cured. With the cure of the catarrh, all the symptoms attending this disagreeable disease, such as discharges from the nose and dropping into the throat, hawking, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would not be without this invaluable remedy, and advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds, or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find it a sure cure.

J. H. SILSBY.
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, formerly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an obstinate cough with which my family and myself have been troubled, and, in spite of our efforts, could not get cured. The cure was effected in the remarkably short time of two days.

THEODORE COLLAMORE.
Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or more with a bad cough. Having lost my husband with consumption, was consequently fearful of losing my child by the same disease. My friends and physicians who saw my child, pronounced it already consumptive. Although somewhat discouraged by these counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I am happy to state that I was successful by the use of the German Heilmittel. My son's cough disappeared, his general health improved, and gained strength, and subsequently was radically cured, and has remained so for the last two years, not even having the cough return.

MRS. J. L. LANG.
No. 10 Bedford street, Boston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great German Heilmittel, I should have certainly been dead long ago. All that ever cured my catarrh and saved me from consumption, I owe to this invaluable remedy.

ROBERT WRIGHT.
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me of a severe cough which almost ran me into consumption—thanks to the Heilmittel—I am now perfectly well.

WM. B. FISKE.
24th St. N. Y.

My wife has suffered with catarrh and bronchitis for years. About a year ago last winter, she was completely run down in strength, and my physician pronounced her case consumptive. Being anxious to do all that could be done for her, I bought a bottle of the German Heilmittel. By the use of the very first bottle, my wife began to improve, and after using but six bottles of it, entirely recovered her health. I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy, and deem it my duty to recommend it to all who are suffering with even the slightest cold or cough.

EBEN S. NASH.
Wrentham, Mass.

Having used the great German Heilmittel in my family, and prescribed it in my practice, with the very best of success in the treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, I can but recommend it to the public as a safe and speedy cure for the above named diseases.

J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D.
Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distressing cough, with perfect success, and can but recommend it to the public as the best remedy for the above mentioned complaint.

NEWELL TOWLE.
Riding Academy, 416 Washington St. Boston.

**The Great German Heilmittel
Is for Sale by all Druggists.
PRICE PER BOTTLE
\$2.00.
WEEKS & POTTER,
No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.,
General Agents.
For sale in Woburn by
William C. Brigham.**

THE MECHANIC'S HOME.

BY T. L. NICHOLS, M. D.

One evening, in the early part of winter, the door-bell rang with energy and the servant announced a man who wished to see me. A "man" is one thing with a servant, a "gentleman" another, and a person something different from either. The man stood in the hall, but I wondered why he had not been called a gentleman. I was puzzled where to place him myself. His dress was very neat, but plain and rather coarse. His linen, that badge of refinement, was white, in perfect order, and almost elegant. Everything about him seemed substantial; but nothing gave me a clue to his position in life. In all outward seeming he was simply a man. When he spoke to me, his address was simple, clear, direct, and with a certain air of self-reliance.

"Doctor," he said, "I want you to come and see my child. We fear he is threatened with croup."

I put on my hat, and prepared to accompany him; for if the case were as he supposed, there was no time to lose. In this disease a single hour may make a life's difference.

In a moment we were in the street and walking briskly up one of our broad avenues. The child, he said, had been playing out of doors, had eaten heartily at supper, gone to sleep, waked up a short time since very hoarse, with a choking cough. The case was a pretty clear one, and I hurried my walk still more, and in a few moments we were at the door. We went up—up—up—to the fourth story. The last flight of steps was carpeted, and a smart lamp at the top lighted us up. An excellent and very durable kind of mat lay at the door. You will see in time why I give these particulars.

I entered the door, and was welcomed by a rather pretty and remarkably tidy woman, who could have been nobody in the world but the wife of the man who summoned me.

"I am glad you have come so soon," she said, in a soft, pure accent. "Little William seems so distressed that he can hardly breathe," and the next moment, as we passed through a narrow passage to where he lay, I heard the unmistakable groupy sound that just carries such terror to the parent's heart.

"Is it the croup, doctor?" asked the father, with a voice of emotion, as I bent over the child—a fine boy, three years of age.

"It is certainly the croup, and a pretty violent attack. How long is it since you thought him sick?"

"Not above an hour," was the calm reply. "It was made calm by a firm self-control. I looked at the mother. She was very pale, but did not trust herself to speak."

"Then there is probably but little danger," I said; "but we have something to do. Have you the water here?"

The husband went to what seemed a closet, opened two doors, and disclosed a neat pine bathing tub, supplied with Croton. This was beyond my hopes; but I had no time to wonder. The little fellow was in a high fever, and laboring for every breath. Taking him from his little crib, where he lay on a nice hair mattress, fit for a prince to sleep on, I took off his clean night clothes, stood him in the bath-tub, and made his father pour full upon his neck and chest three pails of cold water, while I rubbed him briskly with my hand. He was then wiped dry, and rubbed until his whole body was in a flame. Then I wrung a large towel out of cold water, and put it around his throat, and then wrapped him in blankets. The brave little fellow had borne it all without complaint, as if he understood that under his father's eye no harm could come to him. In fifteen minutes after he was wrapped in the blankets he was in a profuse perspiration, in a sound slumber, and breathing freely. The danger was over—so rapid is this disease, and so easily cured.

Happiness had shed a serene light upon the countenance of the father, and thrown over the mother's face a glow of beauty. I looked upon them, and was more than ever puzzled where to place them. There were no marks of high birth or superior breeding; not the shadow of decayed gentility about them. It was rather the reverse, as if they were working from a low rank to a higher.

I looked around the room. It was the bedroom. Everything in it was perfectly orderly. The bed, like the crib, was excellent, but not expensive. The white counterpane did not cost more than ten shillings, yet how beautiful it looked! The white window curtains were shilling muslin, but their folds hung as richly as if they were damask—and how very appropriate they seemed! The bath, with its snug folding doors, I knew had not cost, plumber's bill and all, more than ten dollars. The toilet-table, of an elegant form, and completely covered, I had no doubt was pine, and worth half a dollar. The pictures on the wall were beautifully tinted lithographs, better, far better, than oil paintings I have seen in the houses of millionaires; yet they can be bought at Goupil's or at Williams & Stevens, for three to five shillings, and a dollar apiece had framed them. The floor had a carpet that seemed to match everything with its small, neat figure, and light chamber color. It was a jewel of a room, in as perfect keeping in all its parts as if an artist had designed it.

Leaving the boy to his untroubled sleep, and giving directions for his bath on his awaking, we went into the other room, which was differently, but just as neatly arranged. It might have answered for a parlor, only that it had a cooking-stove; or an artist's studio, or a dining room. It was hung with pictures—

heads, historical pieces, and landscapes, all such as a man of taste could select and buy cheap, but which, like good books are valuable. And, speaking of books, there was a hanging library on one side of the chimney which a single glance assured me contained the very choicest treasures of the English tongue.

The man went to the bureau, opened a drawer, and took out some money. "What is your fee, doctor?" he asked, holding the bills so as to select one to pay me.

Now I had made up my mind, before I got half way up the stairs, that I would have to wait for my pay, perhaps never get it; but all this had changed. I could not, as I often did, inquire into the circumstances of the man and graduate my price accordingly. There he stood, yet to pay me, with money enough; yet it was evident that he was a hard working man and far from being wealthy. I had nothing left but to name the lowest fee.

"One dollar does not seem to be enough," said he. "You have been at more trouble than to merely write a prescription."

"Do you work for your living?" I asked; hoping to solve the mystery.

He smiled and held out his hand, which showed the unquestionable marks of honest toil.

"You are a mechanic?" I said, willing to know more of him.

"Take that," said he, placing a two dollar note in my hand, with a not-to-be-refused air; "and I will gratify your curiosity; for there is no use pretending that you are not a little curious."

There was a hearty, respectful freedom about this that was irresistible. I put the note in my pocket, and the man, going to a door, opened into a closet of moderate size, displayed the bench and tools of a shoemaker.

"You must be an extraordinary workman," said I, looking around the room, which seemed luxurious; but which, as I looked at each item, I found that it cost very little.

"No, nothing extra. I barely manage to earn a little over a dollar a day. Mary helps me. With the housework to do, and our boy to look after, she earns enough to make our wages average eight dollars a week. We began with nothing—we live as you see."

"All this comfort, this respectability, this almost luxury, for eight dollars a week!" I expressed my surprise.

"I should be very sorry if we spent so much," said he. "We have not only managed to live on that, but we have something laid up in the savings bank."

"Will you have the goodness," said I, "just to explain to me how you do it?"

"I was really anxious to know how a shoemaker and his wife, earning but eight dollars a week, could live in comfort and elegance, and lay up money."

I took a chair which he handed me. We were seated, and his wife, after going to listen to the soft and measured breathing of little Willie, sat down to her sewing.

"My name is William Carter. My father died when I was young, and I was bound out apprentice to a shoemaker, with the usual provision of schooling. I did as well as most boys generally do at school; and as I was fond of reading I made the most of my spare time, and the advantages of the Apprenticeship Library, as soon as they are ripe and good, Mary will get up a dinner from these materials, at the cost of a shilling, better than the whole bill of fare at the Astor House."

I was satisfied. Here was comfort, intelligence, taste, and a modest luxury, all enjoyed by a humble mechanic who knew how to live at the cost I have mentioned. How much useless complaining might be saved—how much genuine happiness enjoyed—how much of evil and suffering might be prevented, if all the working men in New York were as wise as William Carter!

I never shook a man or woman by the hand with more hearty respect than when I said good night to this happy couple, who in this expensive city are living in luxury and growing rich on eight dollars a week, and making the bench of a shoemaker a chair of practical philosophy.

Reader, if you are inclined to profit by this little narrative, I need not write out any other moral than the injunction of Scripture, "Go and do likewise."

fied with her wardrobe, and finds that raw silk at six shillings a yard cheaper in the long run than calico at one shilling. That makes three dollars a week, and still had our living to pay for. That cost us, with three in our family, just one dollar a week more."

"One dollar apiece?"

"No—one dollar for all. It cost more at first, but we have learned to live both better and cheaper. So that we have a clear surplus of four dollars a week, after paying all expenses of rent, fire, light, water, clothing and food. I had at the theatre, a concert, or a treat to our friends when we give a party."

I know a smile came over my face, for he continued:

"Yes, give a party; and we have some splendid ones I assure you. Sometimes we have a dozen guests which is quite enough for comfort; and our treat of chocolate, cakes, blancmange, etc., costs us as much as five dollars; but this is not very often. Out of our surplus which comes, you see, to two hundred dollars a year—we have bought all you see, and have money in the bank."

"I see it all," said I; "all but the living. Many a mechanic spends more than that for cigars, to say nothing of liquor. Pray tell us how you live?"

"With pleasure. First of all, then, I smoke no cigars, and chew no tobacco, and Mary takes no snuff."

Here the pleasant smiles came in, but there was no interruption, for Mary seemed to think her husband knew what he was about, and could talk very well, without her aid.

"I have not drank a glass of liquor since the day I was married, except a glass of wine four times a year, on Christmas, New Year's, Fourth of July, and Willie's birthday. The last is our special holiday. I have read enough of physiology to make up my mind that tea and coffee contain no nutriment, and are poisonous besides; and I tried a vegetable diet long enough to like it better than a mixed one. We have read and experimented together, of course, Mary thinks as I do."

"But what do you eat and drink?" I asked; curious to see how this self-taught philosopher had progressed in the laws of health.

"Come this way and I will show you," he said, taking a light and leading the way into a spacious store room. "Here first of all is a mill, which cost me twelve shillings. It grinds all my grain gives me the freshest and most beautiful meal, and saves toll and profit. This is a barrel of wheat. I buy the best and am sure that it is clean and good. It costs less than three cents a pound; and a pound of wheat a day, you know, is food enough for any man. We make it into bread, mush, pies, and cakes. Here is a box of sugar, and this is a butter jar. We take a quart of country milk a day; I buy the rest of our living by the box or barrel, where I can get it cheapest. Making wheat—eaten as mush or bread and all made without bolting—and potatoes, or hominy, or rice the staple, you can easily see that a dollar a week for provisions is not only ample, but allows of a healthy and almost luxurious variety. For the rest, we eat greens, vegetables, fruit, and berries in their season. In the summer we have strawberries and peaches, as soon as they are ripe and good, Mary will get up a dinner from these materials, at the cost of a shilling, better than the whole bill of fare at the Astor House."

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Reader, if you are inclined to profit by this little narrative, I need not write out any other moral than the injunction of Scripture, "Go and do likewise."

THE OLD CARTMAN.

A TRUE STORY.

I have a mind to tell a little story. That it is brief may be seen at a glance, and that it is true I most emphatically avow. If the reader dispises it because of the first, or the editor rejects it because of the last, then will I eschew truth in the future, and devote myself to the elaboration of lies into chapters, and the purest fictions into volumes of seventeen hundred pages each.

With this understanding I proceed at once to say, that five years ago, or thereabouts, John Ainsley—or "Pap Ainsley," as he was familiarly called—was the owner of a hand-cart, and earned a living by conveying miscellaneous parcels from one section to another, and receiving therefor the reasonable remuneration of fifty cents per load.

To designate the occupation in the prosiest language possible, he was a hand-cart-man; and when not employed, could always be found driving working horses at the corner of Montgomery and California streets.

His hair and long beard were quite grey, and his limbs feeble; and if he could not shove or heavy a load through the deep sand or up the steep grade above him as the stalwart Teuton on the

opposite corner, thereby losing many a dollar, all the light loads in the neighborhood fell to his lot, and kind-hearted men not unfrequently travelled a square or two out of their way to give an easy job to "Pap Ainsley."

Four years last September I recollect the month, for I had a note of four thousand dollars to pay and was compelled to do some pretty sharp financing to meet it, having two or three dozen volumes of books to transfer to my lodging, I gave "Pap Ainsley" the task of transportation.

Arriving at my room just as he deposited the last armful on the table, observing that the old man looked considerably fatigued after climbing three flights of stairs five or six times, I invited him to take a glass of brandy, a bottle of which I usually kept in my room for medical and soporific purposes. Although grateful for the invitation, he respectfully declined. I urged, but he was inflexible. I was greatly surprised.

"Do you never drink?" said I.

"Very seldom," he replied, dropping into a chair at my request, and wiping the perspiration from off his forehead.

"Well, if you drink at all," I insisted, "you will not find in the next six months so fair an excuse for indulging, for you seem so fatigued and scarcely able to stand!"

"To be frank," said the old man, "I do not drink any now. I have not tasted intoxicating liquor for fifteen years—since—since—"

"Since when?" I asked, thoughtlessly, observing his hesitation.

The old man told me that sixteen years ago he was a well-to-do farmer near Syracuse, N. Y. He had but one child—a daughter. While attending a boarding-school in that city, the girl, then but sixteen years of age, formed an attachment for a young physician. Acquainting her father with the circumstance, he flatly refused his consent to her union with a man he had never seen, and removing her from school, dispatched a note to the young gallant, with the somewhat pointed information that his presence in the neighborhood of the Ainsley farm would not meet with favor.

The reader of course surmises the result, for such a proceeding could and can have but one result.

In less than a month there was an elopement. The father loaded his double-barrel shot-gun, and swore vengeance; but, failing to find the fugitives, he took to the bottle. His good wife told him not to despair, but he drank the deeper and accused her of encouraging the elopement.

In three months the wife died, and at the expiration of a year the young couple returned to Syracuse from Connecticut, where they learned that the old man, after the death of his wife, of which they had of course been apprised, had sold his farm, squandered the proceeds, and was almost destitute. Learning of their arrival, Ainsley drank himself into a frenzy, and proceeded to the hotel where they were stopping, attacked the husband, wounding him in the arm with a pistol-shot, and then attempted the life of his daughter, who happily escaped uninjured through the interposition of persons brought to the spot by the report of the pistol. Ainsley was arrested, and acquitted on the plea of insanity. The daughter and her husband returned to Connecticut, since which time the father had not heard from them. He was sent to a lunatic asylum, from which he was dismissed after remaining six months. In 1851 he came to California. He had followed mining for two years, but finding his strength unequal to the pursuit, returned to this city, purchased a handcart, and—the rest is known.

"Since then," concluded the old man, bowing his face in agony, "I have not tasted liquor, nor have I seen my child. I regretted that I had been so inquisitive, and expressed to the sufferer the sympathy I really felt for him. After that I seldom passed the corner without looking for "Pap Ainsley," and never saw him but to think of the sad story he had told me.

One chilly, drizzling day in the December following, a gentleman having purchased a small marble-top table at an auction room opposite, proffered the old man the job of conveying it to his residence on Stockton street. Not wishing to accompany the carrier, he had selected the face, probably, giving the best assurance of the careful delivery of the purchase.

Furnished with the number of the house, the old cartman, after a pretty trying, struggle with the deep descent of California street, reached his destination, and deposited the table in the hall. Linger a moment, the lady did not seem to surmise the reason, until he politely informed her that her husband (for such he took him to be) had probably by accident neglected to settle for the cartage.

"Very well, I will pay you," said the lady, stepping into an adjoining room. She returned, and, stating that she had no smaller coin in the house, handed the old man a twenty-dollar gold piece. He could not make the change.

"Never mind—I will call to-morrow," said he, turning to go.

"No, no!" replied the lady, glancing pityingly at his white locks and trembling limbs; "I will not permit you to put yourself to so much trouble," and she handed the coin to Bridget, with instructions to see if she could get it changed at one of the stores or in some of the markets in the neighborhood.

"Step into the parlor until the girl returns, the air is chilly, and you must be cold," continued the lady very kindly.

"Come," she added, as he looked at his rough attire and hesitated. "There is a

good fire in the grate, and no one there but the children."

"It is somewhat chilly," replied the old man, following her into the parlor and taking a seat near the fire.

"Perhaps I may find some silver in the house," said the lady, leaving the room, "for I fear Bridget will not succeed in getting the twenty-dollar piece changed."

"Come here, little one," said the old man coaxingly to the younger of the two children, a girl about six years of age. "Come, I love little children;" and the child, who had been watching him with curiosity from behind the large arm-chair, hesitatingly approached.

"What is your name, dear?" inquired the cartman.

"Maria," lisped the little one.

"Maria?" he replied, with the great tears gathering in his eyes. "I once had a little girl named Maria, and you look very much as she did."

"Did you?" inquired the child, with interest; "and was her name Maria Eastman, too?"

"Merciful God?" exclaimed the old man, starting from his chair, and again dropping into it, with his head bowed upon his breast. "This cannot be? and yet why not?" He caught the child in arms with an eagerness that frightened her, and gazing into her face until he saw conviction there, suddenly rose to leave the house. I cannot meet her without betraying myself, and I dare not tell her I am that drunken farther who once attempted to take her life, and perhaps left her husband a cripple," he groaned, as he hurried toward the door.

The little ones were bewildered.

"You are not going?" said the mother, at that time reappearing and discovering the old man in the act of passing into the hall.

He stopped and partly turned his face, but seemed to lack the resolution to do aught else.

"He said he had a little Maria once, that looked just like me, mother," shouted the child, her eyes sparkling with delight.

The knees of the old cartman trembled, and he leaned against the door for support. The lady sprang toward him, and, taking him by the arm, attempted to conduct him to a chair.

"No, no," he exclaimed, "not till you tell me I am forgiven."

"Forgiven—for what?" replied the mother, in alarm.

"Recognise in me your wretched father, and I need not tell you," he faltered.

"My poor father!" she cried, throwing her arms around his neck; "all is forgiven—all is forgotten."

All was forgiven, and the husband, when he returned late in the afternoon, was scarcely less rejoiced than his good wife at the discovery. Whether or not Bridget succeeded in changing the double eagle, I never learned; but this I do know—it took the honest female all of two months to unravel the knot into which the domestic affairs of the family had tied themselves during her absence. Pap Ainsley still keeps his cart, for money would not induce him to part with it. I peeped into the back yard of Dr. Eastman one day last week, and discovered the old man dragging the favorite vehicle round the enclosure, with his four grandchildren piled promiscuously into it.

THE DECOY WHICH MAKES YOUNG MEN DRUNKARDS.

Go with us to public houses, where a number of young men are assembled. All is life and gaiety. A few among them may be young and timed. They approach the counter, and wine, rum, brandy are called for. One or two may stand back, and say, no, gentlemen, we do not drink any; please excuse us. Immediately the rest turn, and begin to taunt their friends who refuse to drink, saying they are afraid of getting "tight," of the "old man;" and some may whisper audibly, "Well they are mean fellows—they are afraid that they will have to spend a cent!"

Here you see, two very sensitive nerves are touched, courage and cleverness. Their bosoms swell with pride; rather than bear these flings of their companions, they step up to the counter and soon join in the revelry. The ice is now broken, the first act in the drama performed. Others follow in natural order, until the individual who refused to drink at first, reels along the public street without shame.

Such is the manner in which thousands of our promising young men are led away by a false ambition; and thousands more will follow in their path, unless they learn the meaning of courage.

We have in our mind a number of noble-hearted, good-meaning men, who do not possess strength of mind enough to face opposition. Rather than be called mean they will follow up these habits of drinking until their appetites become ungovernable.

We advise you, young men, when you are in company, and solicited to drink intoxicating liquors, to say frankly and decidedly that you will not drink. Let your tempters call you any thing, but be firm and unyielding, and you will command their respect, and they will be forced to admit that your courage is sufficient to bear all their taunts and not yield the right.

Those who stem the tide always meet opposition; but never despair—press onward. Our only hope of rescuing the race from this brutal, slavish passion rests with the young. Will you, young friends, have courage—true, high, and god-like courage—to face this growing evil, and banish it from our land?

Boys and Youth's Clothing in great variety, at BENNETT & CO.'S One Price House, 14 and 16 Dock Square, Boston. sept. 3-3m

GENERAL—LY GRANT—ED,
THAT THE UNDERSIGNED
Having enlarged their store and increased
their Stock of

GOODS,

now offer to the people of Woburn and
vicinity, a good assortment of

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
Spectacles and Fancy Goods,
Cake and Card Baskets,
Castors,
Silver and Plated Forks,
Spoons,
Fruit Knives, and
Napkin Rings,
Ladies' and Gents' Wallets,
Pocket Knives,
Combs and Brushes,
Razors and Stropps,
A fine assortment of Ladies' Dress Combs.

SILVER COIN,

Made Into
PINS,
EAR RINGS, and
SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully
repaired.

CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,
Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully
repaired.

ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-
ecuted.

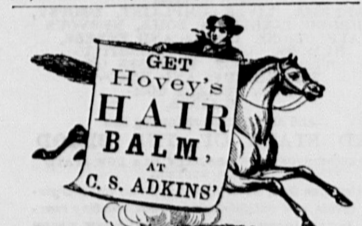
P. S.—All the above work is done by
us, and will be done cheaper here than in
Boston.

Gold and Silver bought and taken in
exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE,

Next to the Post Office.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

MARRIAGE GUIDE.—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL WORK, of every one his own
Doctor—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons or those about to marry, both Male and Female,
in everything concerning the physiology and re-
lations of our Sexual System, and the Production or
Prevention of Offspring, including all the new dis-
coveries never before given in the English language,
by Wm. Young, M.D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain lan-
guage for the general reader, and is illustrated with
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least impediment to married life,
should read this book. It discloses secrets that ev-
ery one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book
that must be locked up, and not let about the house.
It will be sent to any one on the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address Dr. Wm. Young, No. 416 Spruce
St., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sept23-6m



LIFE INSURANCE.

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and
safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
family." Benjamin Franklin, 1780.
The Old Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., with an
accumulation of over \$8,000,000. Proved to be
the best by the highest authority in existence, viz:
The Mutual Insurance Commissioners' Report yet
published. Dividends 50 per cent. annually.
This Co. issue bona fide non-forfeiting Policies,
payable in 5, 10, 15, or 20 annual payments. Divi-
dends continue during life, annually. Policies paid
in life or at death. Parties wishing Insurance are
invited to call and examine Commissioners' Re-
port, &c. SPARROW HORTON, Agent,
at "Woburn Bookstore."

CAUTION
TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
D. ROW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 EN-
DORSET ST., Boston, is consulted daily for all
diseases incident to the female system. Pro-
lapsus Uteri or Floor Albus, Suppression, and other
menstrual derangements, are all treated on
new pathological principles, and speedily re-
lieved in a very few days. So invariably cer-
tain is this new mode of treatment, that the most ob-
stinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted
person soon enjoys perfect health.
Dr. Row has no doubt had greater experience in
the cure of the diseases of women than any other
physician in Boston.
Boarding accommodations for patients who may
wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treat-
ment.
Dr. Row, since 1845, having confined his whole
attention to an office practice for the cure of Pri-
vate diseases and Female Complaints, acknowl-
edges no superior in the United States.
N. B. All letters must contain one dollar, or
they will not be answered.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, '65. ly

GIRLS WANTED.
COAT-MAKERS WANTED—A TEAR'S Tail-
oring Establishment. Also, GIRLS wanted to
learn the trade. sept 2-6f

NITROUS OXYD.
THIS GAS is recommended in preference to Ether
or Chloroform, for the following reasons:
1st. Under ALL circumstances it is perfectly safe.
2d. From one to ten teeth can be extracted at ONE
inhalation, the entire operation lasting not over three
minutes, without the least pain to the patient.
3d. It never causes sickness to the Stomach.
4th. It leaves the patient with no lassitude or de-
bilitating feelings.
5th. It is not disagreeable to inhale.
With an extensive practice in the use of Ether,
Chloroform and Nitrous Oxid Gas, and with an ex-
perience of over twenty years in all branches pertain-
ing to Dental Surgery, the Subscriber would be
happy to wait upon all wishing his services.
Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.
J. R. DILLINGHAM, No. 12 Winter St. Boston.
sept18-3m

**TO THE PEOPLE OF
WOBBURN.**

FRANK B. DODGE

DESIRE to return his sincere thanks to the peo-
ple of Woburn and vicinity for their liberal pa-
tronage during the last eight years; and by prompt
attention to business, hopes to receive a continuance
of the same.
He has recently

**Refitted and Enlarged his
STORE,**

and has just received,

From New York and Boston,

a large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

&c., &c., &c.

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

Fine Silver and

Plated Ware—

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-
ers, Spoon Holders, Children's
Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,
Ladles, Butter and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS

Jewelry Store!

Every article warranted to be as
represented

FINE WATCHES

REPAIRED & WARRANTED.

ALL KINDS OF

CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE

SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER taken in

exchange.

Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,

EYE-GLASSES, &c.

LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved
free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge.

OPPOSITE THE WOBBURN BANK.

Woburn, Aug. 26, 1865.

**W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER,**
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,
No. 1 Franklin Street, Woburn, Mass.,
WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
aug19-1y

**A. H. COWDREY, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon,**
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of STONEHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29

**SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M.D.,
Physician and Surgeon,**
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
Woburn, Mass.
July 8, 1865. 6m

**EPHRAIM CUTTER, M.D.,
Physician and Surgeon**
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBBURN CENTRE.

**Wm. Symington Brown, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon,**
CENTRAL STREET,
(Near the Town Hall.)
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept2-6m

**DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.**
Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

**CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN**
**American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,**
Bank Block, Woburn

**A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW**
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

**A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESS MAKER,
AND DEALER IN**
Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central House, Woburn.

**G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,**
New Bank Building, Woburn,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends
the public, that he is now located in his new
store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit

Particular attention paid to making
Boys' Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and
most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the
season, which will be made up to order at the most
reasonable rates.

FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
on hand.

**Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE
"Insurance Agent."**

PENSIONS, Bounty, Back Pay and
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for £1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND,
Office at "WOBBURN BOOKSTORE."
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865. ly

**HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.**
OFFICE 1-4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

J. G. CHAPMAN
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the es-
tablishment lately occupied by A. L. WHEELER, in
O'CKLEY COURT, where he will carry on the business of

PAINTING, &c.
in his various branches.
Woburn, July 29, 1865.—6m

**WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.**

FRANK B. DODGE, Practical
Watchmaker. Also dealer in CLOCKS,
WATCHES, GOLD CHAINS, LOCKETS,
JEWELRY, SPECTA-
CLES, Fine Silver Plated

Ware, "plated on genuine Albata." Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
ters, &c.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on
hand.

AGENT FOR
Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

**COLTSFOOT ROCK,
A POPULAR
ENGLISH COUGH REMEDY,**
is selling rapidly at Brigham's 5 Wade's Block.

BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary,
(Northern Depot).

PERFUMERY.
LUBINS, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
PHALON'S, and EDELDIUS'
Popular Extracts for the handkerchief. Thirty
different odors. For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM.
sept 10

**WOBBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE-WORKS.**
THE subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of MARBLE

Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the

Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONES and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.

**OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Warehouses, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.**
R. PICKERING, Agent.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864.—21-y.

**"ANNO DOMINI," 1865.
THE
WOBBURN
BOOKSTORE,
SPARROW HORTON,
Proprietor.**

Has constantly on hand and for sale, a GOOD
assortment of New and Standard BOOKS of
Facts and Fiction, SCHOOL BOOKS of all kinds,
BIBLES, TESTAMENTS,
HYMN BOOKS,
and SABBATH SCHOOL BOOKS.

Sets of Juvenile and Books for young people
ALMANACS, DIARIES, and the various
MAGAZINES and NEWSPAPERS
that are published. PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS
in rich or plain binding for the table or pocket.
TIN TYPE, AUTOGRAPH and LADIES' AL-
BUMS. SHEET MUSIC of popular Songs and
Tunes. ENGRAVINGS, LITHOGRAPHS and
PHOTOGRAPHS.

FRANK'S ALBUM PICTURES,
in Oil Colors, of
AUTUMN LEAVES, BIRDS & BUTTERFLIES,
FRUITS & FLOWERS, WOOD & SEA MOSSES,
LANDSCAPES, FISHY CHARACTERS, &c.

PICTURE FRAMES, Oval, Rectangular and Square,
(Pictures framed to order promptly), and PICTURE
CORD. PORTFOLIOS and WRITING
DESKS, BACKGAMMON and CHECKER
BOARDS, PLAYING CARDS, and numerous
GAMES.

**ACCOUNT BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS,
—and—
MEMORANDUMS.**

WAR MAPS.
U. S. INTERIOR REVENUE STAMPS, &c.
A LARGE supply of STATIONERY, includ-
ing ENVELOPES of all sizes, from Billet to
Official. WRITING PAPER, from Billet to
Foolscap and Bill Paper.

BLACK, RED & BLUE INK.
"A. MORTON'S" GOLD PENS, STEEL PENS
and QUILLS, PENHOLDERS and PENCILS, in
all varieties, and many other articles, too num-
erous to mention. FANCY GOODS and TOYS
are great variety. A good selection of PAPER
HANGINGS, consisting of HOUSE PAPERS, of
latest patterns, BORDERS and WINDOW
SHADES.

The above named Goods are all bought for
CASH, and therefore will be sold LOW
FOR CASH ONLY.

Persons in Woburn and vicinity are invited
to call, examine and purchase.

Cough No More
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH
BALM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarse-
ness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Con-
sumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover Street, Boston,
Sole Agents for New England. nov11

Pile Remedy
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured
thousands of the worst cases of Hemorrhoids and Bleed-
ing Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a
permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure.

For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover Street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. sept 2-3m

**Western Massachusetts
INSURANCE
COMPANY,**
PITTSFIELD, MASS.

**CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS,
\$256,741.56.**
This Company will insure Real and Personal
Property against loss or damage by
Fire on as favorable terms as
any other responsible
Companies.

Losses equitably adjusted and
promptly PAID
J. N. DUNHAM, ENSIGN H. KELLOGG,
Secretaries.

SAMUEL E. HOWE, Assistant Secretary.
Sparrow Horton, Agt.
At Woburn Bookstore.

BOSTON AND LOWELL
And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook,
Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowell
Railroads.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY,
Sept. 6th, 1865, trains will leave BOS-
TON for—
Upper Railroads, 7.00 a.m., 12.00, 5 p.m.
Concord and Manchester, 7.30 a.m., 12.00 m., 5
p.m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack
7.00 a.m., 12.00, 5 p.m.
Nashua, 7.00, 8.15 a.m., 12 m., 5 p.m.
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 7.00 a.m., 12.00, 5
p.m.
Groton Junction 10.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m.
Lowell, 7.15, 10.00 a.m., 12.00 m., 3.30, 4, 5, p.m.
North Billerica, Billerica & Wilmington, 7.00, 10,
a.m., 3.30, 6.00 p.m.
S. Wilmington, N. Woburn, 10 a.m., 6.00, p.m.
Woburn W. S., 7.00, 10.00 a.m., 3.30, 4.00 p.m.
N. Woburn, 7.00, 10.00 a.m., 12.00, 3.30, 5.15, 6.30, pm
Winchester, 6.45, 7.00, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 2.30,
3.4, 5.15, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
West Medford, 6.45, 10, 11.30 a.m., 2.30, 3.00,
4.5, 5.15, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
College Hill, 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 3, 5.15, 6.30,
7.30, 9.30 p.m.
Wednesdays 11.15 and Saturdays at 10 p.m.
Mondays at 7.15 p.m., a train leaves for Lowell,
Nashua and West Stations.

The 10.00 a.m. & 6 p.m. Trains from Boston stop at
Milk Row, Somerville Centre, and College Hill
Stations, to take passengers for Stations above
Woburn W. Place.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE.
Wilton at 6.15, 10.45 a.m., 3.30 p.m.
Milford 6.30, 10.30, a.m., 3.50 p.m.
Danforth's Corner 6.30, 11.00 a.m., 4.00 p.m.
South Merrimack, 6.35, 11.05 a.m., 4.15 p.m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11.30, a.m., 5.00, 9.00 p.m.
West Medford 7.15, 11.45 a.m., 5.15 p.m.
North Chelmsford, 7.22, 11.55 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a.m., 12.45 p.m.
Lowell 7.30, 9.30, a.m., 12.15, 3.45, 5.30, 9.30 p.m.
North Billerica 7.00, 9.30 a.m., 2.22, 5.41, p.m.
Billerica 7.15, 9.45 a.m., 3.22, 5.47 p.m.
Wilmington at 7.30, 9.55 a.m., 3.20, 5.55, p.m.
South Wilmington 7.31 a.m., 9.43 p.m.
North Woburn 7.34 a.m., 9.45 p.m.
Woburn W. Place, 7.30, 10.00 a.m., 2.53, 6.04 p.m.
East Woburn at 6.00, 7.40, 9.00, 10.10 a.m., 1.15, 2.54,
6.00, 6.30 p.m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05, 7.45, 9.05, 10.15 a.m., 1.20,
3.00, 5.05, 6.35, 8.30 p.m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10.22 a.m.,
1.30, 3.07, 5.15, 6.45, 8.35 p.m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19,
6.47, 8.28 p.m.
On arrival of trains from Nashua,
(Northern Depot).
The 7.00 A. M., and 2.15 P. M. Trains from
Lowell stop at College Hill, Somerville Centre,
and Milk Row Stations, to leave passengers from
Stations above Woburn W. Place.

Woburn Branch.
Trains for Woburn Centre, leave Boston, 6.45, 7,
11.30 a.m., 3, 5.10, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00,
7.00, 7.40, 9 a.m., 1.15, 5.00, 5.30, 8.15 p.m.
On Wednesdays 11.15 and Saturdays at 10 p.m.
On Wednesdays, at 10.15.

7.25 A. M. from Stoneham Branch, and 7.40 A. M.
from Woburn Branch, stop only at Winchester,
W. Medford, and E. Cambridge.

Stoneham Branch.
The trains on this Road will leave Boston (from
Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 7.00, 8,
11.30 A. M., 3, 5.15, 6.30 P. M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 5.52, and 7.32,
8.52, 10, A. M., 1.00, 4.52, and 6.52, P. M.
A train will leave Boston for Stoneham, on
Wednesdays at 11.15 p.m., and on Saturdays at 10
p.m.
On Wednesdays, 10.05.

7.40 A. M. leave Stoneham for Boston on
Wednesdays at 10.35 p.m., and Saturdays at 8.05
p.m.

J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendent.
B. L. and E. L. R. N. J.

**HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,**
A positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the
Bladder, Kidney, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.
This Medicine increases the powers of digestion, and
excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the
watery or calcareous depositions, and all unnatural en-
largements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation,
and is good for men, women and children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Disipa-
tion, Early Indiscretion, attended with the following
Symptoms:
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Hot Hands, Flashing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions of the Face,
Universal Lassitude, Filled Constipation,
These symptoms, if allowed to go on (which this Medi-
cine invariably removes), soon follow—
FATIGUE, EPILEPTIC FITS, &c.,
In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say
they are not frequently followed by those "dreadful dis-
eases."
Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none
will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the
melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to
the truth of the assertion.
The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness,
requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate
the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU
invariably does. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT
Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, and for all
complaints incident to the sex, or in the
DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE,
IT IS THE SYMPTOM AND CURE.

No Family should be without it.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH.
Cures Secret Diseases
In all their stages. Little expense, little or no change of
diet, no inconvenience, and NO EXPOSURE.

**USE HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU**
For all affections and diseases of these organs, whether
EXISTING IN MALE OR FEMALE.
From whatever cause originating, and no matter how long
standing. Diseases of these organs require the aid of
diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.
And it is certain to have the desired effect in all disor-
ders which it is recommended.

HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH,
An excellent Lotion for diseases arising from habits of
dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu
& Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended. Evi-
dence of the most responsible and reliable character will
accompany the medicine. Also explicit directions for
use, with hundreds of thousands living witnesses, and up-
wards of 30,000 uncollected certificates and recommenda-
tory letters, many of which are from the highest socie-
ties including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, &c.
The Proprietor has never resorted to their publication in
the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his
articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need
to be proved up by certificates.

The Science of Medicine, like the Dedic Column, should
stand simple, pure, majestic, having Faith for its basis.
Induction for its pillar, and Truth alone for its Capital.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
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Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XV : : No. 12.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1865.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OYSTERS.

The subscriber is prepared to furnish the people of Woburn and vicinity with a choice variety of Oysters, direct from the shell, as per order, at the lowest market price, at his saloon on Main Street, Woburn, Nov. 18, 1865.—2m*

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!
Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Great Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face of chin, or hair on bald heads, in Six Weeks. Price \$1.00—3 packages for \$2.00. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address, WARREN & CO., Box 138 Brooklyn, N. Y. ap15-ly

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs.
forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$80.00 to \$600.00 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, for other first-prize awards them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASSON BROTHERS, New York. sept 9-ly

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!
SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment.
Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.
Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all Eruptions of the SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.
By sending 50 cents to WEEKS & PUTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington Street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct28-ly

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat.
REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED, IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE. Irritation of the Lungs & Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.
For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases.

Singers and Public Speakers
will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.
Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cents per box. oct28-6m

WANTED, A TENEMENT,
A TENEMENT of about 5 or 6 rooms, for a small family, near the depot, to be let by this office. The best references given and required. oct 28-4f

Ready-Made Overcoats—\$65, 60, 55, 50, 45, 40, 35, 30, 25, 20, 15, 10, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 50c. at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

Gents' Ready-Made Dress Frocks and Sacks—\$42, 40, 38, 36, 34, 32, 30, 28, 26, 24, 22, 20, 18, 16, 14, 12, 10, 8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 50c. at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

Pants in great variety—\$16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 50c. at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings of the best Foreign and American make, to be made to order, at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

Every garment made in plain figures at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

For Shirts, Drawers and Furnishing Goods of any style or grade, call at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price Clothing House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston.

Boys and Youth's Clothing in great variety, at BENNETT & CO.'s One Price House, 14 and 15 Dock Square, Boston. sept23-3m

Some Folks Can't Sleep Nights!

STRONG & ARMSTRONG,
Wholesale Druggists, Cleveland, Ohio.
Are now prepared to supply Hospitals, Physicians, and the trade, with the standard and invaluable remedy

DODD'S NERVINE.
This article surpasses all known preparations for the cure of all forms of

NERVOUSNESS!
It is rapidly superseding all preparations of Opium and Valerian—the well known result of which is to produce Costiveness and other serious difficulties—as it allays Irritation, Restlessness and Spasms, and induces regular action of the bowels and secretory organs.
No preparation for Nervous Diseases ever sold so readily or met with such universal approval. For Fits, Sleeplessness, Loss of Energy, Peculiar Female Weakness and Irritability, and all the fearful mental and bodily symptoms that follow in the train of nervous disease, Dodd's Nervine is the best remedy known to science. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1.00.
H. B. STOREY & CO., Proprietors, 64 John Street, New York. dec2-6m

AMBROSE BANCROFT,
CARPENTER & BUILDER.
SHOP OVER SOLES' PROVISION STORE.
nov 18-3m*

NOTICE.
THE citizens of Stoneham and vicinity, will all find at Dr. Horace Goodrich's

DRUG STORE.
A fresh supply of pure Drugs and Medicines, Perfumery and Fancy Goods, Letter, Cap, and Note Paper, Pens, Pencils, Superior Ink, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians, Prescriptions carefully compounded.
The above articles will be warranted as represented, and sold at the lowest cash prices.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. tf

WILLIAM WINN,
LICENSED ESTATE AGENT.
BURLINGTON, MASS.
Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.
Orders left at the Journal Office will receive prompt attention.

Cards printed at this Office.

THE SHODDY AGE.

MR. EDITOR,—Yourself or your readers will not be moved at the above caption. We have all learned, ere this, the fact, that we live in a fast age. Never, I was about to say since the world began, never since our country began, has the community gone ahead so fast; prices of every commodity so high; dividends so large; people so extravagant; and such unscrupulousness generally in business. It would seem that the enormous charges for all things ought to secure good and reliable returns—not only full weight and measure, but also honest articles and faithful services. But let us see. Did you ever know a time, when there was so much overreaching and advantage-taking, in all things, as if it were not only right but a positive duty to improve the occasion, honestly or dishonestly, to make the most gain. It is pre-eminently, an age of shoddy—so rare has it become to find anything prove unadulterated and reliable. All departments of business are acquiring new skill in fraud, i. e. in shoddy making, and the man, who makes money the fastest is quite likely most skilled in the art.

Now, Mr. Editor, as we are prudent, honest men, and are not ambitious of making money very fast, and especially as our employments do not present great temptations, we shall of course not be included in the category of the shrewd. If the price of the daily goes up at once to fifteen dollars a year, does it not cost largely to print such enormous editions as the times require? And if the papers are well filled with sensation notices, do not the tastes of the community call for it? Who cares for a newspaper which is not well filled with quick advertisements, big victories, detected thieves, and murderers sure to be hung.

We live, too, in a community noted for sobriety and honest action and dealing. Men whom we meet exhibit countenances of uprightness and integrity, free from all guile. They go to church Sundays, and work industriously through the week. There can be no shoddy in them. No, perhaps not. Those employees work ten hours a day, though many wish to reduce the time to eight. If leather is not tanned and dressed equal to the best French, they are wise enough not to tell of it; and if shoes will not bear close inspection, or the expected amount of wear, they sell for large profit, and the purchaser knows nothing who made them. And so, too, we can buy elegant pianos, perfect in their exterior, looking as if they would take the highest prize at a fair, and were strong enough to bear several voyages round the world. Try them and see.

But time would fail to tell of houses, built of shoddy materials and workmanship, and painted with shoddy paints; of wood short in length and poorly seasoned; of coal short in weight and full of slate and stones; of shambles filled with meat old and diseased; of groceries adulterated; of shoddy clothing, ready made, ripping and tearing the first time worn; of teachers, teaching all that they know and more that they do not know; of doctors, who allow people to think themselves sick when they are not, and prescribe for them medicine when they do not need it; of lawyers, who can shave and fleece their clients more closely than a Spanish Gipsy could do; and lastly, of clergy men, who are intent, in season and out of season, with an eye single to their salary.

WINTER is on us again. Never were such dreary winters known to this generation of Americans as have been those through which we have passed since 1861. Never such snows, never such storms, never such cold. The clearest sky was never cheerful. There was no exhilaration in the glittering atmosphere. There was no beauty in those gorgeous mornings, "when last night's snow hangs lightly on the trees," and the wind "sends it drifting through the air like fine gold." There was no gladness in the ring of sleigh-bells. There was no luxury of long breaths in the rich cool air of a December morning. We remember these winters with shuddering. How we lay awake in the nighttime and thought, and thought, and thought, wondering whether those we loved were lying out in the cold night air, or shivering under their shelters, or whether they were hot and fierce in the fire of battle, or whether perchance, they might not lie, colder than ice, with calm faces set for eternity under the snow. No human imagination can estimate the agonies of the past four winters. Earth never saw such an amount before within so brief a time. In

all the catalogue of wars and sufferings, there is no such account as this of a vast people, of whom nearly every household was in mourning, or else fearing the wind of the winter, lest it might bring as its cold burden the last sigh of some one beloved.

It is all past. The winter is here again, and no sound of battle is heard on the broad expanse of the American soil. But somehow it is impossible even yet to arise out of the gloom, or to realize the truth that the land is at peace. It will scarcely be a more cheerful winter than the last. The memory of our griefs is ever present. The weight of individual sorrows cannot be lightly thrown off, nor will the heart of the people rise to its old beat of happiness for many winters—not indeed until this generation shall have nearly passed away. There is something in the approach of winter which steadily increases, rather than diminishes the weight of a great sorrow. The evenings are longer, and grief is always heavier in the dark. The inclination to remain within doors and confine one's self to house hold scenes and familiar objects, reminding us of the past and the lost, revives, instead of allaying regret. In the country, especially, where houses are far apart, and society is not the crowd which we have in the city, it will be many winters before the fireside ceases to be surrounded by saddened faces and the conversation changes from the sorrowful stories of these four years.

Nevertheless, there is a certain good which might come from this. The whole land, North and South, East and West, mourns for a million dead. Before the conflict there is anger, fierce hatred, growing animosity. In continues after the battle if the mourner of one dead thinks of the enemy as happy, cheerful, not bereaved. Revenge then sometimes becomes an absorbing passion, and bitter hatred becomes a permanent feeling. But when two mourners come together on the field and sit down by their dead, slain in contest with each other, grief overpowers enmity, and the community of sorrow is sometimes the beginning of sympathy, and even of affection. Out of this universal sadness of the American people might grow a universal feeling of brotherhood. It ought so to be. We have had enough of hatred. We have gone through fearful years of passion. The graves of our dead lie between us, and we stand by them as the first snow whitens them, and we can bury in those graves all the bitterness of the past, and cover it out of sight forever. So doing, it will hereafter seem not so sad to have lost those who sleep under the snow. If out of our common loss in the strife should rise up a feeling of common interest in each other; if we cultivate sympathy and sorrow for every household in the land which mourns one fallen on either side; if the sentiment of common affliction, and therefore of common humanity and suffering, should outgrow the animosities of the struggle, and pity overpower anger, then it will not be so very sad to sit down by the winter fireside and think of what might have been.—[N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

THE POST OFFICE CLERK.

The editor of the Clarke County, (O.) Democrat, gives the following article, the result of an experience as a postoffice official, which will doubtless be recognized by many of our readers as similar to their own.

POSTOFFICE CLERK.—For some time we have been proposing, to ourselves, to say a few words for a humble but important individual, found in every village and city in our country. That individual is the postoffice clerk. No one is more intimately connected with the affairs of the public. The preacher and the priest are acquainted with the standing of their parishioners; the doctor with many secrets of his patients; the lawyer with the business and legal difficulties of his clients; but the postoffice clerk is acquainted with every one in the community, with their business, trade and intrigues.

In former years we spent some time in the postoffice department, and knew particularly the every-day labors, trials, and amenities of the postoffice clerk. To many the calling of the postoffice clerk seems an easy one, a pleasant occupation. In this, such persons woefully mistake. We still remember our first day's experience in the business; and only necessity prevented it from being the last. Legs as stiff as wooden ones, we were in pain from head to feet, too tired to address before retiring, more dead

than alive. The postoffice clerk must be at his work long before the mechanic, and does not end his labor till the robust farmer has taken a sweet, refreshing sleep. When the clerk's work is done his feet are weary; his path is a checkered one. Consider for a moment how labyrinthine are the footsteps of a clerk in our post-office. Two steps to the north and two to the south, back to the starting point; now to the east, now to the west, now a right angle, now an acute, his feet describe. He also moves upon the line of beauty. He describes a circle, a spiral curve, and an ellipse, and in fact, moves upon every known line. His line of motion for one day would make a year's hard study for the mathematician. Every muscle is brought into exercise,—hands and feet are in constant motion. Nor are his senses left uncultivated. His sight must be good, hearing perfect. He must know who it is that comes veiled like a prophetess, must read addresses that should be magnified ten times to be legible. He must incline his ear to hear the golden but low whispering of the bashful young lady—who trembles as she gives her name. His memory must be excellent,—a thousand things are told him in the course of a day, all of which he is expected to remember; and if he forgets any one of the particulars, he will be punished most execrably, it may be by some young lady who does not want her pen to know that she corresponds with some young rake,—she wants to get her own letters. In every town there are half a dozen John Smiths; when a letter arrives for John Smith the clerk must know which one it is; he must know, if possible, from what place each of the John Smiths gets his letters. The clerk will be most fortunate if he remembers all the orders delivered to him, and if he does not he will be most unfortunate; for he will be severely tongue-lashed and insulted.

No one that we know of must have as much patience as the postoffice clerk. If he has not a good deal of Job in him, we cannot see how he can get along without a half-dozen fights daily. He must have either patience or cowardice, else he must fight his way. The clerk, seeing so much rudeness, necessarily loses gentility, and no one better than he knows how to appreciate kindness. What little kindness he meets with is an oasis of pleasure in a desert of pain.

When the most of persons go to a post-office they throw off their masks,—they are not then what they have simulated. They are querulous, crowd others aside, and seem wanting in every good quality which goes to make up either the lady or the gentleman. One says he knows there must be a letter lying around some place in the office for him; another says, "you must have given my letter to somebody else. I know you have." One grumbler insinuates the clerk did not send his letter off, else he knows he would have an answer by this time. He throws out insinuations against the honesty of the clerk. A remarkable instance of this kind strikes us now. In this case a most deservingly young man was ruined. We would give with pleasure, the young man's name and the place of the incident, but both have escaped our memory. It happened in this wise:—The clerk was charged with having purloined a letter put into his office. The writer of the letter proclaimed far and near that ——— had abstracted a letter which he dropped in the office, and which contained a large amount of money. The clerk's friend's repelled the base charge, though it had no foundation. He resigned his position and enlisted in the army.

A mother's heart was broken! Time rolled on slowly and wearily.

The post master always looked anxiously on opening the Eastern mail to see if there were any dead letters. What was his joy in finding in one morning's mail, a large official document from the Dead Letter office addressed to him. Quicker than can be said he saw the foul, fictitious stain vanish from the escutcheon of his much injured clerk. He opens the package, and, to his delight, he finds in it the lost letter. He is overcome, tears freely roll down his cheeks, and he hurries to the widow's home to bear tidings more joyful than ever before fell upon her delighted ears. The report spreads rapidly, and a thousand hearts are made glad, though many have cause to repent the injury they did to the clerk. Will the clerk ever rejoice with his friends, upon earth? Upon the evening of that day which was the cause of so much happiness to that lonely mother, came the news that her son fell upon the bloody field of Stone River. She was re-

signed to her fate. She felt proud that her son died in a good cause; but her greatest consolation arose from the thought that her son's reputation remained untarnished. The boy, unfortunately, did not live long enough to hold up his head among his friends, though of course he knew that he was innocent of the charges made by his enemies. The whole difficulty sprang from carelessness and a want of due regard in speaking of others. The writer of the letter intended to direct his letter to some town in Illinois, but being accustomed to write Ohio upon most of his letters he did so on this, and then ruined a young man by charging him of dishonesty. Such instances are not few, but do not often turn out so melancholy. Frequently the postoffice clerk, though worn out with his excessive labors, cannot sleep on account of some base insinuation, though generally, it may be, thrown out by some careless, inconsiderate person. Now and then the clerk comes in contact with those who know how to treat a person, and his heart is made glad.

The clerk must be a paragon of excellence if he in turn does not become rude. He meets with much that would make even a saint of good humor a rude individual. Hundreds of children in going to and from school must run to the post-offices and ask for letters. This they do day after day, and probably get scarcely a letter during the year. An excitable individual sees a letter in his box, takes a jump toward it, and begins to thump upon it as though he were going to tear down the building. Another gentleman whistles at the clerk as though he were calling a dog; another yells out in trumpet tones to jump around and wait on him; and still another stands to grumble about the non-reception of his defunct Punkintown Herald. This, and often more, takes place at the same moment.

Such is the life of a postoffice clerk; and how miserable it would be if nothing pleasant were interspersed with so much that is disagreeable. But he has his pleasures. There is always something agreeable in seeing the numerous persons call at the postoffice. In every expression there is something beautiful, and something to be learned. The postoffice clerk has ample material to study the connections between the inner and the outer man, the relations between the expressions of the soul and the actions of its possessor.

Judging by our experience in the business, we would say that the postoffice clerk has an important but thankless and unappreciated situation. A few years of such service merit promotion, and a postmaster's commission should reward the postoffice clerk for his labors.

A NEW FORM OF TELESCOPE.—A citizen of Philadelphia has produced and has in operation a new arrangement of lenses and mirrors, somewhat in the form of a telescope, which he calls an "Alto-scope." Its use is to enable the observer while standing on the surface level to see over the tops of intervening obstacles, such as trees, walls, rises in the ground, etc. It accomplishes the object perfectly. The field of vision is many times greater than that embraced in an ordinary telescope, and its magnifying power is about equal to the "ship-glasses" in common use at sea. One of these instruments erected in a house in the country, would enable persons in the parlor to enjoy a full view of the surrounding country, the same as if upon an observatory on the top of the house. And so of a ship at sea, the officer in charge, while standing on deck or even sitting in his cabin, could take a wide sweep of the sea, far below the natural horizon, as a lookout at the royal masthead. The instrument is very simple, being merely an elongated tube, with a mirror and lens of short focus at the top, which throws the image of the object down through two other glasses to a mirror at the foot of a tube. An eye-glass at the bottom completes the apparatus.—*Phila. Ledger.*

LETTER FROM PROFESSOR AGASSIZ.
Professor Agassiz wrote on the 20th of August as follows:

"The result of our inquiries, above all respecting fish, goes beyond the most extravagant dreams I ever had. Not only do I know that all the localities we visit nourish different faunas, but I foresee also that the intermediate localities will furnish still new and distinct species, so great are the differences of those we have already studied.

"It is equally interesting to discover the manner of inter-association of the species. It is evident, for example, that the fishes assembled at Para are not the same as those united at Manaos or in the great affluents of the Amazonas. I have already a certainty of this from the collection I made at Para. During the eight days spent in your hospitable city, where so many courtesies and such delicate at-

tentions were showered on me, I collected sixty-three species of fishes. Of this number merely a dozen are known; and, notwithstanding, about forty-five species are already described as peculiar to the Amazon. Consequently those that are known, which I did not discover at Para, must dwell in some other region of the great river. You see now that the work merely of two days tends to demonstrate that each region of this great basin must have collections of different species, a fact that science was completely ignorant of until now."

Under date of September 8, Agassiz writes that he had obtained more than 300 species of fish, although he had to that time, only examined one-third of the Amazon without trenching on its affluents. He had only counted on, at most, 250 or 300 species, and he says that not a third of those he collected belong to known ones.

A FAMILY MURDERED.—The Utica (N. Y.) Herald gives the following particulars of the murder of a family, previously reported:

"One of the most terrible tragedies that ever shocked a community occurred about four miles east of Little Falls, some time between Sunday night and Tuesday, in the family of Daniel Waldradt. Mrs. Waldradt, and her daughter Josephine, a girl of about twelve years of age, were found foully murdered—their throats cut from ear to ear, and Waldradt in a position which pointed at him conclusively as the perpetrator of the deed, and the agent of his own destruction.

"The suspicions of the neighbors were first aroused by the apparent desertion of the premises, and late Tuesday afternoon Charles Van Valkenburgh, a neighbor of the parties in question, whose dwelling is but a few rods distant, proceeded to the house to make investigations. He found the doors locked and windows barred. Procuring a ladder, he gained access to a window in the second story. Upon opening the sleeping apartment of the family—for it would appear that they occupied the same room—the beds were found to have been occupied, but in no more than the usual state of disorder. Several drops of blood upon the floor were the only evidences of what must have been the commencement of the fearful tragedy. Descending by the back stairs to the dining room, a spectacle more awful than words can picture was presented to view. Behind the stove and directly against the stairway door, lay the dead body of the girl Josephine—a long gash from ear to ear, showing where her life-blood oozed away; beyond, and in the middle of the room lay the mother, the same ghastly wounds upon her neck.

"Upon his back at the end of a work bench lay the body of Daniel Waldradt. A gun fastened to one of the standards of the bench, with a string leading from the trigger, was grasped tightly in his hand. The wound in the head, where the lead had passed through the temples, tearing out and scattering the brain, bore evidence of the manner of his death.

"No cause, other than that of temporary insanity, can be assigned for this fearful deed. Mr. Waldradt had always borne an honest and upright character in the community in which he lived, was known as a kind and loving husband, an affectionate father, and a good citizen. From the evidence before the jury, it would seem that he had had some difficulty concerning a farm he had purchased, and this had tended to produce melancholy, but it was not regarded as anything serious by his family or friends."

THE HOLIDAYS.—The gayest season of the entire year is now approaching, but whilst we are enjoying this festive season, let us not forget that in the time of health we must always be prepared for disease. Coughs, colds, sore throat, croup, asthma, and whooping cough are speedily cured by **Coe's Cough Balsam.** Whilst dyspepsia, constipation, sick-headache, sour stomach, indigestion—the most prolific source of ill health, is certainly cured by the timely use of **Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.**

NEVER "KNOCK UNDER."—No, never. Always rally your forces for another and more desperate assault upon adversity. If calamity assail you, and the world—as it is apt to do in such cases—takes part with your traducers, don't turn moody and misanthropic, or, worse still, seek to drown your unhappiness in dissipation. Bide your time. Disprove the slander if you can; if not, live it down. If poverty come upon you like a thief in the night—what then? Let it rouse you, as the presence of a real thief would do, to energetic action. No matter how deeply you may have got into hot water—always provided that you did not help the Father of Lies to heat it—your case, if you are made of the right sort of stuff, is not desperate; for it is in accord with the divine order and sweep of things, that life should have no difficulties which an honest, determined man, with Heaven's help, cannot surmount.

Homes are more often darkened by the continual recurrence of small faults, than by the actual recurrence of any vice. These evils are apparently of very dissimilar magnitude; yet it is easier to grapple with one than the other.

The Middlesex Journal,
AND
WOBBURN TOWNSMAN.
WOBBURN:
SATURDAY, DEC. 16, 1865.

JOE WORK, of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.

The large country circulation of the JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Public advertisements, sales of Real Estate, and other notices of interest to the farming population.

E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

Mr. McCulloch, in his Treasury report, has given us a most able exhibit of the public finances—the currency, the public debt and the revenue. Though it is a lengthy document it should be read by all who have an interest in public affairs. Our farmers and mechanics and shopkeepers, and all our voters able to read, will find in it important statistics and a clear statement of the causes of high prices and the remedies. It is a well reasoned paper and will commend itself at home and abroad. In advocating a reduction of the currency he notices some of the plausible objections to it, and disposes of them satisfactorily. He proposes as the first step to be taken, to institute measures for funding the public obligations that are soon to mature, and then to provide for raising, in a manner the least odious and oppressive to tax-payers, the revenue necessary to pay the interest on the debt, and a certain definite amount annually for the reduction of the principal. He wishes to establish the policy of contraction, and when that is done, he believes that the business of the country will readily accommodate itself to the proposed change in the action of the Government, and that specie payments may be restored without a shock to trade, and without a diminution of the public revenue or of productive industry. The secretary observes:—

"An irredeemable paper currency may be a necessity, but it can scarcely fail, if long continued, to be a calamity to any people. Gold and silver are the only proper measures of value."

The danger of our buying of other nations more than we sell, is pointed out, and the fact that our markets, now the dearest in the world lead to such a ruinous measure, is declared.

The Secretary of War has given us full statements of the army, and a spirited account of the progress of events. So, also the Secretary of the Navy, who justly claims for that branch of the service high honor for what has been done. The Secretary of the Interior, in reports of pensions, Indian Affairs, &c., and the Post Master General, in proof of progress in the postal correspondence during the war.

Let all remember that our public officers are but the servants of the people, and that when these annual reports are rendered, it is the privilege of the humblest citizen, and his duty likewise, to read, examine and judge, how far the servants have been faithful in their offices, and detect where they have not performed their duty, administering praise in the one case and blame in the other. Far above party obligation is our duty to watch our rulers, and deal with them according to their deserts, to whatever party they may belong. Power is ever stealing from the many to the few, and therefore, there is a call for vigilance among the people.

There is no need of further strife, and the people should see to it, that peace, harmony and Union and co-operation with the President should take place.

While the TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY and the plan of accident insurance has received the most cordial endorsement and warmest commendations of the newspaper press throughout the country, we have yet to see the first man or paper that has raised an objection, or does not admit that it is "a good thing." We subjoin extracts from some of the many voluntary editorial notices:

The original Travelers Insurance Company was instituted in Hartford, Conn., in 1810, and was the first institution of the sort in the United States, and is being imitated by similar offices all over the country. It is a company of others, we know that the Hartford Travelers Insurance Company is perfectly sound, and that its management is in the hands of reliable and honest business men. Many suppose from its name that it insures only against accidents by travel. This is not so. It provides cover every kind of injury one can receive. Its terms are very liberal.

The company is endorsed by the most respectable and prominent gentlemen in our city and by those of other cities. The tables and statistics are carefully compiled from the most reliable sources, and the premiums are fixed at the very lowest rate which will afford security to the company, and consequently to the assured.—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

The company is every way responsible, its business is well conducted, its rates are low and increasing, and we advise all to insure.—Boston Post.

B. T. H. PORTER is Agent for the Travelers Insurance Company, in Woburn. See advertisement.

It will be seen by a notice in our advertising columns, that a majority of the stores in Woburn will be closed every Wednesday evening, at 6 o'clock, from the present time till the first of April next. This is a good arrangement, and we trust it will become general among all our traders. Mr. Horton, of the Woburn Bookstore, will close his store at 7 o'clock, instead of 6 P. M., in order to allow customers to get their papers by the 6 o'clock train.

Reports from Florida represent the affairs of the State as improving. It is said that a large majority of the negroes are quietly at work under written contracts, mostly for their old masters. These contracts expire next Christmas, but it is expected that a good proportion of them will be renewed. Every civil offense committed by a negro in the State, is now tried by the civil officers; only those of high criminality being reserved to the courts-martial. There is less actual destitution and lack of provisions than could have been expected.

A MAN CUT TO PIECES. One of the most diabolical outrages that ever occurred in Indiana was perpetrated near Edwinstown, on Monday. Mr. Denton Sherry, a well-known and respectable farmer, was found in his barn in an insensible condition, with forty-three cuts and stabs about the head and face. In addition to this, his shoes and stockings had been taken off, his legs laid across a block, and his foot cut off. Mr. Sherry is improving, and hopes are entertained of his recovery.

READING.

Several weeks have passed away since I have penned anything for your columns, but I have not the vanity to suppose your readers have felt the loss. It is earnestly hoped that some one will take pen in hand and complete for the prizes recently offered in the Journal to local correspondents. I shall not attempt anything of the kind, neither will I stand in the way of others, but will most cheerfully yield the entire correspondence, as far as I am concerned. Will not some of the pupils of our High School accept of your proposition, and at once take the matter in hand? Whoever will do so, will find it of no little advantage to themselves, even though they obtain not the prize so generously offered.

The Bethesda Sabbath School recently gave two Concerts, under the direction of Mr. David G. Richardson, which were a decided success; the proceeds amounting to nearly one hundred dollars, which will be appropriated to replenishing the library. A purse of 50 dollars was presented to Mr. Richardson on the occasion, by some members of the Society.

Rev. Mr. Barrows has recently returned from a sojourn of several weeks at the West.

The Old South Society contemplated getting up a Fair during this month, the primary object being to place gas fixtures in the church.

Your correspondent, L. R. B., speaks of shaking apple trees when they are troubled with the canker worm. I think his suggestions are good and worthy of consideration. A few years ago I tried the experiment alluded to above and with the best results; a large number of hives and chickens having access to the orchard would devour the worms as they alighted on the ground, as readily as they would corn. The same thing the next year was not troubled with these pests at all, although other orchards near by were stripped of their foliage entirely.

Garroting and highway robberies are of common occurrence now-a-days, and very few towns can claim exemption from the acts of desperadoes. Some more effective laws must be enacted touching these gangs of rascals, (for they seldom go single handed), for as our laws now stand there is little encouragement to ferret out robbers and to bring them before our courts, as the punishment usually inflicted upon them is very much too light, especially when the chances are that they will be pardoned before serving out their sentence. But so long as our laws are framed by lawyers we cannot reasonably look forward to any very decided improvement in relation to these things; for it won't do now-a-days to have a law so worded as that any man of common understanding shall be able to discover its meaning. To illustrate the point, let me refer to a case where a town offered a reward for the arrest of a robber. The man was arrested and the reward claimed by the proper parties. An injunction was issued to prevent the town treasurer from paying over the money. The case was carried to the Superior Court, and it was decided that the claimant was properly and lawfully entitled to the reward. The case was carried up to the Supreme Court, and the decision was reversed. Those curious to look into these matters will see the reason why. Selectmen of towns do not offer rewards as formerly for the arrest of criminal offenders. I would call special attention to a recent decision of the Supreme Court, by Judge Bigelow, and I do not hesitate to say that although such a decision may be law, it is sadly wanting in common sense. The attention of the next Legislature is most respectfully called to the decision of the Supreme Court above alluded to, and it is hoped that a law may be so framed that no Court in the Commonwealth can virtually annul it. This decision of the Supreme Court to which I have perhaps somewhat strongly alluded, must be cheering news to garroters and robbers.

SILVER WEDDING.—On the evening of Nov. 30th, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin M. Boyce celebrated the 25th anniversary of their marriage. It was truly a brilliant affair. A large number were present, sufficient to occupy all the standing room in the lower part of their beautiful residence on Woburn street. The presents of silver were many, and not merely ornamental, but useful. A splendid entertainment awaited the invited guests, which all present seemed to enjoy exceedingly, especially while devouring the great pumpkin pie, which was reserved till the last, that all might have an equal chance, as I suppose. Special pains were taken that no one should be overlooked in its distribution. Suffice it to say, it was the most *spicy* thing I ever tasted, and although spices are high, the maker of this pie seems to have had no regard to the expense. There was some excellent singing on the occasion, and all had a good time generally.

LENO.—The Sabbath School of the Universalist Society held their first Sabbath evening meeting or concert (so called), on the 26th ult. The meeting was fully attended, and entirely successful, music, recitations, &c., all being very good. Andrew Howes, Esq., is superintendent, and Rev. W. W. Hayward, of South Reading, pastor. The latter was absent on the above evening, and his place was filled by Rev. Mr. Safford of Charleston, who addressed the school acceptably. The next meeting of the kind is to be held on the last Sabbath evening in December.

The "Social Readers" have held their annual meeting and elected Mrs. Cornelia Prentiss, president; Mrs. M. S. Howes, vice president; Andrew Howes, secretary; D. H. Wadlin and Mrs. P. A. Hanford, clerks.

A new society has just been formed for the purpose of providing rational amusement for the young, and thus attract them to the paths of intellectual culture and pure social enjoyment. Its officers are as follows: Andrew Howes, president; Wm. Proctor, 1st vice president; Wm. Butler, 2d vice president; Mrs. P. A. Hanford, Secretary; Edw. Safford, treasurer; Miss Martha H. Appleton, dramatic director; A. Howes, literary director; Miss Addie H. Burdill, musical director. The name of the society is "The Reading Literary and Dramatic Association," and it is hoped it may prove a moral and intellectual blessing in the community. P. A. H.

THE CATTLE PLAGUE.—The latest news from England represents this mysterious disease as increasing in a terrible ratio, and it is now believed by learned men, who have made it a study, that the disease is communicated from animal to animal by members of the human family.

WOBBURN LIBRARY.

MR. EDITOR.—Some inquiries have been made by various persons, and recently by a writer in your columns, for the reasons that influenced the Library Committee in rejecting from the shelves of that institution many books that had found a place there. These inquiries are perfectly natural and reasonable, and are deserving of attention. I have no doubt the Committee's annual report will give a statement of their views upon the subject. But as I have had some knowledge of their action, I will volunteer an explanation in their behalf, which I think will be satisfactory.

In making a thorough examination of the Library, previous to preparing the new catalogue, it was found that many books were in such a worn and imperfect condition that they were not worth re-binding, and were wholly unfit to be catalogued and again placed upon the shelves. Many of them were from a class of books which have been much read, as their worn condition would naturally imply. The question before the Committee was this: Shall these books, which have already had a wide circulation in the town, be repurchased at the present high prices, or shall they be replaced with volumes of fresher interest or of a more valuable character? As I understand it, the Committee, after carefully deliberating upon the matter, decided upon the latter course. As an illustration of their action, I will refer to a few of the books rejected for the reasons above mentioned, and for which substitutes have already been or will be purchased, as far as the funds under the control of the Committee will warrant, viz: The Lamplighter, Amber Gods, A Tangled Skein, Cudjo's Cave, Husks, Miriam, Peculiar, Ravenhoe, Sutherland, The Initiates, Basket of China, Ambition, Days of My Youth, Mabel Hand, Neighbor, Jackwood, Branded Hand, Doesticks, Estelle, Iken Fever, Locke Amsden, Queechy, Wide, Wide World, the works of Mrs. Lee Hentz, Mrs. Oliphant, Herman Melville, and some others.

These volumes were thoroughly worn out and could not with any propriety be kept in circulation. Hence it was manifestly improper to place them upon the catalogue. To buy them anew would have exhausted the appropriation made by the town, and excluded many new and valuable works, which no progressive and well managed Library can afford to be without. If the funds placed in charge of the Committee had been adequate for the purpose, it is most likely they would have replaced several books that, under the circumstances, they felt obliged to throw out. But it will be perceived that nearly or quite all those dropped from the catalogue, are books that are well enough, and have been popular in their day, but can be hardly called permanent contributions to our literature.

It is also true that the Committee found imperfect or short sets among the works of our most valued authors. It was thought better to complete these as far as possible, rather than continue at a similar cost the works of inferior writers. It is believed by those who have examined the Library or Catalogue with considerable care, that it now contains a better collection of books than ever before, and that it will compare most favorably with that of any one in our vicinity. I hope that time is not far distant when the annual appropriation for its maintenance will be increased, or that some of our wealthy men will find it in their hearts to bestow upon it of their bounty.

CONCERT.—Madame Lorraine will give one of her Grand Concerts at Lyceum Hall, Woburn, on Thursday evening, 21st inst. Our readers need not be told that Mad. Lorraine is one of the finest Primo Soprano singers in the world. Prof. Lovatte, who will accompany her, is an eccentric Balladist, and excels upon the violin and piano. Master Frank Dayton is also very popular in his parts, and always wins rounds of applause. Master Charles Stevens, in his drum acts, and in duets with Madame Lorraine, is a great favorite. Go early, and secure a seat.

READINGS.—Miss Edmunds, of Boston, will give some of her choice readings at Lyceum Hall, Woburn, on Wednesday evening next. As a public reader, Miss Edmunds stands almost without a peer in our country; and when we state that she is warmly endorsed by such men as Wendell Phillips, Robert E. Athorp, H. M. Ticknor, and T. W. Higginson, the public will, we feel sure, give her their presence.

MR. EDITOR.—Will you allow the ladies of the Benevolent Society in North Woburn, to express their thanks, through the Journal, to their friends in the Center, and also in their own community, who aided them in their preparation for their late festival, or cheered them by their presence on that occasion? The sum of one hundred dollars, to be appropriated to incidental expenses of the church, and other benevolent purposes, they and their friends have received with much pleasure, and with a sense of the goodness of God's providence, may be received by these spiritual gifts that shall be a light to him on the "dark river," and guide him safely to that temple where they need no artificial lights, neither the light of the sun by day, nor moon by night, for the Lord God, for the Lamb are the light thereof.

MR. EDITOR.—The situation of our affairs since our protracted civil war has ended, calls for unusual vigilance on the part of the officers of the law. In this Christian land, in this enlightened New England, in this land of the Pilgrim fathers, safety by night or day for persons supposed to have money about them is out of the question. Preaching against crime has but little effect on men hardened in crime, and all we can do is to bring to punishment the transgressors. When the law of man is seemingly overthrown, and the police have to face the drunken rowdy, the robber, and the assassin in the darkness of night, it requires more than ordinary resolution and nerve to perform such a duty. When the slight click of a pistol, or the careless or intentional use of a dirk might send a man into eternity, there is need of watchmen and police who, regardless of the curses of those who have made themselves amenable to the laws, and the threats of those whose passions have got the mastery over their judgment, are not afraid to do their duty, regardless of consequences. The selectmen of Woburn in their selection and appointment of watchmen and police, could not probably have done better, and so far as their acts have been made manifest, by their prompt and faithful performance of duty, they deserve the thanks of the citizens of the town.

WOBBURN LOCALS.

MR. EDITOR.—"The holidays" are right upon us. The dying year, forgotten of all the pain, the sorrow, the death and decay which for twelve months have kept even pace since its career began, and seeming only to remember the joy and brightness that has cheered the fleeting hours to so many hearts, marches to its place among the cycles of the past, to the music of the most glorious festival of all the year. Through hawthorn leaves, the glitter of innumerable lights, to the music of bells, and the joyous beating of thousands of hearts made glad by the advent of "Christmas and the joys it brings," passes the month so soon grown old, as borne along in the arms of time, comes the infant year to run its short race, and be numbered with the days that were. Toy shops are marvellous in the eyes of childhood with their wealth of little baubles which give more joy than the richest stores of kings; fancy goods stores, with their glittering array, furnish material for suggestive "hints" to lovers and husbands; jewellers' shops, with their rich and varied "trays" cause bright eyes to sparkle like the gems they hold, as one and another thinks of what the Christmas morn may bring, hearts young and old, are looking forward to the offerings which shall be laid on affection and friendships' altar. Shall it be on a morning so full of joy as this ought to be that any one must look with hungry, longing eyes on the full shambles, as they strive to solve the problem, "How shall I live?" and find no answer.

ANNUAL BALL.—Jacob Webster Engine Co., No. 2, of North Woburn, held their eleventh annual ball in Webster Hall, Friday evening, Dec. 8th. The weather being particularly favorable the affair was very successful (about fifty couples being present), and all seemed to enjoy themselves. None knew better how to manage these affairs than the "Websters," and they are always successful.

PRESENTATION.—On the 28th ult., the employees of Mr. Chas. A. Smith, dry goods merchant, made him a birthday present of an elegant and valuable gold job chain. The presentation was made at the house of one of the clerks, where a supper had been provided, and was made a most pleasant gathering to all who participated. Mr. Smith may justly consider this a pleasant surprise. A GORY.—On Tuesday, Mr. James Skinner, leather dresser, fell down a long flight of stairs in his factory on Chestnut street, and was quite severely injured. He was taken up insensible, and though he escaped serious injuries, he was confined to his home for several days.

The weather this week will hardly come under the head of "good winter weather." Even below zero the thermometer has risen to among the fifties, and we have had sleighing, skating, and a considerable "dash" of the mud we expect only in the spring. With coal at \$16 per ton, people could "endure" even a milder spell of weather than any we have yet had.

Why is it that all our store keepers do not follow the lead of the majority, and close their places of business one evening in the week? Tied up as they are it would seem as if they would need no urging to accept an evening for recreation once a week. Not doing so seems to show a little of the "dog in the manger" spirit, it seems to me.

I am glad to see once more in the columns of the Journal the well-known signature of "Excelsior," your worthy Winchester correspondent. His letters are always interesting.

SLIGHT FIRE.—The ringing of the alarm bell on Wednesday evening was caused by a fire in the house of Mr. Joseph Jeroux, on Oakley Court. The fire was early discovered, and was extinguished with buckets of water. The cause of the fire is unknown as it took in an unoccupied room, where there has never been any fire.

RE-UNION.—Last Wednesday evening the officers of the Mass. 32d Regt., met at the Parker House, in Boston, to the number of about forty, in response to an invitation issued by the authority of those officers who were mustered out with the regiment. Col. Francis J. Parker, the first Col. of the regiment, presided, and interesting remarks were made by Brig. Gen. Wilde, (formerly major of the 32d), afterwards Col. of the 30th Regt.) after which the officers present proceeded to form themselves into an association, with the following gentlemen as officers: Col. J. F. Parker, President; Col. Edmunds and Cunningham, vice presidents; Lt. Col. Shepard, Secretary; Maj. Lauriat, treasurer; Col. Shepard, Maj. Bancroft, Capt. Pierce, and Adj. Cobb, executive committee. It was voted that hereafter an annual re-union of the regiment should be held, after which the party sat down to an elegant supper, prepared in the "Parker House style," than which none better is known. So many of the officers of the above regiment belong in Woburn, is I have thought sufficient interest to give it a place in the "Locals."

The body of Mr. George Nichols, formerly of North Woburn, who, he was buried in an avalanche among the Californian mountains, an account of which was published at the time, has been recovered by his friends in California, and arrived in town on Thursday. The funeral took place at the North Woburn church on Friday, and was very numerous attended.

LIQUOR AGENCY.—There is so little inclination on the part of any one to accept the post of town Liquor Agent that the Selectmen have been forced to resort to a "draft" to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Trull.

To relieve the minds of some anxious inquirers and give assurance that nothing personal was intended, I would say that the Mr. Jones who attended the rally, as mentioned last week, was neither William, or Peter, nor any other man, and the scene was laid in a small town on the "high-flyer" railroad. The way a friend of mine found out he had shut the nose of his pecking neighbor in the crack of the door, was by hearing him "holer."

LUKE R. BOUT.

WINCHESTER.

Town Meeting.—At the town meeting last Saturday afternoon the following business was transacted.—Mr. Salem Wilder was chosen moderator.

Article 2, which was to see if the town would reconsider the vote passed Nov. 9th, 1865, whereby they voted to purchase a lot of land and erect a High School House thereon, was laid upon the table.

Under Article 3, the following vote was passed.—Voted, That the committee chosen by the town on the seventh day of November last to purchase land and build thereon a High School House, are hereby authorized to purchase land adjoining the Gifford School house, and to build a first class Grammar School House thereon, and provide for such other schools therein as they may think necessary; and also to make such use of the present school house as they may think best. And for this purpose the Treasurer be authorized to borrow on behalf of the town a sum of money not exceeding ten thousand dollars, for a term not exceeding ten years, giving the note of the town for the same, signed by him as Treasurer, and countersigned by the Selectmen.

The subject matter of this vote elicited but very little discussion, and there seemed to be a disposition to adopt the recommendation of the committee, and pay the ten thousand dollars for the sake of harmony between what is termed the east and west side of the town. This is a local contention being out of the way by this compromise, we may expect now that the school houses will be put up with as little delay as possible, although at this season of the year but little can be done, other than the preliminary work.

As a town we have taken it upon us to incur extraordinary expenses, but it has been, we presume, with a full knowledge of all the facts, and those disinterested must submit to the will of the majority as fairly expressed. While upon the topic, let me say that this controversy between different sections of the town in regard to the location of a school house, is very foolish and uncalled-for. It matters but very little to the children have to walk a little further to school than the center of the division of the town where they reside, but it is important that school houses should be located upon eligible sites of land, and that the matter should be left in the hands of committees, from whose decision there should be no appeal. Upon the location of such buildings there is always a wide difference of opinion, and a difficulty of agreement which can best be settled by the way we have last named.

After the adoption of the above vote, the town meeting was dissolved. The High School will therefore be upon the west side of the railroad, upon what is known as the Easton lot, where the Grammar School will be upon the Gifford lot and land adjoining, both costing some \$25,000.

UNITARIAN SOCIETY.—At the first regular meeting of this society, the following named gentlemen were chosen its officers for the ensuing year, viz: Clerk, Charles E. Curtis; Treasurer, Dr. Frederic Winsor; Standing Committee, C. J. Bishop, E. A. Wadleigh, E. Shattuck, J. P. Ayer, and F. O. Prince, in connection with the Clerk and Treasurer. The morning services will be, on and after the next Sabbath at the usual hour (10 1/2 o'clock), and the Sunday School at 9 A. M.

MASONS.—Wm. Parkman Lodge was favored last Tuesday evening with an official visit from R. W. Bro. Wm. E. Parmenter, D. G. M. for the 11th Masonic District, accompanied by his suite. The Lodge was also unexpectedly favored with the presence of M. W. Bro. Wm. Parkman, G. M. of the Grand Lodge of Mass., with his suite. After the ceremonies of the hour, the brethren present, comprising representatives from the Lodges in Boston, Cambridge, Somerville, Woburn, W. Cambridge, and other places, sat down to a banquet in the hall of the Lodge. After the refreshments had been duly attended to, brief and interesting remarks were offered by Messrs. Parkman, Parmenter, White, Grammer, Sterns, Ayres and others. The occasion was a very pleasant one, and gave convincing proof of the unity of this institution.

EXCELSIOR.—In the case of the executors of the late A. D. Eason against the Hartford and New Haven Railroad the Supreme Court have awarded damages to the amount of \$8,000 to each of the heirs. Mr. and Mrs. Eason were killed by a railroad accident in Berlin, Conn., in 1861.

Correspondence of the Journal.

"HIGH LOOKS." The Psalmist says the Lord will "bring down high looks." This prediction seems remarkably fulfilled in the present position of the late Southern slaveholders. I do not know that they heard the one hundred guns which were fired at Albany the day before Thanksgiving in honor of the ratification of the abolition amendment of the Constitution by the requisite number of States; but this, with what they have previously met in their efforts to maintain their "corner-stone" foundation, would seem sufficient to bring down their high hopes and loud boasting, about their "peculiar" grand Southern mansion, which has now, with their "cotton king" in it, certainly fallen in ruins about their heads.

When Mr. Sumner first arrived at Washington as senator from Massachusetts, "honest John Davis," who so well understood affairs there, said to him, "Mr. Sumner, slavery rules every thing here." And what a haughty tyrant! With what proud and defiant language were the "cotton lords" accustomed to speak of and to Northern members of Congress, and with what contemptuous feelings they looked down upon them. The change which has come over them in this short time, seems truly wonderful, and well deserving of the exclamation of the Psalmist, "This is the Lord's doings; it is marvelous in our eyes."

It is not in exultation that I would refer to their overthrow. "Let him that thinketh he standeth, take heed lest he fall." But the Lord rules rulers, and as the humbled king of Babylon said, "Those that walk in pride he is able to abase."

Let us wisely consider and long remember the great lessons taught us in the mighty events in the history of our nation the past few years.

J. E.

Attention is called to the advertisement of S. Watson Drew, M. D., who has removed his residence to the house lately occupied by George Holden, Esq.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SOCIAL ENTERTAINMENT, FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE FUNDS OF THE

Woburn Freedmen's Aid Society.

The Woburn Freedmen's Aid Society intend holding a social entertainment in LYCEUM HALL, Woburn, on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 23d, for the purpose of replenishing their treasury. The entertainment will be strictly social, so that all, young and old, can mingle together and enjoy themselves to the fullest extent, as best suits their taste. Fancy Goods, Confectionery, Fruit and Cake, will be offered for sale, of which all can purchase liberally, and thus aid one of the greatest and best objects that ever demanded the charity of our country. Good singing will be provided to enliven the proceedings.

Come, come, come! Contributions of CAKE are respectfully solicited from all favorable to the cause. Persons will be at the Hall at 2 o'clock and after to receive whatever may be contributed.

Admission 25 cents. Family packages of 5 tickets \$1.00. Tickets for sale at the usual places. Doors open at 7 o'clock.

Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.

MISS EDMANDS, OF BOSTON,

Will read some of her most popular selections, at

LYCEUM HALL,

Wednesday Evening, Dec. 20th.

The programme will include "One Scene from Shakespeare," "The Star-light Charge" (one of the most spirited war lyrics), and some of the best comic pieces of the day.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; reading to commence at 7 o'clock.

TICKETS, 30 CENTS.

To be obtained of Messrs. F. B. Dodge, C. S. Adeline, Sparrow Horton, Daniels & Leslie, A. E. Thompson, J. W. Hammond, and at the door on the evening of the Reading.

Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.

MADAM LORRAINE'S

Grand Concert!

ASSISTED BY

Prof. Lovatte, Frank Dayton,

AND

Master CHARLEY STEVENS,

THE INFANT PRODIGY.

This Company will give one of their very interesting entertainments at

LYCEUM HALL,

THURSDAY Eve'g, Dec. 21, 1865.

WM. JACKSON, Manager.

Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.

Woburn, Dec. 8, 1865.

We, the undersigned, agree to close our Places of Business WEDNESDAY Evenings at 6 o'clock, P. M., from December 17th, 1865, to April 1st, 1866, provided it is universal.

NAMES.

Alexander Ellis, A. S. Thompson, C. H. May, C. A. Smith, G. B. Gage, J. W. Hammond, J. P. Ayer, J. E. Prince, J. H. Gleason, Daniels & Leslie, Frank B. Dodge, J. P. Tyler, W. A. Haslam, L. Thompson, Jr., Wm. Woodberry, J. M. Field, Henry Caries, doct.

Is Health Worth Having?

If it is, protect it. It is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in some cases as difficult to recover. Nature, in our climate, and especially at this season, requires to be occasionally reinforced. But everything depends upon the tonic used for this purpose. The medicinal tinctures, all of which are based on *scammonia*, are dangerous. Quinine, as everybody finds out who takes much of it, is a slow poison. One who recovers from all unhealthy attacks, and whose system is restored, and *only* this powerful preventive is HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, a compound of the purest stimulant even manufactured, with the most effective tonics, alteratives, regulators, and depurators that chemistry has yet extracted from the botanical kingdom. Convalescents, languid and feeble from recent sickness, will find the Bitters an incomparable Restorative, not disagreeable to the taste, and eminently invigorating. No other stimulant produces the same effect as the Stomachic. It does not excite or flutter the nerves, or occasion any undue arterial action; but at once soothes and strengthens the nervous system and the animal spirits.

doct.—tm

SELECTMEN'S OFFICE.

Woburn, December 14th, 1865.

CHRISTIANITY VILLAGE LOCATED JANUARY 1866

INCORPORATED AS WOMEN JANUARY 1866

Public notice is hereby given that the Selectmen and School Committee will meet at the Selectmen's Office, on Thursday, the fourth day of January, 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the Board of School Committee, caused by the resignation of Rev. J. Spencer Kennard.

By order of the Board of School Committee.

A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

B. T. H. PORTER,

INSURANCE AGENT,

Woburn, Mass.

B. T. H. PORTER has taken the office over A. E. Thompson's store, where he will continue to effect insurance in reliable Stock and Mutual Insurance Companies.

Woburn, Dec. 16th, 1865.—6m

THE CELEBRATED

HOWE SEWING MACHINES,

MANUFACTURED BY THE HOWE MACHINE CO.

CHARLES PIERCE is agent for the above machine for the town of Woburn. Shop over Hayward's grocery store, Main Street. Persons purchasing this machine will be given all the necessary information for running the same, gratis.

doct.—3m

FOR SALE,

THE well-known property called the WYMAN ESTATE, on Main Street, nearly opposite Woburn Depot.

The House is two story, and contains ten rooms. There is about 10,000 feet of land, and the location is very desirable. The price is low, and the buyer will be given all the money to remain on mortgage is desired. For further particulars apply to AUGUSTUS ROUNDEY.

Cor. Main and R. R. Sts. Woburn.

Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.—3t

S. WATSON DREW, M. D.,

GENERAL—LY GRANT—ED,
THAT THE UNDERSIGNED
Having enlarged their store and increased
their Stock of

GOODS,

now offer to the people of Woburn and
vicinity, a good assortment of

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
Spectacles and Fancy Goods,
Cake and Card Baskets,
Castors,
Silver and Plated Forks,
Spoons,
Fruit Knives, and
Napkin Rings,
Ladies and Gents. Wallets,
Pocket Knives,
Combs and Brushes,
Razors and Straps,
A fine assortment of Ladies' Dress Combs.

SILVER COIN,

Made Into
PINS,
EAR RINGS, and
SLEEVE BUTTONS.

WATCHES, promptly and faithfully
repaired.
CLOCKS, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Fans,
Sun Shades, Umbrellas, &c., carefully
repaired.

ENGRAVING, of all kinds, neatly ex-
ecuted.

P. S.—All the above work is done by
us, and will be done cheaper here than in
Boston.

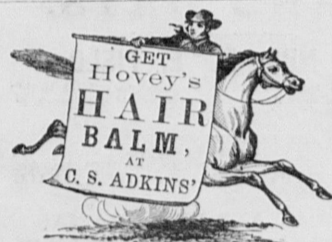
All Goods bought of us, marked
free of charge.

Gold and Silver bought and taken in
exchange.

DANIELS & LESLIE,

Next to the Post Office,
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

**MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL WORK,** of Every one his own
Doctor—Being a Private Treatise for Married Per-
sons of both sexes, containing the Physiology and
Relations of our Sexual System, and the Prevention
of Offspring, including all the new dis-
coveries never before given in the English language,
by Wm. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain lan-
guage for the general reader, and is illustrated
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least impediment to married life,
should read this book. It discloses secrets that ev-
ery one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book
that must be locked up, and not the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address Dr. Wm. YOUNG, No. 416 SPRUCE
ST., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sep23-6m



LIFE INSURANCE.

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and
safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
family." *Leisure Hour*, 1863.
The Old Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., with
an accumulation of over \$8,000,000. Proved to be
the best by the highest authority in existence, viz:
The latest Insurance Commissioners' Report yet
published. Dividends 50 per cent. annually.
This Co. issue *level* non-forfeiting Policies,
payable in 5, 10, 15, or 20 annual payments. Divi-
dends continue during life, annually. Policies paid
in life time or at death. Parties wishing insurance
are invited to call and examine Commissioners' Re-
port, &c.

SPARROW HORTON, Agent,
at "Woburn Bookstore."

CAUTION

TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
Dr. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 East
Court St., Boston, is consulted daily for all
diseases incident to the female system. Pro-
lapsus Uteri or Prolapsed Albus, Suppression, or
menstrual derangements, are all treated on
new pathological principles, and speedily re-
lieved in a very few days. So invariably cer-
tain is this new mode of treatment, that most ob-
stinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted
person soon rejoices in perfect health.
Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in
the cure of the diseases of women than any other
physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may
wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treat-
ment.
Dr. Dow, since 1848, having confined his whole
attention to an office practice for the cure of Private
diseases and Female Complaints, acknowl-
edges no superiority in the United States.
N. B. All letters must contain one dollar, or
they will not be answered.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, '65. ly

GIRLS WANTED.

**COAT-MAKERS WANTED—AT TEAL'S Tail-
oring Establishment.** Also, GIRLS wanted to
learn the trade. sep2-2f

NITROUS OXYD.

THIS Gas is recommended in preference to Ether
or Chloroform, for the following reasons:
1st. Under ALL circumstances it is perfectly safe.
2d. From one to ten teeth can be extracted at ONE
inhalation, the entire operation lasting not over three
minutes, without the least pain to the patient.
3d. It never causes sickness to the stomach.
4th. It leaves the patient with no lassitude or de-
bilitating feelings.
5th. It is not disagreeable to inhale.

With an extensive practice in the use of Ether,
Chloroform and Nitrous Oxid Gas, and with an ex-
perience of over twenty years in all branches pertain-
ing to Dental Surgery, the Subscriber would be
happy to wait upon all wishing his services.
Office hours from 8 A. M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.
J. B. DILLINGHAM, No. 32 Winter St., Boston.
nov15-3m



**THE GREAT
German Heilmittel,**
WILL POSITIVELY CURE

**CATARRH,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS,
COLDS,**
AND THE FIRST STAGES OF
CONSUMPTION.
IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR
DIPHTHERIA.

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physi-
cian of fifteen years' experience, and an
extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmo-
nary mucous membrane, prescribing constan-
tly the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus
curing thousands who, in vain, have ex-
hausted every other means to obtain relief. A
few of the many certificates of cures in the
possession of the Doctor are here annexed,
which the reader is desired to peruse. They
are not certificates of the dead, or names of
those who never existed, but parties well
known in Boston and vicinity.

To THE PUBLIC.—My wife, having been
afflicted with catarrh for years, attended lat-
terly with a bad cough, having used many
remedies and tried the treatment of several of
our best medical men without success, I was
induced by my friends to try the Great Ger-
man Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough
ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and
she was radically cured. With the cure of the
catarrh, all the symptoms attending this
disagreeable disease, such as discharges from
the nose and dropping into the throat, hawk-
ing, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would
not be without this invaluable remedy, and
advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds,
or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find
it a sure cure. J. H. SILSBY.
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, former-
ly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an
obstinate cough with which my family and
myself have been troubled, and, in spite of
our efforts, could not get cured. The cure
was effected in the remarkably short time of
two days.

My neighbor, Mrs. Merrill, had a child who
was suffering with a cough, and bleeding from
the lungs, and to them, also, I gave part of a
bottle. She reports a perfect cure of her
child by this remarkable remedy, the Great
German Heilmittel.

THEODORE COLLAMORE,
Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or
more with a bad cough. Having lost my
husband with consumption, was consequen-
tly fearful of losing my child by the same dis-
ease. My friends and physicians who saw
my child, pronounced it already cured. Al-
though somewhat discouraged by these
counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I
am happy to state that I was successful by the
use of the German Heilmittel. My son's
cough disappeared, his general health im-
proved, and gained strength, and subsequent-
ly was radically cured, and has remained so
for the last two years, not even having the
cough return. MRS. J. L. LANG,
No. 10 Bedford street, Boston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great Ger-
man Heilmittel, I should have certainly been
dead long ago. All that ever cured my
catarrh and saved me from consumption, I
owe to this invaluable remedy.

ROBERT WRIGHT,
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me
of a severe cough which almost ran me into
consumption—thanks to the Heilmittel—I
am now perfectly well.

WM. B. FISKE,
24th St. N. Y.
My wife has suffered with catarrh and
bronchitis for years. About a year ago last
winter, she was completely run down in
strength, and my physician pronounced her
case consumption. Being anxious to do all
that could be done for her, I bought a bottle
of the German Heilmittel. By the use of
the very first bottle, my wife began to im-
prove, and after using but six bottles of it,
I consider myself very fortunate in trying this remedy,
and deem it my duty to recommend it to all
who are suffering with even the slightest
cough.

EBEN S. NASH,
Wrentham, Mass.
Having used the great German Heilmittel
in my family, and prescribed it in my prac-
tice, with the very best of success in the
treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bron-
chitis, I can but recommend it to the public
as a safe and speedy cure for the above named
diseases. J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D.,
Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a
bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distress-
ing cough, with perfect success, and can but
recommend it to the public as the best reme-
dy for the above mentioned complaint.

NEWELL TOWLE,
Riding Academy, 415 Washington St. Boston.

**The Great German Heilmittel
Is for Sale by all Druggists,
PRICE PER BOTTLE
\$2.00.**

WEEKS & POTTER,
No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.,
General Agents.
For sale in Woburn by
William C. Brigham.

**LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS—THE GREAT
FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARI-
TIES.**
These Drops are a scientifically compounded
fluid preparation, and better than any Pills,
Poultices, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is
direct and positive, rendering them a reliable,
speedy and certain specific for the cure of all ob-
structions and suppressions of nature. Their popu-
larity is indicated by the fact that they are sold in
bottles annually sold and consumed by the
ladies of the United States, every one of whom
speaks of all obstructions of nature, and the
promotion of health, regularity and strength.
Explicit directions stating when they may be
used, and explaining when and why they should
not, nor could not be used without producing ef-
fects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be
found carefully folded around each bottle, with the
written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without
which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. CLARK & Co., 195 Chapin
street, New Haven Conn., who can be consulted
either personally, or by mail, enclosing stamp,
concerning all private diseases and female weak-
nesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.
G. G. CLARK & Co.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canada.

**W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER,
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,
No. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.,
WHERE ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED.
aug19-1y**

**A. H. COWDREY, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of STONEHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29**

**SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
Woburn, Mass.
July 8, 1865. 6m**

**EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.**

**Wm. Symington Brown, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
(Near the Town Hall),
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept2-6m**

**DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Winn and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.**

**CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,
Bank Block, - - Woburn**

**A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street**

**A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESS MAKER,
AND DEALER IN
Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.,
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central House, Woburn.**

**G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and
the public, that he is now located in his new
store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and dispatch.**

**BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit
Particular attention paid to making
Boys Clothing.**

He has on hand a large stock of the best and
most desirable goods in the market, suitable for the
season, which will be made up to order at the most
reasonable rates.

**FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
on hand.**

**Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE
"Insurance Agent."**

**PENSIONS, Bounty, Back Pay and
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for £1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND.
Office at "WOBURN BOOKSTORE."
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865. ly**

**HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.
OFFICE—4 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.**

**J. G. CHAPMAN
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the es-
tablishment lately occupied by A. L. WATERMAN, in
OAKLEY COURT, where he will carry on the busi-
ness of**

**PAINTING, &c.
in its various branches.
Woburn, July 29, 1865.—6m**

**WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.
FRANK B. DODGE, Practical
Watchmaker. Also dealer in CLOCKS,
WATCHES, GOLD
CHAINS, LOCKETS,
JEWELRY, SPECTA-
CLES, Fine Silver Plated
Ware, "plated on genuine Albata." Silver
Spoons, Butter, Fruit and Pie Knives,
Napkin Rings, Coral Beads, Thermome-
ters, &c.
Engraving to order.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired.
VIOLIN STRINGS constantly on
hand.**

**AGENT FOR
Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.**

**COLTSFOOT ROCK,
A POPULAR
ENGLISH COUGH REMEDY,
is selling rapidly at Brigham's 5 Wade's Block.**

**BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.**

**PERFUMERY.
LUBINS, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
PHALON'S, and EDEBRIUS'.
Popular Extracts for the handkerchief. Thirty
different odors. For sale by
sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.**

**WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE-WORKS.
THE subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of MARBLE
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the**

**Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS.
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Warehouses, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1864.—21 y.**

**WANTED!
20 GOOD SMART GIRLS can obtain steady
employment, at good wages, by applying to
S. SIMMONS & SON,
aug 19-1f WOBURN.**

**For Sale:
A large, two-story House, contain-
ing 15 well-furnished rooms, pleasant-
ly situated on Mount Pleasant St.,
together with a small Barn. The
lot contains between 1400 and 1500
feet of land. A good well of water on the premises.
For further information apply to Mrs. STEPHEN
THOMSON, on Salem street.
Woburn, Nov. 6, 1865. 3m**

**"ANNO DOMINI," 1865.
THE
WOBURN
BOOKSTORE,
SPARROW HORTON,
Proprietor.**

Has constantly on hand and for sale, a GOOD
assortment of NEW and OLD BOOKS, of
Fact and Fiction, SCHOOL BOOKS of all kinds,
BIBLES, TESTAMENTS,
HYMN BOOKS,
and SABBATH SCHOOL BOOKS.

Sets of Juvenile and Toy Books for young people
ALMANACS and DIARIES, and the various
MAGAZINES and NEWSPAPERS
that are published. PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS
in rich or plain binding for the table or pocket.
TIN TYPE, AUTOGRAPH and LADIES' AL-
BUMS. SHEET MUSIC of Popular Songs and
Tunes, ENGRAVINGS, LITHOGRAPHS and
PHOTOGRAPHS.

**FRANG'S ALBUM PICTURES,
in Oil Colors, of
APRIL LEAVES, BIRDS & BUTTERFLIES,
FRUITS & FLOWERS, WOOD & SEA Mosses,
LANDSCAPES, FANCY CHARACTERS, &c.
PICTURE FRAMES, Oval, Rustic and Square.
(Pictures framed to order promptly.) and PIC-
TURE CORDS, PORTFOLIOS and WRITING
DESKS, BACKGAMMON and CHECKER
BOARDS, PLAYING CARDS, and numerous
GAMES.**

**ACCOUNT BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS,
and
MEMORANDUMS.**

**WAR MAPS.
U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS, &c.
A LARGE supply of STATIONERY, includ-
ing ENVELOPES of all sizes, from Billet to
Official Paper, from Billet to
Foolscap and Bill Paper.**

**BLACK, RED & BLUE INK.
"A. MORTON'S" GOLD PEN, STEEL PENS
and QUILLS, FINEST LINDERS and PENCILS, in
all varieties, and many other articles, too nume-
rous to mention. FANCY GOODS and TOYS is
great variety. A good selection of PAPER
HANGINGS, consisting of HOUSE PAPERS of
latest patterns, BORDERES and WINDOW
SHADES.**

The above named Goods are all bought for
CASH, and therefore will be sold LOW.

**FOR CASH ONLY.
Persons in Woburn and vicinity are invited
to call, examine and purchase.**

**Cough No More
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUITOUS COUGH
BALM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoar-
seness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Con-
sumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. nov11**

**Pile Remedy
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured
thousands of the worst cases of Hemorrhoids and Bleed-
ing Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a
permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. sept 2-3m**

**Western Massachusetts
INSURANCE
COMPANY,
PITTSFIELD, MASS.**

**CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS,
\$256,741.56.
This Company will insure Real and Personal
Property against loss or damage by
Fire on as favorable terms
as other responsible
Companies.**

**Losses equitably adjusted and
promptly PAID
J. N. DUNHAM, ENSIGN H. KELLOGG,
Secretary. President.
SAMUEL E. HOWE, Assistant Secretary.**

**Sparrow Horton, Agt.
At Woburn Bookstore.**

**THE GREAT NEW ENGLAND REMEDY
DR. J. W. POLAND'S
WHITE PINE COMPOUND
is now offered to the afflicted throughout the
country, after having been proved by the test of eleven
years, in the New England States, where its merits
have become as well known as the tree from which
it, derives its virtues.**

**THE WHITE PINE COMPOUND CURES
Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diphtheria, Bronchitis,
Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections gener-
ally. It is a reliable Remedy for Kidney
Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Void-
ing Urine, Bleeding from the Kid-
neys and Bladder, Gravel, and
other complaints.**

**FOR PILES AND SCURVY IT WILL BE FOUND VERY VALUABLE.
Give a trial if you would learn the value of a
good and tried Medicine. It is pleasant, safe and
sure.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine generally.**

**GEORGE W. SWETT, M. D. Proprietor,
BOSTON, MASS.
July 29-6m**

Encourage trade in its legitimate
Channels.

**SCHENK'S SYRUP,
SCHENK'S SEA WEED TONIC,
Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,
WISTAR'S BALSAM WILD Cherry.**

For sale at the lowest market prices by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

**S. F. THOMPSON,
Surveyor, Conveyancer & Auctioneer.
OFFICE—KELLY'S BUILDING,
Opposite the HOTEL, Woburn, Mass.**

**SURVEYING, Levelling, Measurement of Work,
Wood, Timber, &c. Deeds, Mortgages, &c.
written, and Titles traced. Agent for the sale, lease-
ing and care of Real Estate. Sales of Real and Per-
sonal Estate at Auction. Also appraisal, division
and settlement of Estates.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.**

**WANTED!
20 GOOD SMART GIRLS can obtain steady
employment, at good wages, by applying to
S. SIMMONS & SON,
aug 19-1f WOBURN.**

**For Sale:
A large, two-story House, contain-
ing 15 well-furnished rooms, pleasant-
ly situated on Mount Pleasant St.,
together with a small Barn. The
lot contains between 1400 and 1500
feet of land. A good well of water on the premises.
For further information apply to Mrs. STEPHEN
THOMSON, on Salem street.
Woburn, Nov. 6, 1865. 3m**

**HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
A Positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.
This Medicine increases the powers of digestion, and
excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the
watery or calcareous depositions, and all unnatural ex-
cretions are relieved, as well as pain and inflammation,
and is good for men, women and children.**

**HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Intem-
perance, Early Indiscretion, attended with the following
Symptoms:
Indisposition to Exercise, Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Face,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions of the Face,
Universal Lassitude, Painful Continence,
These symptoms, if allowed to go on (which this Medi-
cine invariably removes), soon follow—
FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS, &c.**

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say
they are not frequently followed by those "dreadful dis-
eases,"

**INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?
Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none
will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the
melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to
the truth of the assertion.**

The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness,
requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate
the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU
invariably does. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

**BLACK, RED & BLUE INK.
"A. MORTON'S" GOLD PEN, STEEL PENS
and QUILLS, FINEST LINDERS and PENCILS, in
all varieties, and many other articles, too nume-
rous to mention. FANCY GOODS and TOYS is
great variety. A good selection of PAPER
HANGINGS, consisting of HOUSE PAPERS of
latest patterns, BORDERES and WINDOW
SHADES.**

The above named Goods are all bought for
CASH, and therefore will be sold LOW.

**FOR CASH ONLY.
Persons in Woburn and vicinity are invited
to call, examine and purchase.**

**Cough No More
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUITOUS COUGH
BALM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoar-
seness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Con-
sumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. nov11**

**Pile Remedy
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured
thousands of the worst cases of Hemorrhoids and Bleed-
ing Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a
permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. sept 2-3m**

**Western Massachusetts
INSURANCE
COMPANY,
PITTSFIELD, MASS.**

**CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS,
\$256,741.56.
This Company will insure Real and Personal
Property against loss or damage by
Fire on as favorable terms
as other responsible
Companies.**

**Losses equitably adjusted and
promptly PAID
J. N. DUNHAM, ENSIGN H. KELLOGG,
Secretary. President.
SAMUEL E. HOWE, Assistant Secretary.**

**Sparrow Horton, Agt.
At Woburn Bookstore.**

**THE GREAT NEW ENGLAND REMEDY
DR. J. W. POLAND'S
WHITE PINE COMPOUND
is now offered to the afflicted throughout the
country, after having been proved by the test of eleven
years, in the New England States, where its merits
have become as well known as the tree from which
it, derives its virtues.**

**THE WHITE PINE COMPOUND CURES
Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diphtheria, Bronchitis,
Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections gener-
ally. It is a reliable Remedy for Kidney
Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Void-
ing Urine, Bleeding from the Kid-
neys and Bladder, Gravel, and
other complaints.**

**FOR PILES AND SCURVY IT WILL BE FOUND VERY VALUABLE.
Give a trial if you would learn the value of a
good and tried Medicine. It is pleasant, safe and
sure.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine generally.**

**GEORGE W. SWETT, M. D. Proprietor,
BOSTON, MASS.
July 29-6m**

Encourage trade in its legitimate
Channels.

**SCHENK'S SYRUP,
SCHENK'S SEA WEED TONIC,
Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,
WISTAR'S BALSAM WILD Cherry.**

For sale at the lowest market prices by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

**S. F. THOMPSON,
Surveyor, Conveyancer & Auctioneer.
OFFICE—KELLY'S BUILDING,
Opposite the HOTEL, Woburn, Mass.**

**SURVEYING, Levelling, Measurement of Work,
Wood, Timber, &c. Deeds, Mortgages, &c.
written, and Titles traced. Agent for the sale, lease-
ing and care of Real Estate. Sales of Real and Per-
sonal Estate at Auction. Also appraisal, division
and settlement of Estates.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.**

**WANTED!
20 GOOD SMART GIRLS can obtain steady
employment, at good wages, by applying to
S. SIMMONS & SON,
aug 19-1f WOBURN.**

The Middlesex Journal,
—AND—
WOBURN TOWNSMAN.
WOBURN:
SATURDAY, DEC. 23, 1865.

JOB WORK, of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and Pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.

The large country circulation of the JOURNAL renders it particularly valuable to those who are desirous of procuring the best of the country, and to those who are desirous of procuring the best of the city. The JOURNAL is published weekly, and is sold at the price of one cent per copy.

E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

CHRISTMAS.—This widely celebrated day of the Saviour's birth, occurring on Monday, is approaching to give delight to all who are expecting presents. The children, on this and New Year's day, will not fail to hang up their stockings at night with hopeful hearts, and filled with various articles of value in the morning, through the munificence of that princely fellow, Santa Claus, who comes down chimneys ever so narrow, and brings large bundles of confectionery, toys, gold and silver, and so many other things. The religious services of those denominations which observe this day, will doubtless be well attended, and their tables will be covered with roasted meats, plum puddings and pies. We wish all a merry Christmas, and to those whose religious feelings are stirred at such an anniversary, we desire enjoyment of a serious character. The Freedmen have a cause of joyousness that they never had before.

JURORS.—At a meeting of the Selectmen of Woburn, Dec. 4, 1865, Henry Taylor and Daniel H. Richards, were drawn as Jurors for the Superior Court, to be held at Cambridge, Dec. 11, 1865; and the 16th inst., to a meeting of the Selectmen, Harris Johnson, L. G. Richardson, W. A. Colegate and Nathan Hovey, were drawn as Jurors for the Superior Court, to be held at Cambridge, Dec. 18, 1865.

MASONS.—On Tuesday evening last, the officers of Mount Hope Lodge, (located on the 6th inst.) were duly installed into office, R. W. Master William T. Grammer officiating on the occasion. The exercises were very interesting and impressive. The following persons were appointed by the Worshipful Master to the office named:—
Chaplain—Rev. M. M. Parkhurst.
Marshal—C. T. Lang.
Organist—H. T. Tilton.
Tyler—H. H. Hovey.

At the close of the exercises at the Lodge, the members, by invitation of the officers, repaired to the rooms of Mr. Still, on Main street, where refreshments were partaken of with much enjoyment. The gentlemen indulged in remarks, more or less humorous, and the party broke up at a late hour in the best of spirits.

HISTORY OF WOBURN.

MR. EDITOR.—A few years ago, I had an article inserted in the Town Warrant, to see if the town would purchase of the Rev. Doctor Sewell, of Burlington, a history of the town of Woburn, which he had commenced collecting and writing. The town voted to purchase the manuscript history for the purpose of having the same compiled, so that each family of the town, and all others who felt interested in its history, might trace it from the beginning, or first settlement up, or down to the present time.

I do not wish to hurry the good old gentleman in his arduous labors, for I know that it requires time and care to write a faithful history, with all its incidents and their dates, but it would be extremely gratifying to many of the aged men and women, as well as the younger people, if they could have the book to read at the earliest convenience of that venerable and learned gentleman, who, no doubt will do the subject ample justice, and give us a faithful history of the town, so far as it can be done, by close investigation, from records now in his possession.

A letter from Macon, Ga., gives very cheering accounts, as follows:

The rapidity with which the trade and former prosperity of Georgia is reviving is perfectly astonishing. A constant stream of imports is passing into every city and town. The railroads destroyed by the Federal armies, with the exception of the Central, have long since been repaired, and they are now taxed to their utmost to meet the demands made upon them. They never carried as much freight and as many passengers before the war as they are doing now. The Central Road, for a distance of 126 miles, was totally destroyed by General Sherman, with the exception of about 49 miles. It is being rapidly repaired, and will be in running order through its whole length by the middle of February, or the 1st of March. The Macon and Brunswick and the Atlantic and Gulf companies are pushing forward their lines as fast as they can get money with which to operate.

A correspondent from Florence makes brief mention of the American sculptor, Powers, and the works he has now in hand:

And then, again to turn to the production of himself and his famous studio in the Via de' Seragli. What a pleasant sight it is to enter there and breathe the air it is, an American atmosphere, where one sees around the reproductions of all that is best and greatest among her sons. There they stand in good rows on the sculptor's shelves, from Washington to the last great martyr to the cause of patriotism and enlightenment—Jefferson, Jackson, Hamilton, Lincoln—far too numerous to recapitulate—all telling their own tale, all bearing evidence on this foreign strand to American greatness; many having passed through the hand of Powers himself, and being indebted to him as the faithful transmitter of their mortal semblance to far-off generations yet to come. Nor are these all, though they are much that we admire in Hiram Powers' studio. All Florence has flocked to see his beautiful Ginevra just finished, exhibiting a new, exquisite triumph of his delicate and expressive chisel. How beautiful is the drapery of Powers' busts, and how indebted are we to him for relieving us from the monotonous folds of that eternal shawl, and substituting for it the chaste and elegant mediæval costume, which falls so gracefully on the shoulders and bosoms of his female portrait busts. Nothing can be at once more becoming and elegant than the appearance of these matchless drawing-room marbles with their draperies displaying so exquisitely the well moulded proportions of the figure beneath, and adorning themselves with their delicate borderings, displaying the cunningest work of the artist's hand. Powers' studio is filled with these elegant productions, of which the supply can never, alas! equal the demand. There is one of his wife, too, of inimitable grace and feel-

ing, and of an expression of mingled pathos and deep intelligence which one never tires of gazing upon. Then besides, there is his Genius of America, and other greater works, the description of which would lead one to still warmer eulogies.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

FROM THE DOCTORS' POINT OF VIEW.

MR. EDITOR.—There is so much talk about the subject treated in the following communication, and so wide a difference of opinion in the community, that the mature views of the physicians of this neighborhood, as here expressed, may have an interest for many of your readers.

At a regular meeting of the Middlesex East District Medical Society, in July, 1865, the subject of the influence of our Public Schools on the health of the children attending them being under discussion, a committee was appointed to report in full on the subject, which was done in September; and after much discussion the same committee was directed to prepare, in as concise form as possible, some practical advice for avoiding certain dangers now threatening the health of the children in our schools. This second report was submitted to the Society in November last, and discussed as before, when the same Committee was directed to publish the suggestions with such additions in the way of explanation as might seem advisable. This they now do in the following maxims, which may be considered to embody the deliberate opinion of the members of the Society.

MAXIMS.

1st. No child should be allowed to attend school before the beginning of its 6th year.

Because the whole of the first five years of life are needed to give the physical nature a fair start, which would be prevented by the confinement and restraint of the School-room. Because up to that time every child has enough to do in learning to use its limbs and senses, to talk, to obey. Because extensive experience has proved that children who have never been to school before they are five years old, make more rapid progress than those who begin their school life earlier.

2d. The duration of daily attendance (including time given to recess and physical exercise) should not exceed 4 hours for the Primary Schools; 6 hours for the other Schools.

Because the liability to injury of both mind and body from sedentary application is in proportion to the youth of the student, and because as much can be accomplished in this time as in a longer attendance, which is only a weariness to both flesh and spirit.

3d. There should be no study required of school children at High Schools; and this should not exceed 1 hour.

Seven hours of study being as much as most adult scholars can bear, it is folly to suppose that immature minds in growing bodies can endure more.

4th. Recess time should be devoted, to play outside the school-room—unless during very stormy weather; and as this time rightly belongs to the pupils, they should not be deprived of it except for some serious offence; and those who are not deprived of it should not be allowed to spend it in study; and no child should EVER be confined to the school-room during an entire session. The minimum of recess-time should be 15 minutes in each session, and in Primary Schools there should be more than one recess in each session.

Recess is as most important relief to the weariness of muscle and of mind, which every child (and most teachers) feel after being in school for 1-2 or 2 hours. Without it there comes on a mental listlessness and a physical restlessness, which defeat the very purposes of school. The need of such relief recurs at more frequent intervals in proportion to the youth of the child; consequently there should be more recesses in Primary than in other schools.

5th. Physical Exercise should be used in School to prevent nervous and muscular fatigue and to relieve monotony, but NOT as MUSCULAR TRAINING. It should be practiced by both teachers and children for at least five minutes in every hour not broken by recess, and should be "timed" by music.

Primary Schools every half hour should be broken by exercise, recess, or singing.

This maxim rests on the same general ground as No. 4. Such exercises are highly prized in all schools where they have been fairly tried, and they tend to produce a unity of action and feeling, a homogeneity in the school which is very valuable.

6th. Ventilation should be amply provided for by OTHER MEANS THAN OPEN WINDOWS, though these should be used in addition to the special means during recess and exercise time.

Because to open windows during cold weather is to admit streams of cold air upon children, when they are most liable to "catch cold," as physicians have frequent occasion to observe. When the body is aglow with exercise, it can endure and enjoy a temperature and even a current of air, which would chill it when at rest; therefore, fresh air may be introduced with safety through the windows during recess and exercise time, except in very severe weather.

Of all methods of heating, a close stove is the most objectionable, because it introduces no fresh air, and whenever one is used in a school-room, it should be wholly or partially walled in with metal screens, inside which a "cold air box" should open, as in all furnaces.

7th. Lessons should be scrupulously apportioned to the average capacity of the pupils; and in Primary Schools the slate should be used more, and books less, and instruction should be given as much as possible on the principles of "Object Teaching."

If the first part of this maxim be not observed, the majority of the scholars (for whose benefit the school is sustained) will be overtaxed. The advantages of using the slate as advised, are very great; the hand and the eye are trained, writing is earlier and more pleasantly learned, little children are agreeably and profitably occupied, when they would otherwise be idle, unhappy and troublesome.

Of "Object Teaching" we have only space to say that the principle which underlies it is that the teacher should avail himself of the natural preponderance of the powers of perception and observation in childhood, should go from the known to the unknown, from the concrete to the abstract, and should neglect no opportunity to illustrate each lesson from familiar sources. (Signed)

F. WINSOR.

J. D. MANSFIELD.

Special Committee Middlesex East Dist. Med. Soc.

Correspondence of the Journal.

SOUTH READING, Dec. 20, 1865.
MR. EDITOR.—Although I have nothing of great importance to communicate, yet for the sake of variety and way of remembrance, I will write you a brief article. Business here, especially the manufacture of shoes, which is the principal occupation of our people, is rather quiet. Workmen are not idle, but they are not busied with work. The Iron Foundry, which has recently been much enlarged, has a large number of hands, and is earning large dividends. Cyrus Wakefield, Esq., the largest importer and manufacturer of cane in Massachusetts, is a resident of South Reading, and has a number of eight very extensive buildings on Water street, several of which are furnished with very valuable and expensive machinery, and are all used in connection with his business. Some two hundred persons, chiefly females, are employed in making chairs, baskets, mats, &c. &c. Mr. Wakefield's private residence, on Main street, with its appointments, is nearly completed, at a probable cost of one hundred thousand dollars. It is not surpassed, we think, in excellence of taste and beauty, by any in New England.

The Methodist in South Reading, the present year, and for the first time, have organized a society for the support of public worship. They have been preaching in the afternoon and evening of every Sabbath, in the Universalist's vestry, which has been secured for one year. The vestry is tolerably well filled, the congregation is increasing. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Tyler, is able and well respected. The society is making arrangements for the building of a church the coming year. A site for it could be obtained near the centre of the town, on and of the late E. Yale, Esq., but as the land of his estate have, and very much to their own loss, we think, sold the adjoining lot for the purpose of a lively stable, which has just been placed upon it, the church will find another spot for its future abode.

An association has been formed and measures have been proposed to obtain funds for the erection of a monument in commemoration of the soldiers from this town, who were killed or died in consequence of wounds received in battle, or diseases contracted while in their country's service. It is believed that at least three thousand dollars may easily be raised for the noble purpose. The monument will doubtless stand upon the common.

Considerable excitement prevails in Greenwood, our southern village, owing to the refusal of a majority of the members of a dancing school in that town, to admit one of the pupils, a respectable and very comely young lady, who is guilty of a skin not precisely like our own, notwithstanding she is shades lighter and fairer than many whose veins are filled with purple.

The friends of the young lady were indignant, and the result is that another dancing school was opened, a few evenings ago, under the instruction of a gentleman from Boston, in which no distinction of race or color is observed.

But I must close, remembering your request,—"short articles."

WINCHESTER.

BURGLARY.—The tool house on the line of the Boston & Lowell Railroad, near the junction with the Stonham branch, was broken into on Saturday night and Monday morning last, and about a ton and a half of railroad iron taken therefrom and carried off by the perpetrators of the deed has been obtained.

DROWNED BY SKATING.—Peter Roehle, a young man in the employ of Mr. Warren Johnson, of Stonham, was drowned on Monday evening last, while skating on the Lowell Railroad, on Monday evening last. It seems that the deceased and his brother had been skating for some time, and started towards their home, skating in different directions. The one not arriving, the other called out, and returned to find his brother's hat in the water, and near by, after an hour or so, he found his brother's body floating in the railroad culvert. It is supposed that he had slipped into the channel where there was no ice, and no help near by. He was twenty years of age, belonged in Quebec, and had been in town but a few weeks.

Several more cases from drowning have occurred during the week from skating on ice which was not sufficiently strong, and should serve as a warning to the skaters to be more careful at such times.

ADDITIONAL MAIL FACILITIES.—A petition has been signed by quite a number of our citizens, asking that the Post Office be enlarged to an additional mail between this town and Boston. It will help the reader who is non-plussed, and will add to the receipts of the office, but be a great accommodation to many of the citizens.

RECESSION.—It is reported that the founding which was left at the door of one of our residents a short time since, claims its paternity in Woburn. The story is a good one, and may account for this stranger in our midst. Our venerable fathers of the town are very much excited over the matter, and are endeavoring to find out the truth of the matter.

W. A. A.—The display of a handbill around the public places bearing the letters "W. A. A." in the town of Woburn, has caused much inquiry as to what the Association was, bearing this title. The "W. A. A." was supposed of course to mean "Woburn Association," and was accordingly patronized by the traveling troupes. The best of the traveling talent have found this out by sad experience, and Woburn is shunned like a plague by them. If people would patronize such entertainments as were given this week, our excellent public hall might be made a pleasant place of resort one or two nights in every week during the winter season, to the exclusion of much vulgar trash, and the improvement of the social and fraternal feelings of the community.

It is not because our town people do not include in such recreations that the hall is generally so thin, for the Wednesday night train always brings up enough for a good audience of those who have been visiting places of amusement in Boston.

CONTRIBUTION.—A special effort is being made in the Orthodox Congregational churches of the country to raise money to build churches and organize religious societies in the South and West, and on Sunday last a contribution was taken up in the First Congregational church for this purpose, the proceeds of which amounted to \$554. Henry Ward Beecher's church raised \$10,000 for the same purpose. The Bethesda church, in Reading, contributed \$200.

PRESENTATION.—The class in the Grammar School formerly under the instruction of Miss M. M. Bennett, presented her with a very nice silver olive spoon on Wednesday evening last, as a token of their regard. The donors met at the boarding place of Miss D., on Main street, and passed a most pleasant evening. Such mementoes from children are always more highly prized than any others, for teachers may well be pleased when, while enforcing obedience, they win the love and respect of their scholars.

FAREWELL SERMON.—The exercises at the Baptist church last Sunday were of a highly interesting character. In the morning the minister, Rev. J. Spence, delivered his farewell discourse to his people, thus taking a formal farewell of them. The afternoon service was devoted to a Sabbath School concert which was, as is usually the case, both instructive and entertaining. A public service was held in the body of the church in the evening, when some young people received the rite of baptism, after which the pastor extended to them the right hand of fellowship. Altogether it was a day which will long be remembered by that church and congregation.

About 40 past and active members of Co. G, 5th Regt. Mass. V. M. left in the 7:40 train on Friday to join in the grand military display in Boston, in honor of "forefathers" day.

The worthy member who is so noted for his equestrian tastes, was presented with a charger by the Ass'n, the presentation address being made by Prof. Hubert, from Washington, and a distinguished orator and statesman D. W. was also made the recipient of a substantial proof of the confidence and esteem of his fellow-agriculturists, in the form of a wheelbarrow and a set of agricultural implements made from the wood of Noah's ark, the wreck of which was discovered on the shore of Wedge Pond recently, and has been exhibited on the Common.

It would require your whole paper to give a full account of all these glad surprises, and the appropriate remarks of the recipients, and the Sec. can do no more than merely hint at them, but he would here take the opportunity of returning his hearty thanks to his kind friends of the Ass'n, for their munificent donation to him of an elegant chased silver goblet of untold value, which though undeserved, is highly appreciated.

The most interesting part of the exercises being concluded, the members adjourned to the dining hall where was spread in fair array a feast to a description of which, language is inadequate. A principal feature of the viands was Rice, which served up in two forms. But space will not permit any description of the scenes which ensued, and we can only say that after a half hour spent at the festive board, the meeting adjourned with the singing of the popular new song "Old Long Stone." Before the separation however, the Chmn' of the Committee on Refreshments, who modestly called the elaborate repast a Luncheon, was presented by the Pres't with that not unusual article with strings, which has so long occupied an honored place in the history of the Ass'n, after which the members retired to their homes feeling that the cause of Agriculture had taken a great stride, and that its prospects for the future were unprecedentedly glorious.

The Sec. regrets to state in concluding that a letter (from that distinguished member now absent, of whom it was once said "No greater writer of the day") intended to be read on the occasion of this meeting, was postponed just too late and its consideration must be reserved till the next meeting, when the agricultural specimen accompanying it will also come under consideration.

Reported by order of the Directors.
F. ISAACS, Secretary.

WOBURN LOCALS.

MR. EDITOR.—More in the way of entertainments and amusements have been going on in town than we have ever before for some time before. If no one else cares, the owners of stock in the Lyceum Hall Association must be glad to have such a week as the one just past. Wednesday evening, Miss Edmunds, of Boston, gave a reading in the hall. Her selections were very good, and her style was unaffected and pleasing to an extent unusual. Her rendering of comic selections we never heard excelled. The audience was very small, and she is deserving of great praise for the courage she evinced in going through with her programme in the manner she did. Few persons have the nerve to sustain an entertainment under circumstances so depressing as those of Wednesday evening.

Miss E. was introduced to the audience by J. G. Pollard, Esq., in a few well chosen words.

Thursday evening Mad. Lorraine, assisted by Prof. Lovatte and Frank Dayton, gave a concert. Though preeminently worthy of patronage, this troupe sang almost to bare walls, but evinced by their performance that "what is worth doing is worth doing well." Mad. Lorraine has a voice of peculiar sweetness, and she shows great skill in selecting music for which it is particularly well adapted. Her singing Thursday evening was very fine. Of Messrs. Lovatte and Dayton it is enough to say that both of them possess talent for their profession, and are capable of sustaining, unassisted, a good concert. All present who heard this troupe last year, regretted the sickness of Master Stevens, knowing it deprived them of a treat. The company was small, but the audience was well patronized, and they labored under us to night, and it is hoped they will pay us another visit ere the season closes.

Friday evening the Freedmen's Aid Society gave an entertainment, a report of which, however, must be delayed until next week.

It is singular that nothing but a "nigger show" or flash concert will draw anything like a paying audience in this town. Most of the town people go to Boston when they wish to hear a good concert, or see any kind of performance, and rarely patronize any of the traveling troupes. The best of the traveling talent have found this out by sad experience, and Woburn is shunned like a plague by them. If people would patronize such entertainments as were given this week, our excellent public hall might be made a pleasant place of resort one or two nights in every week during the winter season, to the exclusion of much vulgar trash, and the improvement of the social and fraternal feelings of the community.

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FIRE.—Sunday evening, about 7 o'clock, a fire broke out in one of the houses belonging to the Col. John Wade estate, situated on the banks of the old Middlesex canal, near the foot of Warren street, occupied by Mr. James Mulholland. There was considerable delay about giving the alarm, from various causes, and it was a long time before any water was thrown on the fire by the fire department, and the building was totally destroyed. The flames communicated with an adjoining building belonging to the same estate, and occupied by Mr. Kenny, but the firemen were able to save it in a partially burnt condition. The firemen are entitled to be exonerated from blame that they were so long in getting a stream on the above fire, as the alarm was by no means sufficient, and occurring as it did, at the usual time of Sunday evening meetings, it was mistaken for the meeting bells.

The experience of this fire would seem to show the necessity of having alarm bells, independent of the churches, placed upon the engine house, or some other place in town, so that a decent alarm can be given when a fire occurs without some one running out and stopping the ringing of the bells for fear of disturbing the meetings going on in the churches, as was the case in this instance.

—Supposing a fire should break out in the centre of the town, among the wooden buildings crowded so closely together as they are in many places, what good would one hand engine accomplish in extinguishing it should it gain a headway? The whole square might be in flames before help could reach us from either North or East Woburn. Did the thought ever occur to any one that we need a good steam fire engine in the center of the town, or that reasonable safety require three reservoirs where there is one at the present time?

HOLIDAY.—On Monday next (Christmas day), the schools in town will be given to enjoy the festivities of Christmas day.

GENEROUS.—Though rather "stale," for an item of news the readers of the Journal will be pleased to know that on Thanksgiving day, Mr. John Cummings, Jr., & Co presented all the married men in their employ (some seventy-five or eighty men), with turkeys. The poultry in bulk weighed nearly 700 pounds, so it can be seen that the turkeys were of pretty good size.

CHRISTMAS TREE.—The Sunday school connected with the Baptist church will celebrate Christmas in the church with a Christmas-tree, and other festivities, and all the little ones, and some older heads besides, are busy planning some pleasant surprise for their fellow scholars or friends, which the tree shall bear as fruit on the crowded branches. Let all the little folks be remembered.

PHALANX BALL.—The Phalanx Associates, and Co. G, 5th Regt., M. V. M., are making arrangements for their annual party, which will be held in Lyceum Hall, on Thursday evening, Jan. 4th, 1866. The invitations are to a social party, or assembly, but whoever reads the list of the committee of arrangements, and notices who furnishes the music, will see at once that this is to be the party of the season. No doubt there will be a full house, and all who attend will have a good time.

BUSINESS CHANGES.—Within a few months quite a change will be made in the appearance of Main street in the centre of the town, by the alterations and improvements going on in the business places.

WOODEN WEDDING.—Friday evening, Dec. 18, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Knight, of Reading, celebrated the fifth anniversary of their wedding, by a large party at their house. Mrs. Knight being a Woburn lady (daughter of Horace Colquhoun, Esq., of this town) quite a number of towns people were present. The party was an extremely pleasant one and left behind them many tokens of regard, some of them very valuable.

The cold weather of this week has been rather too much for our town clocks, and these useful public servants have for several days past been taking a rest.

No morning mail arrived in town on Wednesday, the mail bag having either been lost or stolen. LUKE R. BOUT.

Correspondence of the Journal.

BOSTON, Dec. 21, 1865.

HOME FOR LITTLE WANDERERS.

At the bottom of the Baldwin Place in Boston, stands a large building with the above words in large capitals painted upon it. It was formerly a church of the Baptist denomination, but vacated in order to build a new one in Rowe street. The whole interior of the edifice has been altered to conform to the new purposes to which it has been appropriated. A parlor, sitting-room, kitchen, nursery, sleeping room, chapel, dining room, gymnasium, offices for the superintendent and others—all fitted up with neatness and taste, and entries and rooms heated from a furnace in the basement or cellar—afford every convenience and comfort for such an institution. It is now in full and successful operation, having about one hundred children of both sexes, from infants up to fifteen years. The superintendent is Rev. R. G. Toles, and his assistant is Rev. T. W. Hughes. Female assistants in teaching and taking care of the children are employed, and servants to do the domestic work. The Home began its work in May, and has since received 400 children, and placed in homes, or otherwise provided for, over 180. Of the 286 children given up to be provided with homes, 194 are Americans, 37 Irish, 22 Scotch, 14 English, 9 Germans, 1 French, 3 Portuguese, 1 Norwegian, 1 Swede and 2 unknown; 256 Protestants, 30 Catholics. About 100 day scholars have been fed, clothed and instructed, who are too ragged to go to the public schools, or whose parents are too degraded to send them there. A large and well conducted Nursery has been fitted up in the Institution, where poor mothers may leave their little ones during the day, while they seek work to support themselves. Such, in brief, is a description of this home, but a sight of it—a passing through all the apartments, the beholding of the nursery and of the children at school, and the witnessing of the attention, order, comfort, happiness, intelligence, health, kindness and subordination, as in a free but well conducted Christian home, conveys more than a dry abstract can exhibit. Those living, clean, well-dressed, shining-faced, orderly and handsome children—for we have never seen in

any school a larger proportion of pretty and bright-looking children—are a beautiful sight and one to touch the heart. "Little wanderers"—yes, but they seem to be wandering in a pleasant flower garden, with the gentle wind fanning the trees, and the brook bubbling in the grassy meadow as it runs on. There is no harshness, but a kind, steady way in managing that works well. In the dining room the seats are arranged on one side of a narrow, cleanly table, or rather by the sides of a number of tables running the whole length of the large room, and it must be a sight both to love and cry at, to see the tables bountifully spread with good wholesome food, and the little ones partaking of it with the childish eagerness and gratification which they are accustomed to manifest. "The little wanderers home," exactly that word, beyond what we could suppose to be possible in so large an establishment of children, who for the most part had never before had what might be the highest and truest sense be denominated a home.

Hardly a dress was worn except that furnished at this home, and yet no two dresses were in all points exactly alike in color and printing, but the children appeared as scholars coming from separate homes where maternal hands had fashioned and chosen the fabric precisely out of her own designing. The children are allowed to go out in the street when necessary to see parents or on some little errand, and no one could tell from their appearance outside that they were charity children, or belonged to an orphan asylum. They do not have the badge of dress so common in such institutions, which seems to separate from other children and cause to be pointed at and feel humiliated and sad. What a sorrowful life have many of these children had in what were once their homes. Charles Lamb has touchingly said of such children:—"It was never sung to—no one ever told to it a tale of the nursery. It was dragged up to live or to die, as it happened. It had no young dreams. It broke at once into the iron realities of life. A child exists not for the very poor as any object of dalliance; it is only another mouth to be fed, a pair of little hands to be betimes inured to labor. It is the rival, till it can be the cooperator, for food with the parent. It is never his mirth, his diversion, his solace; it never makes him young again, with recalling his young times. The children of the very poor have no young times." In our country, it is in a great proportion the children of intemperate parents, which suffer most, and of all the causes, says the superintendent of this home, intemperance of parents has brought us the largest number of our children.

It is a rule that these children should only be placed in Christian families, and even then, not bound out as the phrase is, but left free to be removed by the superintendent if they are not kindly cared for. All honor to Mr. Toles and his fellow helpers in this charming enterprise, for their successful labors, and thanks to every contributor for its support.

We give the names of its founders, that they may be honorably remembered. It will be seen that they are from various Christian denominations, and as a matter of course that the Home has no sectarian bias. O. S. Sanders, M. D. J. E. Daniels, Wm. Sheaf, Isaac Rich, Hon. J. Francis Merrill, W. D. Thayer, Jos. S. Fay, Benj. E. Bates, T. W. Tyler, Franklin Snow.

THE PIONEER INS. CO.—Porter is agent for the oldest Life and Accident Ins. Co. in America. What the papers say:—
The Hartford is a first-class reliable office, and well deserves the attention of parties wishing to insure. Its provision for compensation per week in case of injury has won for it great popularity.—Morning Telegraph, St. John, N. B.
The daily events of life are sufficient proof of the liability of every one to accidental death or personal injury. If therefore becomes the imperative duty of every man to insure, when the payment of a few dollars a year, will secure thousands of dollars to his family, or a stipulated compensation weekly, while disabled.—American City Journal.

No business man, mechanic, or professional person should let another day go by without availing himself of this character of insurance. The rates are so low as to surprise persons making application. Try it.—Louisville Journal.

See Advertisement.
FEARFUL TRAGEDY IN MISSISSIPPI. Eight or ten years since, James Thompson left Brookville, Mississippi, and is supposed to have entered the army of Peru. He recently returned home, and has been organizing a company for Brazil, obtaining deeds of his father's property, and converting it into money. The father has been trying to stay these proceedings, but quite secretly. The family consisted of his step-mother, three half sisters, a half brother and a full brother, Joseph, suspected of being an accomplice in a terrible tragedy. On Sunday, recently, James entered the house with a shot gun and killed Margaret, tearing the arm nearly off at the right shoulder. The mother was then shot dead. His brother, Clay, was shot in the forehead and died instantly. Jimmie was fatally shot, too, and Emma, the youngest, was fearfully mangled. Subsequently James met his father and fired twice, but without effect. He was seized and with difficulty was carried through the incensed crowd to jail.

CATS.—CAT PARODY ON POE'S RAVEN.—The local editor of the Montezuma (Iowa) Republican appears to have a great horror of cats, and admiration for the style of Poe's "Raven." Witness the following poetic effusion:

The other night while we lay musing, and our weary brain confusing o'er the topics of the day, suddenly we heard a rattling, as of a serious host a battling, as they mingled in the fray, "What is that?" we cried, upstarting, and into the darkness darting, slay! we ran against the door. "Oh, 'tis nothing," Edward grumbled, as o'er a huge chair we stumbled, "tis a bug, and nothing more." Then said we, our anger rising (for we thought it so surprising that a bug should thus offend), "Do you think a small insect, sir, thus would all the air infect, sir?" No, "tis not a bug, my friend."

Now, becoming sorely frightened, round our waist our pants we tightened, and put on our coat and hat—when into the darkness peering, we saw with trembling and much fearing, the glaring eyes of Thomas Cat, Esq. With astonishment and wonder we gazed upon this son of thunder, as he sat upon the floor—when resolution, taking, and a rapid movement leading, to, we opened wide the door. Now, clear out, we hoarsely shouted, as o'er head our boot we flouted, "Take your presence from my floor." Then with air and mien majestic, this dear creature called domestic, made his exit through

the door. Made his exit without growling, neither was his voice howling, not a single word he said. And with feelings much elated, to escape a doom so fated, we went back to bed.

Died

In Woburn, Dec. 15th, Rosanna, wife of Joseph Manning, 51 years, 9 months; John T. Joy, aged 73 yrs., 4 mos.
Dec. 20, Mr. William Whellan, aged 37 yrs.
In Stoneham, Dec. 15, Harry H. Watson, aged 14 yrs., 11 mos.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed

IN THE POST-OFFICE AT WOBURN, State of Massachusetts, 33d day of Dec., 1865.
To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "advertisers' letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.
Balsam Robert Edward
Champlain David C
Carter Esther
Frazier William
Foley Michael
Grey Annie
Howell Rev Geo
Hewright Margaret
McGovern James
Heinrich Nicholas
NATHAN WYMAN, P. M.

Notice

A suitable reward will be paid by the subscriber to any person who will give information sufficient to convict any person or persons, who may commit any depredations upon the building on Main street, formerly occupied by the Methodist Society.
GEO. FLAGG, 31*

Woburn, Dec. 23, 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of Patrick Finn, late of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, intestate, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
P. H. CLAFFY, Administrator.
Woburn, Dec. 20, 1865.

PUNG FOR SALE

A NEW MEAT PUNG. Apply to GEORGE W. A. DUKES.
Woburn, Dec. 23, 1865.—31*

Real Estate for Sale

THE dwelling house, and land under and adjoining the same, owned by the WYMAN ESTATE, on Main street, nearly opposite Woburn Court Depot.
The house is a two story, and contains ten rooms. There is about 10,000 feet of land, and the location is very desirable.
The price is \$4000, the larger part of the purchase money to remain on mortgage if desired.
For further particulars apply to
ATWOOD'S BOUNDY,
Cor. Main and R. Sts., Woburn.
Woburn, Dec. 23, 1865.

FOR SALE

THE well-known property called the WYMAN ESTATE, on Main street, nearly opposite Woburn Court Depot.
The house is a two story, and contains ten rooms. There is about 10,000 feet of land, and the location is very desirable.
The price is \$4000, the larger part of the purchase money to remain on mortgage if desired.
For further particulars apply to
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LIFE AND ACCIDENT.

THE ORIGINAL

TRAVELERS

INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, Conn.,

CAPITAL, - - \$500,000.

INSURES AGAINST ALL KINDS OF

ACCIDENTS.

THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF

HARTFORD, CONN., was the first and

most successful in this country the practice of

INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS,

of whatever kind, whether they occur in traveling,

or in hunting, fishing, sailing, riding, skating, in the

street, store, office, or while working in shops, mills,

factories, or on the farm.

A General Accident Policy covers every possible form of casualty, including the risk in traveling,

and also of dislocations, broken bones, ruptured tendons,

sprains, contusions, crushings, bruises, cuts, stabs,

gunshot wounds, poisoned wounds, burns and scalds,

bites, and all other injuries, and also the action of lightning or sun stroke, the effects of explosions, chemicals, fumes and earthquakes, submergion by drowning or choking.

This Company has now been in successful operation since April 1st, 1864, and up to Nov. 1st, 1865, had issued upward of thirty thousand policies, and paid over six hundred losses—including the large sum of \$40,000 to fourteen policy holders within the year, for \$247 received in premiums.

CASH ASSETS, OCT. 1, 1865, (gross), \$587,593.10.

A protective insurance against loss of life or injury by accident, anywhere and at all times. No medical examination required.

General Accident Policies.

The best policy for every man, whether he travels much or little, is a General Accident Policy, which insures against every possible form of casualty, at all times and places.

An annual premium of \$10 or \$12 (according to occupation), will secure a general accident policy for \$2,000, in case of fatal accident, or \$10 per week during disability caused by accident (not exceeding twenty-six weeks for any one accident).

An annual premium of \$25 or \$30 will, in like manner, secure a policy for \$5,000, or \$25 per week compensation.

An annual premium of \$50 or \$60 will secure a policy for \$10,000, or \$50 per week compensation.

Any other sum from \$500 to \$10,000, at proportionate rates. When policies are issued against loss of life only, or compensation only, the rates are much lower. A liberal discount on three or five year policies.

1 Month General Accident Policies.

(REGISTERED.)

This Company issue a very convenient form of One Month General Accident Policies, at the rate of \$1 per thousand with \$5 per week compensation for each thousand insured. These are much better than ticket policies, for travelers and others desiring short risks, as they can be taken in any amount from \$500 to \$10,000, they cover all accidents, and each policy is registered, so that the insurance is good in every case, and the policy is not destroyed by fire or other accident.

For mechanics or others who cannot easily spare the amount of an annual premium, but would like to insure for short periods, these short time policies are "just the thing." To any person who insures each month, for six months consecutively, a policy for the same amount will be given without charge, (except the policy fee of one dollar.)

Travelers Risk Policies and Tickets.

Tickets of Insurance of the TRAVELERS OF HARTFORD are sold at nearly all the railroad and steam boat ticket offices in the Eastern, Middle, and some of the Western States. These tickets insure for \$3,000 each, with \$15 per week compensation, and cost but ten cents a day. Travelers Risk tickets are sold in like manner, but at a lower rate, and for a shorter time.

Marine Policies.

A new form of Marine Policies—in books, like the One Month General Accident Policies—is now ready for delivery to Agents, or for issue to any person about to make a trip to any foreign or other distant port.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

JAS. G. BATTERSON, GEO. W. MOORE, BENJ. E. BATES, PRES. GRANITE BANK, HENRY A. DYER, General Agent, H. C. MARSHALL, General Ticket Agent, DR. S. B. BRADFORD, Surgeon.

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Hon. E. D. Morgan, U. S. Senator, New York. Charles J. Martin, Pres. Home Ins. Co., N. Y. George H. Stuart, Stuart & Bro., Philadelphia. J. Edgar Thompson, President Pennsylvania Central R. R., Philadelphia.

J. Y. Scammon, President Mechanics National Bank, Chicago. Enoch Pratt, Merchant, Baltimore. Hon. James S. Thorne, Mayor of St. Louis. Edward King, Secretary Bellefontaine R. R. Co., Indianapolis.

Hon. James T. Lewis, Governor of Wisconsin.

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FARNHAM PLUMMER, Pres. Equitable Safety Ins. Co. GEORGE C. LORD, Pres. N. E. Mutual Marine Ins. Co. HARRISON LORING, City Point Works, South Boston. EZRA FORRESTALL, Superintendent of Internal Health. T. T. TURNER, Superintendent of Streets.

POLICIES WRITTEN

AND

LOSSES PAID

BY

B. T. H. PORTER,

AGENT,

WADE BLOCK,

OVER A. E. THOMPSON'S STORE.

Agencies of the TRAVELERS OF HARTFORD in all principal towns and cities of the United States and Canada, where policies can be obtained without delay.

N. B.—A monthly paper published by the Company, called the Travelers Record, is ready for distribution. Call and get one.

Woburn, Dec. 15th, 1865.—41

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GLENWOOD LADIES' SEMINARY, HIRAM ORCUTT, A. M., Principal; Miss MARY E. COOK, Vice-Principal.

Board of Instruction large, efficient, and permanent; course of study extensive and thorough, and expenses less than at any other school of the same grade. Winter Session begins Jan. 3; Summer Session, April 25, 1866. Apply early to the Principal, West Brattleboro', Vt., Dec. 1865.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

Both Magazines one year, for \$4.50. For sale by News Agents everywhere. Address L. A. GODEY or T. S. ARTHUR & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

TAKE THE BEST!—MOORE'S RURAL NEW YORKER.

YORKER, the great Agricultural, Literary, and Family Weekly. Ably conducted and finely printed and illustrated. Adapted to the whole country, and wanted in every town. NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE AND FORM CLUBS! Specimen Numbers, Show Bills, Inducements, sent free. Address D. D. T. MOORE, Rochester, N. Y.

R. ESTERBROOK & CO.

STEEL PEN MANUFACTURERS.

These celebrated pens, of GENUINE AMERICAN MANUFACTURE, are for sale to the trade at their warehouses,

42 John Street, New York, and 403 Arch Street, Philadelphia,

and at retail by all stationers and booksellers in the United States.

PATENT OFFICES.

Inventors who wish to take out Letters Patent, are advised to consult with Messrs. MUNN & CO., of the Scientific American Agency, who are the only persons authorized to take out Letters Patent for nearly twenty years. Their American and European Patent Agents, have secured for them, in the most complete manner, all the rights of invention, and are now offering to inventors, in plain and simple language, all the information and instructions necessary to secure a patent. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park Row, New York.

GENERAL SOUTHERN LAND AGENCY.

No. 62 Broadway, New York.

Have lands adapted to all purposes for sale and lease, at low rates. Also Factories, Saw and Grist Mills, Mill Sites, Water-powers, Country Stores, and all other desirable property. Great inducements offered to persons going South, either singly or in communities. Call or send for information and Catalogue.

WRIGHT, CARTER, & CO.

Southern Land, Emigration, and Product Company.

No. 71 Broadway, near Wall Street, N. Y.

Offers for sale 4,000,000 of the finest and most valuable land in the Southern States, at exceedingly low rates. Tracts from 50 to 500 acres. Cotton Plantations, farms, Mineral and timber lands, etc. Iron Works and Furnaces, Coal Lands, Silver Mines, etc. Titles guaranteed. W. H. QUINCY, Sec'y.

FOR SALE IN VIRGINIA.

SMALL FARMS

ON JAMES RIVER,

ONE HUNDRED ACRES AND UPWARD.

Rich "bottom lands" adapted to the cultivation of Grain and Produce, well watered, and easy communication with markets. The climate here enables Farmers to work all the winter, and Stock does not require stabling over a month. PRICE, \$15 to \$35 PER ACRE, according to improvements. Also for sale, MILLS, MINES, &c. A. B. WARREN, 11 Merchants' Exchange, Boston.

WILSON'S EARLY BLACKBERRY.

Sweet and Productive, grows of all other Blackberries in market, and brings more money. Price per plant, \$2; 12 plants, \$21. Philadelphia Raspberry, \$1; 12 plants, \$5. Send for Catalogue gratis.

WILLIAM PARRY, Cincinnati, N. J.

GEORGE W. BERRY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

WALNUT, CHESTNUT AND PAINTED

CHAMBER FURNITURE,

Refrigerators, Bureaus, Wardrobes, &c.,

1 and 2 Holmes' Block, Haymarket Square, BOSTON.

THE AMERICAN SUBMERGED PUMP

Was awarded Two Medals at the late Centennial Mechanics' Fair, Boston. It is the simplest, most durable, cheapest, and most efficient of all pumps, and has no packing or packed valves, cannot get out of order. Delivers from 20 gals. to 40,000 gals. per minute. Every person can run it, according to his wants. Suitable for farm, house, factory, ship, and general use. It is an admirable fire engine. At DEVEREUX & Co.'s, 15 Merchants Row, Boston.

THE "SALEM LEG."

FURNISHED BY GOVERNMENT TO SOLDIERS. All who desire an Artificial Leg, unrivalled for comfort, convenience, economy, and elegance, please send for a circular to the SALEM LEG CO., Salem, Mass.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair.

Will restore Gray Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR. STRENGTHENS the roots, and keeps the hair from falling out in three days; keeps the head clean, cool, and healthy; can be used freely, contains no deleterious ingredients. Dressing never offered to the public. It is recommended and used by the first medical authorities, sold at the drug stores, and at my office, 112 Broadway, N. Y. I assure all persons the above preparation will do all that is claimed for it.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

ALL outward applications are time thrown away! HARRISON'S PERISTALTIC LOZENGES remove the cause, and cure the disease. No other permanent cure of the Piles, either bleeding or blind. For sale at No. 1 Tremont Temple, and by all Druggists, or will be sent by mail, enclosing 50 cents. J. S. HARRISON & CO., Proprietors.

CATARRH!

DR. WADSWORTH'S DRY UP IS A SURE CURE for the above complaint, after all other remedies have failed. So say thousands of those patients who have given a trial. Do not hesitate, but procure the medicine at once. It will not disappoint you. Send stamp for a Pamphlet all about Catarrh. For sale by the Proprietor, H. H. BURTON, 112 Broadway, N. Y. Also for sale by Druggists generally.

BURRINGTON'S

VEGETABLE

CROUP SYRUP.

A SURE AND SAFE REMEDY FOR THE CROUP. Also the very best article for Whooping Cough, Croup, Colds, &c., for adults or children. Do not sleep without it. For sale by the proprietor, H. H. BURTON, 112 Broadway, N. Y. Also for sale by Druggists generally.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

An Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Just published by the Howard Association, and sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE GREAT NEW ENGLAND REMEDY

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

WHITE PINE COMPOUND

Is now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, after having been proved by the test of eleven years in the New England States, where its merits are well known as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.

Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diphtheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy for all these complaints. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy for all these complaints. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy for all these complaints.

For PILES AND SCURVY IT WILL BE FOUND VERY VALUABLE. Give a trial if you would learn the value of a good and tried Medicine. It is pleasant, safe and sure. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine generally.

GEORGE W. SWETT, M. D. Proprietor, BOSTON, MASS.

July 29—6m

Removal.

The office of the Woburn Five Cent Savings Bank, has been removed from the store of Wm. Woodbury, to the rooms over A. E. Thompson's store, Wade's Block.

JAMES N. DOW, Treasurer.

Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. H. WINSLOW & CO.

[ESTABLISHED 1850.]

100,000 WATCHES, CHAINS, SILVER ARTICLES, &c., WORTH \$500,000!!

TO BE SOLD AT ONE DOLLAR EACH WITH-OUT REGARD TO VALUE!

And not to be paid for until you know what you are to get!

A SPLENDID LIST OF ARTICLES, each

100 Gold Hunter Cased Watches \$115

100 Gold Watches 70

200 Ladies' Gold Watches 40

500 Ladies' and Gent's Silver Watches 18

1000 Revolving Canteens \$15 to 18

3000 Drinking Cups 7 to 10

5000 Oval and Chased Gold Bracelets, 5 to 10

3000 Vest, Neck, and Guard Chains, 5 to 10

3000 Ladies' California Diamond Rings, 3 to 8

3000 Magic Spring and Snap Lockets, 4 to 8

10000 Gold Pens and Silver Mounted Holders, 4 to 5

10000 Gold Pens with Silver Extension Cases, 5 to 6

5000 Sets Ladies' Jewelry 5 to 10

NEW ARRIVAL!

A. E. THOMPSON
has just received a

Large Stock of Cloths,
FOR
MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Also, various styles of PLAIN AND FANCY
FLANNELS, which he will sell at reduced
prices. Please call and examine the stock at
No. 3 WIDE'S BLOCK.

TEETH!!! GREAT REDUCTIONS!!!
Our prices are computed on the basis of gold, but, as
follows: Sets of carved teeth (very natural) from
\$10 to \$25. Sets of carved teeth (very natural) \$30.
Pure gold fillings, \$1 to \$5. Cautious (no metal) in
appearance like silver fillings, 50 cts. to \$2.
Teeth extracted, ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN, by
the use of Ether or Nitrous Oxide.

All our work warranted.
O. P. ROGERS, Dentist,
34 Winter Street, Boston.
dec16-6m

WANT D!
20 GOOD SMART GIRLS can obtain steady
employment at good wages, by applying to
S. SIMMONS & SON, Woburn.

For Sale:
A large, two-story house, containing
13 well-finished rooms, pleasantly
situated on Mount Pleasant St.,
together with a small barn. A lot
containing between 1400 and 1500
feet of land. For further information
apply to Mrs. STEPHEN
THOMPSON, on Main Street,
Woburn, Nov. 4, 1865. 3m*

AMBROSE BANCROFT,
CARPENTER & BUILDER.
SHOP OVER SOLE'S PROVISION STORE.
nov 18-3m*

NOTICE.
The citizens of Stoneham and vicinity
will always find at Dr. Goodrich's
DRUG STORE,
a fresh supply of pure Drugs and Medicines, Per-
fumery and Fancy Goods, Letter, Cap, and Note
Paper, Pens, Pencils, Superior Ink, and all other
articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians
prescriptions carefully compounded.
The above articles will be warranted as repre-
sented, and sold at the lowest cash prices.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. 1f

Cough No More
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLOUS COUGH
BALM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarse-
ness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Con-
sumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 28 Hanover Street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. nov11-

Pile Remedy
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured
thousands of the worst cases of Hemorrhoids and
Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief and affords
a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents a bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 28 Hanover Street, Boston.
Sole Agents for New England. nov11-

**MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL VOYAGE OF DISCOVERY** for Married
Persons—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons or those about to marry, both Male and Female,
in everything concerning the Physiology and Re-
lations of our Sexual System, and the Production or
Prevention of Offspring, including all the new dis-
coveries never before given in any book. Recommended
by Wm. Young, M.D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain lan-
guage for the general reader, and is illustrated with
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least inclination to married life,
should read this book. It discloses secrets that
every one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book
that must be looked up, and not be read. It is
it will be sent to any one on the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address Dr. Wm. Young, No. 416 Spruce
St., above Fourth, Philadelphia. sept2-6m

GET Hovey's HAIR BALM
AT
C. S. ADKINS'

LIFE INSURANCE.
"A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and
safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
family." Benjamin Franklin, 1763.
The Old Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., with an
accumulation of over \$8,000,000. Proved to be
the best by the highest authority in existence, viz:
The latest Insurance Commission Report just
published. Dividends 50 per cent. annually.
This Co. issue *bona fide* non-forfeiting Policies,
payable in 10, 15, or 20 years, or at death. Divi-
dends continue during life, annually. Policies paid
in life or at death. Parties wishing Insurance
are invited to call and examine Commission Report,
and see for themselves.
SPARROW HORTON, Agent,
at "Woburn Bookstore."

CAUTION
TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 BRAD-
STREET, BOSTON, is consulted daily for all dis-
eases incident to the female system. Pro-
lapsed Uteri or Flours Albus, Suppression, and all
menstrual derangements, are all treated on
new pathological principles, and speedy relief
guaranteed in a very few days. No invariably cer-
tain is this new mode of treatment, that most ob-
stinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted
person soon rejoices in perfect health.
Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in
the cure of the diseases of women than any other
physician in Boston.
Boarding accommodations for patients who may
wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treat-
ment.
Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole
attention to an office practice for the cure of Private
diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges
no superior in the United States.
N. B. All letters must contain one dollar, or
they will not be answered.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, '65. 1y

GIRLS WANTED.
COAT-MAKERS WANTED—AT TERRY'S Tail-
oring Establishment. Also, GIRLS wanted to
learn the trade. sept 2-1f

NITROUS OXYD.
THIS Gas is recommended in preference to Ether
or Chloroform, for the following reasons:
1st. Under ALL circumstances it is perfectly safe.
2d. From one to ten teeth can be extracted at ONE
inhalation, the entire operation lasting only three
minutes, without the least pain to the patient.
3d. It never causes sickness to the Stomach.
4th. It leaves the patient with no lassitude or de-
bilitating feelings.
5th. It is not disagreeable to inhale.
With an extensive practice in the use of Ether,
Chloroform and Nitrous Oxide Gas, and with an ex-
perience of over twenty years in all branches pertai-
ning to Dental Surgery, the Subscriber would be
happy to wait upon all wishing his services.
Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.
J. B. DILLINGHAM, No. 12 Winter St, Boston.
nov18-3m

OYSTERS.
The subscriber is prepared to furnish the people
of Woburn and vicinity, with a choice variety of
Oysters, direct from the shell, as per order, at the
lowest market price, at his saloon on Main Street.
WM. C. PERVEAR.
Woburn, Nov. 18, 1865.—2m*



**THE GREAT
German Heilmittel,**
WILL POSITIVELY CURE
**CATARRH,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS,
COLDS,**
AND THE FIRST STAGES OF
CONSUMPTION.
IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR
DIPHTHERIA.

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physi-
cian of fifteen years' experience, and an
extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmo-
nary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly
the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus
curing thousands who, in vain, have ex-
hausted every other means to obtain relief. A
few of the many certificates of cures in the
possession of the Doctor are here annexed,
which the reader is desired to peruse. They
are not certificates of the death or names of
those who never existed, but parties well
known in Boston and vicinity.

To the Public.—My wife, having been
afflicted with catarrh for years, attended lat-
terly with a bad cough, having used many
remedies and tried the treatment of several of
our best medical men without success, I was
induced by my friends to try the Great Ger-
man Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough
ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and
now she is radically cured. With the cure of
the catarrh, all the symptoms attending this
disagreeable disease, such as discharges from
the nose and dropping into the throat, hawk-
ing, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would
not be without this invaluable remedy, and
advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds,
or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find
it a sure cure. J. H. SILSBY.
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, formerly
of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an
obstinate cough with which my family and
myself have been troubled, and in spite of
our efforts, could not get cured. The cure
was effected in the remarkably short time of
two days.
My neighbor, Mrs. Merrill, had a child who
was suffering with a cough, and bleeding from
the lungs, and to them, also, I gave part of a
bottle. She reports a perfect cure of her
child by this remarkable remedy, the Great
German Heilmittel.
THEODORE COLLAMORE.
Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or
more with a bad cough. Having lost my
husband with consumption, was consequent-
ly fearful of losing my child by the same dis-
ease. My friends and physicians who saw
my child, pronounced it already consumption.
Although somewhat discouraged by these
counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I
am happy to state that I was successful by the
use of the German Heilmittel. My son's
cough disappeared, his general health im-
proved, and gained strength, and subsequent-
ly was radically cured, and has remained so
for the last two years, never having the
cough return. MRS. J. L. LANG,
No. 10 Bedford Street, Boston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great Ger-
man Heilmittel, I should have certainly been
dead long ago. All that ever cured my
catarrh and saved me from consumption, I
owe to this invaluable remedy.
ROBERT WRIGHT.
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me
of a severe cough which almost ran me into
consumption—thanks to the Heilmittel—I
am now perfectly well.
WM. B. FISKE,
24th St. N. Y.

My wife has suffered with catarrh and
bronchitis for years. About a year ago last
winter, she was completely run down in
strength, and my physician pronounced her
case consumption. Being anxious to do all
that could be done for her, I bought a bottle
of the German Heilmittel. By the use of
the very first bottle, my wife began to im-
prove, and after using but six bottles of it,
entirely recovered her health. I consider
myself very fortunate in trying this remedy,
and deem it my duty to recommend it to all
who are suffering with even the slightest cold
or cough.
EBENEZ. NASH,
Wrentham, Mass.

Having used the great German Heilmittel
in my family, and prescribed it in my prac-
tice, with the very best of success in the
treatment of coughs, colds, catarrh, bron-
chitis, I can but recommend it to the public
as a safe and speedy cure for the above named
diseases.
J. Q. A. FRENCH, M. D.,
Hillsboro, N. H.

I have used the German Heilmittel for a
bad case of Catarrh, attended with a distress-
ing cough, with perfect success, and can but
recommend it to the public as the best reme-
dy for the above mentioned complaint.
NEWELL TOWLE,
Riding Academy, 415 Washington St. Boston.

The Great German Heilmittel
Is for Sale by all Druggists.
PRICE PER BOTTLE
\$2.00.
WEEKS & POTTER,
No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.,
General Agents.
For sale in Woburn by
William C. Brigham.

Western Massachusetts
INSURANCE
COMPANY,
PITTSFIELD, MASS.
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS,
\$256,741.56.
This Company will insure Real and Personal
Property against loss by
Fire on as favorable terms
as other responsible
Companies.
Losses equitably adjusted and
promptly PAID.
J. N. DUNHAM, ENSIGN H. KELLOGG,
Secretary. President.
SAMUEL E. HOWE, Assistant Secretary.

Sparrow Horton, Agt.
At Woburn Bookstore.
Cards printed at this Office.

W. M. WESTON,
WATCH MAKER,
No. 11 Brattle Square, Boston,
No. 1 FRANKLIN STREET, WOBURN, MASS.,
where ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED,
aug19-15*

A. H. COWDREY, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
Respectfully tenders his services to the inhabitants
of STONEHAM and vicinity.
OFFICE OVER MONTAGUE'S STORE,
Main St., Stoneham, Mass. July 29

SAMUEL W. ABBOTT, M.D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
PLEASANT ST., OPPOSITE THE COMMON,
Woburn Mass.
July 8, 1865. 6m*

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M.D.,
Physician and Surgeon
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

Wm. Symington Brown, M.D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
CENTRAL STREET,
(Near the Town Hall.)
STONEHAM, MASS.
sept2-6m

DR. C. T. LANG,
Surgeon Dentist.
Cor. Wm. and Pleasant Sts.
Woburn Centre, Mass.

CHARLES A. SMITH,
DEALER IN
American and Foreign
DRY GOODS,
Bank Block, - Woburn

A. B. COFFIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
No. 4 NILES BLOCK, BOSTON.
Entrance from Court Square and 33 School Street

A. V. HAYNES,
HARNESSE MAKER,
AND DEALER IN
Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags,
Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c.
Repairing done at short notice.
Opposite the Central House, Woburn.

G. R. GAGE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
New Bank Building, Woburn,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends an
the public, that he is now located in his new
store, where, with increased facilities, he is ready
to fill their orders with promptness and despatch.

BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS
made in the best style, and warranted to fit
Particular attention paid to making
Boys Clothing.

He has on hand a large stock of the best and
latest styles of clothing, and will make up to order at the most
reasonable rates.
FURNISHING GOODS
of all kinds, and of the best qualities, constantly
on hand.

Sparrow Horton,
FIRE & LIFE
"Insurance Agent."

PENSIONS, Bounty, Back Pay and
other Claims on United States, obtained
promptly.
Passage Tickets between Liverpool and Boston,
per steamer or sailer, for sale. Also,
Drafts for £1 Sterling and upwards,
payable in ENGLAND, IRELAND or SCOTLAND,
Office at "WOBURN BOOKSTORE."
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865. 1y

HORACE COLLAMORE,
DEPUTY SHERIFF FOR MIDDLESEX
COUNTY.
OFFICE—14 WADE'S BLOCK,
Woburn Centre.

J. G. CHAPMAN
WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants
of Woburn and vicinity that he has taken the
establishment lately occupied by A. L. WRIGHT, in
OAKLEY COURT, where he will carry on the busi-
ness of
PAINTING, &c.
In its various branches.
Woburn, July 29, 1865.—6m

BRUSHES,
FOR THE
HAIR, TEETH, AND CLOTHING.
For sale by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

PERFUMERY.
LUBINS, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
PHALONS, and EMBREUS'
Popular Extracts for the hair, hand, face, and
different odors. For sale by
sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.

WOBURN MARBLE & GRANITE
STONE-WORKS.
THE subscribers offer for sale the largest
and best assortment of
Monuments and Gravestones
ever offered in Middlesex County, at prices which
cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. Particular
attention given to the
Fitting up of Cemetery Lots
with GRANITE EDGE-STONE and POSTS
Also, all kinds of Granite Stone-work for
Building purposes furnished to order.
OFFICE—Next door North of Allen's Coffin
Warehouses, Main Street, Woburn Centre, Mass.
A. SCOTT & CO.
Woburn, Feb. 18th, 1865.—21 y.

SOME FOLKS CAN'T SLEEP
NIGHTS!
STRONG & ARMSTRONG,
Wholesale Druggists,—Cleveland Ohio.
Are now prepared to supply Hospitals, Physicians,
and the trade, with the standard and invaluable
remedy
DODD'S NERVINE.

This article supplies all known preparations for
the cure of all forms of
NERVOUSNESS!
It is rapidly superseding all preparations of
Opium, and Valerian—the well known result of
difficulties—as it allays Irritation, Restlessness and
Spasms, and induces regular action of the bowels
and sedative organs.
No preparation for Nervous Diseases ever sold so
readily or met with such universal approval. For
Pins, sleeplessness, Loss of Energy, Peculiar Female
Weakness and Irritability, and all the fearful
mental and bodily symptoms that follow in the train
of nervous disease, Dodd's Nervine is the best remedy
known to science. Sold by all Druggists. Price
\$1.00.
H. B. STORER & CO., Proprietors,
dec2-6m 64 John Street, New York.

MIDDLESEX
WAR-CLAIM ASSOCIATION,
Office, 4 Niles Block, 33 School St., Boston.
THIS ASSOCIATION has been formed to
aid Soldiers, Seamen, and their Families, in
obtaining PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY,
PRIZE MONEY, LAND, and other claims against
the Government, without charge, until the claims
are paid.
Applications for the collection of claims should be
made by letter, or in person, to the Attorney
of the Association, A. B. COFFIN, 33 SCHOOL
STREET, BOSTON.
Advice will be given by the Attorney without
charge.
Hos. JOEL PARKER, President
Hos. D. W. GOOCH, Vice President.
Hos. GEO. S. BOUTWELL, J. C. Brewster,
Directors.—Joel Parker, Geo. S. Boutwell,
W. Joseph, Leonard Huntress, James M. Shute,
Phineas J. Stone, Chas. Hudson, E. J. Collins,
Amos Stone, B. Hooford, Horace Cobb, J. H.
Wait, Charles Kimball, John K. Goring.
A. B. COFFIN, Attorney, (4 Niles Block), 33
School Street, Boston.
June 21-1y

CENTRAL HOUSE,
MAIN STREET,
WOBURN CENTRE, MASS.
L. B. NORRIS, - PROPRIETOR.
The undersigned, having completed the altera-
tions and repairs on this commodious and cen-
trally located Hotel, is now prepared to receive
transient and permanent boarders. Gentlemen,
with their families, can be accommodated with ex-
cellent rooms, newly furnished.
No expense will be spared in an endeavor to make
the Central House equal to any hotel in the County.
The tables are always supplied with the best
material and in this respect the proprietor
feels sure that he can give satisfaction to his guests.
L. B. NORRIS.
Woburn, Sept. 9, 1865.

L. H. ALLEN,
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER.
FURNISHES at his Warehouse, four doors
north of depot, Caskets of all sizes and
qualities. Black Walnut, Mahogany, White Wood,
and Pine, of every size and price. Plates of
various styles, and Plain and Fancy Handles,
Thibet, Cashmere, Colored, Lawn, Muslin, and
Cambric Shrouds. Metallic Caskets furnished at
the shortest notice. Everything furnished at the
lowest living prices.
The subscriber now offers to the public his
new and elegant HEARSE, which has been man-
ufactured expressly to his order, and which he will
furnish with one or two pair of horses, at the usual
price.
He likewise offers the new invention for pre-
serving the bodies of deceased persons by cold air,
alone, without the direct application of ice, which
is so repugnant to the feelings. When preserved
by the cold air process, a glass reveals at any mo-
ment the features of the departed, and the corpse
will keep much longer than in the ordinary way.
The subscriber would take this opportunity to
return his thanks for the liberal patronage he has
hitherto received, and hopes with his new im-
provement to continue to give his customers the
highest satisfaction.
All orders answered with promptness, and Coff-
ins delivered within ten miles free of expense.
L. H. ALLEN.
Woburn Centre, July 29, 1865.

REMOVAL
COAL, WOOD, &c.
THE Subscriber informs the inhabitants of
Woburn and vicinity, that he has removed
his Counting Room to the yard formerly occu-
pied by the Haywards, just below the Railroad
depot, where he will continue the Coal Business,
in all its branches, as heretofore. He trusts, by
giving strict attention to business, and always
keeping on hand the different kinds of COAL,
WOOD, &c., to receive that generous share of
public patronage which has heretofore been ac-
corded to him.
JOS. B. McDONALD.
Woburn Jan. 7, 1865.

C. S. ADKINS,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
Confectionery, &c. &c.
WOULD respectfully call the attention
of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a
good assortment of
Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink,
Said, Maudsley, Sealing Wax, and
all articles usually found
in a Stationery
Store.
Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
CONFECTIONERY of all kinds, and
of the best quality.
Also, Hovey's HAIR BALM, one of the best
preparations for the Hair, offered to the public.

OPPOSITE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.
MEAT AND VEGETABLE
MARKET.

The subscriber, thankful for past
liberal patronage, informs the public that
he is still to be found at the old stand, on
Main street, formerly occupied by Hiram
Whitford, where he will keep constantly
on hand and for sale, at low prices, a
choice assortment of all kinds of

Fresh and salt Meats.
Fish, smoked and pickled.
Sausages, common and Bologna.
Butter,
Cheese,
Eggs,
Beans,
And a good variety of all the leading
Vegetables for the table. Also, Fruit,
of all kinds.

Every effort will be made to de-
serve and secure the patronage of the
public.
F. A. HARTWELL.
Woburn, July 15, 1865.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.
THE celebrated DR. DOW continues to devote his
time to the treatment of all diseases in-
herent to the female system. An experience of twenty-
three years enables him to guarantee speedy and
permanent relief in the worst cases of Suppression
and all other Menstrual Derangements, from what-
ever cause. All letters for advice must contain \$1.
Office, No. 9 Endicott Street, Boston.
N. B.—Board furnished to those who wish to re-
main under treatment.
Boston, June 24, 1865. 1y

WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
WILD CHERRY
HAS BEEN USED FOR NEARLY HALF A CENTURY,
WITH THE MOST ASTONISHING SUCCESS IN CURING
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza,
Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bron-
chitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every
affection of THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST.

CONSUMPTION,
which carries off more victims than any other dis-
ease, and which baffles the skill of the Physician
to a greater extent than any other malady, often
when all others prove ineffectual,
YIELDS TO THIS REMEDY!

AS A MEDICINE,
RAPID IN RELIEF, SOOTHING IN EFFECT,
SAFE IN ITS OPERATION,
IT IS UNSURPASSED!

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY gives
universal satisfaction. It seems to cure a Cough by
dissolving the phlegm, and by its action on the
lungs, it loosens and cleanses the Lungs, and allaying
irritation, thus REMOVING THE CAUSE, INSTEAD
OF TRYING TO DRIVE IT UP THE THROAT AND IN-
FLAMING THE BRONCHES. I consider the Balsam as good as
any, if not the best, Cough medicine with which I
am acquainted.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.
From REV. FRANCIS LOVELL, Pastor of the South
Congregational Church, Bridgeport, Connecticut.
BRIDGEPORT, January 21, 1864.
Gentlemen:—I consider it a duty which I owe to
suffering humanity to bear testimony to the virtues
of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I have
used it when I have had occasion for any remedy
for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many
years, and never, in a single instance, have failed
to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very
ill on Saturday, and looked forward to the de-
livery of two sermons on the following morning, and
misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam, my
hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have
preached without difficulty.

I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and
to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for
the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly
exposed.
Entirely unsolicited, I send you this testimonial,
which you are at liberty to use in any manner you
choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all
persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness,
and fits me for the minister's hard working day—the
Sabbath.
Very truly yours, FRANCIS LOVELL.

Price One Dollar a Bottle.
PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SON, TREMONT ST.,
BOSTON.
AND FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES WOUNDS, BRUISES, SPRAINS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES RINGWORMS, WARTS, &c.
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES BOILS, ULCERS, CANCERS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES CORNS, FELONS, PILLS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES FROZEN LIMBS, AND CHILBLAINS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve
CURES CHAPPED HANDS, AND BLISTERS,
Grace's Celebrated Salve

is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and re-
duces the most angry-looking swellings and inflam-
mations, as if by magic.—Thus affording relief and a
complete cure.
ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX!
(Sent by mail for 35 cents.)
SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston,
PROPRIETORS.
For sale by all Druggists, Grocers, and at all country
stores.

THE
PERUVIAN
SYRUP
IS A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE
PROTOXIDE OF IRON,
STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF DISEASE,
by supplying the Blood with its vital principle, or
element—IRON.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this
DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY,
CHRONIC DIARRHOEA, BOILS, NERVOUS
AFFECTIONS, (CHILLS AND FEVERS),
HUMORS, LOSS OF CONSTITU-
TIONAL VIGOR, DISEASES OF
THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, FEMALE COM-
PLAINTS,
and all diseases originating in a
BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD
or accompanied by DEBILITY or a LOW STATE
OF THE SYSTEM.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, its energiz-
ing effects are not followed by corresponding reac-
tion, but are permanent, infusing STRENGTH, VIGOR
and NEW LIFE into all parts of the system, and
building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY.
FROM THE VENERABLE ARCHDEACON SCOTT, B.D.,
DUNHAM, Canada East, March 24, 1865.
"I am an invalid of more
THAN 25 YEARS' STANDING."
"I have been so wonderfully benefited in
the three short weeks during which I have used the
Peruvian Syrup, that I can scarcely persuade myself
of the reality. People who have known me as
astounded at the change, are widely known, and
can but recommend to others that which has done
so much for me." * * * * *

A Case of 27 Years' Standing Cured!
FROM LINSLEY JEWETT, No. 15 AVON Place, Boston.
"I have suffered, and sometimes severely, for 27
years, from dyspepsia, indigestion, and debility.
The Peruvian Syrup, and found immediate benefit from
it. In the course of three or four weeks I was en-
tirely relieved from my suffering, and have enjoyed
uninterrupted health ever since."

A CLERGYMAN WRITES AS FOLLOWS:
"My voyage to Europe is indefinitely postponed.
I have discovered that the extract of Sarsaparilla, sold
on the side of the Atlantic. Three bottles of Peruvian
Syrup have rescued me from the fangs of the fiend
Dyspepsia."
Thousands have been changed by the use of this
remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to
strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and in-
valuable cures have been effected, to give a trial.
A pamphlet of 32 pages, containing certificates of
cures and recommendations from some of the most
eminent physicians, clergymen, and others, besides
much other valuable and interesting matter, will be
sent FREE to any one sending us their names and
residence.

"See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP
blown in the glass."
FOR SALE BY
J. P. DINSMORE, 36 Dry Street, New York.
SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., Boston,
And by all Druggists.

1044HE.
DR. H. ANDERS' IODINE WATER.
A pure solution of Iodine, WITHOUT A SOLVENT!
Containing A FULL GRAIN to each ounce of water.
The most Powerful Vitalizing Agent and
Restorative known.

It has cured and will cure SCROFULA in all its
manifest forms,
ULCERS, CANCERS, SYPHILIS,
SALT RHEUM,
and it has been used with astonishing success in
cases of
RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, CONSUMPTION,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, HEART LIVER,
AND KIDNEY DISEASES, &c.
Our Circular will be sent FREE to any address.
Price \$1.00 a bottle, or 6 for \$5.00. Have care!
DR. H. ANDERS & CO., Physicians & Chemists,
428 Broadway, New York.
Also for sale by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18
Tremont Street, Boston, and by Druggists generally.
oct28-copy

WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
WILD CHERRY
HAS BEEN USED FOR NEARLY HALF A CENTURY,
WITH THE MOST ASTONISHING SUCCESS IN CURING
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza,
Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bron-
chitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every
affection of THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND

Middlesex Journal.

Devoted to the Local Interests of Woburn, Winchester, Stoneham, Reading, North & South Reading, Wilmington, Burlington and Lexington.

Vol. XV: No. 14.

WOBURN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1865.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR
SINGLE COPY 4 CENTS

CHRISTMAS SPECIAL NOTICES.

NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

FRANK B. DODGE

has just received,

From New York and Boston,

a large addition to his stock of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE,

FANCY GOODS,

&c., &c. &c.,

suitable for

PRESENTS!

His stock consists of all kinds of

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

Fine Silver and

Plated Ware—

SUCH AS

Castors, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitch-

ers, Spoon Holders, Children's

Cups, Goblets, Forks, Spoons,

Ladies' Butter and Pie Knives,

Napkin Rings.

Fine Table Cutlery.

RAZORS

POCKET KNIVES,

and every article usually found in a

FIRST CLASS

Jewelry Store!

Every article warranted to be as

represented

FINE WATCHES

REPAIRED & WARRANTED.

ALL KINDS OF

CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED TO GIVE

SATISFACTION.

OLD GOLD and SILVER taken in

exchange.

Gold, Silver and Steel SPECTACLES,

EYE-GLASSES, &c.

PHOTOGRAPH AND TIN-TYPE

ALBUMS.

LADIES' SHOPPING BAGS.

Engraving Done to Order.

All goods sold by me, engraved

free of charge.

Frank B. Dodge,

OPPOSITE THE WOBURN BANK.

Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.

Woburn, Dec. 8, 1865.

We, the undersigned, agree to close our Places of

Business WEDNESDAY Evenings at 6 o'clock,

P. M., from December 13th, 1865, to April 1st, 1866,

provided it is universal.

NAMES.

Alexander Ellis,

A. S. Hayward,

Sigmund Hart & Co.,

J. H. Conolly,

E. E. Poole, Agent,

William R. Wyman,

Alvah Buckman,

Angus Kennedy,

Rufus Smith,

W. A. Haslam,

C. W. Oxford & Co.,

Wm. Woodberry,

A. V. Haynes,

M. E. Field,

dec'd

NAMES.

A. E. Thompson,

Chas. W. May,

Chas. A. Smith,

G. R. Gage,

P. C. Chan,

J. W. Hammond,

H. A. Gleson,

Daniel & Leslie,

Frank B. Dodge,

J. P. Teller,

Philip Tarr,

L. Thompson, Jr.,

J. May,

M. Tarr,

Henry Carnes.

SELECTIONS OFFICE.

Woburn, December 14th, 1865.

Public notice is hereby given that the Selection

and School Committee will meet at the School

Office, on Thursday, the fourth day of January, 1866,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of filling a vacancy

in the Board of School Committee, caused by the

resignation of Rev. J. Spencer Kennerly.

By order of the Board of Selections,

A. E. THOMPSON, Clerk.

B. T. H. PORTER,

INSURANCE AGENT,

WOBURN, MASS.

B. T. H. PORTER has taken the office over A.

E. Thompson's store, where he will continue to

effect insurance in reliable Stock and Mutual

Insurance Companies.

Woburn, Dec. 16th, 1865.—6m

THE CELEBRATED

HOWE SEWING MACHINES,

MANUFACTURED BY THE HOWE MACHINE CO.

CHARLES PIERCE is agent for the above

machine for the town of Woburn. Shop over

Hart's grocery store, Main Street. Persons

possessing this machine of Mr. Pierce will be given

all necessary information for running the same, gratis.

dec'd—2m

WHISKERS! WHISKERS!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our

Great Compound will force them to grow on the

smoothest face or on the bald head. Price 50

cents. Price \$1.00—3 packages for \$2.00. Sent by

mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price.

Address, WARREN & CO., Box 138, Brooklyn,

N. Y. ap15—1y

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs,

forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular

music, for \$80.00 to \$600.00 each. FIFTY-ONE

GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premi-

ums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free.

Address, MASON & HAMLIN, BOSTON, or MA-

SON BROTHERS, New York. sept 9—1y

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHIL-

BLAINS, and all Eruptions of the SKIN.

Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole

Agents, 129 Washington street, Boston, it will be

forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the

United States. oct28—1y

Is Health Worth Having?

If it is, protect it. It is a jewel as easily lost as

virtue, and in some cases as difficult to recover.

Nature, in our climate, and especially at this season,

requires to be occasionally reinforced. But every-

thing depends upon the tonic used for this purpose.

The medicinal tinctures, all of which are based on

common alcohol, are dangerous. Quinine, as every-

body finds out who takes much of it, is a slow

poison. One safe protective from all unhealthy at-

mospheric influences exists, and one only. This

powerful preventive is HOSSETT'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS, a compound of the purest

stimulant even manufactured, with the most ef-

fective tonics, alteratives, regulators, and depurators

that chemistry has yet extracted from the botanical

kingdom. Convalescents, languid and feeble from

recent sickness, will find the Bitters an incompar-

able Restorative, no disagreeable to the taste, and

eminently invigorating. No other stimulant pro-

duces the same effect as the Stomachic. It does not

excite or flutter the nerves, or occasion any undue

arterial action; but at once soothes and strengthens

the nervous system and the animal spirits.

dec'd—1y

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD

BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat

Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE

IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Con-

sumptive and Throat Diseases.

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

Singers and Public Speakers

will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when

taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the

throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs.

The Troches are recommended and prescribed by

Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent

men throughout the country. Being an article of

true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a

test of many years, each year finds them in new lo-

calities in various parts of the world, and the Troches

are universally pronounced better than other arti-

cles.

OBTAIN ONLY "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,"

and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that

may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in For-

eign Countries, at 30 cents per box. oct28—6m

J. C. BODWELL, JR.,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,

13 TREMONT ROW, BOSTON.

THE USES OF LIFE.

Though we climb fame's proudest height,

Though we sit on hills afar,

Where the thrones of triumph are;

Though all deepest mysteries be open to our

sight,

If we win not by that power

For the world another dower—

If this great Humanity share not in our gain,

We have lived our life in vain.

Though we revel in sweet dreams;

Though with poet's eye we look

Full on Nature's open book,

And our spirits waltz among with the birds

and the streams;

If we let no music in

To the world of grief and sin—

If we draw no spirit heavenly by the strain,

We have lived our life in vain.

Though our lot be calm and bright;

Though upon our brows we wear

Youth and grace, and beauty rare,

And the hours go swiftly, shining in their

flight;

If we let no glory down

Any darkened life to crown—

If our grace and joyance have no ministry for

pain,

We have lived our life in vain.

Though for weary years we toil,

Though we dig for all gold

From the mines of wealth untold,

Though from the arched shores of ocean we

have brought the sea and sun

What at the last is won

If we hear not God's "Well done?"

If the world's want and sorrow be not lessened

by our gain,

We have lived our life in vain.

Though we be in heart and hand,

Mighty with all foes to cope,

Rich in courage and in hope,

Fitted as strong laborers in the world to stand;

If with these we fight no wrong

What avail it to be strong?

If we strengthen not the weak, raise not the

lowed again,

We have lived our life in vain.

To the giver shall be given—

If thou wouldst walk in light

Make other spirits bright;

Who, seeking for himself alone, ever entered

heaven?

In blessing we are blest;

In labor find our rest.

If we bend not to the world's work, heart, and

hand, and brain,

We have lived our life in vain.

Selfishness is utter loss:

Life's most perfect joy and goal—

Altho' how few have understood!

Only One hath proved it fully, and He died

upon the cross,

Taking on Himself the curse

So to bless a Universe.

If we follow not his steps, through the

pathway straight and plain,

We have lived our life in vain.

THE PORCELAIN BUTTON.

Many of our readers will doubtless re-

member the mysterious murder com-

mitted in Grand Street, Williamsburg, in the

year 1836. The facts are simply these:

Mrs. Weldon, an old inhabitant of Wil-

liamsburg, lived in a small frame house

at the further end of Grand Street, at

that time very sparsely built up. A niece

and a servant girl were the only persons

residing with her. The domestic had

lived with Mrs. Weldon for five years,

and was considered a good servant.

Mrs. Weldon, a widow lady of am-

ple means in the shape of an annuity

which was paid to her quarterly, but

which was to cease with her death. She

was rather miserly in her disposition, and

accustomed to hoard up money. Her

husband at one time had lost a consider-

able amount by the breaking of a bank,

and since then no one could persuade her

</

The Middlesex Journal,
AND
WOBBURN TOWNSMAN.

WOBBURN:
SATURDAY, DEC. 30, 1865.

JOB WORK, of all kinds, in plain or fancy colors, promptly executed. Book and Pamphlet work done in the very best style. Orders by mail or express faithfully attended to.

The large country circulation of the JOURNAL, renders it particularly valuable as the medium for the publication of Probate advertisements, sales of Real Estate, and other notices of interest to the farming population.

E. MARCHANT, Proprietor.

THE OLD AND NEW YEAR.—With this day's issue we terminate our publication for 1865, and with our next paper open that of 1866, and we desire to mark this transition from old to new, of one year to another, by a few reflections. In taking leave of one, who has been our inseparable companion for so long a time, we have gratefully to acknowledge the many pleasant hours we have spent together. Making its acquaintance in midwinter amid frosts and snow, we part company while the ice holds in bonds our rivers and ponds. But we remember, the sunny days in Spring, Summer and early Autumn, we have spent together, and the many agreeable acquaintances, instructive books, and favorable providences in our pathway. Late Autumn and winter have furnished their share of happiness, as the truthfulness of Cowper's muse sets forth:—

"Thou hast held the sun
Shortening his journey between morn and noon,
And hurrying him, impatient of his stay,
Down to the rosy west; but kindly still
Compensating his loss with added hours
Of social converse and instructive ease,
And gathering, at short notice, in one group
The family dispersed, and fixing thought
Not less dispersed by thought, in thy career.
I crown thee king of intimate delights,
Fire-side enjoyments, home-born happiness,
And all the comforts that the lowly roof
Of unobtruded retirement, and the hours
Of long, uninterrupted evening, know."

The pendulous icicles from trees and buildings have hung like jewels in the show of night, and the drifted snows have seemed like finest sculpture in the light of day.

How beautiful has the earth been in Spring and Summer, and what bountiful harvests have been gathered for man and beast. But more beautiful than the garniture of the seasons, has been the white banner of peace waving over the whole land, and the kinder feelings which have sprung up towards each other in the North and in the South. For this, more than for all things besides, will the year of 1865 be memorable, and be endeared to the hearts of every patriot and philanthropist. How many have returned from war to take their seats once more in the household circle, and how many who would, if the war had continued, have left home for the battle field, have remained in the bosoms of happy households. The lives that have thus been saved and the mournings that have thus been prevented, are wreaths of glory bound around the brow of the departing year. And what shall we say of the births of the year? In future times, how many honored names will claim to have been born in the now receding year—how many beautiful and accomplished women and how many gifted and useful men? Inventions to hasten on the progress of the race, and works commenced or finished, to leave their mark of benefit for ages on the land, will be associated with the vanishing year.

And what shall we say of the dead of 1865? Foremost of our public men, the lamented President LINCOLN, falling in such an extraordinary manner, and at such a crisis in our nation's history, comes up for remembrance. Of the deaths of other public men, in civil, military and naval life, we need not make particular mention, but simply remark, that our losses have been neither few nor unimportant, and if we extend our view to other nations, we may write the names of some of the most celebrated men in the walks of literature and science. In private life men and women of great excellence have past away. Children of all ages, and young persons just coming into active and business life, like flowers of the field have bloomed, exhaled their sweets and vanished. The passing year will ever be linked by fond hearts with such departings.

Welcome to the New Year! and none the less that we know not what of weal or woe it may bring. Borne on the wings of hope, we see our country reviving from the depression of war, and availing itself of the great resources at its command, proceeding on its prosperous way. New names are being inscribed as students in our schools and colleges, and new graduates are to go forth. New men in art, trade, literature, politics, and religion, are to arise with honorable mention. Our Congress will have restored back to our brethren of the South, and hand in hand, this company of States are to walk together in fraternal love, the exercise of courtesy and the putting forth of efforts for the well being of each and all.

To our friends, one and all, we return our thanks for kindness and aid, and solicit for all the blessing of GOD, while we wish them a HAPPY NEW YEAR!

(For the Middlesex Journal.)
SONNET FOR THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

What shadows we, what shades we all pursue.
How strange the ends we fondly have in view.—
Striving for good which never fills the mind;
Tolling for events with bitter end combined;
For pleasures mixed with every base alloy;
For treasures which the moth and rust destroy;
For honors' wreath that fades like summer flower.

Gor Glory's crown that changes with the hours;
For wealth that keeps the soul from heavenly powers;
For wisdom which is "foolishness with God;"
For power that not an insect's life can save;
For beauty that must perish in the grave.
We grasp the objects our ambition gains,
And sigh to find no little for our pains!

(Greenwood, Dec., 1865.) P. H. S.

STONEHAM.—A few of Rev. Mr. Byington's friends in Stoneham sent him a Christmas present of four hundred dollars on Monday last.

The Boston Congregationalist publishes the contributions in 280 of the Congregational churches toward the \$200,000 church building fund. They foot up something over \$60,536. There are about 3,000 churches of that denomination in the country, and if the rest have done as well as those heard from the desired sum is doubtless made up.

WOBBURN LOCALS.

MR. EDITOR:—Through the opening gate of lengthening days, and increasing sunlight, the New Year is just dawning upon us. How fit it is that January should be the infant month of the year. As the year grows old, the sun sinks lower and lower, and the days, moment by moment, loose the cheering orb of day, until just at its close the lowest ebb is reached, and then "God's blessed sunlight," pours in with freer strength to warm and nourish the infant year, to cheer the drear and frozen earth, to fall upon the patches of pale green that show where spring is still sleeping.

"No sound but sounds of joy
Salute the year—the first-foot's entering step,
That sudden on the floor is welcome heard;
The laugh, the hearty kiss, the good year
Pronounced with honest mirth.
Makes all to feel that life has still its joys.
The aged and the young, man, woman, child
Taste in social glow, on this glad morn
Which ushers in the year."

An imaginary milestone on the turnpike track of human life, this "new year's day" presents at once a resting-place for thought and meditation, and a starting-point for fresh exertion in the performance of our journey. The man must be either very good or very bad who does not at least propose to himself to be better the year just dawning than during the one whose sands are nearly run, as the glass is turning in the hand of Time.

SOCIAL FESTIVAL.—The festival held in Lyceum Hall on the 22d inst., for the benefit of the Freedmen's Aid Society in Woburn, lacked much that has in former times contributed to make such gatherings both profitable to the holders, and enjoyable to those who attend. There was a good array upon the various tables, but the absence of singing, speaking, or other matters to relieve the monotony of the evening, was a disappointment to all who were present. The attendance was smaller than has ever before been gathered on a similar occasion. The avails amounted to \$600.

SMASH-UP.—Last week Friday morning a heavy freight train was thrown from the track by the breaking of a rail near the Woburn W. Station, on the B. & L. R. R., smashing things up generally, and causing some delay to the passenger trains.

CHRISTMAS GATHERINGS.—Monday evening the children connected with the Baptist church held a festival in the vestry, and enjoyed a most pleasant evening. Two large Christmas trees, loaded with the variety of presents one could easily conceive of, ornamented the hall, and nearly every child present was made happy by the receipt of some gift from the hand of the one personifying "Santa Claus." It was a gathering to be looked back upon with pleasure by old as well as young.

At the Unitarian church a Christmas tree was set up, bearing on its branches presents from the teachers to every scholar connected with their several classes, and many other valuable gifts. Such a distribution is more pleasant than any other, for a child can receive no more bitter disappointment than to be overlooked at such a time.

NEW YEAR'S GATHERING.—New year's evening the Sunday Schools of the First Congregational church will hold a festival in the large lecture-room of that church, similar to the one held by the Baptist society Christmas evening.

SLEIGHS.—Sleighs, as elegant and rich as anything can be in this line have just been completed for three citizens of Woburn, and they are receiving their finishing touches at the hands of Mr. P. Smith. Persons who like to examine a fine piece of work would do well to call and see them, for their owners do not seem to have much chance for showing them in our streets. No doubt they wish this winter was more like last.

The hopes of livery stable keepers of having sleighing Christmas, dissolved, like the snow, in the rain which fell Sunday afternoon, leaving the roads in condition neither for sleighing or wheeling.

A friend wishes to know if the frequent change of text books in our public schools can be reckoned among the advantages of our system of education? The book publishers seem to consider it so, but perhaps they are too much interested to be competent judges.

There are many who endeavor to frown down anything which savors of excitement in any important movement, and it is often carried on with a dogmatism really surprising in the face of the every day history of life. As we expect the air in the bottom of a well to be clear and elastic, as that the moral atmosphere shall be clear and salutary without the breezes of excitement.

I notice the return from his somewhat extended tour to California and other places, of the "P. L. C." correspondent of the Journal. I know I give expression to a general feeling in hoping his interesting letters will not cease with his wanderings, but that he will allow us to be his "compagnons de voyage" as far as may be through the medium of such letters as he writes.

WATCH MEETING.—There will be what is termed a "watch meeting" in that denomination held in the Methodist church, Sunday, Dec. 31st. The old year will be seen out and the new year ushered in with appropriate religious exercises. The meeting will be open to any who may choose to attend.

The next number of the Journal will probably be issued from the new office, in the building recently erected by Mr. L. B. Norris, near the Central House.

LATE TRAIN.—Last Saturday the B. & L. R. Co., ran a train from Boston at 11 o'clock, for the accommodation of concert goers. A similar arrangement has been made for the 31st inst.

The weather this week has seemed more like spring than winter, and its damp and unhealthy atmosphere has scattered a large number of colds through the community.

ANNUAL BALL.—The Irish Literary Association, of this town, have issued circulars for their eighth annual ball, which will be held in Lyceum Hall, on Friday evening, Jan. 12th, 1866. The Metropolitan Band will furnish music.

The arrangements for the social party to be held in Lyceum Hall, Jan. 4th, by the Phalanx Associates and Co. G. are nearly completed, and it promises to be a most pleasant and successful assembly.

LUKE R. BOUT.

Christmas was a truly pleasant season for the Sabbath School children and their friends at North Woburn. Some were a little apprehensive that Santa Claus might hesitate to come down a steeple and bestow his wondrous gifts in a church lighted and thronged, as he is known to delight in secrecy and the night. Would he dispense with stockings and display his presents to his young friends upon a Christmas tree? It was said he had done so in a few instances, and sure enough, when, at the hour fixed upon by the knowing ones, the church doors were opened, parents, teachers and children hurrying in, beheld a large tree, loaded with every variety of things, amusing, beautiful and useful.

There was at once a happy mingling of religious, social and family enjoyments, surprising and gratifying to all. A new, and we trust abiding impression, was made of God's gift to our world in the Babe of Bethlehem, whom the wise men, guided by the star so beautifully represented in the church that evening, found and worshipped.

After singing by the children and the choir—which had an unusual inspiration and appropriateness—and remarks by the pastor, the beautiful tree began to shed its fruits in their season, and in such a way as to surprise and gladden many hearts besides the children. It seemed spontaneous to be generous and grateful and to remember Him through whose gift of Himself for us, come all other good things. Having had no general meeting except for Sabbath services during the nineteen years of its life, our Sabbath School gains new courage, and we hope new strength in its delightful and sacred work.

It was manifest on this occasion as on a previous one, that there are those in and near North Woburn, who have learned the right use of money, and who intend to "make to themselves friends of mammon of unrighteousness."

M. G. W.

WINCHESTER.

CHRISTMAS SERVICES.—At the several churches last Sunday, the services were appropriate to the anniversary of the birth of our Saviour, and were well attended, notwithstanding the stormy weather.

At the Unitarian Church, Rev. Thomas B. Fox officiated, and preached from the text, Luke 2, 16, "the child lying in a manger." From this he discoursed upon the great and inestimable blessings which have followed the advent of Christ into the world, and the power and influence of that spotless life and those heavenly teachings in ennobling childhood and giving to the world newer and grander ideas of Christian duty, and the blessed hopes of a glorious immortality.

Christmas day was observed mostly in a private way—in the home circles, where at early dawn the mementoes of love and affection were drawn forth from sundry stockings and other hiding places where they had been deposited, or in the evening were distributed from Christmas trees by Santa Claus or his representatives.

Mr. J. C. Johnson had, in place of his usual Christmas Concert, an exhibition of his classes in singing, and of his pupils whom he is instructing to play upon the piano forte, in one of the small vestries of the Cong. Church in the afternoon, to which a few of the parents and friends were invited.

The several classes were called out and asked to explain the different notes and marks upon a large music sheet spread before them, which they did in a very satisfactory manner, after which they sang the notes as they were upon the scale. The children thus taught were quite young, and the course of instruction which Mr. Johnson is pursuing with them, is well calculated to make them thorough in the elementary parts. It is a similar course to that adopted in the Boston schools, which has proved very successful, and would be a great benefit to the children, if introduced into all our town schools. The experience of Mr. Johnson in musical education well qualifies him for such a work, and our School Committee should secure his services, if possible, in this desirable object. Mr. Johnson is now employed a portion of his time each day in arranging the music, and correcting the proofs of the same, embraced in the numerous books and pieces of music issued from the well known school of D. Ditts & Co. in Boston.

As many of these pieces of music come arranged in a foreign language, requiring a knowledge of the same for their translation, it will be apparent how difficult the task which he performs, it being a work that none other than skillful and practised eyes and ears in musical matters could do. During the afternoon exercises afore-mentioned, several pretty songs were sung by the classes and also by a delegation from the Orphan Asylum, Boston, the latter of whom had good voices and performed their parts in an excellent manner.

At the close of the singing, a Christmas tree was lighted up, displaying to the wondering gaze of the little ones, the numerous presents which their kind parents and friends had placed there for them. Mr. Johnson distributed these gifts in his usual pleasant way, and it was a happy sight to see the little eyes sparkle with delight as they beheld these Christmas tokens, and it was enough to lead one to wish himself again a child, that he might experience the pleasurable participation of childhood and youth, and participate in their joyousness at this festive season of the year.

It is pleasant to see how, with every return of this hallowed anniversary, more and more attention is given to its observance. It is well that it should be so, for it is above all others the children's day, and with them we should all unite in celebrating the Child Jesus by ever keeping alive the sacred recollections and joining in the time honored festivities which belong to it.

ADDITIONAL MAIL.—The Post Office Department have acceded to the request of many of our citizens, and directed that an additional mail be sent from Boston in the afternoon. There will therefore be two mails each way, viz. morning and afternoon.

APPOINTMENT.—Geo. P. Brown, Esq., has been appointed and commissioned as Justice of the Peace, for and within this County.

THE REGULAR ARMY.—In the contemplated reorganization of the regular army it is alleged that the colored troops will compose a large proportion of the same, and the respective regiments will be recruited up to the maximum number.

Correspondence of the Journal.

SOUTH READING, Dec. 26, 1865.

"FIFTY YEARS AGO."—On Monday evening, Dec. 25, was celebrated the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. James Cartwright, who, on the other side of the water, were united in holy wedlock on Christmas evening, Monday, Dec. 25, 1815. A few friends had signified to the long wedded couple, their intention to give them a call on the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage, but what was their surprise about half past six o'clock in the evening to find their rooms filled with some seventy-five people. The old gentleman said he was glad to see so many of his friends, but he didn't see how he should entertain them. He felt relieved however, when assured that the company were present to entertain him rather than to be entertained by him. In behalf of the friends, and in a very interesting and appropriate speech, Rev. Mr. Bullen presented the happy pair with a small purse of gold, the very sight of which made their eyes "swim" in tears. An earnest prayer was offered by Mr. Bullen, expressing thankfulness for the past, and asking guidance and protection in the future course of these travelers together for half a century. A very beautiful, unpublished hymn was sung, furnished for the occasion, and which should be entitled "Just Fifty Years Ago." Sweet Home was also sung, and an hour or two pleasantly spent in hearing and telling about what took place "just fifty years ago." The money, and other articles for the use of the family, presented on the occasion, amounted to about seventy-five dollars.

CHRISTMAS.—Probably never before was there so much activity in this town on Christmas day and evening, as marked the 25th of December the present year. The presents were abundant, differing widely in value as usual. The Congregation and Universalist Sabbath Schools had Christmas trees at their respective vestries in the evening. These trees were heavily and richly laden with gifts, which caused the eyes of the children to sparkle, and made their joyous hearts speak out through their merry voices as their names were called by the representatives of Santa Claus in the distribution of the gifts. Great preparations were made for these two entertainments, and if a looker on may be allowed to judge, the efforts were crowned with a gratifying success. The respective superintendents, (Daniel Allen, Esq., of the Congregationalist, and Everett Hart, Esq., of the Universalist) seemed in their element in catering to the pleasure and profit of their schools, though a digression from their Sunday labors.

Day Schools and private families had their Christmas trees also, and much joy was the result of these interesting festivities.

WATCH STOLEN.—Major James F. Mansfield, of this town, had his pocket relieved of a valuable gold watch while on duty in Boston on the 22d inst. This watch was prized the more highly, it being the gift of an appreciative Company of the 11th Mass. Regt., for a time under his command. A detailed account of its presentation appeared in the Middlesex Journal at the time.

HOME FOR LITTLE WANDERERS.—On Sunday last, Rev. Mr. Hughes, Assistant Superintendent, presented the claims of the Home for Little Wanderers, occupying the Baptist pulpit in the morning and that of the Congregationalist in the afternoon. Liberal contributions were given in aid of the worthy cause.

M. E.

Great rush at the Travellers General Accident Insurance Office, over A. E. Thompson's store, Read the following and then call and get a Policy:

This Pioneer Accident Insurance Company is now in full tide of success, and by reason of making provision for all classes, from the poorest to the richest, providing for disability arising from accidents of any and every kind, as well as when a fatal termination ensues, is rapidly commencing itself to all classes of our citizens. With an ample capital, and a directory of the highest respectability, it offers the most abundant guarantee of successful management.—State Journal, Columbus, Ohio.

We commend the system of insurance against accident, and this company as the originator of it in this country, to the consideration of every prudent man.—Commercial Advertiser, Buffalo, N. Y.

This is no gambling scheme, but one based upon calculations doubtless as thorough as those of any Life Insurance Company in the country, and the business is equally legitimate. Like all insurance enterprises, it must exert a healthful and restraining influence upon the various sources of danger to life and property. In our traveling age and country, it should commend itself to general favor.—American Presbyterian, Philadelphia.

The Travellers Insurance Company is one of those reliable companies sustained by the capitalists of that reliable old city of Hartford.—Commercial Enterprise, Indianapolis, Ind.

The public generally, rich and poor, should make haste to avail themselves of the benefits presented by the Travellers Insurance Company. And not the traveling public only, since the insurance against general accidents may render it a blessing to others as well. The laboring man, the poor man, by saving the merest pittance of his yearly earnings and investing them in a policy, may render himself independent of charity and surround himself with comfort whenever he is suffering from one of the accidents common to his class.—Eclair (N. Y.) Journal.

In order to accommodate those wishing to attend the concert of the Handel and Haydn Society, at Music Hall, on Sunday evening, December 31st, a train will leave Woburn centre at 6.15 P. M., for Boston, and return at 10.45 P. M., for Woburn.

Attention is called to the card of Ephraim Cutter, M. D., in another column, who has taken an office at No. 13 Pemberton Square, Boston. The doctor does not intend to relinquish his practice in this place, but will attend to calls as heretofore.

The smugglers are doing a rich business on the Canada line. Bands of them sometimes attack our revenue officers, who are very anxious, under these circumstances, to have troops stationed where they can fall upon them. Many Canadian merchants systematically swindle our government by means of false invoices.

THE FREEDMEN IN ALABAMA.—The Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau has received a report from the surgeon in charge of the Department of Alabama, in which he represents that the freedmen in his command conduct themselves in such a manner as to win encomiums from their late masters, and the free-labor system is approved by the most ardent supporters of the late slave oligarchy. The health of the freedmen, on account of the prevalence of the small-pox, is very indifferent, there having been, during last month, no less than 729 patients under medical treatment, of which number 87 died and 354 yet remain under medical advice. The total number of freedmen dependent upon the charity of the State or the Government for support is 1860, a majority of whom are old and decrepit, and the remainder prostrated by disease. The surgeon says that on account of the fearful ravages of the small-pox in that State, the municipal authorities of Mobile and Selma have established pest-houses for the support of freedmen afflicted with that terrible contagion.

PETROLEUM OIL.—The Philadelphia Press, of the 21st inst., says:—The extreme depression in oil stocks, and the relatively higher price of oil, compared with last year, notwithstanding a diminished export, has induced many to anticipate a large deficit in the year's supply. Such however, is not likely to be the case. The product will rather exceed than fall short of that of 1864, and the advance in prices, which has checked exports, is due to the steadily increasing demand for home consumption. The total product of 1864 was 2,180,000 bbls., of which over 2,000,000 bbls., or an average of 6,000 bbls. per day for each and every day of the year was derived from the Venango region, including Titusville, in Crawford County, and Tidout, in Warren County. The present year opened unfavorably to oil production. The unusual severity of the winter was in itself a very great hindrance, and followed, as it was, by the disastrous flood of March, the business throughout the whole Venango region bore for a time an unpromising aspect. It speedily recovered, however, and the production has steadily increased, the large yield of the last four months fully counterbalancing the deficiency of the early part of the year.

AMOUNT OF THE FALL CROPS.—The November report from the agricultural department at Washington contains full statistical returns respecting the amount of crops raised the past season in the various States, as received from the landward, and the amount of all the leading agricultural products are given, and compared with those of 1864 and 1863. Though it was well known that the corn crop would be one of the best ever grown in the country, yet its magnitude has surpassed anticipations. The report contains as follows:—

Corn.—Our national crop, and never before so magnificent! The column of figures that records its greatness glows with a beauty that can be properly appreciated only by a farmer and a statistician. Every crib full to its utmost capacity, and every farmer seeking for stock to consume it. An increase over last year's of 173,846,450 bushels—nearly 33 per cent. Indiana and Illinois, under a favorable season, have shown the character of their lands and of their industry. More than a third of this great crop has been raised by these States. Illinois makes a gain of 38,739,717 bushels, and Indiana, which has suffered so much from unfavorable seasons the past two years, now gains 41,784,953 bushels. The gain of these two States is 80,524,670 bushels—an amount equal to the entire corn production of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Tobacco.—The decrease of the present crop, compared with last year, is 12,151,276 pounds, and compared with the crop of 1862 it is 81,950,967 pounds. Missouri is the only State that has made a gain. Buckwheat.—The amount sown of the crop was slightly in advance of last year. The whole crop of 1865 is 369,521 bushels below that of last year.

Potatoes.—The planting this year was greater in nearly every State. The increase is 4,775,207 bushels over the crop of 1864, but is 12,202,549 bushels less than the crop of 1862. The increase in Michigan is very large.

Sorghum.—The increase of this crop is most gratifying. Minnesota is the only State that shows a slight decrease.

Cotton.—The season has been favorable, but it is not grown to any extent in the Northern or Western States.

THE CENTENARY OF AMERICAN METHODISM. In the month of October, 1796, the foundation of the Methodist Church was laid in this country, and at the General Conference in 1847 it was proposed to celebrate the Centenary in 1896, by special religious services and liberal thank-offerings. The Board of Bishops appointed twelve travelling preachers and twelve laymen, with their own Board, to carry the designs of the Conference into effect. Religious services and liberal contributions are to mark the year 1896, from the first Sunday in January to the last Sunday in October. Liberal contributions are to be made for "connectional" purposes and for local societies. Over \$200,000 of money are required, and will be paid in. The first donation has already been made. It is imperial in its character. It has given the key-note to the denomination. Daniel Drew, of New York, has subscribed the sum of \$250,000, besides which he proposes to erect on his splendid estate on the Hudson river, a magnificent Theological Seminary, at a cost not less than half a million. A million of money, in addition, is to be raised for the missionary cause this year. Sunday School collections are to be taken up, and each child that gives one dollar or collects five, will be entitled to a medal prepared for the occasion.

FADING AWAY.—How often we see men and women who are fairly fading out of existence. They seem to have no especial disease, but general lassitude and languor; no ambition, no energy, indigestion, weakness, total inability to eat and relish food, &c., &c.,—all of which is nothing but Dyspepsia.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure will surely cure every such case, no matter of how long standing. It is also a most excellent remedy for Cholera morbus, Cramp Colic, in either Stomach or Bowels. We advise all suffering, to try it.

RUINED BY THE WAR.—The New Orleans Crescent tells this story:

A relic of the past is seen in a man, bearing upon his face and body the impress of many years. The man walks the streets daily, bearing the mark of misfortune, amid the friends he had known in better years, but with an appearance so changed, one can hardly recognize in him the Mercutio of the Crescent City, the gay, witty and elegant gentleman who was at one time the very leader of fashion. Seedy habiliments, a bent body and wrinkled face, have nearly obliterated all in him that was so familiar in the past. Inheriting a great fortune, he increased it largely by marriage, and from his profession at the bar had an income of forty or fifty thousand dollars a year, and received a single fee of sixty thousand dollars upon a claim on real estate in the lower part of the city. This wealth he scattered with princely generosity and royal profusion. He was a Lucullus at home, and his hospitalities aspired to all the magnificence of the ancient Roman nobleman. In 1837 he gave a single soiree that cost \$25,000, and which exceeded in splendor anything ever before known here. The very floors over which the dancers moved were covered with scenic paintings, the work of the most accomplished artist then in New Orleans; and in the saloon, where gaming-tables were arranged, stood two baskets—one filled with bank notes and the other with gold, for the use of those guests who were unfortunate with the fickle goddess. The dispenser of this gorgeous hospitality is now dependent upon his relatives. He takes his loss with Christian resignation, and does not fly from the world and rail against it, like Timon of Athens, but moves through the world with a pleasant and urbane manner, as if he had still the princely fortune at command. Such cases as this are common since the war.

WONDERFUL JAPANESE CLOCK.

The Japanese artists have shown a remarkable ingenuity and skill in the manufacture of clocks. A very wonderful one made by them, was exhibited to the Dutch so long ago as what a Maylan way at Degima in the port of Nagasaki. This clock was in an appropriate frame three feet high and five feet long, and represented a beautiful landscape at noon. Plum and cherry trees and various plants in full bloom adorned the foreground. The background comprised a hill of gradual ascent, from which fell a cascade, admirably imitated in crystal, that formed a winding river, which, encircling rocks and little islands here and there, flowed across the landscape and was lost in the woods. A golden sun turned in the sky and as it turned indicated the striking of the hours, which were all marked on the frame below, where a slowly creeping tortoise served as a hand. A bird of elegant plumage upon a branch of a plum tree, by its song and the clapping of its wings, proclaimed when each hour expired; and when the song ceased a mouse sprang from a grotto to near by, and running over the hill instantly disappeared.

An actor in Illinois, who was employed at the same theater with his wife, with whom he was on bad terms, recently obtained a divorce in an adjoining county through some deceit. He was afterwards in a play where he apparently fell down into the arms of his wife (acting as a part), who let him down gently till within two feet of the stage, and suddenly dropped him, his head coming in contact with the floor with a "thud" that no doubt made him see stars. He was dead, of course, and could not resent the indignity.

The following is a verdict of a negro jury:—"We, the undersigned, being a korners jury to sit on de body of de nigger Sambo, who dead and gone afore us, hab been 'sittin' on de said nigger afore said, and he did on de night of de fustenth of November come to de fallin' from de bridge ober de river in de said river, whar we find he was subsequently drown, and afterwards washed on de river side, whar we s'pose he was froze to deff."

OVER THE WAY.

Gone in her childlike purity
Out from the golden day;
Fading away from the light so sweet,
Where the silver stars and the sublimed meet,
Over the shining way,
Over the bosom tenderly
The pearl-white hands are pressed;
The lashes lie on her cheek so thin;
Where the soft blue of the rose hath been—
Shutting the blue of her eyes within
The pure lids close to rest.
Over sweet brow lovingly
Twined her sunny hair;
She was so fragile that Love sent her down
From his heavenly gem, that soft bright crown
To shade her brow with its waves so brown,
Light as the dimpling air.
Gone to sleep on the golden day;
Froze on her silent lip
By the farewell kiss of her dewy breath,
Cold in the clasp of her arms that were
Like the last fair bud of a faded wreath,
Whose bloom the white frost nips.
Robin—flushed in your downy bed
On the swining bough—
Do you miss her voice from your glad duet?
When the dew in the heart of the rose is set,
Till its velvet life with the essence wet
In Orient crimson glow?
Rose-bud—under your shady leaf
Hid your heart from the golden day;
Do you miss the glaze of the eye so bright?
Whose mine was heaven to your timid sight?
It is heartache—the starry way.
Hearts—where the darlings head from naps,
Do you know that the touch of her gentle hand
Doth brighten the harp in the unknown land?
Oh, she waits for us with the angel band
Over the starry way.

New Year's Festival.

Arrangements are now in progress for a festival on New Year's evening, at the Congregational Church, for its Sabbath School and Society. As arrangements were not sufficiently matured to be given on the last Sabbath, all interested are hereby informed that there is to be a tree with gifts for the children, and a table with refreshments for all. Any family or individual who has not received a personal invitation to contribute for the tree or table, will please accept this in place of such invitation, and send their contributions to the church as early as possible on Monday, and be present in the evening to enjoy its festivities.

Married.

In Woburn, Dec. 24th, by Rev. E. Fay, Fernando A. Green, of Roxbury, to Maria J. Buckman, of Woburn.
In Winchester, Dec. 24th, by Rev. Henry Hinckley, Simon Hallist, to Harriet Tarbell, both of Somerville.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SELECTMEN'S OFFICE.
WOBURN, Dec. 29, 1865.

WHEREAS, On the first day of January, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, a PROCLAMATION OF EMANCIPATION was made by the President, that all SLAVES in the States then in rebellion, were declared "FREE," and whereas, an Amendment to the Constitution, which provides that neither Slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as punishment for crime, shall exist in the United States, has been duly ratified by three-fourths of the whole number of States, and has become valid to all intents and purposes, as a part of the Constitution of the United States:

In commemoration and honor of these great transactions and events, it is hereby ordered,

That the bells be rung and a salute of thirty-six guns be fired on "Meeting House Hill," on MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, at 12 M.

E. E. THOMPSON,
Chairman of Selectmen.

J. B. DAVIS & CO.
will run a
Daily Express
TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Orders left at the store of J. H. Connolly, Stearns, Hart & Co., and A. H. Hayward will be promptly attended to. Leave town at 6 o'clock A. M. Box at 120 Pearl St., 71 Kilby St., 11 Clinton St. Leave Boston at 2 o'clock P. M. Arrive Woburn at 8 o'clock P. M. Jobbing in town attended to.
Woburn, Dec. 30th, 1865.

Dissolution of Copartnership.
The Copartnership heretofore existing between ESTACE CUMMINGS, GRIFETH PLACE, and EVERETT CUMMINGS, under the firm of CUMMINGS, PLACE & CO., is hereby dissolved.
Woburn, Dec. 27, 1865.

EPHRAIM CUTTER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
CORNER OF PLEASANT AND BENNETT STREETS,
WOBURN CENTRE.

IN TOWN.
Fair sunny days—afternoons.
Other days—mornings.
Woburn, Dec. 30, 1865.

Horse For Sale.
A GOOD HORSE, 10 years old, an excellent traveller, sound and kind, and suitable for family use.
Inquire of JOSEPH KELLEY.
Woburn, Dec. 30th, 1865.

\$1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Above salary or large commission. The only machines in the United States for less than \$40, which are fully located by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Sewing Machine Co. Agents are in every town. Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Buffalo, N. Y., or at No. 823 Broadway, New York; No. 236 Carter St., Philadelphia, Pa.; No. 14 Lombard St., Chicago, Ill.; No. 170 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.; or No. 8 Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.
dec30-1y

\$90 A MONTH—AGENTS wanted for the sale of new articles, just out. Address O. T. CAREY, City Building, Buffalo, Maine.
dec30-1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return, mail, will please send name, address, and post office.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
dec30-1y Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.
A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by the advertiser's prescription, to be used by the sufferer, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

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JOHN B. OGDEN,
dec30-1y No. 13 Chambers St., New York.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.
Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail free of charge, by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please notice it.

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York.

REMOVAL.
C. S. ADKINS,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
PERIODICALS,
Confectionery, &c. &c.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Woburn and vicinity to a good assortment of
Books, Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Sand, Mucilage, Sealing Wax, and all articles usually found in a Stationery Store.

Daily Papers and Periodicals of the day.
Sheet Music—Vocal and Instrumental.
Violin and Guitar Strings.
CONFECTIONERY of all kinds, and of the best quality.

Also, HOVEY'S HAIR BALM, one of the best preparations for the hair, offered to the public.

Next door to the Post Office,
Main Street, Woburn, Mass.
Woburn Dec. 30, 1865.

Letters Remaining Unclaimed.
IN THE POST-OFFICE at WOBBURN.
State of Massachusetts, 30th day of Dec., 1865.
To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "unclaimed letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LIFE AND ACCIDENT.

THE ORIGINAL
TRAVELERS
INSURANCE CO.
OF HARTFORD, Conn.,
CAPITAL, - - \$500,000.
INSURES AGAINST ALL KINDS OF
ACCIDENTS.

WHEREAS, On the first day of January, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, a PROCLAMATION OF EMANCIPATION was made by the President, that all SLAVES in the States then in rebellion, were declared "FREE," and whereas, an Amendment to the Constitution, which provides that neither Slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as punishment for crime, shall exist in the United States, has been duly ratified by three-fourths of the whole number of States, and has become valid to all intents and purposes, as a part of the Constitution of the United States:

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THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York.

BANK NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the First National Bank of Woburn are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be held at their banking rooms in Woburn, Jan. 30th, 1866, at 10 o'clock P. M., for the choice of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH READING.
The Stockholders of The National Bank of South Reading are hereby notified that their annual meeting for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may legally come before them, will be held at their banking house, in South Reading, on TUESDAY, the ninth day of January next, at three o'clock P. M.

PUNG FOR SALE.
A NEW MEAT PUNG. Apply to GEORGE W. DUREN.
Woburn, Dec. 23, 1865.—3t

Real Estate for Sale.
THE dwelling house, and land under and adjoining the same, owned by the subscriber, is offered for sale on favorable terms. Said house is situated on Court Street, within two minutes' walk of depots, churches and schools. The land comprises about 12,000 feet, and has on it a good variety of fruit and other trees, and a never failing well of soft water. Apply at the Journal office, or to
Geo. L. HUNT.
Woburn, Dec. 23, 1865.

FOR SALE.
THE well-known property called the WYMAN ESTATE, on Main Street, nearly opposite Woburn Depot. The House is two story, and contains ten rooms. There is about 10,000 feet of land, and the location is very desirable. The price is \$4000, the larger part of the purchase money to remain on mortgage if desired. For further particulars apply to
AUGUSTUS ROUNDEY,
Cor. Main and R. R. Sts., Woburn.
Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.—3t

Notice.
A suitable reward will be paid by the subscriber to any person who will give information sufficient to convict any person or persons, who may commit any depredations upon the premises of the subscriber, formerly occupied by the Methodist Society.
Geo. FLAGG.
Woburn, Dec. 23, 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of Patrick Finn, late of Woburn, in the County of Middlesex, intestate, deceased, and taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
P. H. CHAFFIN, Administrator.
Woburn, Dec. 20, 1865.

S. WATSON DREW, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon,
PLEASANT ST., . . . WOBBURN,
1st DOOR WEST OF TOWN HALL,
(The same house he occupied in 1844.)
Office hours from 7 to 9 A. M., and from 1 to 2 P. M.
Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.—1y

Removal.
The office of the Woburn Five Cent Savings Bank, has been removed from the store of Wm. Woodberry, to the rooms over A. E. Thompson's store, Wade's Block.
Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.

Ladies Rich Fancy Furs.
AMERICAN SABLE.
ROYAL ERMINE.
GERMAN FITCH.
SIBERIAN SQUIRREL.
RIVER SABLE, &c., &c.
The above are made up of the choicest skins, are all of the LATEST STYLES,
and will be sold at PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.
EVERY ARTICLE GUARANTEED TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

J. A. Jackson,
101 COURT STREET, BOSTON.
dec2-4t

Bradstreet's Improved
RUBBER MOULDING
AND WEATHER STRIPS.
Exclude snow, cold air, wet, dust and noise, from doors and windows of every description. If people will give their attention to examine into the merits of this article, they will be surprised at the amount of fuel that can be saved. Decisions of the courts, once fitted, it is a permanent fixture, lasting for years. It is not for a life-time. Easily applied by any person. Circulars and references to persons who have had them, sent free. An agent wanted in every town and city.

BRADSTREET'S WEATHER STRIP CO.,
Office 57 Washington St., Boston, Mass.
J. R. BRADSTREET, Gen. Agt.

Encourage trade in its legitimate Channels.
SCHENK'S SYRUP,
SCHENK'S SYRUP WEED TONIC,
Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
SICILIAN HAIR RENEVER,
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,
WISTAR'S BALSM WILD CHERRY.
For sale at the lowest market prices, by
W. C. BRIGHAM, Apothecary.

S. F. THOMPSON,
Surveyor, Conveyancer & Auctioneer,
OFFICE—KELLEY'S BUILDING,
Opposite the HOTEL Woburn, Mass.
S. F. THOMPSON, Surveyor, Conveyancer, &c., &c., written, and Titles traced. Agent for the sale, leasing and care of Real Estate. Sales of Real and Personal Estate at Auction. Also, appraisal, division and settlement of Estates.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS—THE GREAT
FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.
These Drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, restoring to the system a speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that they are sold in bottles annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speak in the strongest terms of praise of the great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know of them to be the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, enclosing stamp, concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.
Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, enclosing stamp, concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

B. T. H. PORTER,
AGENT,
WADE BLOCK,
OVER A. E. THOMPSON'S STORE.

Agencies of the TRAVELERS OF HARTFORD in all principal towns and cities of the United States and Canada, where policies can be obtained without delay.

N. B.—A monthly paper published by the Company, called the TRAVELERS HORN, is ready for distribution. Call and get one.
Woburn, Dec. 16th, 1865.—4t

BOSTON AND LOWELL

And Nashua & Lowell, Wilton, Stony Brook, Lowell & Lawrence, and Salem & Lowell Railroads.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY,
Dec. 4th, 1865, trains will leave BOSTON for—
Upper Railroads, 7.00 a.m., 12.00, 2.00, 5 p.m.
Concord and Manchester, 7.8 a.m., 12.00, 2.30, 5 p.m.
Wilton, Milford, Danforth's Corner, S. Merrimack, 7.00 a.m., 12.00, 5 p.m.
Nashua, 7.00, 10.00, 12.00, 2.30, 5 p.m.
Tyngsboro', No. Chelmsford 7.00 a.m., 12.00, 2.30, 5 p.m.
Groton Junction 10.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m.
Lowell, 5.15, 10.00, 12.00, 2.30, 5 p.m.
North Billerica, Billerica & Wilmington, 7.00, 10, a.m., 2.30, 6.00 p.m.
S. Wilmington, Woburn, 10 a.m., 6.00 p.m.
Woburn W. S., 10.00 a.m., 3.30, 4.00 p.m.
E. Woburn, 7.00, 10.00, a.m., 3.15, 6.30, p.m.
Winchester, 6.45, 7.00, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 2.30, 5, 4, 5.15, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
West Medford, 6.45, 10, 11.30, a.m., 2.30, 3.00, 4, 5.15, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
College Hill 6.45, 10.00, 11.30 a.m., 2.30, 3.00, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
Wednesdays 11.15 and Saturdays at 10 p.m.
Mondays at 11.15 p.m., a train leaves for Lowell, Nashua and Way stations.
The 10.00 a.m. & 6 p.m. Trains from Boston stop at Milk Row, Southville Centre, and College Hill Stations to take passengers for Stations above Woburn W. Place.

TRAINS FOR BOSTON LEAVE.
Wilton at 6.15, 10.45 a.m., 3.30 p.m.
Milford 6.30, 10.50, a.m., 3.50 p.m.
Danforth's Corner, 6.30, 11.00, a.m., 4.00 p.m.
South Merrimack, 6.45, 11.08 a.m., 4.15 p.m.
Nashua at 7.00, 11.30, a.m., 5.00, 9.00 p.m.
Tyngsboro' 7.15, 11.45 a.m., 5.12 p.m.
North Chelmsford 7.30, 11.55 a.m., 5.19 p.m.
Groton Junction, 8.00 a.m., 12.45 p.m.
Lowell 7.30, 9.30, a.m., 12.15, 2.15, 5.30, 9.30 p.m.
North Billerica 7.00, 9.30 a.m., 3.22, 5.41, p.m.
Billerica 7.16, 9.46 a.m., 3.29, 5.47 p.m.
Wilmington at 7.30, 9.55 a.m., 3.29, 5.55, p.m.
South Wilmington 7.31 a.m., 3.43 p.m.
North Woburn 7.34 a.m., 3.45 p.m.
Woburn W. Place 7.39, 10.08 a.m., 3.53, 6.04 p.m.
East Woburn at 6.00, 7.40, 9.00, 10.00 a.m., 1.15, 2.54, 5.00, 6.30 p.m.
Winchester at 6.05, 7.05, 7.45, 9.05, 10.15 a.m., 1.30, 3.00, 5.05, 6.35, 8.20 p.m.
West Medford at 6.15, 7.15, 7.52, 9.15, 10.22 a.m., 1.30, 3.07, 5.15, 6.45, 8.25 p.m.
College Hill 6.19, 7.19, 9.19 a.m., 1.33, 3.10, 5.19, 6.47, 8.28 p.m.
Center Depot.
Northern Depot.
The 7.00 A. M., and 2.15 P. M. Trains from Lowell stop at College Hill, Southville Centre, and Milk Row Stations, to leave passengers for Stations above Woburn W. Place.

Woburn Branch.
Trains for Woburn Centre leave Boston, 6.45, 7, 11.30 a.m., 3, 5.10, 6.20, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.
Trains leave Woburn Centre for Boston, at 6.00, 7.00, 7.40, 9 a.m., 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15, 12.15 p.m.
Wednesdays 11.15 and Saturdays at 10 p.m.
On Wednesdays, at 10.15.
7.30 A. M. Train from Woburn Centre, and 7.40 A. M. from Woburn Branch, stop only at Winchester, W. Medford, and E. Cambridge.

Stoneham Branch.
The trains on this Road will leave Boston (from Lowell Railroad Depot) for Stoneham, at 7.00, 8 A. M., 3, 5.15, 6.30 P. M.
Leave Stoneham for Boston, at 5.50, and 7.30, 8.50, 10 A. M., 1.00, 4.50, and 6.30 P. M.
A train will leave Stoneham for Boston, on Wednesdays at 11.15 p.m., and on Saturdays at 10 p.m.
Wednesdays, 10.05.
Trains leave Stoneham for Boston on Wednesdays at 10.05 p.m., and Saturdays at 8.05 p.m.
J. B. WINSLOW, Superintendent.
B. L. and N. & L. R. R.
dec16

THE GREAT NEW ENGLAND REMEDY!
DR. J. W. POLAND'S
WHITE PINE COMPOUND
Is now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, having been proved by the test of eleven years, in the New England States, where its merits have become as well known as the tree from which it derives its name.

THE WHITE PINE COMPOUND CURES
Sore Throat, Coughs, Diphtheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a reliable Remedy for Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Passing Urine, Bleeding from the Kidneys and Bladder, Gravel, and other complaints.

FOR PILES AND SCURVY IT WILL BE FOUND VERY VALUABLE. Give it a trial if you would learn the value of a good and tried Medicine. It is pleasant, safe and sure.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine generally.
GEORGE W. SWETT, M. D., Proprietor,
BOSTON, MASS.
July 29-6m

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.
THE celebrated DR. DOW continues to devote his entire time to the treatment of all diseases incident to the female system. An experience of twenty-three years enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent relief in the worst cases of Suppression and all other morbid Disorders, from the least delicate case. All letters for advice must contain \$1. Office, No. 52 Endicott Street, Boston.
Persons furnished to those who wish to remain under treatment.
Boston, June 24, 1865. 1y

"ANNO DOMINI," 1865.
THE
WOBBURN
BOOKSTORE,
SPARROW HORTON,
Proprietor.

Has constantly on hand and for sale, a GOOD assortment of New and Standard BOOKS, of Fact and Fiction, SCHOOL BOOKS of all kinds, BIBLES, TESTAMENTS, HYMN BOOKS, and SABBATH SCHOOL BOOKS.

Also of Juvenile and Toy Books for young people, ALMANACS and DIARIES, and the value of MAGAZINES and NEWSPAPERS that are published. PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS in rich or plain binding for the table or pocket. TYPE, AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS and LADIES' ALBUMS. SHEET MUSIC of Popular Songs and Tunes, ENGRAVINGS, LITHOGRAPHS and PHOTOGRAPHS.

PHANG'S ALBUM PICTURES,
in Oil Colors, of
FURNITURE, BIRDS & BUTTERFLIES, FRUITS & FLOWERS, LANDSCAPES, FUNNY CHARACTERS, &c.
PICTURE FRAMES, Oval, Rustic and Square. (Pictures framed to order promptly.) and PICTURE CORDS, PORTFOLIOS and WRITING DESKS, BACKGAMMON and CHESS BOARDS, PLAYING CARDS, and numerous GAMES.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS,
AND
MEMORANDUMS.
U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS, &c.
A COMPLETE supply of STATIONERY, including ENVELOPES of all sizes, from Billet to Official. WRITING PAPER, from Billet to Foolscap and Bill Paper.

BLACK, RED & BLUE INK.
"A. MORTON'S" GOLD PENS, STEEL PENS and QUILLS, PENHOLDERS and CHECKERS, all varieties, and many other articles, too numerous to mention. FANCY GOODS and TOYS in great variety. A good selection of PAPER HANGINGS, consisting of HOUSE PAPERS of latest patterns, BORDERS and WINDOW SHADES.

The above named Goods are all bought for CASH, and therefore will be sold LOW.

FOR CASH ONLY.
Persons in Woburn and vicinity are invited to call, examine and purchase.

WILLIAM WINN,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
Sales of Real and Personal Estate attended to on reasonable terms.
Orders left at the Journal office will receive prompt attention.

Removal!
The subscribers would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they have RE-MOVED to their

NEW & COMMODIOUS
STORE,
ADJOINING THE
Central House,
AT

Just Opened,
AT

NEW BANK BUILDING,
FALL AND WINTER
STYLES
OF
BONNETS
AND HATS.

MRS. M. E. FIELD
HAS received and is prepared to exhibit to the public, a large and carefully selected stock of Millinery Goods, consisting of BONNETS, HATS, CAPS, RIBBONS, VELVETS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, RUCHES, &c., &c. Also, ZEPHYR WORSTED, SKIRTS, SMALL WAIVES, &c.
CLOAK AND DRESS-MAKING attended to, by a person fully competent, who will have entire charge of that department.
Grateful for past favors, she feels her present assortment will secure a continuance of the same.

GIFTS.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, WILL BE FOUND AT THE JEWELRY STORE OF DANIELS & LESLIE, Next door to Post Office, MAIN ST., WOBBURN.
Woburn, Dec. 16, 1865.—1f

Removal!
The subscribers would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they have RE-MOVED to their

NEW & COMMODIOUS
STORE,
ADJOINING THE
Central House,
AT

Just Opened,
AT

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CLOAK AND DRESS-MAKING attended to, by a person fully competent, who will have entire charge of that department.
Grateful for past favors, she feels her present assortment will secure a continuance of the same.

STATEMENT
OF THE
QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE
Insurance Co.
NOVEMBER 1, 1865.

CASH FUND, \$154,863 61
Amount required to re-insure, 114,565 26
Surplus, \$40,318 35

LIABILITIES, NONE!
ALL LOSSES SETTLED AND PAID.
WM. S. MORTON, PRESIDENT.
CHAS. A. HOWLAND, SECRETARY.

This Company has been in operation nearly fifteen years, has paid over \$300,0

NEW ARRIVAL!

A. E. THOMPSON
has just received a
Large Stock of Cloths,
FOR
MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Also, various styles of PLAIN AND FANCY
FLANNELS, which will sell at reduced
prices. Please call and examine the same at
No. 3 WADE'S BLOCK.

TEETH!!! GREAT REDUCTION!!!
Our prices are computed on the basis of gold at par, as
follows: Sets of molded teeth (very beautiful) from
\$10 to \$25. Sets of vulcanite teeth (very natural) \$3 to
\$5. Pure gold fillings, \$1 to \$5. Cullum (new metal,
in appearance like silver) fillings, 50 cts to \$2.
Tooth extractions, without pain, by the use of
Ether or Nitrous Oxide.

All our work warranted.
O. P. ROGERS, Dentist,
61 Water street, Boston, dec16-6m

WANTED!
20 GOOD STAFF GIRLS can obtain steady
employment, at good wages, by applying to
S. SIMMONS & SON,
Woburn, ang 19-4f

For Sale:
A large, two-story house, containing
12 well-finished rooms, pleasantly
situated on Mount Pleasant St.,
together with a small Barn. The
lot contains between 1400 and 1500
feet of land. A good well of water on the premises.
For further information apply to Mrs. STEPHEN
THOMPSON, on Salem street,
Woburn, Nov. 4, 1865. 3m*

AMBROSE BANCROFT,
CARPENTER & BUILDER.
SHOP OVER SOLE'S PROVISION STORE.
nov 18-3m*

NOTICE.
The citizens of Stoneham and vicinity,
will always find at Dr. Horace Goodrich's
DRUG STORE,
a fresh supply of Foreign and Domestic Medicines, Per-
fumes and Fancy Goods, Letting, Cap, and Note
Paper, Pens, Pencils, Superior Ink, and all other
articles usually kept by Druggists. Physicians,
prescriptions carefully compounded.
The above articles will be warranted as re-
presented, and sold at the lowest cash prices.
Stoneham, Sept. 10, 1864. 1f

Cough No More
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIPLOUS COUGH
BALSAM is offered to cure Coughs, Hoarse-
ness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Con-
sumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
For sale by all Druggists, 50 cts per bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover street, Boston,
Sole Agents for New England, nov11

The Remedy
DR. STRICKLAND'S PLE REMEDY has cured
thousands of the worst cases of Bilial and Blood-
ing Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a
permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted
to cure.
For sale by all Druggists, 50 cents a bottle.
Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 38 Hanover street, Boston,
Sole Agents for New England, nov11

**MARRIAGE GUIDE—YOUNG'S GREAT PHY-
SIOLOGICAL WORK.** Of every one his own
Doctor—Being a Private Instructor for Married Per-
sons, or those about to marry, both Men and Women,
in everything concerning the physiology and relation
of our Sexual System, and the Production or
Prevention of Offspring, including all the latest dis-
coveries never before given in the English language,
by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable
and interesting work. It is written in plain lan-
guage for the general reader, and is illustrated with
upwards of one hundred engravings. All young
married people, or those contemplating marriage,
and having the least impediment to married life,
should read this book. It discloses secrets that ev-
ery one should be acquainted with. Still it is a book
that must be locked up, and not lie about the house.
It will be sent to any one on the receipt of Fifty
Cents. Address Dr. Wm. Young, No. 40 North
St., above Fourth, Philadelphia, sep23-6m

GET
Hovey's
HAIR
BALM.
AT
C. S. ADKINS'
LIFE INSURANCE.
A Policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and
safest mode of making a certain provision for one's
family. *Empire, Franklin, 1867.*
The Old Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., with an
accumulation of over \$8,000,000. Proved to be the
best by the highest authorities in existence. See
the latest Insurance Commissioners' Report yet
published. Dividends 50 per cent. annually.
This Co. issue *Joint and non-forfeiting Policies*,
payable in 10, 15, or 20 annual payments. Dividends
continue during life, *annuity* in place of cash.
In the time or at death. Parties wishing Insurance
are invited to call and examine Commissioners' Report,
and Co.
Sparrow Horton, Agent,
at "Woburn Bookstore."

CAUTION
TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
Dr. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 EN-
DOW ST., Boston, is consulted daily for all
diseases incident to the female sex, such as, Pro-
lapse Uteri or Floer Albus, Suppression, and other
menstrual derangements, are all treated on
new pathological grounds, and with success guar-
anteed in a very few days. So invariably cer-
tain is this new mode of treatment, that most ob-
stinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted
person soon rejoices in perfect health.
Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in
the cure of the diseases of women than any other
physician in Boston.
Boarding accommodations for patients who wish
to stay in Boston a few days under his treat-
ment.
Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole
attention to an office practice for the cure of Private
diseases and Female Complaints, acknowl-
edges no superior in the United States.
S. R. All letters must contain one dollar, or they
will not be answered.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, '65. 1f

NITROUS OXYD.
THIS Gas is recommended in preference to Ether
or Chloroform, for the following reasons:
1st. Under ALL circumstances it is perfectly safe.
2d. From one to ten teeth can be extracted at ONE
inhalation, the entire operation lasting not over three
minutes, without the least pain to the patient.
3d. It never causes sickness to the stomach.
4th. It leaves the patient with no lassitude or de-
bilitating feelings.
5th. It is not disagreeable to inhale.
With an extensive practice in the use of Ether,
Chloroform and Nitrous Oxide Gas, and with an ex-
perience of over twenty years in all branches pertai-
ning to Dental Surgery, the Subscriber would be
happy to wait upon all wishing his services.
Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and from 1 to 4 P. M.
J. R. DILLINGHAM, No. 12 Winter St., Boston.
nov15-3m

OYSTERS.
The subscriber is prepared to furnish the people
of Woburn and vicinity, with a choice variety of
Oysters, direct from the shell, as per order, at the
lowest market price, at his saloon on Main Street.
WM. C. PERVEAR.
Woburn, Nov. 18, 1865.—2m*

PERFUMERY.
LUBINS, JACQUES, WRIGHTS,
PHALON'S, and EDELDIUS'
Popular Extracts for the handkerchief. Thirty
different odors. For sale by
sept 10 W. C. BRIGHAM.



THE GREAT
German Heilmittel,
WILL POSITIVELY CURE
CATARRH,
BRONCHITIS,
COUGHS,
COLDS,
AND THE FIRST STAGES OF
CONSUMPTION.
IT IS A SURE PREVENTATIVE FOR
DIPHThERIA.

This remedy is prepared by a regular Physi-
cian of fifteen years' experience, and an
extensive practice in diseases of the Pulmo-
nary mucous membrane, prescribing constantly
the Heilmittel with unfailing success, thus
curing thousands who, in vain, have exhausted
every other means to obtain relief. A
few of the many certificates of cures in the
possession of the Doctor are here annexed,
which the reader is desired to peruse. They
are not certificates of the dead, or names of
those who never existed, but parties well
known in Boston and vicinity.

To the Public.—My wife, having been
afflicted with catarrh for years, attended lat-
terly with a bad cough, having used many
remedies and tried the treatment of several of
our best medical men without success, I was
induced by my friends to try the Great Ger-
man Heilmittel. To my surprise, her cough
ceased at once, her catarrh melted away, and
now she is radically cured. With the cure of
the catarrh, all the symptoms attending this
disagreeable disease, such as discharges from
the nose and dropping into the throat, hawk-
ing, etc., etc., all disappeared. I would not
be without this invaluable remedy, and
advise every one afflicted with coughs, colds,
or catarrh, to try it. They will certainly find
it a sure cure.
J. H. SILSBY,
Newton Corner, Mass., Jan. 1, 1865, former-
ly of the Winthrop House, Boston.

The great German Heilmittel has cured an
obstinate cough with which my family and
myself have been troubled, and, in spite of
our efforts, could not get cured. The cure
was effected in the remarkably short time of
two days.
My neighbor, Mrs. Merrill, had a child who
was suffering with a cough, and bleeding from
the lungs, and to whom I gave part of a
bottle. She reports a perfect cure of her
child by this remarkable remedy, the Great
German Heilmittel.
THEODORE COLLAMORE,
Cambridgeport, Jan. 1, 1865.

My little son was afflicted for a year or
more with a bad cough. Having lost my
husband with consumption, was consequent-
ly fearful of losing my child by the same dis-
ease. My friends and physicians who saw
my child, pronounced it already consumption.
Although somewhat discouraged by these
counsels, I tried my best to save him, and I
am happy to state that I was successful by the
use of the German Heilmittel. My son's
cough disappeared, his general health im-
proved, and his strength and subsequent
ly was radically cured, and has remained so
for the last two years, not even having the
cough return.
MRS. J. L. LANG,
No. 10 Bedford street, Boston, Mass.

I think if I had not used the Great Ger-
man Heilmittel, I should have certainly been
dead long ago. All that ever cured my
catarrh and saved me from consumption, I
owe to this invaluable remedy.
ROBERT WRIGHT.
Hartford, Conn.

The Great German Heilmittel has cured me
of a severe cough which almost ran me into
consumption — thanks to the Heilmittel —
I am now perfectly well.
WM. B. FISKE,
24th St. N. Y.

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of the German Heilmittel. By the use of
the very first bottle, my wife began to im-
prove, and after using but six bottles of it,
entirely recovered her health. I consider
myself very fortunate in trying this remedy,
and deem it my duty to recommend it to all
who are suffering with even the slightest cold
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as a safe and speedy cure for the above named
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July 8, 1865. 6m*

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Wm. Symington Brown, M.D.,
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